



MESSAGES OF THE PRESIDENT
MANUEL L. QUEZON
1935-1944

BOOK 3 | VOLUME 4
Executive Orders Part 2



President Manuel L. Quezon, Second President of the Philippines
and First President of the Commonwealth of the Philippines.



MESSAGES OF THE PRESIDENT
MANUEL L. QUEZON
1935-1944

BOOK 3 | VOLUME 4
Executive Orders Part 2

Messages of the President Book 3: Manuel L. Quezon

Volume 4 Part 2

Presidential Communications Development and Strategic Planning Office

<http://www.gov.ph>

<http://www.malacanang.gov.ph>

<http://www.pcdspo.gov.ph>

ISBN 978-621-8032-23-1

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Published exclusively by

The Presidential Communications Development
and Strategic Planning Office

Office of the President of the Philippines

3/F New Executive Building,

Malacañan Palace, San Miguel, Manila

Tel.: 736-0719, 736-0718

Fax no.: 736-6167

Website: <http://www.pcdspo.gov.ph>

Book design by the Presidential Communications
Development and Strategic Planning Office

Published in the Philippines.

The National Library of the Philippines CIP Data

Recommended entry:

Philippines. President (Quezon: 1935-1944)

Messages of the President: Manuel L. Quezon, 1935-1944, Book 3,
Volume 4, Executive Orders Part 2 / Presidential Communications
Development and Strategic Planning Office. – Manila: Presidential
Communications Development and Strategic Planning Office, 2016.
pages; cm

ISBN 978-621-8032-23-1

Contents: vol. 1. Official Week and Month in Review – vol. 2.
Appointments and Designations – vol. 3. Historical Documents and
Papers – vol. 4. Executive Orders – vol. 5. Administrative Orders – vol. 6.
Proclamations – vol. 7. Other Issuances – vol. 8. Cabinet Minutes.

1. Quezon Manuel L., President – Philippines – 1935-1944.
2. Presidents – Messages – Philippines. 3. Philippines – Politics and
government – 1935-1944. I. Title.

The Messages of the President Book 3: Manuel L. Quezon Volume 4 Part 2 was compiled and published by the Presidential Communications Development and Strategic Planning Office in May 2016 in Manila, Philippines.

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INTRODUCTION

As the President's chief message-crafting body, the Presidential Communications Development and Strategic Planning Office (PCDSPO), is mandated to provide strategic communication leadership and support to the Executive Branch, its composite agencies, and instrumentalities of government.

The PCDSPO is also mandated to act as custodian of the institutional memory of the Office of the President. One of our projects is the continuation of the series of books called the Messages of the President, started in 1936 by Jorge B. Vargas, Executive Secretary to President Manuel L. Quezon. The series was a wide collection of executive issuances, speeches, messages, and other official papers of the President. The volumes were intended to serve as the definitive compilation of presidential documents. The series was continued until the Quirino administration, although the series for the Presidential administrations of Presidents Quezon, Roxas, and Quirino were never completed.

In 2010, President Benigno S. Aquino III ordered the revival of the series and the constitution of a complete set, covering all 15 presidential administrations. With pride, we continue what Vargas began.

We would like to extend our gratitude to our partners for without whose gracious cooperation, this project would have not been possible.

A note on organization: Each presidential administration's messages are in book form, compiled and subdivided into volumes. The books are as follows:

- Book 1: Emilio Aguinaldo
- Book 2: Jose P. Laurel
- Book 3: Manuel L. Quezon
- Book 4: Sergio Osmeña
- Book 5: Manuel Roxas
- Book 6: Elpidio Quirino
- Book 7: Ramon Magsaysay
- Book 8: Carlos P. Garcia
- Book 9: Diosdado Macapagal
- Book 10: Ferdinand E. Marcos
- Book 11: Corazon C. Aquino
- Book 12: Fidel V. Ramos
- Book 13: Joseph Ejercito Estrada
- Book 14: Gloria Macapagal-Arroyo
- Book 15: Benigno S. Aquino III

Each book is subdivided into the following volumes:

- Volume 1: Official Weeks/Months in Review
 - Volume 2: Appointments and Designations
 - Volume 3: Historical Papers and Documents
 - Volume 4: Executive Orders
 - Volume 5: Administrative Orders
 - Volume 6: Proclamations
-

Volume 7: Other issuances

Volume 8: Cabinet minutes

We hope that this collection will be a useful and vital reference for generations to come.

PREFACE

On July 30, 2010, President Benigno S. Aquino III issued Executive Order No. 4, which effectively renamed what was previously called the Malacañang Museum into the Presidential Museum and Library (PML) and placed it under the supervision and control of the Presidential Communications Development and Strategic Planning Office (PCDSPO). The PML is responsible for preserving, managing, and promoting the history and heritage of the Philippine presidency. It is the principal historical and artistic repository in support of the institution of the presidency, for the benefit of the Republic and the Filipino people. In partnership with the PCDSPO, which has pioneered the publication of the Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines as a web archive and information website, the PML has taken this mandate and placed it on the cutting edge of the information age.

Much has been done over the past years, under the administration of President Aquino III, to digitize executive issuances, speeches, letters, and other presidential papers; and publish them online. The project is not limited to a single administration, nor does it discriminate. This collection, published as databases, as well as print and e-publications, includes documents from the presidency of Emilio Aguinaldo to the current Aquino administration. This represents the government's allegiance to transparency, continuity, and the fostering of an informed citizenry, as well as an effort, in earnest, to preserve the institutional memory of the Presidency. All this was done not just for the posterity, but for the current generation and the ongoing task of nation building.

The PML are proud partners of the Official Gazette and PCDSPO team, to whom we made the collections available. We sincerely hope that this series will serve as a vital reference to educators, students, journalists, lawyers, historians, and the public at large.

FOREWORD

This is the fourth volume of President Manuel L. Quezon's official papers, which constitutes the third book of the Messages of the President series. The series was started in 1936 by Executive Secretary Jorge B. Vargas, during the first year in office of Quezon, the first President of the Commonwealth of the Philippines. This volume collects President Quezon's Executive Orders, which provide for rules of a general or permanent character in implementation or execution of constitutional or statutory powers.

BOOK 3

PRESIDENT MANUEL L. QUEZON

President Manuel L. Quezon was the first President of the Commonwealth of the Philippines. He assumed office on November 15, 1935. Elected to a second term in November, 1941, he was proclaimed by the National Assembly in December of 1941; Manuel L. Quezon and Sergio Osmeña took their oath of office in Corregidor, on December 30, 1941. By virtue of the 1940 amendments to the Constitution, Manuel L. Quezon was only supposed to have served for an additional two years. Sergio Osmeña was scheduled to assume the presidency of the Commonwealth of the Philippines after President Manuel L. Quezon's term and would have assumed office on November 15, 1943. However, the Philippines was occupied by the Japanese, and was at war. On November 12, 1943, Joint Resolution No. 95 was passed by the U.S. Congress and was approved by the President of the United States, continuing President Manuel L. Quezon's term for the duration of the war and postponing Sergio Osmeña's right to succeed the presidency until constitutional processes had been restored in the country. Manuel L. Quezon was President until his death on August 1, 1944.

Executive Issuances of President Manuel L. Quezon began with Executive Order No. 1 and 2, signed on November 15, 1935; this series lasted until January 2, 1942. A new series consisting of only one issuance started in 1942. Upon the establishment of the Commonwealth Government-in-Exile in Washington, D.C., issuances were designed 'W' started on June 1, 1942 and ended with Executive Order Nos. 13-W and 14-W signed on June 20, 1944.

President Manuel L. Quezon's documents were gathered from its official sources such as the Official Gazette of the Philippines, including an issue of the Official Gazette dated May 1943 volume 41 number 1 published in Washington by the Government-in-Exile; the Malacañang Records Office which has the published compilations of Wartime Issuances or the 'W' series; Messages of the President which is composed of five volumes and sub-divided into two parts; Philippine Magazine, and Philippines published by the Office of the Resident Commissioner to the United States. Other sources used are the book bound and loose leaf compilation of different collections from the Jorge B. Vargas, Arturo B. Rotor Papers, Quezon Family Collection, the Basilio J. Valdes Papers, and the National Library of the Philippines.

There are two unnumbered Executive Orders that were signed by President Manuel L. Quezon in 1942. These documents are considered as either pre-war documents or as a part of the new series of Executive Issuances of President Manuel L. Quezon in 1942.

The American Psychological Association (APA) style was used for the citation. The titles that have been provided by the researchers are enclosed in square brackets, considering that the exact wordings and its order were not verbatim from the document being described. Book titles are italicized while the speech titles are not. If in any case that the book title is the same as the title of the speech, it is transcribed in italics because it is the book title.

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Children of the Malacañan Palace household personnel honoring President Manuel L. Quezon on his 61st birthday, August 19, 1939.



MESSAGES OF THE PRESIDENT
MANUEL L. QUEZON
1935-1944

BOOK 3 | VOLUME 4
Executive Orders Part 2



President Manuel L. Quezon signs the Iloilo City Charter, August 25, 1937.

EXECUTIVE ORDERS

An Executive Order provides for rules of a general or permanent character in implementation or execution of constitutional or statutory powers. The Executive Orders of President Manuel L. Quezon began on November 15, 1935 with Executive Order No. 1 and ended on June 20, 1944 with Executive Order No. 14-W (the W stood for “Washington, D.C.”).

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 208
AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 194, DATED MARCH 13, 1939, ENTITLED
“REVISING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 135, DATED DECEMBER 31, 1937, ESTABLISHING
A CLASSIFICATION OF ROADS.”

Pursuant to the recommendation of the National Transportation Board created by Executive Order Numbered forty-five, dated July sixth, nineteen hundred and thirty-six, the Lumbang–Caliraya Dam Site from Km. 106.14 to Km. 116.90 Length Km. 10.76, is hereby included in the classification of national roads in the Province of Laguna.

Executive Order Numbered One hundred ninety-four, dated March thirteenth, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, is hereby amended accordingly.

Done at the City of Manila, this fifteenth day of June, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fourth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *Messages of the President* (Vol. 5, Prt. 1). Manila: Bureau of Printing.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 209

REVOKING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 202, CURRENT SERIES, ENTITLED “REQUIRING THAT SAVINGS OF 5 PER CENT BE SET UP FROM THE RELEASES MADE IN EXECUTIVE ORDERS NOS. 190 AND 198, CURRENT SERIES, FOR THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF 1939, FROM THE GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS AUTHORIZED IN COMMONWEALTH ACT NO. 300.”

Whereas the revenue collections for the months of May and June, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, have considerably improved and from present indications the total ordinary income of the National Government for the period from January first to June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, will be sufficient to cover the entire amount of the authorized ordinary expenditures for the same period;

Whereas the necessity for requiring the 5 per cent savings from the amounts of authorized expenditures, provided in Executive Order Numbered Two hundred two, current series, no longer exists;

Now, therefore, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by the Constitution and existing laws, do hereby revoke Executive Order Numbered Two hundred two, current series.

Done at the City of Manila, this twenty-third day of June, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fourth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:

JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *Messages of the President* (Vol. 5, Prt. 1). Manila: Bureau of Printing.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 210
AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 118 (CREATING THE
PHILIPPINE SUGAR ADMINISTRATION)

Whereas, Commonwealth Act Numbered Two hundred and thirty-six authorizes the department, bureau, office or instrumentality of the National Government created thereunder to promulgate, subject to the approval of the President of the Philippines, the necessary rules and regulations to carry into effect its functions under the United States Sugar Act of Nineteen hundred and thirty-seven and under Act Numbered Forty-one hundred and sixty-six, as amended;

Now, therefore:

1. Paragraph (5) of Executive Order Numbered One hundred eighteen, dated September sixteenth, nineteen hundred and thirty-seven, is amended so as to read as follows:

“(5) The Philippine Sugar Administrator shall make the allocation of any United States quota established for the Philippines pursuant to the ‘Sugar Act of nineteen hundred and thirty-seven’ on the basis specified in section six (d) of Public Act Numbered One hundred twenty-seven, approved March twenty-fourth, nineteen hundred and thirty-four; and shall establish, with the approval of the President of the Philippines, the quota for domestic, reserve and/or other export sugar and make the allocations thereof among the mills, plantation owners and planters pursuant to the provisions of Act Numbered Forty-one hundred and sixty-six, as amended.”

2. A new paragraph is inserted in the aforesaid Executive Order Numbered One hundred eighteen, said paragraph to read as follows:

“(7) The Philippine Sugar Administration is authorized to promulgate, subject to the approval of the President of the Philippines, the necessary rules and regulations to carry into effect its functions under the United States Sugar Act of nineteen hundred and thirty-seven and under Act Numbered Forty-one hundred and sixty-six, as amended, said rules and regulations to be likewise embodied in ‘Philippine Sugar Orders’ as provided in paragraph (6) hereof.”

Done at the City of Manila, this twenty-third day of June, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fourth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *Messages of the President* (Vol. 5, Prt. 1). Manila: Bureau of Printing.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 211
MAKING ADDITIONAL ALLOTMENTS FOR VARIOUS PURPOSES FROM THE
APPROPRIATIONS AUTHORIZED UNDER COMMONWEALTH ACT NO. 300.

The following allotments of appropriations authorized by Commonwealth Act Numbered Three hundred are made for expenditure of the different Bureaus and offices under the executive departments of the National Government in addition to those released under Executive Orders Numbered One hundred ninety, One hundred ninety-eight, and Two hundred four, current series, during the period from January first to June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine.

Item No.			Amount
Commonwealth			
Act No. 300			
	Purpose		
	DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR		
	SALARIES AND WAGES		
	<i>For the Office of the Secretary</i>		
D-I(1)-77	One clerk at ₱1,800		<u>₱900.00</u>
	DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE		
	SUNDRY EXPENSES		
E-II-8	Traveling expenses of persons not Government employees (for the Bureau of Customs)		700.00
E-II-10	Other services:		
	Bureau of Customs	₱80.00	
	Bureau of Internal Revenue	1,500.00	1,580.00
	Total amount for the Department of Finance		<u>2,280.00</u>
	DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE		
	SUNDRY EXPENSES		
F-II-9	Traveling expenses of persons not Government employees (for the Bureau of Prisons)		<u>9,110.00</u>
	DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND COMMERCE		
	FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT		
G-III-1	For the purchase of furniture and equipment (for the Office of the Secretary)		<u>₱2,095.00</u>
	DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS AND COMMUNICATIONS		
	FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT		
H-III-1	For the purchase of furniture and equipment (for the Bureau of Coast and Geodetic Survey)		17,000.00

SPECIAL PURPOSES

For the Postal Savings Bank

H-IV-4(x-1) ...	Consumption of supplies and materials	₱1,370.00	
H-IV-4(c-2) ...	For the purchase of furniture and equipment	1,755.00	
	Total amount for the Postal Savings Bank.....	3,125.00	
	Amount to be paid out of the Postal Savings Bank		
	Fund, any provision of existing law to the contrary		
	notwithstanding	(3,125.00)	
		<u>0.00</u>	
H-IV-23	Aid to the City of Manila for the construction of public improvements, to be expended at the discretion of the Secretary of Public Works and Communications, Commonwealth Act No. 242		75,000.00
	Total amount for the Department of Public Works and Communications		<u>92,000.00</u>

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

SALARIES AND WAGES

For the Bureau of Health

B-I(3)-105	One clerk at ₱1,860	₱930.00	
B-I(3)-117	One clerk at ₱1,800	900.00	
B-I(3)-149	One clerk at ₱960	480.00	
B-I(3)-128	One clerk at ₱840	420.00	₱2,730.00
	<i>For the Bureau of Public Welfare</i>		
B-I(3)-104	One accountant at ₱2,400.00		1,200.00
	<i>For the Philippine General Hospital</i>		
B-I(3)-155	One clerk at ₱480	240.00	
B-I(3)-143	One accountant at ₱2,400	1,200.00	
B-I(3)-56	One clerk at ₱480	240.00	1,680.00
	<i>For the Bureau of Quarantine Service</i>		
B-I(3)-152	One clerk at ₱780		390.00
	<i>For the National Library</i>		
B-I(3)-224	One clerk at ₱480	240.00	
K-I-181	One audit clerk at ₱2,040	1,020.00	
K-I-182	One audit clerk at ₱1,800	900.00	2,160.00
	Total amount for the Department of Public Instruction.....		<u>8,160.00</u>

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

SALARIES AND WAGES

For the Office of the Secretary

B-I(3)-95	One clerk at ₱1,980		990.00
	SUNDRY EXPENSES		
J-II-6	Consumption of supplies and materials (for the Office of Secretary).....		1,000.00
J-II-10	Maintenance and repair of equipment (for the Office of the Secretary)		100.00
	FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT		
J-III-1	For the purchase of furniture and equipment (for the Office of the Secretary)		3,180.00
	Total amount for the Department of Labor		<u>5,270.00</u>

GENERAL AUDITING OFFICE

SUNDRY EXPENSES

K-II-7	Printing and binding reports, documents, and publications	<u><u>₱2,180.00</u></u>
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SUMMARY

Total for salaries and wages	₱10,050.00
Total for sundry expenses	14,670.00
Total for furniture and equipment	22,275.00
Total for special purposes	<u>75,000.00</u>
Total	121,995.00

The grand total of the funds allotted up to this date from the appropriations provided in Commonwealth Act Numbered Three hundred, including those authorized in Executive Orders Numbered One hundred ninety, One hundred ninety-eight and Two hundred four, current series, for the executive departments, should therefore, amount to thirty-eight million seven hundred ninety-nine thousand seven hundred forty-five pesos.

Done at the City of Manila, this twenty-third day of June, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fourth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON

President of the Philippines

By the President:

JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *Messages of the President* (Vol. 5, Prt. 1). Manila: Bureau of Printing.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 212
REGULATIONS GOVERNING SENIORITY, PROMOTION, AND SEPARATION FROM THE
SERVICE, OF OFFICERS OF THE RESERVE FORCE, PHILIPPINE ARMY.

Pursuant to the authority conferred upon me by the Constitution and the existing laws, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, do hereby prescribe the following regulations governing seniority, promotion, and separation from the service, of officers of the Reserve Force of the Philippine Army:

I. Seniority

1. Regular officers shall take precedence over reserve officers of like grade.
2. The names of all officers of the Reserve Force shall be carried on a seniority list which, when approved by the President, shall establish permanently the relative seniority of such officers, subject to exceptions made in accordance with these regulations. Officers thereafter promoted to any grade in the Reserve Force of the Philippine Army shall be placed at the bottom of the grade to which promoted, and seniority in such grade shall be established according to the total length of active service therein, except that any officer of the Army may suffer loss of seniority at any time as the result of an approved sentence of a court-martial. Original appointments made by the President shall fix definitely in each case the position of the appointee on the seniority list.
3. The Chief of Staff shall cause all changes occasioned by separations, appointments, loss of rank by action of court-martial, and all other changes due to the operation of law or regulations to be entered on the approved seniority list, and, as corrected, this list shall be published to the Army at least once each year.

II. Promotion

4. *Basic requirements.*—Subject to the approval of the President, all promotions of officers in the Reserve Force shall be made by the Chief of Staff upon recommendation of the Chief of Arm or Service or the district commander who has assignment jurisdiction in each case. Every recommendation for the promotion of a reserve officer submitted to the Adjutant General must show that all of the following five conditions are fulfilled:

- (a) He must hold a certificate of capacity for the next higher grade indicating that he has satisfactorily completed specified correspondence courses prescribed by the Chief of Staff.
- (b) There must be an appropriate vacancy under the peacetime procurement objective of the Philippine Army.
- (c) He must have served a minimum time in grade as follows:

	Years
As a third lieutenant	2
As a second lieutenant.....	3
As a first lieutenant	4
As a captain	5
As a major	6
As a lieutenant-colonel.....	7

(d) He must have completed the prescribed correspondence or other educational courses prescribed by the Chief of Staff for his arm (or service) and grade.

(e) He must have had during his service in grade completed at least twenty-one days' active duty training and received therefor an efficiency report (P. A. Form No. 13A) of at least "Satisfactory." *Provided*, That reserve officers called to extended tour of active duty for six months or more, shall be promoted to the next higher grade in the same manner that Regular Army officers of like grade are promoted, subject to paragraph four (c) above: *and provided, further*, That commissioned service in the Officers' Reserve Corps, United States Army, Philippine Constabulary and Philippine Army shall be credited in computing the length of service in each grade as prescribed above.

III. *Separation from the service*

5. *Methods*.—Appointments of officers in the Reserve Force of the Philippine Army are terminated by:

- (a) Death.
- (b) Resignation.
- (c) Discharge.
- (d) Dismissal or dropping from the rolls.

6. *Death*.—The death of a reserve officer on active duty shall be reported as prescribed in the case of a Regular Army officer. The death of a reserve officer on inactive status shall be reported by the commanding officer of the district where the death occurred to the Adjutant General, giving the place, date, and circumstances. All persons in the military service are enjoined to report the death of any reserve officer on inactive status coming to their notice, should they have reason to believe that such report will not otherwise be made. Each report of death should, whenever practicable, include the name, address, and degree of relationship of the nearest relative.

7. *Resignation*.—Resignations of reserve officers in whatever duty status shall be forwarded through military channels to the Adjutant General. They shall be tendered in letter form, shall be unconditional, and shall contain a statement of the reasons for which submitted. The resignation of a reserve officer during the existence of a state of war or other grave emergency shall not be considered until six months after the war or grave emergency is terminated.

8. *Discharge*.—Any reserve officer may be discharged at any time in the discretion of the President. Discharge shall be the form of separation in all cases not otherwise covered, including the following:

(a) *Physical disqualification.*—Requests or recommendations for discharge by reason of physical disqualification shall be forwarded through military channels to district commanders, who shall forward them to the Adjutant General with suitable evidence and recommendation for determination as to discharge or transfer to another section of the Reserve Force or waiver physical disqualification.

(b) *Misconduct, inefficiency, or other unfitness.*—In time of peace reports of misconduct, inefficiency, or other unfitness on the part of any reserve officer shall be forwarded to the district commander, who shall cause such investigation to be made as may be deemed necessary, or as may be directed by higher authority. When the district commander deems it necessary, or should the officer concerned so request in writing, he shall convene a suitable board of not less than three officers to further investigate the matter and make recommendations. The officer whose fitness is being inquired into shall always be informed of the alleged misconduct, inefficiency, or other unfitness, and be given opportunity for a hearing before the board of officers, either in person, by counsel, or by brief, as he may elect. At least one reserve officer on inactive status shall be included in the membership of such board. Proceedings of the board of officers, together with the action and recommendation of the convening authority, shall be forwarded to the Adjutant General for final action.

(c) *Inability to locate after reasonable effort, also failure to reply to official communications.*—Where the discharge of a reserve officer is recommended by the corresponding district commander, or chief of arm or service, because his whereabouts cannot be ascertained in spite of diligent effort or because of his repeated failure to reply to official communications, copies of the communications returned unclaimed or remaining unanswered shall be inclosed, but the substance thereof, with the date or dates and address or addresses used, may be stated instead; any other means used to communicate with the reserve officer shall also be reported.

(d) *Conviction by civil court.*—Any reserve officer convicted of a crime involving moral turpitude before a civil court shall be discharged. All persons in the military service are enjoined to report, through military channels, the conviction of any reserve officer coming to their notice.

(e) *Entry into service of a foreign country.*—The entry of a reserve officer into the military service of a foreign country or his departure from the Philippines for such purpose shall be considered ground for immediate discharge.

(f) *Miscellaneous.*—Circumstances may arise, not otherwise provided for herein, that render desirable the discharge of a reserve officer. Such circumstances shall be reported through military channels to the Adjutant General with appropriate recommendation.

9. *Dismissal.*—The dismissal or dropping from the rolls of a reserve officer shall occur only when he is on active duty, and is governed by the one hundred and seventeenth Article of War.

Done at the City of Manila, this sixth day of July, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fourth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *Messages of the President* (Vol. 5, Prt. 1). Manila: Bureau of Printing.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 213

**ANNEXING A CERTAIN PORTION OF THE TERRITORY OF THE MUNICIPALITY OF
MAJAYJAY, PROVINCE OF LAGUNA, TO THE MUNICIPALITY OF LILIO, SAME PROVINCE.**

Upon recommendation of the Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of Finance, and the provincial board of Laguna, and pursuant to the provisions of section sixty-eight of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby segregated from the municipality of Majayjay, Province of Laguna, and annexed to the municipality of Lilio, same province, that portion of territory bounded on the north by the municipality of Magdalena, on the east by the Maimpis River, on the south by the Banahao Forest Reservation, and on the west by the Bungcol River, which is more particularly described on the maps of the Majayjay cadastre, B. L. cadastre No. 188, as follows:

Beginning at a point marked “1” which is identical to M. B. M. No. 22 of Majayjay cadastre on the east bank of the Bungkol River; thence N. 52° 53' E., 80.79 m. to point “2” which is corner 2 of the boundary map of case No. 3 of said cadastre; thence N. 56° 10' E., 5.33 m. to point “3” which is corner 3 of same case; thence N. 51° 48' E., 4.48 m. to point “4” which is M. B. M. No. 23 and identical to corner 4 of same case; thence N. 60° 45' E., 63.74 m. to point “5” which is corner 5 of same case; thence N. 61° 11' E., 81.42 m. to point “6” which is corner 6 of same case; thence N. 61° 20' E., 30.92 m. to point “7” which is corner 7 of same case; thence N. 61° 10' E., 69.02 m. to point “8” which is corner 8 of same case; thence N. 78° 25' E., 5.83 m. to point “9” which is corner 9 of same case; thence N. 58° 22' E., 71.67 m. to point “10” which is corner 10 of same case; thence N. 67° 12' E., 34.58 m. to point “11” which is corner 11 of same case; thence N. 62° 04' E., 70.36 m. to point “12” which is corner 12 of same case; thence N. 54° 04' E., 63.56 m. to point “13” which is corner 13 of same case; thence N. 76° 46' E., 21.11 m. to point “14” which is corner 14 of same case; thence N. 74° 47' E., 12.31 m. to point “15” which is M. B. M. No. 24 and identical to corner 15 of same case; thence N. 74° 03' E., 2.55 m. to point “16” which is corner 16 of same case; thence N. 72° 52' E., 7.97 m. to point “17” which is corner 17 of same case; thence N. 85° 48' E., 130.79 m. to point “18” which is corner 18 of same case; thence N. 89° 03' E., 4.81 m. to point “19” which is corner 19 of same case; thence N. 86° 32' E., 98.21 m. to point “20” which is corner 20 of same case; thence N. 83° 14' E., 3.64 m. to point “21” which is corner 21 of same case; thence N. 86° 42' E., 105.87 m. to point “22” which is corner 22 of same case; thence N. 87° 40' E., 130.88 m. to point “23” which is M. B. M. No. 25 and identical to corner 23 of same case; on the west bank of the Maimpis River; thence following the course of the said river in a southeasterly direction to point “24” which is corner 7 of lot No. 8969 of Majayjay cadastre, B. L. cadastre No. 188, case No. 9, belonging to Mateo Villeta; thence S. 0° 15' E., 1,645.72 m. to point “25” which is M. B. M. No. 19 and identical to corner 1 of lot No. 9033 of the same cadastre; thence N. 28° 42' W., 1,159.21 m. to point “26” which is corner 2 of said lot No. 9033 on the east bank of the dry creek forming the source of the Bungkol River; thence following the course of the said creek and river in a northwesterly direction to the point of beginning.

The changes herein made shall take effect on September first, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, subject to the condition that the municipality of Lilio shall assume its proportionate share of such obligations of the municipality of Majayjay as may be outstanding on the aforesaid date.

Done at the City of Manila, this tenth day of July, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fourth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:

JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *Messages of the President* (Vol. 5, Prt. 1). Manila: Bureau of Printing.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 214
COMPOSITION OF THE APPRAISAL COMMITTEE CREATED UNDER EXECUTIVE
ORDER NO. 132, DATED DECEMBER 27, 1937

The Appraisal Committee created under Executive Order Numbered One hundred thirty-two, dated December twenty-seventh, nineteen hundred and thirty-seven, shall hereafter be composed of the provincial assessor, as Chairman, and the district engineer and the provincial auditor, as members, of the province where the land is located: *Provided*, That if the property is situated in a chartered city, the Appraisal Committee shall be composed of the city assessor, as Chairman, and the city engineer and the city auditor, as members.

Executive Order Numbered One hundred thirty-two, dated December twenty-seventh, nineteen hundred and thirty-seven, is hereby amended accordingly.

Done at the City of Manila, this tenth day of July, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fourth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: Presidential Museum and Library

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *Messages of the President* (Vol. 5, Prt. 1). Manila: Bureau of Printing.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 215

REVISING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 115 ENTITLED “REQUIRING THE APPROVAL OF THE SECRETARY OF PUBLIC WORKS AND COMMUNICATIONS IN THE CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATION OF ANY GOVERNMENT RADIO STATION AND AUTHORIZING THE GRANTING OF GENERAL AUTHORITY TO THE PHILIPPINE ARMY TO ESTABLISH AND OPERATE RADIO STATIONS FOR MILITARY PURPOSES.”

Whereas the Secretary of Public Works and Communications is, under the provisions of Act Numbered Three thousand eight hundred forty-six, empowered to regulate the establishment, use, and operation of all radio stations and all forms of radio communications and transmissions within the Philippines and to issue such rules and regulations as may be necessary;

Whereas, although radio stations of the Government are exempted from the provisions of Act Numbered Three thousand eight hundred forty-six (section nine), it is deemed necessary that the establishment, use, and operation of such stations should be also subject to regulation by the Secretary of Public Works and Communications, for the purpose of uniformity and efficiency; and

Whereas, in order to effectively carry out the purposes of Commonwealth Act Numbered One, known as The National Defense Act, it is indispensable that the Philippine Army should have exclusive control of its own radio stations and radio communications;

Now, therefore, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers in me vested by law, do hereby direct that no branch of the Philippine Government, except the Philippine Army, shall construct, install, establish, or operate a radio station, either fixed or mobile, without the approval of the Secretary of Public Works and Communications; and no requisition for radio station apparatus, except those of the Philippine Army, shall be filled by the Purchasing Agent unless the specifications for such apparatus shall have been approved by the said Secretary.

The Philippine Army is hereby granted general authority to establish, maintain, and operate radio stations and radio system of communications for military purposes; and to make requisitions for radio equipment and supplies without being coursed through the Secretary of Public Works and Communications.

All call letters, with the exception of those of mobile stations for military purposes, and frequencies for use of the Philippine Army for fixed and mobile radio stations, shall be assigned by the Secretary of Public Works and Communications, who shall be informed of the location of fixed stations, the name of ship or aircraft stations, and the power and type of apparatus. These stations, whether fixed or mobile, shall comply with the rules and regulations prescribed by the said Secretary to prevent and eliminate interference between radio stations. The call letters of mobile stations used for military purposes will be allocated by the Philippine Army authorities, such call letters to consist of any group of letters, figures, or combination thereof which are not allocated to other radio communication services.

Executive Order Numbered Four hundred fifteen, dated March tenth, nineteen hundred and thirty-three, and Executive Order Numbered One hundred fifteen, dated September first, nineteen hundred and thirty-seven, are hereby repealed.

Done at the City of Manila, this twenty-second day of July, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fourth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:

JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *Messages of the President* (Vol. 5, Prt. 1). Manila: Bureau of Printing.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 216
COMPOSITION OF THE NATIONAL RELIEF BOARD CREATED UNDER EXECUTIVE
ORDER NO. 197, DATED MARCH 24, 1939

The National Relief Board created under Executive Order Numbered One hundred ninety-seven, dated March twenty-fourth, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, shall hereafter be composed of the Secretary of the Interior as Chairman, and the Secretary of Finance, the Secretary of Public Works and Communications, the Secretary of Public Instruction who may be represented by the Commissioner of Health and Welfare, and the Secretary of Labor, as members. The Commissioner of the Budget shall be the Executive Officer of the Board.

Executive Order Numbered One hundred ninety-seven, dated March twenty-fourth, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, is hereby amended accordingly.

Done at the City of Manila, this twenty-eighth day of July, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fourth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *Messages of the President* (Vol. 5, Prt. 1). Manila: Bureau of Printing.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 217
PRESCRIBING CERTAIN CIVIC AND ETHICAL PRINCIPLES TO BE TAUGHT IN
ALL SCHOOLS IN THE PHILIPPINES

Whereas section five of Article XIII of the Constitution provides that all schools shall aim to develop moral character, personal discipline, civic conscience, and to teach the duties of citizenship;

Whereas, in order to comply with the above constitutional provision, it is necessary that a Code of Citizenship and Ethics be adopted and taught in the schools;

Whereas, pending the formulation of such a code by a committee representing the various elements of the community and the adoption thereof, it is essential that the schools should at once take steps in order to effectuate the mandate of the Constitution in this respect;

Now, therefore, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me under the Constitution, do hereby direct the Secretary of Public Instruction to require all schools to teach the following civic and ethical principles, drafted by a group of eminent citizens:

1. Have faith in Divine Providence that guides the destinies of men and nations.
2. Love your country for it is the home of your people, the seat of your affections, and the source of your happiness and well-being. Its defense is your primary duty. Be ready at all times to sacrifice and die for it if necessary.
3. Respect the Constitution which is the expression of your sovereign will. The government is your government. It has been established for your safety and welfare. Obey the laws and see that they are observed by all and that public officials comply with their duties.
4. Pay your taxes willingly and promptly. Citizenship implies not only rights but also obligations.
5. Safeguard the purity of suffrage and abide by the decisions of the majority.
6. Love and respect your parents. It is your duty to serve them gratefully and well.
7. Value your honor as you value your life. Poverty with honor is preferable to wealth with dishonor.
8. Be truthful and be honest in thought and in action. Be just and charitable, courteous but dignified in your dealings with your fellowmen.
9. Lead a clean and frugal life. Do not indulge in frivolity or pretense. Be simple in your dress and modest in your behavior.
10. Live up to the noble traditions of our people. Venerate the memory of our heroes. Their lives point the way to duty and honor.
11. Be industrious. Be not afraid or ashamed to do manual labor. Productive toil is conducive to economic security and adds to the wealth of the nation.
12. Rely on your own efforts for your progress and happiness. Be not easily discouraged. Persevere in the pursuit of your legitimate ambitions.

13. Do your work cheerfully, thoroughly, and well. Work badly done is worse than work undone. Do not leave for tomorrow what you can do today.
14. Contribute to the welfare of your community and promote social justice. You do not live for yourselves and your families alone. You are a part of society to which you owe definite responsibilities.
15. Cultivate the habit of using goods made in the Philippines. Patronize the products and trades of your countrymen.
16. Use and develop our natural resources and conserve them for posterity. They are the inalienable heritage of our people. Do not traffic with your citizenship.

Done at the City of Manila, this nineteenth day of August, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fourth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *Messages of the President* (Vol. 5, Prt. 1). Manila: Bureau of Printing.

PALASYO NG MALACAÑANG
MAYNILA

INILAGDA NG PANGULO NG PILIPINAS

ATAS TAGAPAGPAGANAP BLG. 217
PAGTATAKDA NG MGA SIMULAIN NG PAGKAMAMAMAYAN AT KAGANDAHANG ASAL
NA ITUTURO SA LAHAT NG MGA PAARALAN SA PILIPINAS

SAPAGKAT, itinatadhana ng Seksiyon 5 ng Artikulo XIII ng Konstitusyon na magiging layunin ng lahat ng mga paaralan na linangin ang kagandahang asal, disiplina sa sarili, isang konsiyensiyang makamamamayan at ituro ang mga tungkulin ng pagkamamamayan;

SAPAGKAT, upang makasunod sa itinatadhana ng Konstitusyon na binabanggit sa itaas, kailangang magpatibay ng isang Kodigo ng Pagkamamamayan at Kagandahang Asal na ituturo sa lahat ng mga paaralan;

SAPAGKAT, habang binabalangkas ang nasabing kodigo ng isang Lupon na kumakatawan sa iba't ibang sektor ng pamayanan at habang hinihintay ang pagpapatibay nito, mahalagang agad na magsagawa ng hakbang ang mga paaralan upang maisakatuparan ang mandato ng konstitusyon alinsunod dito;

NGAYON, SAMAKATWID, ako, si MANUEL L. QUEZON, Pangulo ng Pilipinas, sa bisa ng kapangyarihang kaloob sa akin ng Konstitusyon, ay nagtatagubilin sa Kalihim ng Pagtuturong Publiko na dapat maisagawa sa lahat ng mga paaralan ang pagtuturo ng mga sumusunod na mga simulain ng pagkamamamayan at kagandahang-asal na binalangkas ng mga kilalang mga indibiduwal;

1. Magtiwala ka sa Poong Maykapal na gumagabay sa kapalaran ng mga tao at mga bansa.
2. Mahalin mo ang iyong bayan sapagkat ito ang iyong tahanan, pinagmumulan ng iyong pagmamahal at bukal ng iyong kaligayahan at pagiging tao. Ang pagtatanggol sa bayan ang pangunahin mong tungkulin. Maging handa sa lahat ng oras na magpakasakit at ialay ang buhay kung kinakailangan.
3. Igalang mo ang Saligang-Batas na nagpapahayag ng makapangyarihang kalooban. Itinatag ang Saligang-Batas para sa iyong kaligtasan at sariling kapakanan. Sundin ang mga batas at tiyaking sinusunod ito ng lahat ng mamamayan at tumutupad sa kanilang tungkulin ang mga pinuno ng bayan.
4. Kusang magbayad ng mga buwis at maging maluwag sa kalooban ang maagap na pagbabayad nito. Alalahaning ang pagkamamamayan ay hindi lamang mga karapatan ang taglay kung hindi maging mga pananagutan din.
5. Panatilihing malinis ang mga halalan at sumunod sa pasya ng nakararami.
6. Mahalin at igalang ang iyong mga magulang. Paglingkuran mo silang mabuti at pasalamatan.
7. Pahalagahan mo ang iyong karangalan gaya ng pagpapahalaga mo sa iyong buhay. Ang karalitaang may dangal ay higit na mahalaga kaysa yamang walang karangalan.
8. Maging matapat sa pag-iisip at sa gawa. Maging makatarungan at mapagkawanggawa, ngunit marangal sa pakikitungo sa kapwa.
9. Mamuhay nang malinis at walang pag-aaksaya. Huwag maging maluho at mapagkunwari. Maging simple sa pananamit at kumilos nang maayos.

-
10. Mamuhay na gaya ng inaasahan sa iyo ng marangal na tradisyon ng ating lahi. Igalang ang alaala ng ating mga bayani. Ang kanilang buhay ay ehemplo ng pananagutan at karangalan.
 11. Maging masipag, huwag ikatakot o ikahiya ang pagbabanat ng buto. Ang pagiging masipag ay daan tungo sa isang matatag na kabuhayan at sa yaman ng bansa.
 12. Umasa sa iyong kakayahan sa pag-unlad at kaligayahan. Huwag agad mawawalan ng pag-asa. Magsikap upang makamit ang katuparan ng iyong mga layunin.
 13. Gampanang maluwag sa kalooban ang iyong mga tungkulin. Ang gawaing hindi maayos ay higit na masama sa gawaing hindi tinapos. Huwag ipagpabukas ang gawaing maaari mong gawin ngayon.
 14. Tumulong sa kagalingan ng iyong pamayanan at palaganapin ang katarungang panlipunan. Hindi ka nabubuhay na nag-iisa kapiling ang iyong mag-anak lamang. Bahagi ka ng isang lipunang pinagkakautangan ng pananagutan.
 15. Ugaliin ang pagtangkilik sa sariling atin at sa mga kalakal na gawa rito sa atin.
 16. Gamitin at linangin ang ating likas na yaman at pangalagaan ito para sa susunod na salinlahi. Ang mga kayamanang ito ay minana pa natin sa ating mga ninuno. Huwag mong gawing kalakal ang iyong pagkamamamayan.

Inilagda sa Lungsod ng Maynila, ngayong ika-19 ng Agosto, sa taon ng Ating Panginoon, labinsiyam at tatlumpu't siyam, sa Komonwelt ng Pilipinas, ang Ikaapat.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
Pangulo ng Pilipinas

Para sa Pangulo:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Kalihim ng Pangulo

Isinalin sa Filipino ng Komisyon sa Wikang Filipino noong ika-31 ng Hulyo 2012 para sa Official Gazette online.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 218
AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 166, DATED OCTOBER 8, 1938,
REGARDING REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE HALF-MASTING OF FLAGS ON
GOVERNMENT BUILDINGS.

Executive Order Numbered One hundred sixty-six, dated October eighth, nineteen hundred and thirty-eight, promulgating regulations governing the half-masting of flags on Government buildings, is amended by adding thereto the following paragraph:

“8. On the death or during the funeral of any ranking officer of a Bureau, office, agency, or instrumentality of the Government the flags on the public buildings thereof may be ordered at half-mast by the Department Head concerned.”

Done at the City of Manila, this twenty-fifth day of August, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fourth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *Messages of the President* (Vol. 5, Prt. 1). Manila: Bureau of Printing.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 219
SUSPENDING THE EFFECTIVITY OF EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 213, DATED JULY 10, 1939

Upon recommendation of the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Finance, Executive Order Numbered Two hundred and thirteen, entitled “Annexing a certain portion of the territory of the municipality of Majayjay, Province of Laguna, to the municipality of Lilio, same province,” issued on July tenth, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, which is to take effect on September first, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, is hereby suspended pending the resolution of the petition for reconsideration filed by the municipality of Majayjay.

Done at the City of Manila, this thirty-first day of August, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fourth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *Messages of the President* (Vol. 5, Prt. 1). Manila: Bureau of Printing.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 220

SEGREGATING FROM THE MUNICIPALITY OF BANATE, PROVINCE OF ILOILO, THE FORMER MUNICIPALITY OF ANILAO, AND ORGANIZING THE SAME INTO A SEPARATE MUNICIPALITY UNDER THE NAME OF ANILAO.

Whereas many of the inhabitants of the former municipality of Anilao have petitioned that the same be separated from the municipality of Banate, Province of Iloilo, and reorganized into an independent municipality;

Now, therefore, pursuant to the provisions of section sixty-eight of the Revised Administrative Code, and upon recommendation of the provincial board of Iloilo, the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Finance, the thirty-five municipalities of the Province of Iloilo as established by section thirty-eight of the Revised Administrative Code, as amended by Commonwealth Act Numbered One hundred fifty-eight and Executive Order Numbered One hundred forty-three dated March fifteenth, nineteen hundred and thirty-eight, are hereby increased to thirty-six, by separating the former municipality of Anilao from the municipality of Banate and organizing the same into a separate municipality, under the name of Anilao, with the seat of government at the barrio of Anilao, subject to the condition that the new municipality shall assume the entire loan obligation of five thousand pesos contracted by the municipality of Banate for the construction of the Serallo public market.

The municipality of Anilao shall consist of the territory comprised in the former municipality of Anilao upon its fusion with the municipality of Banate under Act Numbered Seven hundred nineteen of the Philippine Commission. The municipality of Banate shall consist of its present territory less the territory comprised in the former municipality of Anilao.

The organization herein made shall take effect on October first, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine.

Done at the City of Manila, this eighth day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fourth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *Messages of the President* (Vol. 5, Prt. 1). Manila: Bureau of Printing.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 221
PROHIBITING THE FILLING OF VACANT POSITIONS AND
INCREASES IN SALARY IN THE GOVERNMENT

Whereas the Secretary of Finance has informed the Chief Executive that the outbreak of the war in Europe may result in the reduction of the income of the Government due to a possible decrease of customs collections caused by a reduction of imports from European countries;

Whereas it is advisable for the Government to take precautionary measures to keep the budget in balance and maintain the stability of its finances;

Now, therefore, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by the Constitution and existing laws, hereby order that—

1. No vacant positions shall be filled without the prior approval of the President; and
2. Until further order, no increases in salary in the same position shall be authorized.

Meritorious cases of appointments and promotions submitted by the respective chiefs of Bureaus or offices prior to September fourth, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, will be given due consideration.

Done at the City of Manila, this ninth day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fourth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Bureau of Printing. (1941). Executive Order No. 221. *Messages of the President*, 5(1), pp. 996.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 222
PRESCRIBING THE OFFICE HOURS TO BE OBSERVED IN
THE DIFFERENT BUREAUS AND OFFICES OF THE GOVERNMENT

For the purpose of achieving more efficiency in the service, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, acting under and by virtue of the provisions of sections five hundred sixty-two and five hundred sixty-four of the Administrative Code and upon recommendation of the Commissioner of Civil Service, do hereby prescribe that the office hours of all Bureaus and offices shall be from seven o'clock and thirty minutes in the morning to twelve o'clock and thirty minutes in the afternoon, and from two o'clock to four o'clock in the afternoon: *Provided*, That on Saturdays throughout the year and during the hot season, from April first to June fifteenth, inclusive, of every year, the period of labor is reduced to five continuous hours which shall be from seven o'clock and thirty minutes in the morning to twelve o'clock and thirty minutes in the afternoon: *Provided, further*, That in the City of Baguio the short hours shall be observed from July first to September fifteenth, inclusive: *And provided, finally*, That nothing in this Order shall be understood as obliging the Head or Chief of any Department, Bureau, or office so to reduce the hours of labor in his branch of work but such matter shall be left in his discretion subject to the requirements of the service.

Where called for, however, by the nature of the work of a particular Bureau or office, the hours herein prescribed may be changed upon prior approval of the President.

Overtime work on regular working days to finish work not of a routinary character that must be completed within a specified time, payment for which may be authorized by the President under the provisions of section seven-I (32) of Commonwealth Act Numbered Two hundred and forty-six, shall begin only after the official or employee concerned has performed eight hours of regular work.

Section one, Rule XV, of the Civil Service Rules embodied in Executive Order Numbered five, dated January ninth, nineteen hundred and nine, as amended by Executive Order Numbered Twenty-six, dated August twenty-fourth, nineteen hundred and twenty-six, is hereby further amended accordingly.

This Order shall take effect on October first, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine.

Done at the City of Manila, this thirteenth day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fourth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Bureau of Printing. (1941). Executive Order No. 222. *Messages of the President*, 5(1), pp. 997-998.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 223
AMENDING SECTION 3, RULE VII, OF THE CIVIL SERVICE
RULES REGARDING REINSTATEMENT

For the sake of uniformity in matters of reinstatement of officers and employees who are separated from the service without delinquency and upon recommendation of the Commissioner of Civil Service, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the authority in me vested by the Constitution and the laws, do hereby approve and promulgate the following amendment to section three of Civil Service Rule VII, which reads as follows:

“A person who has served six months or less in the Philippine civil service may be reinstated as a probationer within a period of one year following his separation from the service under the former appointment; a person who has served more than six months but less than two years, and who has received absolute appointment, may be reinstated within two years; a person who has served two years, but less than three years, may be reinstated within four years; a person who has served three years, but less than four years, may be reinstated within six years; a person who has served four years, but less than five years, may be reinstated within eight years; and a person who has served five years or more may be reinstated within ten years from the date of his separation from the service.”

Done at the City of Manila, this twenty-fifth day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fourth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Bureau of Printing. (1941). Executive Order No. 223. *Messages of the President*, 5(1), pp. 999.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 224
AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 220, DATED SEPTEMBER 8, 1939

In view of the lack of material time to adjust the records of the municipality of Banate and the new municipality of Anilao, Province of Iloilo, for purposes of the forthcoming plebiscite on the proposed amendments to the Constitution of the Philippines as provided by Commonwealth Act Numbered Four hundred ninety-two and upon recommendation of the Secretary of the Interior, Executive Order Numbered Two hundred twenty, dated September eighth, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, entitled, “Segregating from the municipality of Banate, Province of Iloilo, the former municipality of Anilao, and organizing the same into a separate municipality under the name of Anilao,” which is to take effect on October first, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, is hereby amended, so that the organization of the new municipality of Anilao shall take effect on November first, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine.

Done at the City of Manila, this twenty-eighth day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fourth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Bureau of Printing. (1941). Executive Order No. 224. *Messages of the President*, 5(1), pp. 1000.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 225
GRANTING QUARTERS OR THE COMMUTED VALUE THEREOF,
TO OFFICERS OF THE UNITED STATES ARMY WHO ARE COMMISSIONED
IN THE PHILIPPINE ARMY BY REASON OF THEIR ACCEPTANCE OF
ASSIMILATED RANK THEREIN.

Under authority of section ninety of the National Defense Act, officers of the United States Army who are commissioned in the Philippine Army by reason of their acceptance of assimilated rank therein shall, effective September first, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, be entitled to quarters or the commuted value thereof, which shall be identical with the rates prescribed for the officers of the Philippine Army of the same grade.

Done at the City of Manila, this thirtieth day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fourth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Bureau of Printing. (1941). Executive Order No. 225. *Messages of the President*, 5(1), pp. 1001.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 226
AUTHORIZING THE EMERGENCY CONTROL BOARD TO CONDUCT
INVESTIGATIONS AND TO PUNISH ACTS OF NONCOÖPERATION
TO ATTAIN OBJECTIVES OF COMMONWEALTH ACT NO. 498.

Pursuant to the authority vested in me under the Constitution and under Commonwealth Act Numbered Four hundred ninety-eight, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, do hereby order that:

1. The Emergency Control Board created under Administrative Order Numbered One hundred seven, or any of its agents thereunto duly deputized by it, is hereby authorized and directed to make an investigation into the matter of supply, distribution, movement, and prices of foods, clothing, fuel, fertilizers, chemicals, building materials, implements, machinery, and equipment required in agriculture and industry, and other articles or commodities of prime necessity, both imported and locally produced or manufactured, and for this purpose, it may take testimony, admit evidence, administer oaths, summon witnesses, and examine or require the production of documents, books of account, papers, and other memoranda as may be necessary for the purposes of its investigation.

2. Any person who, without any lawful excuse, shall object to the examination of his documents, books of account, papers, and memoranda as may be required by the Board or by any of its deputies, or who shall willfully fail to appear upon summons issued therefor, or who shall refuse to take oath, give testimony, or produce documents for inspection when thereunto lawfully required, shall be punished as provided in section four of Commonwealth Act Numbered Four hundred ninety-eight, and, if an alien, shall in addition be subject to deportation after proceedings taken pursuant to section sixty-nine of the Revised Administrative Code.

3. Any person who shall, directly or indirectly, inflict, abet, or permit in whatever form or manner any act of revenge upon another who shall give testimony or produce documents as required by the Board or by any of its deputies shall likewise be punished as provided in section four of Commonwealth Act Numbered Four hundred ninety-eight.

Done at the City of Manila, this twenty-fourth day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fourth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Bureau of Printing. (1941). Executive Order No. 226. *Messages of the President*, 5(1), pp. 1002-1003.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 227
PROHIBITING REAPPOINTMENT OF JUSTICES OF THE PEACE RETIRED UNDER
COMMONWEALTH ACT NO. 331 TO ANY POSITION IN THE LOCAL GOVERNMENTS
UNLESS THEY WAIVE THEIR RETIREMENT GRATUITY.

Whereas attention has been invited to the fact that several justices of the peace retired under Commonwealth Act Numbered Three hundred thirty-one have been reappointed to positions in the local governments without having been required to waive their retirement gratuities under the Act; and

Whereas, although the provision of said Act regarding automatic waiving of gratuity payments before acceptance of reappointment refers only to reappointments in the National Government, it has never been contemplated that any reappointed employee be allowed to receive gratuity in addition to his salary in the Government, the purpose of the law in giving gratuity being to help the retired employee while in private life;

Now, therefore, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby order that no justice of the peace retired under Commonwealth Act Numbered Three hundred thirty-one be reappointed to any position in the local governments during the period covered by his retirement, unless he waive his retirement gratuity.

Done at the City of Manila, this twenty-fifth day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fourth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Bureau of Printing. (1941). Executive Order No. 227. *Messages of the President*, 5(1), pp. 1004.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 228
CONSOLIDATING INTO ONE POLICE UNIT ALL AGENCIES PERFORMING POLICE
DUTIES WITHIN THE HARBOR AND PORT AREAS IN ALL PORTS OF ENTRY.

In order to secure and maintain a high degree of efficiency in the organization and operation of all police agencies within the harbor and port areas in the City of Manila and in other ports of entry, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers in me vested by law, do hereby direct that all police duties and functions now required by law and regulations to be exercised within harbor and port areas be consolidated and placed under the direct control and supervision of the Insular Collector of Customs. To this end, the customs police, customs watchmen and bay and river guards, customs secret service agents doing police duty, Manila Terminal police, members of the city police when on duty within customs premises, and such other persons or employees exercising police authority under section one thousand three hundred twenty-nine et seq. of the Administrative Code as may be assigned thereto by the Insular Collector of Customs, shall hereafter be considered as a consolidated police unit under a single command.

For the purpose of assisting the Insular Collector of Customs in such supervision and control of police duties and functions, the Secretary of the Interior shall, upon previous consultation with the Secretary of Finance, detail an experienced Constabulary officer for duty in the Office of the Insular Collector of Customs. The Constabulary officer so detailed shall, subject to the supervision and control of the Insular Collector of Customs, act as chief of the consolidated police unit, shall take charge of coordinating the activities of the different police agencies operating within harbor and port areas, and shall issue the necessary orders or instructions to the personnel under his command. The Insular Collector of Customs shall, subject to the approval of the Secretary of Finance, issue such rules and regulations as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Order.

Done at the City of Manila, this thirty-first day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fourth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Bureau of Printing. (1941). Executive Order No. 228. *Messages of the President*, 5(1), pp. 1005-1006.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 229
CORDAGE ALLOTMENTS FOR MAY 1, 1939 TO DECEMBER 31, 1939

Whereas Public Act Numbered Three hundred of the Congress of the United States, approved August seventh, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, amending Public Act Numbered One hundred twenty-seven of the Congress of the United States, approved March twenty-fourth, nineteen hundred and thirty-four, provides for the continuance of the quota of six million pounds of cordage established for the Philippines by Public Act Numbered One hundred thirty-seven of the Congress of the United States, approved June fourteenth, nineteen hundred and thirty-five, after the expiration of the last-named Act on May first, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and for the allocation of such quota, effective January first, nineteen hundred and forty, “by authorities of the Philippine Government among the manufacturers of such commodities proportionately upon the basis of the shipment of each such manufacturer to the United States during the twelve months immediately preceding the inauguration of the Commonwealth of the Philippines;”

Whereas the foregoing amendments make necessary the allocation of the Philippine cordage quota established in said Public Act Numbered One hundred thirty-seven for the eight-month period May first, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, only;

Whereas, according to the monthly reports of the Collector of Customs, Philippine cordage producers and manufacturers, during the twelve-month period beginning May first, nineteen hundred and thirty-eight, did not make any shipment to the United States in excess of the amount allotted to them by Executive Order Numbered One hundred fifty, dated April twenty-eighth, nineteen hundred and thirty-eight, corresponding to the aforementioned period;

Now, therefore, pursuant to the authority vested in me by said Public Act Numbered One hundred thirty-seven of the Congress of the United States, approved June fourteenth, nineteen hundred and thirty-five, it is hereby ordered that:

1. The effective quota of four million pounds of Philippine cordage which may enter the United States during the eight-month period May first, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, through December thirty-first, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, shall be allocated among the producers and manufacturers thereof in the following manner:

	<i>pounds</i>
Elizalde Rope Factory	2,536,836
Johnson–Pickett Rope Co.	1,386,994
Manila Cordage Co.	57,425
General Manufacturing Co.	18,745
Total	4,000,000

2. Shipments made prior to May first, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, may be credited against the nineteen hundred and thirty-nine quota provided they arrived in any part of continental United States on or after May first, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine.

Done at the City of Manila, this thirty-first day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fourth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Bureau of Printing. (1941). Executive Order No. 229. *Messages of the President*, 5(1), pp. 1007-1008.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 230
ORGANIZING THE DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEFENSE

Pursuant to the provisions of Commonwealth Act Numbered Four hundred thirty, and by virtue of the authority vested in me by law, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, do hereby order the organization of the Department of National Defense effective November first, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine.

The Department of National Defense shall be charged with the duty of supervising the national defense program of the country, and shall have executive supervision over the Philippine Army, the Bureau of Aëronautics, the Bureau of Coast and Geodetic Survey, the Philippine Nautical School, and over the establishment and operation of all radio stations (receiving, transmitting, or broadcasting) other than those maintained by the Bureau of Posts.

The transfer to the Department of National Defense of the Bureaus, offices, and services enumerated in the second paragraph hereof shall be effected on November first, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, or as soon thereafter as practicable, but not later than December thirty-first, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine.

The necessary fund for the organization and establishment of the Office of the Secretary of National Defense and for its maintenance until the next fiscal year shall be taken from the forced savings in salaries and wages and sundry expenses of the Bureaus and offices of the Office of the President, and shall be expended in accordance with a budget to be approved by the President.

The unexpended balances of funds or appropriations and the personnel, equipment, materials, records, and other properties pertaining to the Bureaus, offices, and services enumerated in the second paragraph hereof are hereby transferred to the Department of National Defense. The Auditor General and the Commissioner of the Budget shall make the necessary adjustments of the appropriations affected thereby.

Done at the City of Manila, this thirty-first day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fourth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Bureau of Printing. (1941). Executive Order No. 230. *Messages of the President*, 5(1), pp. 1009-1010.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 231
ORDER OF ISSUE, CITY OF BACOLOD, THIRTY-YEAR 5 PER CENT BONDS

Whereas the City Council of Bacolod, on the twentieth day of July, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, by Resolution Numbered Ten, series of nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, duly adopted and approved by the said City Council, requested the issue and sale of bonds in the amount of five hundred thousand pesos, under the provisions of section one of Commonwealth Act Numbered Four hundred twenty-eight, for the purpose of raising funds for the construction of the City Hall, the necessary sewer facilities and other permanent improvements in the said city;

Whereas the Secretary of Finance, in his indorsement dated August seventeenth, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, recommends the issue of bonds of the City of Bacolod, authorized to be issued under said section one of Commonwealth Act Numbered Four hundred twenty-eight in the amount of five hundred thousand pesos;

Whereas section three of Commonwealth Act Numbered Four hundred twenty-eight authorizes the issue of National Government bonds in the amount of five hundred thousand pesos, the proceeds of the sale of which shall be used by the Commonwealth of the Philippines for the purchase of the equivalent par amount of bonds of the City of Bacolod, requested to be issued; and

Whereas the same section three of Commonwealth Act Numbered Four hundred twenty-eight authorizes the President of the Philippines to issue in the name and on behalf of the Commonwealth of the Philippines the bonds authorized to be issued under the said section three of Commonwealth Act Numbered Four hundred twenty-eight and to sell the said bonds in the Philippines through the Treasurer of the Philippines, at public auction, upon such terms and conditions as in his judgment are most favorable to the Commonwealth of the Philippines;

Now, therefore, pursuant to the provisions of Commonwealth Act Numbered Four hundred twenty-eight above-mentioned, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, in the name and on behalf of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, hereby authorize the issuance of, and by these presents do issue, for sale in the Philippines at public auction at not below par, National Government bonds in the amount of one hundred twenty thousand pesos, Philippine currency, for the construction of the necessary sewer facilities in the said City of Bacolod, said bonds to bear the date of December first, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, payable thirty years after said date, with interest at the rate of five per centum per annum, payable semi-annually. The bonds shall be in the denominations of fifty pesos, or a multiple thereof, and may be coupon bonds or registered bonds, and shall be registered in the Treasury of the Philippines at Manila, where the principal and interest shall be payable in Philippine currency or its equivalent in United States currency in the discretion of the Secretary of Finance.

Done at the City of Manila, this fourth day of November, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fourth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Bureau of Printing. (1941). Executive Order No. 231. *Messages of the President*, 5(1), pp. 1011-1012.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 232
EXTENDING THE AREA OF THE CUSTOMS ZONE IN MANILA

Whereas it appears desirable that the premises adjoining the piers and wharves of the National Government in the South Port Area, Manila, be placed under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Customs for the purpose of more effective administration and control of the customs service at the Port of Manila;

Now, therefore, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by section one thousand one hundred forty-four of the Revised Administrative Code, do hereby extend the territory of the Customs Zone in Manila in order to include, beginning January first, nineteen hundred and forty, that part of the South Port Area hereunder described as follows:

Beginning at point 1, the northwest corner of block No. 77, thence southward along the east boundary by Muelle San Francisco to point 2, the southwest corner of block No. 77; thence eastward along the north boundary of Street No. 22 to point 3, the southeast corner of block No. 77; thence northward along the west boundary of Boston Street to point 4, being the southeast corner of block No. 49; thence 44.00 meters westward along the north boundary of 14th Street to point 5, being the eastern part of the Derham Building to be excluded from the Customs Zone herein described; thence northward at 90°, following the existing partition through said Derham Building, to point 6, being on the north boundary of 13th Street; thence eastward 44.00 meters along the said north boundary of 13th Street to point 7, being the southeast corner of block No. 48; thence northward following the west boundary of Boston Street to point 8, being the southeast corner of block No. 41; thence westward along the north boundary of 12th Street to point 9, being the southwest corner of block No. 41; thence northward along the east boundary of Muelle San Francisco 20.00 meters to point 10; thence westward at 90° to the said east boundary of Muelle San Francisco to point 11, the intersection of said line with the established building line north of the entrance to pier No. 3; thence southward along said building line or west boundary of Muelle San Francisco to point 12, which is the intersection of the prolongation of the south boundary of Street No. 21 with said building line; thence eastward across Muelle San Francisco to point 1, the point of beginning.

The construction of such fences, gates, and appurtenances as are necessary for the proper control of said additional area by the customs service shall be carried out as soon as practicable.

Done at the City of Manila, this eighth day of November, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fourth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Bureau of Printing. (1941). Executive Order No. 232. *Messages of the President*, 5(1), pp. 1013-1014.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 233
FIXING THE MAXIMUM SELLING PRICES OF CERTAIN ARTICLES OF PRIME NECESSITY

Pursuant to the authority vested in me under Commonwealth Act No. 498 and upon recommendation of the Emergency Control Board, created under Administrative Order No. 107 dated October 2, 1939, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, do hereby determine and fix the maximum selling prices of the following articles of prime necessity:

1. The basic maximum prices set forth in the attached schedules for milk, sardines, corned beef, vegetable lard, sugar, wheat flour, galvanized iron sheets, plain galvanized wire, steel bars, nails, motor fuel alcohol, gasoline, petroleum, cement, mongo, meat, corn, and rice shall apply in Manila and in the various provincial capitals and distributing centers set forth in said schedules.

2. The maximum prices at the various towns and places in each province outside of the provincial capital shall be the basic maximum prices set forth in the attached schedules, plus the usual cost of transportation from the provincial capital or other distributing centers to the place of sale as determined by the committee created under paragraph four hereof.

3. The maximum price for any brand or class of milk, sardines, corned beef, vegetable lard, sugar, wheat flour, galvanized iron sheets, plain galvanized wire, steel bars, nails, motor fuel alcohol, gasoline, petroleum, cement, mongo, meat, corn, and rice not included in the attached schedules shall be the maximum basic price fixed therein for the lowest-priced brand or class of the same article, plus the usual cost of transportation as mentioned in paragraph two hereof in case the place of sale is outside the distributing center.

4. A committee is hereby created in every province, to be composed of the Governor as Chairman, and the Provincial Treasurer and the District Engineer as members, whose duty shall be to determine the usual cost of transportation between the provincial capital or other distributing center and the various municipalities of the province for the purposes of paragraph two hereof. The determination of this Committee on this matter shall be given the same publicity as required for this Executive Order.

5. Any person who shall sell any article included in the attached schedules at prices in excess of the maximum prices therein fixed shall be punished as provided in section 4 of Commonwealth Act No. 498. In the case of corporations or associations, the manager, or the administrator or the person who has charge of the management or administration of the business shall be criminally responsible therefor.

6. This Executive Order shall take effect in any locality forty-eight hours after its publication therein by the posting thereof and its schedules in a conspicuous place in the corresponding provincial and municipal buildings and in the public market or markets. Governors and City and Municipal Mayors are hereby instructed to give this Order and its attached schedules of prices the widest possible publicity through “bandillos” or public criers and otherwise. In addition to publication in full in the Official Gazette, this Executive Order and the portions of the attached schedules of prices

corresponding to each province or city shall likewise be published in a daily newspaper of general circulation therein.

7. All complaints regarding the non-observance of this Order or the manner of its observance shall be reported to the Emergency Control Board.

8. The prices fixed in the schedules attached to this Executive Order shall remain in force until revoked, altered, or modified by the Emergency Control Board and such revocation, alteration, or modification duly published as provided in paragraph six hereof.

Done at the City of Manila, this eighth day of November, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fourth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:

JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Bureau of Printing. (1941). Executive Order No. 233. *Messages of the President*, 5(1), 893-894.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 234
DIRECTING THE BOARD OF INDETERMINATE SENTENCE TO LOOK
INTO THE RECORD OF MILITARY PRISONERS CONFINED IN PENITENTIARIES
AND TO MAKE PROPER RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE RELEASE OF SUCH
PRISONERS ON PAROLE.

By virtue of the powers vested in me by the Constitution and existing laws, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, do hereby order that:

The Board of Indeterminate Sentence, created under Act Numbered Forty-one hundred and three, as amended, shall, in addition to its other duties, look into the records of military prisoners confined in penitentiaries who are sentenced to indeterminate terms of imprisonment in order to determine the proper time of their release on parole, recommend to me the release on parole of such prisoners when such proper time shall have come, exercise supervision over them when released on parole, and determine when final release and discharge may be granted to them.

Done at the City of Manila, this eighth day of November, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fourth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Bureau of Printing. (1941). Executive Order No. 234. *Messages of the President*, 5(1), 895-896.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 235
ELIMINATING THE DISTINCTION BETWEEN SPANISH AND ENGLISH EXAMINATIONS
RELATIVE TO THE MAXIMUM SALARY ALLOWABLE.

For the purpose of eliminating the distinction between Spanish and English examinations relative to the maximum salary allowable, and upon recommendation of the Commissioner of Civil Service, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, do hereby prescribe that any person who has qualified in a Spanish examination may be promoted to a position with a salary not in excess of that allowable as a result of the same examination in English if the appointing officer certifies that the principal duties of the position require a knowledge of Spanish or that the employee has a sufficient knowledge of English to perform the duties of the position to which the promotion is proposed.

Section seven, Rule XI, of the Civil Service Rules embodied in Executive Order Numbered five, dated January ninth, nineteen hundred and nine, as amended by Executive Order Numbered Thirty-four, dated April second, nineteen hundred and fourteenth, is hereby further amended accordingly.

Done at the City of Manila, this seventeenth day of November, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:

JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Bureau of Printing. (1941). Executive Order No. 235. *Messages of the President*, 5(1), 897-898.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 236
PROVIDING FOR A SPECIAL PERMIT SYSTEM TO AUTHORIZE IMPORTERS,
WHOLESALEERS, AND RETAILERS TO TRADE AT PRICES HIGHER THAN
THOSE FIXED IN EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 233

Whereas it has been found necessary that a procedure should be established to exempt some dealers from the requirements of Executive Order No. 233, current series, in cases when factory prices have increased beyond the limitations established by said Executive Order No. 233, in order to permit them to replenish their stocks of merchandise and to allow a regular flow of business or to fulfill contracts calling for delivery of goods at future dates;

Now, therefore, pursuant to the authority vested in me by Commonwealth Act No. 498, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, hereby prescribe the following rules:

1. The Emergency Control Administrator is hereby empowered to issue special permits to importers, wholesalers and retailers to trade at prices higher than those fixed in Executive Order No. 233 or in such other Executive Orders as may be issued in connection therewith or in addition thereto, when said importers, wholesalers and retailers submit satisfactory evidence that:

(a) The c. i. f. price Philippine port of the commodity to be traded in has increased over the c. i. f. price Philippine port of the dealers' present stock; and

(b) That the stock of the importer, wholesaler or retailer at the time of the issuance of Executive Order No. 233 has been exhausted or will soon be exhausted and that new stock must be placed for sale.

2. No such special permit to sell at prices higher than those fixed in Executive Order No. 233 shall authorize a sale in every transaction for a price higher than 10 *per centum* over the cost price thereof.

3. The Emergency Control Administrator is hereby authorized to prescribe such forms and issue such preliminary permits as may be necessary to make effective the exercise of the authority herein vested in him.

Done at the City of Manila, this 29th day of November, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

(Sgd.) MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(Sgd.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Bureau of Printing. (1941). Executive Order No. 236. *Messages of the President*, 5(1), 899-936.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 237
AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 233, DATED NOVEMBER 8, 1939,
ENTITLED “FIXING THE MAXIMUM SELLING PRICES OF CERTAIN
ARTICLES OF PRIME NECESSITY.”

1. Paragraph (3) of Executive Order Numbered Two hundred thirty-three, dated November eighth, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, is hereby amended to read as follows:

“3. The maximum prices set forth in the attached schedules for milk, sardines, corned beef, vegetable lard, sugar, wheat flour, galvanized iron sheets, plain galvanized wire, steel bars, nails, motor fuel alcohol, gasoline, petroleum, cement, mongo, meat, corn, and rice fixed herein shall apply to the respective brands specified and to such other brand or class of the same article as the Emergency Control Administration may, upon proper application, determine to be of a quality or class the same as or similar to, any of the it basic brands thereof. Until such determination shall have been made, no such new brand or class of any of the articles listed in the attached schedules or in any schedule which in the future may be appended hereto shall be sold at a price higher than the maximum price fixed for the lowest-priced brand or class of the same articles.

“The maximum prices herein fixed shall not apply to purchases made by the Government of the Commonwealth of the Philippines or by any of its sub-divisions, agencies, and instrumentalities, or by the Government of the United States or any of its agencies and instrumentalities, where such purchases call for articles of higher quality and different specifications than those ordinarily required of the articles listed in the attached schedules or in any schedule which in the future may be appended hereto.”

2. The attached Table No. 93, fixing the maximum prices for “Mother” condensed milk and for “Farm” and “Morning” evaporated milk; Table 95, fixing the maximum prices for “Golden Star” condensed milk and “Golden State” evaporated milk; Table 96, fixing the maximum prices for “Royal” evaporated milk; Table 99, fixing the maximum prices for “Tamban” tinapa sardines; Table 100, fixing, the maximum prices for “Del Monte”, “Palace” and “Majid” sardines; Table 101, fixing the maximum prices for “Miki”, “Brisa de Oro”, “Asia” and “S & W” sardines; Table 102, fixing the maximum prices for “No. 1” plain sauce, and “No. 1” and “Escuela” Pilchards; Tables 103 and 105, fixing the maximum prices for “Royal” sardines and corned beef, respectively; Table 106, fixing the maximum prices for “Ranchero” corned beef; and Table 111, fixing the maximum prices for “Rizal” petroleum are hereby appended to and made integral parts of Executive Order No. 233.

3. The maximum prices fixed in Executive Order No. 233 for “Hollandia”, “Molino”, “Frisian Flag”, “Royal” and “Dutch Baby” condensed milk; for “Alpine”, “Nestle”, “Milkmaid,” “Dutch Baby”, “Frisian Flag”, and “All Pure” evaporated milk; for “No. 1”, “White Star”, “Portola”, “P.C.C.”, “El Rayo”, “Concha”, “Bandera” and “Mayon” sardines; for “Emery”, “Libby’s”, “Armour”, and “Hereford” corned beef; for vegetable lard; for flour; for gasoline; and for petroleum are hereby revised

as shown in the attached tables Nos. 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111 and 112.

4. This Executive Order shall take effect in the manner and form provided under Paragraph 6 of Executive Order No. 233.

Done at the City of Manila, this 29th day of November, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

(Sgd.) MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:

(Sgd.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Bureau of Printing. (1941). Executive Order No. 237. *Messages of the President*, 5(1), 937-938.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 238

AUTHORIZING, UNTIL FURTHER ORDERS, THE SECRETARY TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES TO ALLOCATE AND REALLOCATE THE QUOTAS FOR ALL ARTICLES ESTABLISHED FOR THE PHILIPPINES BY PUBLIC ACT NO. 127 OF THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES, APPROVED MARCH 24, 1934, AS AMENDED, AND TO ISSUE EXPORT PERMITS THEREFOR.

WHEREAS, pursuant to the provisions of section 6 of Public Act No. 127 of the Congress of the United States, approved March 24, 1934, as amended by Public Act No. 300, approved August 7, 1939, the Government of the Commonwealth of the Philippines is authorized to allocate and reallocate the quotas for all articles established for the Philippines under the terms thereof; and

WHEREAS, Commonwealth Act No. 510, approved November 14, 1939, authorizes the President of the Philippines, either directly or through any department, bureau, office or instrumentality of the National Government which he may designate for the purpose, to make the allocation and reallocation of the quotas established for the Philippines by said Public Act No. 127, as amended, and to issue and promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary for the proper allocation, reallocation and administration of said quotas;

Therefore, pursuant to the authority herein stated, it is hereby ordered that:

1. The allocation and reallocation of the quotas for all articles established for the Philippines under the terms of Public Act No. 127 of the Congress of the United States, approved March 24, 1934, as amended by Public Act No. 300, approved August 7, 1939, shall, until further orders, be under the charge of the Secretary to the President of the Philippines who is hereby authorized to appoint, subject to such approval as may be required by law or regulation, such technical, clerical and other personnel as may be necessary for the effective performance of the duties which shall devolve upon him under the provisions of this Order.

2. By virtue of this designation, the Secretary to the President shall, in addition to his present duties, make the allocation and reallocation of the quotas for all articles, except sugar, established for the Philippines by said Public Act No. 127, as amended, among the manufacturers thereof and on the bases specified in said Act, and shall enforce such rules and regulations as may be issued and promulgated by the President of the Philippines for the purpose.

In the exercise of his powers and duties under this Order, the Secretary to the President shall issue export permits covering shipments to the United States of all articles, except sugar, in respect of which quotas are established for the Philippines by the Acts hereinabove mentioned, and may charge for the issuance of such permits such fees as shall be determined by the President. The amount so collected shall be kept as a special fund to be expended by the Secretary to the President for the enforcement of this Order.

3. No person, firm, corporation or combination thereof shall ship or export to the United States any of the articles, except sugar, in respect of which quotas are established for the Philippines by said

Acts, unless the same are covered by permits issued, upon proper application, by or under the authority of the Secretary to the President of the Philippines.

4. The Insular Collector of Customs shall, on or after January 1, 1940:

(a) Prevent the loading of any article of a class or kind in respect of which a quota is established by Public Act No. 127 of the Congress of the United States, approved March 24, 1934, as amended, except sugar, on any high seas vessel on or after January 1, 1940, for shipment to the United States unless the number, quantity, or net weight of such article, as the case may be, is fully covered by permits for an equivalent number, quantity, or net weight of the class of such article issued by the Secretary to the President under the provisions of this Order;

(b) Collect and cancel by perforation all permits as described in paragraph (a), above, immediately after the article covered is placed aboard vessel;

(c) Cause to be made on a special form to be provided for that purpose, a record of each shipment made under permit, said report to include:

(i) An abstract of the bill of lading and invoice covering the shipment and containing the following information:

- (1) Name of consignor;
- (2) Name of consignee;
- (3) Number, quantity, or net weight in pounds of the article;
- (4) Date of completion of loading the article on vessel;
- (5) Name of vessel;
- (6) Name of shipping line or company operating vessel;
- (7) Port or subport of loading;
- (8) Port at which vessel cleared from Philippine waters;
- (9) Date of clearance from Philippine waters;
- (10) Ports of call in the United States prior to unloading; and
- (11) Port of discharge.

(ii) A list of the serial numbers, numbers, quantities and net weights appearing on permits or coupons of permits covering the shipment.

(d) Certify and dispose of copies of the list prescribed in paragraph (c), above, in the following manner:

(i) The original to be certified and, together with the cancelled permits pertinent to the shipment concerned, to be forwarded immediately to the Office of the Secretary to the President;

(ii) The duplicate to be certified and attached to the certificate of origin;

(iii) Such additional copies as may, in the opinion of the Insular Collector of Customs, be desired to conform to the practices and requirements of commerce and navigation.

5. The allocation and reallocation of quotas for sugar exported to the United States shall continue to be undertaken by the Philippine Sugar Administration and shall continue to be governed by existing laws, rules and regulations applicable thereto.

Done at the City of Manila, this fourteenth day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Bureau of Printing. (1941). Executive Order No. 238. *Messages of the President*, 5(1), 939.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 239
AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 135, DATED DECEMBER 31, 1937,
AS AMENDED BY EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 194, DATED MARCH 13, 1939,
ESTABLISHING A CLASSIFICATION OF ROADS.

Upon the recommendation of the National Transportation Board, Executive Order No. 135, dated December 31, 1937, as amended by Executive Order No. 194, dated March 13, 1939, is further amended so as to include the following roads in the classification of National Roads:

	National Roads	From Km.	To Km.	Length Km.
<i>Batangas—</i>				
	(1) Lemery – Balayan – Palico Road	144.5	176.62	32.12
<i>Leyte—</i>				
	(1) Baybay Agricultural School Road	0.0	4.3	4.3
<i>Marinduque—</i>				
	(1) Buenavista–Torrijos–Sta. Cruz Road	31.00	86.40	55.40
<i>Tarlac—</i>				
	(1) Cadre Road Extension in Camp Ord, San Miguel	125.10	125.30	0.20
	(2) Capaz–O'Donnell Road	111.93	130.40	18.47

Done at the City of Manila, this sixteenth day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Bureau of Printing. (1941). Executive Order No. 239. *Messages of the President*, 5(1), 940.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 240
TRANSFERRING THE SEAT OF THE MUNICIPAL DISTRICT GOVERNMENT OF
TANDUBAS, PROVINCE OF SULU, FROM ITS PRESENT LOCATION AT TANDUBAS
TO THE BARRIO OF SI KUBUNG TAUSAN.

Upon the recommendation of the Provincial Board of Sulu in its Resolution No. 231, series of 1938, concurred in by the Commissioner for Mindanao and Sulu and the Secretary of the Interior, and pursuant to the provisions of section sixty-eight of the Revised Administrative Code, the seat of the municipal district government of Tandubas, Sulu, is hereby transferred from its present location at the barrio of Tandubas to the barrio of Si Kubung Tausan.

The transfer herein made shall take effect on January 1, 1940.

Done at the City of Manila, this twenty-first day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Bureau of Printing. (1941). Executive Order No. 240. *Messages of the President*, 5(1), 941-955.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 241
ORGANIZING A CERTAIN PORTION OF THE MUNICIPALITY OF JARO,
ILOILO, INTO A REGULAR MUNICIPALITY UNDER THE NAME OF LEGANES.

Upon petition of the inhabitants of the “arrabal de Leganes,” municipality of Jaro, province of Iloilo, that the said district be separated from the municipality of Jaro and organized into an independent municipality, and upon the recommendation of the Provincial Board of Iloilo, the Secretary of the Interior, and the Secretary of Finance, and pursuant to the provisions of Section sixty-eight of the Revised Administrative Code, the thirty-six municipalities of the province of Iloilo, established by Section thirty-eight of the Revised Administrative Code as modified by Commonwealth Act No. 158, as amended, and Executive Orders Nos. 143 and 220, dated March 15, 1938, and September 8, 1939, respectively, are hereby increased to thirty-seven by segregating the “arrabal de Leganes” from the municipality of Jaro and organizing it into a regular municipality, under the name of Leganes, with the seat of government in the barrio of Leganes.

The municipality of Leganes, as herein organized, shall consist of territory the boundaries of which are technically, described as follows:

Beginning at a point marked “1” which is identical to M. B. M. No. 75 of Santa Barbara Cadastre, at the beach of Iloilo Strait, N. 41° 51' W. 616.22 meters to point “2”, which is M. B. M. No. 79; thence N. 43° 21' W. 869.46 meters to point “3” which is M. B. M. No. 76; thence N. 38° 40' E. 107.02 meters to point “4” which is corner 3 of the Boundary Map of Case No. 4 of the same cadastre; thence following the course of Tacbac Creek in easterly and northwesterly directions to point “5” which is the junction of the said creek and Buntatala River; thence following the course of the said river in a westerly direction to point “6” which is the junction of the said river and Calongcalong Creek; thence following the course of the said creek in a northwesterly direction to point “7” which is corner 375 of the boundary map of case No. 5 of the same cadastre; thence N. 35° 07' W. 70.49 meters to point “8” which is M. B. M. No. 78; thence N. 47° 13' W. 1197.00 meters to point “9” which is M. B. M. No. 80; thence N. 50° 19' W. 1316.21 meters to point “10” which is M. B. M. No. 81; thence N. 50° 54' W. 432.81 meters to point “11” which is M. B. M. No. 82; thence N. 7° 43' W. 872.26 meters to point “12” which is B. B. M. No. 24; thence N. 12° 38' E. 578.34 meters to point “13” which is B. B. M. No. 23; thence N. 77° 58' E. 1933.70 meters to point “14” which is B. B. M. No. 29; thence N. 77° 58' E. 50.00 meters more or less to point “15” which is the center of Lapayon Creek; thence following the course of the said creek in a northeasterly direction to point “16” which is the junction of the said creek and Calabao Creek; thence following the course of Calabao Creek in southeasterly and northeasterly directions, to point “17” which is the junction of the said Calabao Creek and Payao Creek; thence following the course of Payao Creek in a northeasterly direction to point “18” which is the junction of Payao Creek and Janipa-an River; thence following the course of the said river and Jalaur River in a southeasterly direction to point “19” which is the mouth of Jalaur River at the Iloilo Strait; thence following the shoreline of the said strait in a southwesterly

direction to the point of beginning. All points referred to herein are shown on the boundary maps of Santa Barbara Cadastre, B. L. Cad. No. 7, cases Nos. 4 and 5.

The municipality of Jaro shall consist of its present territory less the territory comprised in the municipality of Leganes.

The organization herein made shall take effect on January 1, 1940, subject to the condition that the new municipality shall assume 23.68 per cent of the total outstanding obligation of the municipality of Jaro to the Agricultural and Industrial Bank.

Done at the City of Manila, this twenty-third day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:

JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *Messages of the President* (Vol. 5, Prt. 1). Manila: Bureau of Printing.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 242
ORGANIZING A CERTAIN PORTION OF THE MUNICIPALITY OF TANGUB, MISAMIS
OCCIDENTAL, INTO A REGULAR MUNICIPALITY UNDER THE NAME OF BONIFACIO.

Upon petition of the inhabitants of the barrios of Bolinsong, Bagumbang, Buracan, Dimalco, Galolot, and Tiaman that the said barrios be separated from the municipality of Tangub, Province of Misamis Occidental, and organized into a regular municipality, and upon recommendation of the Provincial Board of Misamis Occidental, the Secretary of Finance and the Secretary of the Interior, and pursuant to the provisions of section sixty-eight of the Revised Administrative Code, the ten municipalities of the Province of Misamis Occidental, in accordance with Act Numbered Three thousand five hundred and thirty-seven and Executive Order Numbered two hundred and twenty, series of nineteen hundred and twenty-nine, are hereby increased to eleven by segregating the above-mentioned barrios from the municipality of Tangub, and organizing the same into a regular municipality under the name of Bonifacio, with the seat of government in the sitio of Digson.

The municipality of Bonifacio, as herein organized, shall consist of the territory the boundaries of which are technically described as follows:

Beginning at a point marked "1" which is identical to M. B. M. No. 2 (equal to P. B. M. No. 2) Tangub cadastre, B. L. Cad. No. 271, N. 0° 02' W. 436.45 m. to "2" which is M. B. M. No. 3 (equal to P. B. M. No. 3) ; thence N. 0° 01' W. 927.37 m. to point "3" which is M. B. M. No. 4 (equal to P. B. M. No. 4) ; thence north 832.65 m. to point "4" which is M. B. M. No. 5 (equal to P. B. M. No. 5); thence north 967.40 m. to point "5" which is M. B. M. No. 6 (equal to P. B. M. No. 6) ; thence N. 0° 01' W. 451.72 m. to point "6" which is M. B. M. No. 7 (equal to P. B. M. No. 7); thence north 1006.55 m. to point "7" which is M. B. M. No. 8 (equal to P. B. M. No. 8); thence north 922.77 m. to point "8" which is M. B. M. No. 9 (equal to P. B. M. No. 9) ; thence north 898.63 m. to point "9" which is M. B. M. No. 10 (equal to P. B. M. No. 10); thence N. 0° 02' E. 769.07 m. to point "10" which is M. B. M. No. 11 (equal to P. B. M. No. 11); thence north 9177.15 m. to point "11" which is M. B. M. No. 12 (equal to P. B. M. No. 12) ; thence east 8,310.64 m. to point "12" which is the intersection of line 11-12 of the boundary and index map of Tangub Cadastre, B. L. case No. 4 and the line due north from B. L. L. M. No. 89; thence south 9,600.20 m. to point "13" which is B. L. L. M. No. 89; thence S. 88° 43' W. 179.96 m. to point "14" which is corner 10 of the boundary and index map of Tangub cadastre, B. L. case No. 3 on the east bank of Macalas creek; thence following the course of the said creek in a southeasterly direction to point "15" which is B. L. L. M. No. 77; thence following the course of the Dimalco creek in the same direction to point "16" which is B. B. M. No. 19, at the junction of Dimalco creek and Bagumbang River; thence following the course of Bagumbang River in a southeasterly direction to point "17" which is the mouth of the said river at Pangil Bay; thence following the shoreline of the said bay in a southwesterly direction to point "18" which is the mouth of Migpangi River; thence following the course of the said river in northwesterly and southwesterly

directions to the point of beginning. All points referred to herein are shown on the boundary and index map of Tangub Cadastre, B. L. Cad. No. 271, cases Nos. 3 and 4.

The municipality of Tangub shall consist of its present territory less the territory comprised in the municipality of Bonifacio.

The organization herein made shall take effect January second, nineteen hundred forty, subject to the condition that the new municipality shall assume the obligation of paying its proportionate share of the cost of the cadastral survey of the municipality of Tangub.

Done at the City of Manila, this twenty-eighth day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON

President of the Philippines

By the President:

JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *Messages of the President* (Vol. 5, Prt. 1). Manila: Bureau of Printing.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 243
CREATING A TRAFFIC COMMISSION

Whereas it appears to be necessary and in the public interest to more effectively regulate and control traffic on the public highways and streets, especially in the City of Manila; and

Whereas it is essential that the activities of the government agencies responsible for traffic enforcement should be coördinated for this purpose;

Now, therefore, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the authority in me vested by law, do hereby create a Traffic Commission to be composed of such members as may be appointed from time to time by the Chief Executive from among officials of the Government and other persons, especially interested in traffic problems, particularly from the Bureau of Public Works, the Public Service Commission, the Philippine Constabulary, and the Government of the City of Manila.

The duties of this Commission shall include the following:

- (1) To study and recommend improvement of the regulation and control of motor vehicle traffic on public highways and streets;
- (2) To study and devise measures that should be adopted for the improvement of traffic conditions in the City of Manila and its environs; and
- (3) To study such specific traffic matters as may be referred to it.

The Commission shall meet at such times and places as may be designated by its Chairman and shall submit its report and recommendations to the President from time to time. The recommendations of the Commission shall, upon approval thereof by the President, be furnished the government departments, bureaus, offices, branches, and agencies concerned, and such departments, bureaus, offices, branches, and agencies shall see to it that the recommendations are immediately carried out.

Done at the City of Manila, this twenty-ninth day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:

JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *Messages of the President* (Vol. 5, Prt. 1). Manila: Bureau of Printing.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 244
FIXING JANUARY 1, 1940, AS THE DATE FOR THE INITIAL ALLOCATIONS
OF POSITIONS, BY VIRTUE OF COMMONWEALTH ACT NO. 402,
AND PRESCRIBING THE PROCEDURE FOR SUCH ALLOCATIONS.

Upon the recommendation of the Salary Board created by Commonwealth Act No. 402, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the authority in me vested by the Constitution and the laws, do ordain and promulgate the following:

1. The initial allocations of positions in the National Government, embraced in the classified and unclassified civil service, subject to the provisions of Commonwealth Act No. 402, are hereby declared in effect as of January 1, 1940, as shown in S. B. Form No. 5 accomplished by the Salary Board.

2. The compensation for each position shall be adjusted in accordance with section 12 of Commonwealth Act No. 402. However, in order not to burden the finances of the Government unduly, until sufficient experience has shown the effect of the allocations upon the total appropriation for salaries and wages, there is hereby released, under section 7 of Commonwealth Act No. 446, such part of the savings from the appropriations authorized in said Act, as well as from any excess of actual collections over the estimated ordinary income of the National Government during the fiscal year 1940, as will be necessary to cover the required adjustments in compensation of positions from grades 10 to 8, inclusive. For positions allocated to grades 7 to 1, inclusive, only such amount is made available as will cover the following:

(a) For positions allocated to the grade in which they are now found: the required adjustment in compensation.

(b) For positions allocated to a higher grade: the required adjustment, if any, plus one-rate increase; or, if no adjustment is necessary, one-rate increase.

(c) If the present compensation is below the minimum of the appropriate grade and above the maximum of the next lower grade: only the required adjustment.

3. The chief of each bureau or office shall immediately submit to the Salary Board a statement containing the following information:

- (a) Item number of each position and page of the Appropriation Act as indicated in S. B. Form 1;
- (b) Corresponding item number and page for the same position in the current Appropriation Act;
- (c) Name of the actual incumbent on the date of the statement required in this paragraph; and
- (d) Compensation of the incumbent as adjusted in accordance with the present allocations.

Done at the City of Manila, this thirty-first day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *Messages of the President* (Vol. 5, Prt. 1). Manila: Bureau of Printing.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 245

ABOLISHING THE NATIONAL INFORMATION OFFICE (BOARD) AND TRANSFERRING ITS POWERS, FUNCTIONS, AND DUTIES, AS WELL AS ITS PERSONNEL, APPROPRIATIONS, AND PROPERTIES, TO THE DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR; AND EFFECTING CERTAIN ADJUSTMENTS OF THE PERSONNEL OF THE SAID DEPARTMENT.

The public interest so demanding, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers in me vested by Commonwealth Act Numbered Four hundred and fifty-three, do ordain and promulgate the following:

1. The National Information Office (Board) is hereby abolished, and all its powers, functions, and duties as well as its personnel, appropriations, and properties are hereby transferred to the Department of the Interior.

2. The Department of the Interior shall have the following administrative units and positions in lieu of those provided for the said Department in Commonwealth Act Numbered Four hundred and forty-six:

New Item No.	Position	Item No.		
		C. A. No. 446		
1.	One Secretary of Department	₱12,000.00	D-I (1)	1
2.	One Undersecretary of Department	9,000.00	D-I (1)	2
3.	One Commissioner for Mindanao and Sulu, with the rank of Undersecretary of Department (With furnished quarters, whenever a government building is available	9,000.00	D-I (1)	3
4.	One delegate (By detail) .....	.....		New
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY				
5.	One private secretary	6,000.00	D-I (1)	4
6.	One technical assistant	4,500.00	D-I (1)	5
7.	One special agent	1,800.00	D-I (1)	7
8.	One secret agent	720.00	D-I (1)	12
9.	One secret agent	600.00	D-I (1)	13
10.	One clerk	360.00	D-I (1)	49

New Item No.	Position	Item No. C. A. No. 446
OFFICE OF THE UNDERSECRETARY		
11.	One clerk	2,280.00 D-I (1) 16
12.	One secret agent	1,080.00 D-I (1) 11
13.	One messenger laborer	360.00 D-I (1) 38
14.	One laborer	420.00 D-I (1) 19
ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISION		
15.	One administrative officer	6,000.00 D-I (1) 24
16.	One investigator	5,400.00 D-I (1) 25
17.	Two technical assistants at ₱5,100	10,200.00 D-I (1) 20
		and 69
18.	One technical assistant and researcher	3,600.00 D-I (1) 26
19.	One technical assistant	3,480.00 D-I (1) 41
20.	One clerk-translator	2,400.00 D-I (1) 6
21.	One senior clerk	2,160.00 D-I (3) 3
22.	One clerk	1,200.00 D-I (1) 77
23.	One clerk	540.00 D-I (1) 18
24.	Two clerks at ₱480	960.00 D-I (1) 48
		and 33
25.	One laborer	420.00 D-I (1) 39
(a) Miscellaneous Section		
26.	One chief of section	4,020.00 D-I (1) 28
27.	One assistant chief and property officer	2,040.00 D-I (1) 29
28.	One clerk	1,320.00 D-I (1) 30
29.	One clerk	900.00 D-I (1) 31
30.	One clerk	720.00 D-I (3) 5
31.	Two clerks at ₱660	1,320.00 D-I (1) 32
32.	One messenger	360.00 D-I (1) 27
33.	One messenger-laborer	360.00 D-I (3) 8
34.	One laborer	420.00 D-I (1) 23
35.	Two laborers at ₱360	720.00 D-I (1) 40
36.	One laborer	360.00 D-I (1) 27
Custodian Force		
37.	One janitor	1,800.00 D-I (1) 35
38.	One watchman	720.00 D-I (1) 36
39.	One watchman	480.00 D-I (1) 37
40.	Four laborers at ₱420	1,680.00 D-I (1) 39

New Item No.	Position		Item No. C. A. No. 446	
41.	Three laborers at ₱360	1,080.00	D-I (1)	82
			D-I (3)	9
			and	12
(b) Records Section				
42.	One chief of section	3,000.00	D-I (1)	53
43.	One clerk	1,680.00	D-I (1)	42
44.	Two clerks at ₱1,080	2,160.00	D-I (1)	43
45.	One clerk	1,020.00	D-I (1)	44
46.	Two clerks at ₱840	1,680.00	D-I (1)	45
47.	Two clerks at ₱600	1,200.00	D-I (1)	46
48.	Three clerks at ₱540	1,620.00	D-I (1)	14
			and	47
49.	Two clerks at ₱480	960.00	D-I (1)	48
50.	Two clerks at ₱480	960.00	D-I (1)	34
			and	81
51.	Two clerks at ₱480	960.00	D-I (1)	79
52.	One clerk	360.00	D-I (1)	49
53.	One messenger	360.00	D-I (1)	15
54.	Three messenger at ₱360	1,080.00	D-I (1)	50
55.	One messenger-laborer	360.00	D-I (1)	38
56.	Two laborers at ₱360	720.00	D-I (1)	51
LAW DIVISION				
57.	One chief of division	4,620.00	D-I (1)	70
58.	One investigator	3,600.00	D-I (1)	71
59.	One law clerk	1,860.00	D-I (1)	72
60.	One law clerk	1,800.00	D-I (1)	73
61.	One law clerk	1,560.00	D-I (1)	17
62.	One law clerk	1,200.00	D-I (1)	85
63.	Two secret agents at ₱1,080	2,160.00	D-I (1)	11
64.	One clerk	1,680.00	D-I (1)	74
65.	Two clerks at ₱1,380	2,760.00	D-I (1)	75
			and	76
66.	One clerk	1,140.00	D-I (1)	78
67.	One clerk	780.00	D-I (1)	80
68.	One messenger	360.00	D-I (1)	15
69.	One messenger-laborer	360.00	D-I (1)	67

New Item No.	Position	Item No. C. A. No. 446
PROVINCIAL DIVISION		
70.	One chief of division	5,100.00 D-I (1) 20
71.	One special agent	5,100.00 D-I (1) 20
72.	One special agent	4,020.00 D-I (1) 21
73.	One assistant chief of division	3,480.00 D-I (1) 54
74.	One law clerk	2,400.00 D-I (1) 55
75.	One clerk	2,040.00 D-I (1) 56
76.	Two clerks at ₱1,560	3,120.00 D-I (1) 57
77.	One clerk	1,020.00 D-I (1) 58
78.	One clerk	780.00 D-I (1) 22
79.	Three clerks at ₱660	1,980.00 D-I (1) 59
80.	Two clerks at ₱540	1,080.00 D-I (1) 60
81.	Two clerks at ₱360	720.00 D-I (1) 61
		and 49
82.	One laborer	360.00 D-I (1) 68
83.	One superintendent of non-Christians	1,200.00 D-I (1) 62
84.	One superintendent of non-Christians	900.00 D-I (1) 63
85.	One superintendent of non-Christians	600.00 D-I (1) 64
86.	One superintendent of non-Christians	540.00 D-I (1) 65
87.	One superintendent of non-Christians	360.00 D-I (1) 66
PUBLIC ORDER DIVISION		
88.	One chief of division (By detail)	New
89.	One inspector	4,260.00 D-I (1) 52
90.	One technical assistant	3,120.00 D-I (1) 83
91.	One law clerk	1,800.00 D-I (1) 84
92.	Two clerks at ₱720	1,440.00 D-I (1) 86
93.	One clerk	480.00 D-I (1) 87
94.	One messenger-laborer	360.00 D-I (1) 88
OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER FOR MINDANAO AND SULU		
95.	One assistant to the Commissioner	5,580.00 D-I (1) 89
96.	One law officer	3,120.00 D-I (1) 90
97.	One chief clerk	2,940.00 D-I (1) 91
98.	One clerk	2,040.00 D-I (1) 93
99.	One clerk	1,920.00 D-I (1) 94
100.	One clerk	1,800.00 D-I (1) 92
101.	One clerk	1,440.00 D-I (1) 96
102.	One clerk	1,320.00 D-I (1) 95
103.	One clerk	960.00 D-I (1) 97

New Item No.	Position	Item No. C. A. No. 446
104.	One clerk	720.00 D-I (1) 98
105.	One clerk	600.00 D-I (1) 99
106.	Two clerks at ₱600	1,200.00 D-I (1) 100
107.	One messenger	360.00 D-I (1) 101
108.	One janitor-laborer	420.00 D-I (1) 102
109.	One Mohammedan Filipino special agent in Sulu	2,400.00 D-I (1) 8
110.	One Mohammedan Filipino special agent in Sulu	900.00 D-I (1) 9
111.	One Mohammedan Filipino special agent in Lanao	360.00 D-I (1) 10
112.	One chauffeur-mechanic	720.00 D-I (1) 103

DIVISION OF NATIONAL INFORMATION

113.	One chief of division	7,200.00 D-I (3) 1
	Provided, That when this position is vacated by the present incumbent, the salary thereof will be reduced to ₱6,000 per annum.	
114.	One confidential secretary-stenographer	720.00 D-I (3) 18
115.	One laborer	360.00 D-I (3) 18

(a) Publicity Section

116.	One chief of section	1,800.00 D-I (3) 18
117.	Three writers and translators at ₱1,800	5,400.00 D-I (3) 13
118.	One writer in Spanish	1,500.00 D-I (3) 14
119.	One translator in Igorot	480.00 D-I (3) 15
120.	One researcher	1,680.00 D-I (3) 16
121.	One researcher	1,500.00 D-I (3) 17
122.	One researcher	1,200.00 D-I (3) 17
123.	One cameraman and photographer	1,200.00 D-I (3) 18
124.	One clipping clerk	840.00 D-I (3) 4
125.	One mimeograph operator	600.00 D-I (3) 6
126.	One messenger-laborer	360.00 D-I (3) 8

(b) Public Relations Section

127.	One chief of section	2,400.00 D-I (3) 18
128.	One confidential agent and writer speaker in Visayan	3,000.00 D-I (3) 18
129.	One confidential agent speaker and writer	2,400.00 D-I (3) 18
130.	One confidential agent and speaker	1,800.00 D-I (3) 18
131.	One confidential agent and field service investigator	1,800.00 D-I (3) 18
132.	One confidential agent and writer is Visayan	1,800.00 D-I (3) 18
133.	One confidential agent and writer translator and speaker	1,200.00 D-I (3) 18
134.	One confidential agent and speaker	1,200.00 D-I (3) 18
135.	Two confidential agents at ₱1,200	2,400.00 D-I (3) 18

New Item No.	Position		Item No. C. A. No. 446	
136.	Two confidential agents at ₱840	1,680.00	D-I (3)	18
137.	Three confidential agents at ₱720	2,160.00	D-I (3)	18
138.	One confidential agent and Moro translator	540.00	D-I (3)	18
139.	Two confidential agents at ₱480	960.00	D-I (3)	18
140.	One skilled laborer	600.00	D-I (3)	10
141.	One laborer	480.00	D-I (3)	7
142.	One laborer	360.00	D-I (3)	18

(c) Cinema-On-Wheels Section

LUZON PERSONNEL

143.	One chauffeur	600.00	D-I (3)	18
144.	One skilled laborer	480.00	D-I (3)	18
145.	One laborer	360.00	D-I (3)	7
146.	Two laborers at ₱360	720.00	D-I (3)	9

VISAYAS PERSONNEL

147.	One chauffeur	600.00	D-I (3)	10
148.	One skilled laborer	480.00	D-I (3)	18
149.	One laborer	360.00	D-I (3)	18
150.	Two laborers at ₱360	720.00	D-I (3)	11
			and	18

BOARD OF REVIEW FOR MOVING PICTURES

151.	One assistant secretary	1,200.00	New
152.	One clerk	720.00	New

MISCELLANEOUS

153.	Supplementary personnel to be employed with the approval of the President	3,460.00	New
		<u>₱279,280.00</u>	

The other units and positions authorized for the Department of the Interior and the National Information Office appearing in Commonwealth Act Numbered Four hundred and forty-six which are not provided for herein shall be deemed to have been abolished.

3. The rates of compensation herein given shall be subject to adjustments in accordance with the classification and allocation of positions that may be made by the Salary Board.

Done at the City of Manila, this thirty-first day of December, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *Messages of the President* (Vol. 5, Prt. 1). Manila: Bureau of Printing.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 246

EFFECTING CERTAIN ADJUSTMENTS OF THE PERSONNEL OF THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND COMMERCE, THE BUREAU OF LANDS, AND THE BUREAU OF FORESTRY, AND ABOLISHING THE DIVISION OF VETERINARY RESEARCH IN THE BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY AND CREATING A DIVISION OF PARASITOLOGY AND PROTOZOÖLOGY AND A DIVISION OF PATHOLOGY AND BACTERIOLOGY IN LIEU THEREOF.

The public interest so demanding, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers in me vested by Commonwealth Act Numbered Four hundred and fifty-three, do ordain and promulgate the following:

1. The Office of the Secretary, Department of Agriculture and Commerce, shall have the following administrative units and positions in lieu of those provided for the said office in Commonwealth Acts Numbered Four hundred and forty-six, four hundred and eighteen, and Act Numbered Three Thousand nine hundred and fifty-three:

New Item No.	Position	Item No. C.A. No. 446
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY		
1.	One Secretary of Department	₱12,000.00 G-I (1)-1
2.	One Undersecretary of Department	9,000.00 G-I (1)-2
3.	One administrative officer	6,000.00 New
4.	One private secretary	6,000.00 G-I (1)-3
5.	One clerk-stenographer	2,400.00 G-I (1)-4
6.	One clerk	1,920.00 New
7.	One clerk	720.00 New
8.	Expert and technical personnel to be employed with the approval of the President	24,000.00 G-I (1)-5
ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISION		
9.	One chief of division	5,040.00 G-I (1)-22
10.	One assistant chief of division	3,060.00 G-I (1)-15
11.	One clerk	2,760.00 New
12.	One clerk	2,400.00 G-I (1)-16
13.	One clerk	2,040.00 G-I (1)- 9

New Item No.	Position	Item No. C.A. No. 446
14.	One record clerk	1,800.00 G-I (1)-23
15.	One cashier and disbursing officer	1,560.00 G-I (1)-24
16.	One clerk	1,080.00 G-I (1)-26
17.	One clerk	1,020.00 G-I (1)-70
18.	One property clerk	960.00 G-I (1)-25
19.	One clerk	960.00 G-I (1)-27
20.	One clerk	900.00 G-I (1)-10
21.	Two clerks at ₱840	1,680.00 G-I (1)-28
22.	One clerk	840.00 G-I (2)- 5
23.	One junior stenographer	720.00 G-I (1)-18
24.	Two clerks at ₱660	1,320.00 G-I 12 & 29
25.	Two clerks at ₱540	1,080.00 G-I 21 & 30
26.	One clerk	540.00 G-IV-15 (i)
27.	One clerk	480.00 G-I (1)-31
28.	One clerk	480.00 G-IV-15 (j)
29.	One clerk	360.00 G-I (6)-155
30.	One messenger	360.00 G-I (1)-82
31.	One skilled laborer	780.00 G-1 (1)-33
32.	One skilled laborer	600.00 G-I (1)-34
33.	Four laborers at ₱420	1,680.00 G-I (1)-35
34.	One laborer	420.00 G-IV-15 (1)
35.	Three laborers at ₱360	1,080.00 G-I (1)-36
36.	Two janitors at ₱360	720.00 G-I (1)-37
LEGAL DIVISION		
37.	One chief attorney	4,800.00 G-I (1)-13
38.	One assistant chief attorney	3,600.00 G-I (1)-14
39.	One investigator	2,940.00 G-I (1)- 8
40.	One attorney	2,940.00 New
41.	One attorney	2,040.00 G-I (1)-17
42.	One clerk	1,620.00 G-I (1)-19
43.	One clerk	900.00 G-I (1)-20
44.	One clerk	480.00 G-I (1)-81
TECHNICAL DIVISION		
45.	One chief of division	5,100.00 G-I (1)- 6
46.	One assistant chief of division	3,720.00 New
47.	One senior clerk	2,400.00 G-I (1)- 7
48.	One clerk	720.00 G-I (1)-11
49.	One messenger	360.00 G-I (1)-32

New Item No.	Position	Item No. C.A. No. 446
DIVISION OF STATISTICS		
50.	One chief of division	3,960.00 G-I (1)-38
51.	One assistant chief of division	3,240.00 G-I (1)-39
52.	One statistician	2,400.00 G-I (1)-40
53.	One assistant statistician	1,740.00 G-I (1)-41
54.	One crop forecaster	2,400.00 New
55.	One business forecaster	2,400.00 New
56.	One assistant crop forecaster	1,920.00 New
57.	One assistant business forecaster	1,920.00 New
58.	Two assistant statisticians at ₱1,800	3,600.00 New
59.	One assistant statistician	1,560.00 G-I (1)-42
60.	Three assistant statisticians at ₱1,200	3,600.00 G-I (1)-43
61.	One statistical clerk	900.00 New
62.	Two statistical clerks at ₱720	1,440.00 New
63.	Two statistical clerks at ₱660	1,320.00 New
64.	Two clerks at ₱780	1,560.00 G-I (1)-44
65.	Four clerks at ₱540	2,160.00 G-I (1)-45
66.	One clerk	480.00 G-I (1)-46
67.	Eight clerk-typists at ₱480	3,840.00 G-I (1)-47
68.	Twelve clerks at ₱360	4,320.00 G-I (1)-50
69.	One draftsman	900.00 New
70.	One draftsman	660.00 New
71.	Five copyists at ₱360	1,800.00 G-I (1)-48
72.	Two laborers at ₱360	720.00 G-I (1)-49
73.	One laborer-janitor	360.00 G-I (I)-51
DIVISION OF PUBLICATIONS		
74.	One chief of division	4,260.00 G-I (1)-52
75.	One assistant chief of division	3,480.00 G-I (1)-53
76.	One copy editor	3,060.00 G-I (1)-54
77.	One copy editor	2,760.00 G-I (1)-55
78.	One copy editor	2,580.00 G-I (1)-56
79.	One copy editor	2,040.00 G-I (1)-57
80.	One assistant librarian	1,440.00 G-I (1)-58
81.	Two photographers at ₱780	1,560.00 G-I (1)-59
82.	One photographer	600.00 G-I (1)-60
83.	One clerk	1,080.00 New
84.	One clerk	1,020.00 G-I (1)-61
85.	One clerk	900.00 G-I (1)-62
86.	One clerk	660.00 G-I (1)-63
87.	One clerk	540.00 G-I (1)-64

New Item No.	Position	Item No. C.A. No. 446
88.	One clerk	480.00 G-I (1)-65
89.	One clerk	480.00 G-I (6)-133
90.	One artist	600.00 G-I (1)-66
91.	One artist	540.00 G-I (1)-67
92.	One artist	480.00 G-I (1)-68
93.	One multigraph operator	660.00 G-I (1)-71
94.	One multigraph operator	540.00 G-I (1)-72
95.	Ten multigraph operators at ₱360	3,600.00 G-I (1)-73
96.	One mimeograph operator	480.00 G-I (1)-74
97.	One mimeograph operator	360.00 G-I (1)-75
98.	Eight bookbinders at ₱360	2,880.00 G-I (1)-76
99.	One laborer	540.00 G-I (1)-69
100.	One laborer	480.00 G-I (1)-77
101.	One laborer	360.00 G-I (1)-78
102.	One laborer-janitor	360.00 G-I (1)-79
DIVISION OF SOIL SURVEY		
103.	One chief of division	6,000.00 G-I (6)-160
104.	One assistant chief of division	4,800.00 C. A. 418
105.	One soil biologist	4,200.00 C. A. 418
106.	One assistant soil biologist	2,400.00 C. A. 418
107.	One soil chemist	3,600.00 C. A. 418
108.	One soil chemist	3,240.00 G-I (6)-161
109.	One soil chemist	2,400.00 G-I (6)-162
110.	One assistant soil chemist	1,440.00 C. A. 418
111.	One assistant soil chemist	1,140.00 G-I (2)-207
112.	Two soil technologists at ₱3,600	7,200.00 C. A. 418
113.	One assistant soil technologist	1,920.00 C. A. 418
114.	Three assistant soil technologists at ₱1,800	5,400.00 C. A. 418
115.	One assistant soil technologist	1,800.00 G-I (2)-206
116.	Two junior soil technologists at ₱1,560	3,120.00 G-I (6)-163
117.	Three junior soil technologists at ₱1,440	4,320.00 C. A. 418
118.	One soil technician	900.00 G-I (6)-164
119.	One soil technician	780.00 G-I (6)-165
120.	Four soil surveyors at ₱1,440	5,760.00 C. A. 418
121.	Two junior soil surveyors at ₱900	1,800.00 G-I (4)-143
122.	One topographical draftsman	1,200.00 C. A. 418
123.	One assistant topographical draftsman	900.00 C. A. 418
124.	Three junior topographical draftsmen at ₱600	1,800.00 C. A. 418
125.	Two junior topographical draftsmen at ₱600	1,200.00 GG-3 (n)
126.	One junior topographical draftsman	540.00 G-IV-14(q)
127.	One junior topographical draftsman	480.00 G-I (5)-151

New Item No.	Position	Item No. C.A. No. 446
128.	One junior topographical draftsman	480.00 G-I (9)- 29
129.	One clerk	1,200.00 C. A. 418
130.	One clerk	600.00 C. A. 418
131.	One chauffeur mechanic	1,080.00 C. A. 418
132.	Two chauffeurs at ₱660	1,320.00 G-I (6)-166
133.	One chauffeur	480.00 C. A. 418
134.	One laboratory helper	360.00 G-I (6)- 75
135.	One laboratory helper	360.00 C. A. 418
136.	Five laborers at ₱420	2,100.00 C. A. 418
137.	One laborer	360.00 G-I (6)-167
138.	One laborer	360.00 G-I(2)-212
139.	One laborer	360.00 C. A. 418

DIVISION OF FISHERIES

140.	One chief of division	6,000.00 G-I (6)-140
141.	One assistant chief of division	4,500.00 G-IV-15(a)
142.	One aquatic biologist	5,040.00 G-I (6)-141
143.	One zoölogist	4,260.00 G-IV-15(a)
144.	One fishery technologist	3,240.00 G-IV-15(b)
145.	One fishery technologist	3,000.00 G-I (6)-142
146.	One assistant fishery technologist	2,200.00 GG-3
147.	One. assistant technologist	1,200.00 G-I (6)-149
148.	One scientific assistant	1,260.00 G-I (6)-148
149.	One chief inspector	3,720.00 New
150.	One inspector	2,400.00 New
151.	One inspector	2,040.00 G-IV-15(c)
152.	One inspector	1,560.00 G-IV-15(d)
153.	One assistant ichthyologist	2,760.00 G-I (6)-143
154.	One assistant ichthyologist	2,580.00 G-I (6)-144
155.	One assistant ichthyologist	2,400.00 G-I (6)-145
156.	One junior ichthyologist	1,800.00 G-I (6)-146
157.	One junior ichthyologist	1,560.00 G-I (6)-147
158.	One junior ichthyologist	1,200.00 G-IV-15(e)
159.	One supervising fish warden	2,400.00 New
160.	Five fish wardens at ₱1,200	6,000.00 G-I (6)-150
161.	Seven fish wardens at ₱840	5,880.00 G-I (6)-151
162.	Ten junior fish wardens at ₱660	6,600.00 New
163.	Eight fish wardens at ₱540	4,320.00 G-IV-15(i)
164.	Eight technical demonstrators at ₱1,080	8,640.00 G-IV-15(f)
165.	One illustrator	1,080.00 G-IV-15(g)
166.	One preparatory	540.00 G-I (6)-152
167.	One preparatory	540.00 G-IV-15(h)

New		Item No.	
Item No.	Position	C.A. No. 446	
168.	One laboratory helper	540.00	G-I (6)-153
169.	One laboratory helper	420.00	G-I (6)-154
170.	Five laboratory helpers at ₱360	1,800.00	G-I (6)-155
171.	Three technical helpers at ₱480	1,440.00	G-IV-15 (j)
172.	One clerk	540.00	G-I (6)-156
173.	One clerk	480.00	G-I (6)-157
174.	Two clerks at ₱480	960.00	G-IV-15(j)
175.	One patron	720.00	Act 3953
176.	One machinist	720.00	Act 3953
177.	One mechanic oiler	720.00	Act 3953
178.	One aquarium gatekeeper	540.00	G-I (6)-158
179.	One master fisherman	480.00	Act 3953
180.	Three fishermen at ₱360	1,080.00	Act 3953
181.	One laborer	480.00	G-IV-15 (k)
182.	Five laborers at ₱360	1,800.00	G-I (6)-159
183.	Ten laborers at ₱360	3,600.00	G-IV-15(m)
184.	Emergency laborers	1,360.00	G-IV-15 (n)
FIBER INSPECTION SERVICE			
185.	One manager	6,120.00	G-(10)- 1
186.	One chief clerk	3,180.00	G-(10)- 2
187.	One assistant chief clerk	3,000.00	G-(10)- 3
188.	One clerk	3,000.00	G-(10)- 4
189.	One clerk	1,800.00	G-(10)- 5
190.	One clerk	1,500.00	G-(10)- 6
191.	One clerk	1,320.00	G-(10)- 7
192.	One clerk	1,080.00	G-(10)- 8
193.	Two clerks at ₱900	1,800.00	G-(10)- 9
194.	Four clerks at ₱840	3,360.00	G-(10)-10
195.	Three clerks at ₱780	2,340.00	G-(10)-11
196.	One clerk	660.00	G-(10)-12
197.	Three clerks at ₱600	1,800.00	G-(10)-13
198.	Two clerks at ₱540	1,080.00	G-(10)-14
199.	One messenger	600.00	G-(10)-15
200.	One messenger	480.00	G-(10)-16
201.	Two janitor-messengers at ₱480	960.00	G-(10)-17
202.	One chief inspector	4,800.00	G-(10)-18
203.	One assistant chief inspector	3,960.00	G-(10)-19
204.	Three district, fiber inspectors at ₱4,000	12,000.00	G-(10)-20
205.	One district fiber inspector	3,400.00	G-(10)-21
206.	One district fiber inspector	3,200.00	G-(10)-22
207.	One district fiber inspector	3,060.00	G-(10)-23

New		Item No.	
Item No.	Position	C.A. No. 446	
208.	One fiber inspector	2,800.00	G-(10)-24
209.	One fiber inspector	2,600.00	G-(10)-25
210.	One fiber Inspector	2,400.00	G-(10)-26
211.	Two fiber inspectors at ₱2,220	4,440.00	G-(10)-27
212.	Four fiber inspectors at ₱2,040	8,160.00	G-(10)-28
213.	Five assistant fiber inspectors at ₱1,800	9,000.00	G-(10)-29
214.	One assistant fiber inspector	1,440.00	G-(10)-30
215.	Sixteen assistant fiber inspectors at ₱1,200	19,200.00	G-(10)-31
216.	Three junior fiber inspectors at ₱1,080	3,240.00	G-(10)-32
217.	Four junior fiber inspectors at ₱960	3,840.00	G-(10)-33
218.	Two junior fiber inspectors at ₱840	1,680.00	G-(10)-34
219.	Sixteen junior fiber inspectors at ₱720	11,520.00	G-(10)-35
220.	One junior fiber inspector	600.00	G-(10)-36
221.	One agent	1,800.00	G-(10)-37
222.	Skilled, semiskilled and unskilled laborers	10,000.00	G-(10)-38
NATIONAL HISTORY MUSEUM DIVISION			
223.	One chief of division	6,000.00	G-I (6)-100
224.	Four scientists at ₱5,400	21,600.00	New
225.	One scientist	3,660.00	G-I (6)-101
226.	One scientist	3,400.00	G-I (6)-102
227.	One assistant scientist	3,120.00	New
228.	One assistant scientist	2,760.00	G-I (6)-103
229.	One assistant scientist	2,400.00	GG-3(c)
230.	One assistant scientist	2,220.00	GG-3(d)
231.	One junior scientist	1,800.00	G-I (6)-104
232.	One junior scientist	1,560.00	G-I (6)-105
233.	One junior scientist	1,200.00	G-I (6)-106
234.	Two scientific assistants at ₱1,080	2,160.00	G-I (6)-107
235.	One scientific assistant	1,080.00	GG-3 (j)
236.	One scientific assistant	900.00	G-I (6)-108
237.	One scientific illustrator	660.00	G-I (6)-109
238.	One scientific illustrator	600.00	G-I (6)-110
239.	One scientific illustrator	480.00	G-I (6)-111
240.	One scientific illustrator	420.00	G-I (6)-112
241.	Four scientific illustrators at ₱360	1,440.00	G-I (6)-113
242.	One laboratory helper	660.00	New
243.	One laboratory helper	600.00	G-I (6)-115
244.	One laboratory helper	540.00	G-I (6)-116
245.	One laboratory helper	480.00	G-I (6)-117
246.	One laboratory helper	360.00	G-I (6)-119
247.	Two laboratory helpers at ₱480	960.00	New

New Item No.	Position	Item No. C.A. No. 446
248.	One laboratory helper	360.00 G-I (6)-122
249.	One stenographer	1,440.00 New
250.	One junior stenographer	840.00 G-I (6)-129
251.	One museum helper	420.00 G-I (6)-120
252.	Four museum helpers at ₱360	1,440.00 G-I (6)-121
253.	One laborer	360.00 G-I (6)-122
	Total	<u>₱ 615,340.00</u>

The positions in items 26, 28, 34, 141, 143, 144, 151 152, 158, 163, 164, 165, 167, 171, 174, 181, 183, and 184 shall continue to be paid from the appropriation for expenses in connection with conservation of the fishery resources and for the promotion and development of the fishing industry, under Act Numbered Four thousand three, as provided in items G-IV-15 (a) to (n), pages 222 and 223 of Commonwealth Act Numbered Four hundred forty-six; item 126 from the appropriation for salaries and wages of the personnel employed throughout the year for carrying out the provisions of Act Numbered Three thousand six hundred seventy-three, item G-IV-14(q), page 220 of the same Act; items 125, 146, 229, 230 and 235 from the appropriation for salaries of such supplementary personnel as may be necessary in connection with the research activities of the different divisions of the Bureau of Science, item GG-3, pages 389 to 390 also of the same Act; items 104, 105, 106, 107, 110, 112, 113, 114, 117, 120, 122, 123, 124, 129, 130, 131, 133, 135, 136, and 139, from the appropriation in Commonwealth Act Numbered Four hundred eighteen; and items 175, 176, 177, 179, and 180 from the appropriation in Act Numbered Three thousand nine hundred fifty-three.

2. The Bureau of Lands shall have the following administrative units and positions in lieu of those provided for in Commonwealth Act Numbered Four hundred and forty-six:

New Item No.	Position	Item No. C. A. No. 446
OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR		
1.	One Director of Lands	₱7,200.00 G-I (5) 1
2.	One administrative officer	6,000.00 New
3.	One division inspector	6,040.00 G-I (5) 201
4.	One division inspector	4,500.00 G-I (5) 121
5.	One division inspector	4,020.00 G-I (5) 122
6.	One division inspector	4,020.00 G-I (5) 123
7.	One division inspector	3,960.00 G-I (5) 123
8.	One division inspector	3,960.00 G-I (5) 124
ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISION		
9.	One chief of Division	5,100.00 G-I (5) 2
10.	One cashier and disbursing officer	2,040.00 G-I (5) 3
11.	One assistant cashier and disbursing officer	1,320.00 G-I (5) 4

New		Item No.	
Item No.	Position	C. A. No. 446	
12.	One clerk	2,040.00	G-I (5) 5
13.	One clerk	1,320.00	G-I (5) 6
14.	One clerk	720.00	G-I (5) 7
15.	One clerk	600.00	G-I (5) 8
General Service and Personnel Section			
16.	One chief of section	2,280.00	G-I (5) 9
17.	One assistant chief of section	1,920.00	G-I (5) 10
18.	One clerk	1,140.00	G-I (5) 11
19.	One clerk	1,080.00	G-I (5) 12
20.	One clerk	960.00	G-I (5) 13
21.	One clerk	840.00	G-I (5) 14
22.	Two clerks at ₱720	1,440.00	G-I (5) 15
23.	Two clerks at ₱600	1,200.00	G-I (5) 16
24.	Three clerks at ₱480	1,440.00	G-I (5) 17
25.	One clerk	420.00	G-I (5) 18
26.	One typewriter mechanic	540.00	G-I (5) 20
27.	Two watchmen at ₱720	1,440.00	G-I (5) 21
28.	One night guard	540.00	G-I (5) 22
29.	Three janitor-messengers at ₱420	1,260.00	G-I (5) 23
30.	Nine janitors at ₱420	3,780.00	G-I (5) 24
Records Section			
31.	One chief of section	3,120.00	New
32.	One assistant chief of section	2,040.00	G-I (5) 25
33.	One clerk	1,800.00	G-I (5) 26
34.	One clerk	1,500.00	G-I (5) 27
35.	Two clerks at ₱1,200	2,400.00	G-I (5) 28
36.	Two clerks at ₱1,080	2,160.00	G-I (5) 29
37.	One clerk	960.00	G-I (5) 30
38.	One clerk	900.00	G-I (5) 31
39.	One clerk	840.00	G-I (5) 32
40.	Seven clerks at ₱720	5,040.00	G-I (5) 33
41.	Seven clerks at ₱600	4,200.00	G-I (5) 34
42.	Fifteen clerks at ₱480	7,200.00	G-I (5) 35
43.	Nine clerks at ₱420	3,780.00	G-I (5) 36
44.	Six clerks at ₱360	2,160.00	G-I (5) 37
45.	One messenger	480.00	G-I (5) 38
46.	One messenger	360.00	G-I (5) 39
47.	Twelve laborer-filers at ₱360	4,320.00	G-I (5) 40
48.	Two laborers at ₱420	840.00	G-I (5) 41

New Item No.	Position	Item No. C. A. No. 446
Property Section		
49.	One chief of section	2,760.00 G-I (5) 42
50.	One assistant chief of section	1,440.00 G-I (5) 43
51.	One clerk	960.00 G-I (5) 44
52.	Two clerks at ₱600	1,200.00 G-I (5) 45
53.	Three clerks at ₱480	1,440.00 G-I (5) 46
54.	One clerk	360.00 G-I (5) 47
55.	One messenger	360.00 G-I (5) 48
56.	Three laborer-filers at ₱360	1,080.00 G-I (5) 49
57.	One carpenter	1,200.00 G-I (5) 50
58.	One carpenter	840.00 G-I (5) 51
59.	One carpenter	780.00 G-I (5) 52
60.	One skilled laborer	720.00 G-I (5) 53
61.	One skilled laborer	600.00 G-I (5) 54
62.	One skilled laborer	480.00 G-I (5) 55
PUBLIC LANDS DIVISION		
63.	One chief of division	6,000.00 G-I (5) 56
64.	One assistant chief of division	4,020.00 G-I (5) 57
65.	One special investigator	3,120.00 New
66.	One assistant public lands inspector	1,800.00 G-I (5) 65
67.	One assistant public lands inspector	1,500.00 G-I (5) 58
68.	One clerk-stenographer	1,200.00 G-I (5) 59
69.	One clerk-typist	720.00 G-I (5) 60
70.	One messenger	360.00 G-I (5) 61
Sales and Leases Section		
71.	One chief of section	3,180.00 G-I (5) 62
72.	One assistant chief of section	1,800.00 G-I (5) 63
73.	One assistant public lands inspector	1,500.00 G-I (5) 66
74.	One assistant public lands inspector	1,440.00 G-I (5) 64
75.	Seven assistant public lands inspectors at ₱1,200	8,400.00 G-I (5) 67
76.	One clerk	1,200.00 G-I (5) 68
77.	Three clerks at ₱720	2,160.00 G-I (5) 69
78.	Two clerks at ₱600	1,200.00 G-I (5) 70
79.	One messenger	360.00 G-I (5) 71

New Item No.	Position	Item No. C. A. No. 446
Homesteads and Free Patents Section		
80.	One chief of section	2,400.00 G-I (5) 72
81.	One assistant chief of section	1,800.00 G-I (5) 73
82.	Three assistant public lands inspectors at ₱1,500	4,500.00 G-I (5) 75
83.	One assistant public lands inspector	1,380.00 G-I (5) 74
84.	Seven assistant public lands inspectors at ₱1,200	8,400.00 G-I (5) 76
85.	One junior public lands inspector	600.00 G-I (5) 77
86.	One clerk	960.00 G-I (5) 78
87.	One clerk	720.00 G-I (5) 79
88.	One messenger	360.00 G-I (5) 80
Miscellaneous Section		
89.	One chief of section	1,920.00 G-I (5) 88
90.	One assistant chief of section	1,500.00 G-I (5) 94
91.	One clerk-stenographer	1,320.00 G-I (5) 95
92.	One clerk-stenographer	1,200.00 G-I (5) 97
93.	Two assistant public lands inspectors at ₱1,200	2,400.00 G-I (5) 89
94.	Eleven junior public lands inspectors at ₱600	6,600.00 G-I(5) 90
		& 96
95.	One clerk-collector	600.00 G-I (5) 85
96.	One clerk	960.00 G-I (5) 92
97.	Three clerks at ₱480	1,440.00 G-I (5) 93
98.	One clerk	840.00 G-I (5) 98
99.	One clerk	720.00 G-I (5) 99
100.	Eight clerks at ₱480	3,840.00 G-I (5) 101
101.	Two clerks at ₱420	840.00 G-I (5) 102
102.	Two clerks at ₱360	720.00 G-I (5) 103
103.	One messenger	360.00 G-I (5) 104
104.	One sketchman	480.00 G-I (5) 105
LAW DIVISION		
105.	One chief attorney	6,000.00 G-I (5) 106
106.	One assistant chief attorney	4,500.00 G-I (5) 107
107.	Two land attorneys at ₱4,800	9,600.00 G-I (5) 108
108.	One land attorney	3,960.00 New
109.	One land attorney	3,720.00 New
110.	One land attorney	3,120.00 New
111.	One messenger	480.00 G-I (5) 118

New Item No.	Position	Item No. C. A. No. 446
Land Registration Section		
112.	One chief of section	2,760.00 G-I (5) 109
113.	One assistant chief of section	2,400.00 G-I (5) 81
114.	One land attorney	2,400.00 G-I (5) 110
115.	One land attorney	2,400.00 New
116.	One land attorney	1,800.00 G-I (5) 111
117.	Two land attorneys at ₱1,200	2,400.00 G-I (5) 112
118.	One clerk	1,200.00 G-I (5) 113
119.	One clerk	1,080.00 G-I (5) 114
120.	Two clerks at ₱840	1,680.00 G-I (5) 115
121.	Two clerks at ₱720	1,440.00 G-I (5) 116
122.	One clerk	480.00 G-I (5) 117
Claims and Conflicts Section		
123.	One chief of section	3,720.00 New
124.	One assistant chief of section	2,040.00 G-I (5) 82
125.	Nine land attorneys at ₱1,200	10,800.00 G-I (5) 84
126.	One land attorney	1,140.00 G-I (5) 83
127.	One clerk	1,200.00 G-I (5) 91
128.	One clerk	720.00 G-I (5) 86
129.	Two clerks at ₱600	1,200.00 G-I (5) 100
130.	One clerk	480.00 G-I (5) 87
131.	One clerk	480.00 G-I (5) 101
DIVISION OF SURVEYS		
132.	One chief of division	6,000.00 G-I (6) 119
133.	One assistant chief of division	4,500.00 G-I (5) 120
134.	One supervising surveyor	4,200.00 New
135.	One surveyor	3,180.00 G-I (5) 125
136.	One surveyor	2,760.00 G-I (5) 205
137.	One clerk	1,500.00 G-I (5) 128
138.	One clerk	960.00 G-I (5) 129
139.	Two clerks at ₱600	1,200.00 G-I (5) 130
140.	One clerk	480.00 G-I (5) 131
141.	One laborer-messenger	360.00 G-I (5) 132
Section of Cadastral Surveys		
142.	One chief of section	3,600.00 G-I (5) 133
143.	One assistant chief of section	3,180.00 G-I (5) 134

New Item No.	Position	Item No. C. A. No. 446
144.	One surveyor	1,680.00 G-I (5) 135
145.	Three assistant computers at ₱1,320	3,960.00 G-I (5) 136
146.	One junior computer	1,080.00 G-I (5) 137
147.	Two junior computers at ₱840	1,680.00 G-I (5) 138
148.	One junior computer	720.00 G-I (5) 139
149.	Seven junior computers at ₱600	4,200.00 G-I (5) 140
150.	Eleven junior computers at ₱480	5,280.00 G-I (5) 141
151.	One topographical draftsman	2,220.00 G-I (5) 142
152.	One assistant topographical draftsman	1,440.00 G-I (5) 143
153.	One assistant topographical draftsman	1,320.00 G-I (5) 144
154.	Four assistant topographical draftsmen at ₱1,320	5,280.00 G-I (5) 145
155.	Three assistant topographical draftsmen at ₱1,200	3,600.00 G-I (5) 145
156.	One junior topographical draftsman	1,080.00 G-I (5) 146
157.	One junior topographical draftsman	960.00 G-I (5) 147
158.	One junior topographical draftsman	720.00 G-I (5) 149
159.	Four junior topographical draftsmen at ₱480	1,920.00 G-I (5) 151
160.	One clerk	480.00 G-I (5) 152

Section of Isolated Surveys

161.	One chief of section	3,600.00 G-I (5) 154
162.	One assistant chief of section	2,760.00 G-I (5) 155
163.	One surveyor	1,800.00 G-I (5) 156
164.	One surveyor	1,740.00 G-I (5) 157
165.	One surveyor	1,560.00 G-I (5) 212
166.	Three assistant computers at ₱1,320	3,960.00 G-I (5) 160
167.	Three assistant computers at ₱1,200	3,600.00 G-I (5) 160
168.	Three junior computers at ₱960	2,880.00 G-I (5) 161
169.	Two junior computers at ₱840	1,680.00 G-I (6) 162
170.	Four junior computers at ₱720	2,880.00 G-I (5) 163
171.	Twenty-one junior computers at ₱600	12,600.00 G G-I (5) 164
172.	Thirty-one junior computers at ₱480	14,880.00 G G-I (5) 165
173.	One topographical draftsman	1,980.00 G-I (5) 166
174.	Four assistant topographical draftsmen at ₱1,320	5,280.00 G-I (5) 167
175.	Four assistant topographical draftsmen at ₱1,200	4,800.00 G-I (5) 167
176.	One junior topographical draftsman	1,080.00 G-I (5) 168
177.	Three junior topographical draftsmen at ₱960	2,880.00 G-I (5) 169
178.	Three junior topographical draftsmen at ₱840	2,520.00 G-I (5) 170
179.	Two junior topographical draftsmen at ₱720	1,440.00 G-I (5) 171
180.	Nine junior topographical draftsmen at ₱600	5,400.00 G-I (5) 172
181.	Twenty-five junior topographical draftsmen at ₱480	12,000.00 G-I (5) 173
182.	Two clerks at ₱480	960.00 G-I (5) 174
183.	One clerk	420.00 G-I (5) 175

New		Item No.	
Item No.	Position	C. A. No. 446	
184.	One vaultkeeper	360.00	G-I (5) 176
185.	One laborer-filer	360.00	G-I (5) 177
Section of Survey Coördination			
186.	One chief of section	2,400.00	G-I (5) 179
187.	One assistant chief of section	1,920.00	G-I (5) 208
188.	One assistant surveyor	1,440.00	G-I (5) 158
189.	One junior computer	840.00	G-I (5) 181
190.	One clerk	1,800.00	G-I (5) 182
191.	One clerk	1,200.00	G-I (5) 188
192.	One clerk	960.00	G-I (5) 184
193.	Two clerks at ₱840	1,680.00	G-I (5) 185
194.	Five clerks at ₱720	3,600.00	G-I (5) 186
195.	Twelve clerks at ₱600	7,200.00	G-I (5) 187
196.	Fifteen clerks at ₱480	7,200.00	G-I (5) 188
197.	Two clerks at ₱420	840.00	G-I (5) 189
198.	One messenger	360.00	G-I (5) 190
199.	One blueprinter	600.00	G-I (6) 191
200.	One blueprinter	480.00	G-I (5) 192
201.	Three vaultkeepers at ₱360	1,080.00	G-I (5) 193
202.	Two laborer-filers at ₱360	720.00	G-I (5) 194
Surveying School			
203.	One assistant director, School of Surveying	3,960.00	G-I (5) 195
204.	One surveyor-assistant professor	2,720.00	G-I (5) 196
205.	One surveyor-instructor	2,400.00	G-I (5) 197
206.	One assistant surveyor	1,200.00	G-I (5) 198
207.	Two assistant surveyors at ₱1,200	2,400.00	G-I (5) 127
208.	Fifteen apprentice surveyors at ₱420	6,300.00	G-I (5) 199
209.	Thirty-two apprentice surveyors at ₱300	9,600.00	G-I (5) 200
210.	One apprentice surveyor	300.00	G-I (5) 159
PROVINCIAL SERVICE			
211.	Twenty district land officers at ₱3,120	62,400.00	New
212.	One surveyor	3,600.00	G-I (5) 178
213.	One surveyor	3,240.00	G-I (5) 202
214.	One surveyor	3,180.00	G-I (5) 203
215.	One surveyor	3,060.00	G-I (5) 204
216.	Two surveyors at ₱2,760	5,520.00	G-I (5) 205
217.	Four surveyors at ₱2,400	9,600.00	G-I (5) 206

New		Item No.	
Item No.	Position	C. A. No. 446	
218.	Two surveyors at ₱2,040	4,080.00	G-I (5) 207
219.	Five surveyors at ₱1,920	9,600.00	G-I (5) 208
220.	Two surveyors at ₱1,800	3,600.00	G-I (5) 209
221.	One surveyor	1,740.00	G-I (5) 210
222.	Three assistant surveyors at ₱1,680	5,040.00	G-I (5) 211
223.	One assistant surveyor	1,680.00	G-I (5) 180
224.	Four assistant surveyors at ₱1,440	5,760.00	G-I (5) 213
225.	One assistant surveyor	1,440.00	G-I (5) 158
226.	Fifteen assistant surveyors at ₱1,320	19,800.00	G-I (5) 214
227.	One assistant surveyor	1,320.00	G-I (5) 126
228.	Thirty assistant surveyors at ₱1,200	36,000.00	G-I (5) 215
229.	Fifteen assistant surveyors at ₱1,140	17,100.00	G-I (5) 216
230.	Eleven junior surveyors at ₱840	9,240.00	G-I (5) 217
231.	Thirty-seven junior surveyors at ₱600	22,200.00	G-I (5) 218
232.	Two land attorneys at ₱2,400	4,800.00	G-I (5) 219
233.	One land attorney	1,200.00	G-I (5) 220
234.	Six assistant public lands inspectors at ₱1,800	10,800.00	G-I (5) 221
235.	Two assistant public lands inspectors at ₱1,500	3,000.00	G-I (5) 222
236.	Twenty-six assistant public lands inspectors at ₱1,200	31,200.00	G-I (5) 223
237.	Six junior public lands inspectors at ₱780	4,680.00	G-I (5) 224
238.	Eight junior public lands inspectors at ₱720	5,760.00	G-I (5) 224
239.	Ten junior public lands inspectors at ₱660	6,600.00	G-I (5) 224
240.	Eighteen junior public lands inspectors at ₱600	10,800.00	G-I (5) 224
241.	One assistant computer	1,200.00	G-I (5) 225
242.	Three junior computers at ₱840	2,520.00	G-I (5) 227
243.	Sixteen junior computers at ₱600	9,600.00	G-I (5) 229
244.	Fifty-two junior computers at ₱480	24,960.00	G-I (5) 230
245.	One junior topographical draftsman	960.00	G-I (5) 231
246.	One junior topographical draftsman	840.00	G-I (5)-232
247.	One junior topographical draftsman	600.00	G-I (5)-233
248.	Twenty-six junior topographical draftsmen at ₱480	12,480.00	G-I (5)-234
249.	One clerk	960.00	G-I (5)-235
250.	One clerk	720.00	G-I (5)-236
251.	Twenty clerks at ₱600	12,000.00	New
252.	Six clerks at ₱480	2,880.00	G-I (5) 237
253.	Four clerks at ₱420	1,680.00	G-I (6) 238
254.	One clerk	360.00	G-I (5) 239
255.	Eighteen laborer-filers at ₱360	6,480.00	G-I (5) 240
256.	One surveyman	900.00	G-I (5) 241
257.	One surveyman	780.00	G-I (5) 242
258.	One surveyman	720.00	G-I (5) 243
259.	Three surveymen at ₱600	1,800.00	G-I (5) 244
260.	Two surveymen at ₱540	1,080.00	G-I (5) 245

New Item No.	Position	Item No. C. A. No. 446
261.	Ten surveymen at ₱480	4,800.00 G-I (5) 246
262.	One surveyman	420.00 G-I (5) 247
263.	Seven surveymen at ₱360	2,520.00 G-I (5) 248
264.	Seven chainmen at ₱420	2,940.00 G-I (5) 249
265.	Forty-seven chainmen at ₱360	16,920.00 G-I (5) 250
266.	One rodman	480.00 G-I (5) 251
267.	Fifty-eight rodmen at ₱360	20,880.00 G-I (5) 252
268.	Twenty-nine instrument caretakers at ₱360	10,440.00 G-I (5) 254
269.	Thirty office caretakers at ₱360	10,800.00 G-I (5) 255
270.	One foreman	360.00 G-I (5)-256
271.	Two skilled laborers at ₱840	1,680.00 G-I (5)-257
272.	One laborer	360.00 G-I (5)-258
273.	One chauffeur	480.00 G-I (5)-259
	Total	<u>₱981,260.00</u>

The other units and positions authorized for the Bureau of Lands appearing in Commonwealth Act Numbered Four hundred and forty-six not provided for herein nor transferred to any bureau or office under the Department of Agriculture and Commerce shall be deemed to have been abolished.

3. The Bureau of Forestry shall have the following administrative units and positions in lieu of those provided for in Commonwealth Acts Numbered Four hundred forty-six, Three hundred four, as amended by Commonwealth Act Numbered Four hundred thirty-six, and Commonwealth Act Numbered Three hundred forty-seven:

New Item No.	Position	Item No. C. A. No. 446
1.	One Director	₱7,200.00 G-I (4) 1
ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISION		
2.	One chief of division	5,040.00 G-I (4) 2
3.	One assistant chief of division	3,240.00 G-I (4) 3
4.	One forester	2,160.00 G-I (4) 5
5.	One cashier and disbursing officer	1,800.00 G-I (4) 10
6.	Two rangers at ₱900	1,800.00 G-I (4) 6
7.	Two forest guards at ₱480	960.00 G-I (4) 8 & 199
8.	One forest guard	360.00 G-I (4) 9
9.	One clerk	1,200.00 G-I (4) 12
10.	Two clerks at ₱960	1,920.00 G-I (4) 13
11.	One clerk	480.00 G-I (4) 161
12.	One clerk	480.00 C. A. 304

New		Item No.	
Item No.	Position	C. A. No. 446	
13.	One clerk	360.00	G-I (4)-14
14.	One laborer	360.00	G-I (4)-28
General Service Section			
15.	One chief of section	1,560.00	G-I (4) 15
16.	One stenographer	2,400.00	GG-1 (f)
17.	One clerk	840.00	G-I (4) 17
18.	One clerk	780.00	G-I (4) 158
19.	One clerk	720.00	G-I (4) 18
20.	Two clerks at ₱600	1,200.00	G-I (4) 20 & 204
21.	One clerk	540.00	G-I (4) 21
22.	Four clerks at ₱480	1,920.00	G-I (4) 22, 113 & 40
23.	One janitor	420.00	G-I (4) 24
24.	Two watchmen at ₱420	840.00	G-I (4) 25
25.	One laborer	480.00	GG-1 (j)
26.	One laborer	480.00	G-I (4) 26
27.	One laborer	420.00	G-I (4) 210
28.	Six laborers at ₱360	2,160.00	G-I (4) 28 & 209
29.	One laborer	360.00	GG-1 (j)
30.	Two laborers at ₱1.25 p. d.	750.00	GG-1 (j)
Records Section			
31.	One chief of section	1,800.00	G-I (4) 29
32.	One assistant chief of section	900.00	G-I (4) 30
33.	One clerk	840.00	G-I (4) 31
34.	One clerk	600.00	G-I (4) 32
35.	One clerk	480.00	G-I (4) 34
36.	Two clerks at ₱360	720.00	G-I (4) 14 & 115
37.	One forest guard	480.00	G-I (4) 199
38.	Six messengers at ₱360	2,160.00	G-I (4) 35
39.	One laborer	360.00	G-I (4) 39
Property Section			
40.	One property clerk	1,440.00	G-I (4) 37
41.	One clerk	900.00	G-I (4) 147
42.	One clerk	720.00	G-I (4) 38

New Item No.	Position	Item No. C. A. No. 446
43.	One clerk	660.00 G-I (4) 19
44.	One clerk	600.00 G-I (4) 39
45.	One clerk	480.00 G-I (4) 40
46.	One clerk	420.00 G-I (4) 41
47.	One clerk	360.00 G-I (4) 42
48.	One forest guard	360.00 G-I (4) 9
49.	One laborer	480.00 GG-1 (j)
50.	Two laborers at ₱360	720.00 G-I (4) 43
51.	One laborer	360.00 GG-1 (i)
Legal Section		
52.	One assistant forester	2,820.00 G-I (4) 181
53.	One ranger	1,320.00 G-I (4) 52
54.	One clerk	600.00 C. A. 347
DIVISION OF FOREST INVESTIGATION		
55.	One chief of division	4,500.00 G-I (4) 44
56.	One assistant forester	2,820.00 G-I (4) 51
57.	One forest supervisor	1,920.00 C. A. 347
58.	One ranger	1,020.00 G-I (4) 191
59.	One ranger	1,200.00 G-I (4) 53
60.	One ranger	960.00 G-I (4) 57
61.	One ranger	900.00 G-I (4) 58
62.	One forest guard	900.00 G-I (4) 194
63.	One clerk	480.00 G-I (4) 61
64.	One clerk	480.00 GG-1 (g)
Silvics and Silviculture Section		
65.	One silviculturist	3,240.00 G-I (4) 68
66.	One forester	3,240.00 G-I (4) 50
67.	One assistant forester	2,760.00 G-I (4) 69
68.	One forest supervisor	2,400.00 G-I (4) 70
69.	Two forest supervisors at ₱2,040	4,080.00 G-I (4) 71
70.	One assistant logging engineer	1,800.00 G-I (4) 128
71.	One forest supervisor	1,560.00 G-I (4) 72
72.	One ranger	1,140.00 G-I (4) 189
73.	One ranger	960.00 G-I (4) 57
74.	Two rangers at ₱960	1,920.00 C. A. 347
75.	One ranger	900.00 GG-I (e)
76.	One ranger	900.00 G-I (4) 58

New		Item No.	
Item No.	Position	C. A. No. 446	
77.	One forest guard	900.00	G-I (4) 75
78.	One forest guard	660.00	G-I (4) 196
79.	One nurseryman	600.00	G-I (4) 76
80.	Two nurserymen at ₱480	960.00	G-I (4) 77
81.	Four nurserymen at ₱480	1,920.00	GG-1 (j)
82.	One nurseryman	420.00	G-I (4) 78
83.	One nurseryman	360.00	G-I (4) 79
84.	One assistant nurseryman	360.00	C. A. 304
Forest Products Section			
85.	One wood technologist	4,500.00	G-I (4) 45
86.	One forest supervisor	2,040.00	G-I (4) 80
87.	One ranger	1,320.00	G-I (4) 73
88.	One ranger	1,200.00	G-I (4) 53
89.	One ranger	1,080.00	G-I (4) 190
90.	One ranger	960.00	G-I(4) 89
91.	One ranger	960.00	C. A. 347
92.	Five rangers at ₱900	4,500.00	G-I (4) 82
93.	One forest guard	900.00	G-I (4) 83
94.	One forest guard	840.00	G-I (4) 7
95.	One forest guard	480.00	G-I (4) 199
96.	One forest guard	360.00	G-I (4) 121
97.	One preparatory	540.00	G-I (4) 86
98.	One mechanic	780.00	G-I (4)208
99.	One carpenter	480.00	G-I (4) 62
100.	One driver	420.00	C. A. 304
101.	One skilled laborer	840.00	G-I (4) 87
102.	Three skilled laborers at ₱600	1,800.00	G-I (4) 64 & 88
103.	One wood turner	480.00	G-I (4) 63
104.	One laborer	480.00	G-I (4) 65
105.	Two laborers at ₱420	840.00	G-I (4) 27 & 66
106.	Three laborers at ₱360	1,080.00	G-I (4) 28 & 67
107.	Three laborers at ₱360	1,080.00	GG-1 (j)
Forest Protection Section			
108.	One forest entomologist	3,600.00	G-I (4) 46
109.	One assistant forest entomologist	1,800.00	G-I (4) 47
110.	One forest pathologist	3,600.00	G-I (4) 48

New Item No.	Position	Item No. C. A. No. 446	
111.	One ranger	960.00	C. A. 347
112.	Two rangers at ₱900	1,800.00	G-I (4) 58 & 90
113.	One forest guard	900.00	G-I (4) 91
114.	Two forest guards at ₱540	1,080.00	G-I (4) 92
115.	One forest guard	480.00	G-I (4) 93
116.	Four forest guards at ₱360	1,440.00	G-I (4) 85 & 94
117.	Four laborers at ₱360	1,440.00	G-I (4) 67 & 209
DIVISION OF FOREST MANAGEMENT			
118.	One chief of division	5,460.00	G-I (4) 95
119.	One forester	3,420.00	G-I (4) 97
120.	One clerk	900.00	G-I (4) 99
121.	One clerk	840.00	G-I (4) 60
Working Plans Section			
122.	One forest supervisor	1,800.00	G-I (4) 163
123.	One ranger	1,020.00	G-I (4) 118
124.	Two rangers at ₱960	1,920.00	C. A. 347
125.	Three rangers at ₱900	2,700.00	G-I (4) 102 & 119
126.	One forest guard	480.00	G-I (4) 199
127.	Two forest guards at ₱360	720.00	G-I (4) 103 & 111
128.	One clerk	720.00	G-I (4) 159
129.	Two clerks at ₱480	960.00	G-I (4) 105 & 123
Special Use Permits Section			
130.	One ranger	1,020.00	G-I (4) 191
131.	Five rangers at ₱900	4,500.00	G-I (4) 108 & 119
132.	Two forest guards at ₱480	960.00	G-I (4) 120 & 199
133.	One forest guard	420.00	G-I (4) 110
134.	One clerk	720.00	G-I (4) 112
135.	One clerk	480.00	G-I (4) 161
136.	One clerk	360.00	G-I (4) 23

New Item No.	Position	Item No. C. A. No. 446
Claims and Conflicts Section		
137.	One ranger	1,140.00 G-I (4) 189
138.	Two rangers at ₱1,140	2,280.00 G-I (4) 101 & 189
139.	One ranger	1,080.00 G-I (4) 117
140.	Two rangers at ₱900	1,800.00 G-I (4) 108 & 119
141.	One ranger	900.00 C. A. 347
142.	One forest guard	480.00 G-I (4) 199
143.	One clerk	360.00 G-I (4) 124
144.	One clerk	720.00 G-I (4) 122
145.	One clerk	600.00 G-I (4) 104
146.	Two clerks at ₱480	960.00 G-I (4) 113 & 123
147.	One clerk	360.00 G-I (4) 151
DIVISION OF FOREST CONCESSIONS		
148.	One chief of division	5,460.00 G-I (4) 125
149.	One assistant chief of division	4,500.00 G-I (4) 126
150.	One logging engineer	3,600.00 G-I (4) 127
Sawmill and Scaling Section		
151.	One assistant forester	2,400.00 G-I (4) 162
152.	One forest supervisor	2,040.00 G-I (4) 130
153.	One forest supervisor	1,800.00 G-I (4) 131
154.	One senior ranger	1,440.00 C. A. 347
155.	Seven rangers at ₱900	6,300.00 G-I (4) 133
156.	One forest guard	900.00 G-I (4) 134
157.	One forest guard	540.00 G-I (4) 135
158.	One stenographer	1,200.00 G-I (4) 11
License Section		
159.	One chief of section	2,160.00 G-I (4) 139
160.	One assistant chief of section	960.00 G-I (4) 16
161.	One ranger	1,080.00 G-I (4) 190
162.	Seven rangers at ₱900	6,300.00 G-I (4) 6,133, 143 & 193
163.	One forest guard	540.00 G-I (4) 59

New Item No.	Position	Item No. C. A. No. 446
164.	Two forest guards at ₱480	960.00 G-I (4) 136 &144
165.	Five forest guards at ₱360	1,800.00 G-I (4)137 &145
166.	One clerk	960.00 G-I (4) 146
167.	Two clerks at ₱840	1,680.00 G-I (4) 148
168.	One clerk	660.00 G-I (4) 149
169.	Five clerks at ₱480	2,400.00 G-I (4)123, 138,150 & 161
170.	One clerk	360.00 G-I (4) 151
Forest Reconnaissance (Inventory) Section		
171.	One forester	3,240.00 G-I (4) 179
172.	One assistant forester	2,580.00 G-I (4) 129
173.	One assistant logging engineer	1,800.00 G-I (4) 128
174.	One forest supervisor	1,920.00 C. A. 347
175.	One ranger	1,020.00 G-I (4)191
DIVISION OF FOREST ENGINEERING		
176.	One chief of division	4,500.00 G-I (4) 152
177.	One assistant chief of division	4,020.00 G-I (4) 153
178.	One forester	3,180.00 G-I (4) 180
179.	One clerk	600.00 C. A. 347
Land Classification Section		
180.	One assistant forester	2,400.00 C. A. 347
181.	One senior ranger	1,440.00 C. A. 347
182.	Two rangers at ₱1,140	2,280.00 G-I (4) 189
183.	One ranger	1,020.00 G-I (4) 191
184.	One ranger	960.00 G-I (4) 156
185.	Twenty-four rangers at ₱960	23,040.00 C. A. 347
186.	Six rangers at ₱900	5,400.00 G-I (4) 157 &165
187.	One clerk	840.00 G-I (4) 154
188.	One clerk	720.00 G-I (4) 122
189.	One clerk	600.00 G-I (4) 160
190.	One clerk	600.00 C. A. 347
191.	One clerk	540.00 G-I (4) 33

New Item No.	Position	Item No. C. A. No. 446
192.	One clerk	480.00 G-1 (4) 161
193.	Two laborers at ₱360	720.00 C. A. 347

Forest Surveys and Maps Section

194.	One forester	3,120.00 C. A. 347
195.	One forest supervisor	1,800.00 G-I (4) 155
196.	Two senior rangers at ₱1,440	2,880.00 C. A. 347
197.	One ranger	960.00 C. A. 347
198.	Three rangers at ₱900	2,700.00 G-I (4) 165
199.	One assistant topographical draftsman	1,680.00 G-I (4) 166
200.	Three assistant topographical draftsmen at ₱1,200	3,600.00 G-I (4) 167
201.	One junior topographical draftsman	960.00 G-I (4) 168
202.	Two assistant topographical draftsmen at ₱960	1,920.00 C. A. 347
203.	Three junior topographical draftsmen at ₱900	2,700.00 G-I (4) 169
204.	One junior topographical draftsman	840.00 G-I (4) 170
205.	Two junior topographical draftsmen at ₱720	1,440.00 G-I (4) 171
206.	Five junior topographical draftsmen at ₱720	3,600.00 C. A. 347
207.	Four junior topographical draftsmen at ₱600	2,400.00 G-I (4) 172
208.	Nine junior topographical draftsmen at ₱480	4,320.00 G-I (4) 173
209.	Four junior topographical draftsmen at ₱480	1,920.00 C. A. 347
210.	Ten junior topographical draftsmen at ₱360	3,600.00 G-I (4) 174
211.	One forest guard	840.00 G-I (4) 98
212.	One clerk	600.00 C. A. 347
213.	One clerk	480.00 G-I (4) 22
214.	One junior computer	480.00 G-I (4) 175
215.	Two junior computers at ₱420	840.00 C. A. 347
216.	One junior computer	360.00 G-I (4) 176
217.	One blueprinter	480.00 G-I (4) 177
218.	Two blueprinters at ₱360	720.00 G-I (4) 178

Forest Improvement and National Parks Section

219.	One forest supervisor	2,400.00 G-I (4) 116
220.	One ranger	900.00 G-I (4) 102
221.	One forest guard	360.00 G-I (4) 103
222.	One assistant topographical draftsman	960.00 C. A. 347
223.	One junior topographical draftsman	480.00 C. A. 347
224.	One junior topographical draftsman	480.00 G-I (4) 173

New Item No.	Position	Item No. C. A. No. 446
Forest Statistics Section		
225.	One ranger	1,440.00 G-I (4) 140
226.	One ranger	1,140.00 G-I (4) 141
227.	One ranger	900.00 G-I (4) 143
228.	One junior computer	480.00 G-I (4) 175
DIVISION OF RECLAMATION AND REFORESTATION		
229.	One chief of division	4,500.00 GG-I (a)
230.	One assistant chief of division	3,240.00 GG-1 (b)
Afforestation and Reforestation Section		
231.	One assistant forester	2,400.00 GG-1 (d)
232.	One ranger	900.00 C. A. 304
233.	Two rangers at ₱900	1,800.00 G-I (4)
234.	Four clerks at ₱480	1,920.00 GG-1 (g)
235.	Two laborers at ₱480	960.00 GG-1 (j)
Coöperative Planting Section		
236.	One ranger	1,020.00 G-I (4) 191
237.	One laborer	480.00 GG-1 (i)
238.	One laborer	360.00 G-I (4) 210
DIVISION OF GRAZING AND WILDLIFE		
239.	One chief of division	4,260.00 G-IV-15 (a)
240.	One assistant chief of division	3,600.00 G-I (4) 96
Grazing Section		
241.	One ranger	900.00 G-I (4) 108
242.	One ranger	960.00 C. A. 347
243.	Three ranger at ₱900	2,700.00 G-I (4) 119, 133 & 195
244.	Two forest guards at ₱540	1,080.00 G-I (4) 109
245.	One clerk	480.00 G-I (4) 113
246.	One clerk	480.00 C. A. 304
247.	One clerk	420.00 G-I (4) 114
248.	One clerk	360.00 G-I (4) 151

New Item No.	Position	Item No. C. A. No. 446
Wildlife Section		
249.	One ranger	1,140.00 G-I (4) 54
250.	One game warden	840.00 G-I (6) 151
251.	One clerk	480.00 G-I (4) 157
252.	One laborer	360.00 GG-1 (i)
FIELD SERVICE		
253.	One forester-at-large	4,500.00 G-I (4) 4
254.	Two foresters at ₱3,240	6,480.00 G-I (4) 3 & 179
255.	Two foresters at ₱3,180	6,360.00 G-I (4) 180
256.	One forester	3,000.00 GG-1 (c)
257.	Five assistant foresters at ₱2,820	14,100.00 G-I (4) 181
258.	One assistant forester	2,400.00 GG-1 (d)
259.	One assistant forest pathologist	1,800.00 G-I (4) 49
260.	One forest supervisor	1,980.00 G-I (4) 182
261.	Two forest supervisors at ₱1,800	3,600.00 G-I (4) 155 & 183
262.	Two rangers at ₱1,500	3,000.00 G-I (4) 100 & 184
263.	Two rangers at 1,440	2,880.00 G-I (4) 185
264.	Six rangers at ₱1,320	7,920.00 G-I (4) 52 & 186
265.	Three rangers at ₱1,260	3,780.00 G-I (4) 187
266.	Fifteen rangers at ₱1,200	18,000.00 G-I (4) 188 & 132
267.	Four rangers at ₱1,140	4,560.00 G-I (4) 189
268.	Five rangers at ₱1,080	5,400.00 G-I (4) 55, 117 & 190
269.	Six rangers at ₱1,020	6,120.00 G-I (4) 66, 118 & 191
270.	Twenty six rangers at ₱960	24,960.00 G-I (4) 57, 81, 108, 107, 142, 156, 164 & 192

New Item No.	Position	Item No. C. A. No. 446
271.	Two hundred sixty-three rangers at ₱900	236,700.00 G-I (4) 6, 58, 74, 90, 102, 143, 157, 165 & 193
272.	Fourteen rangers at ₱900	12,600.00 GG-I (e)
273.	Sixteen forest guards at ₱900	14,400.00 G-I (4) 134 & 194
274.	Six forest guards at ₱840	5,040.00 G-I (4) 195
275.	Three forest guards at ₱660	1,980.00 G-I (4) 196
276.	Two forest guards at ₱600	1,200.00 G-I (4) 84 & 197
277.	Sixteen forest guards at ₱540	8,640.00 G-I (4) 198
278.	Thirty-five forest guards at ₱480	16,800.00 G-I (4) 199
279.	Two forest guards at ₱420	840.00 G-I (4) 200
280.	Forty-three forest guards at ₱360	15,480.00 G-I (4) 9, 103, 111, 121 & 201
281.	Two clerks at ₱840	1,680.00 G-I (4) 202
282.	Three clerks at ₱720	2,160.00 G-I (4) 18 & 208
283.	Ten clerks at ₱480	4,800.00 G-I (4) 205
284.	Seven junior computers at ₱360	2,520.00 G-I (4) 206
285.	One driver	420.00 GG-I (h)
286.	One nurseryman	420.00 G-I (4) 207
287.	Thirty-three laborers at ₱360	11,880.00 G-I (4) 209
288.	Twenty-eight laborer at ₱360	10,080.00 GG-I (i)
289.	Emergency laborers	6,190.00 G-I (4) 210
290.	Emergency laborers	122,850.00 GG-I (j)
291.	One hundred twenty-five fire-wardens for the Mountain Province at ₱24 per season each	3,000.00 G-I (4) 211
		<u><u>₱1,000,000.00</u></u>

The positions in items 16, 25, 29, 30, 49, 51, 64, 75, 81, 107, 229, 230, 231, 234, 235, 237, 252, 256, 258, 272, 285, 288, and 290 shall continue to be paid from the appropriation for the reforestation and afforestation of watersheds, denuded areas, and cogon or open lands within forest reserves, communal forests, national parks and timber lands, sand dunes, and other public forests, as provided in item GG-1 (a) to (j), pages 386 and 387 of Commonwealth Act Numbered Four hundred forty-six; item 239, from the appropriation for salaries and wages as provided in item G-IV-15(a), page 222 of Commonwealth Act Numbered Four hundred forty-six; items 12, 84, 100, 232, and 246, from the appropriation in Commonwealth Act Numbered Three hundred four; and items 54, 57, 74, 91,

111, 124, 141, 154, 174, 179, 180, 181, 185, 190, 193, 194, 196, 197, 202, 206, 209, 212, 215, 222, 223, and 242, from the appropriation in Commonwealth Act Numbered Three hundred forty-seven.

4. The Division of Veterinary Research in the Bureau of Animal Industry is hereby abolished and in lieu thereof, a Division of Parasitology and Protozoology and a Division of Pathology and Bacteriology are hereby created. To these divisions are hereby transferred all the positions heretofore pertaining to the Division of Veterinary Research and others authorized for other divisions and special purposes, as follows :

Item No.		C. A. No. 446	
New	Position	Item No.	
DIVISION OF PARASITOLOGY AND PROTOZOÖLOGY			
1.	One assistant chief of division	P3,000.00	G-I (3) - 99
	Protozoölogy Section		
2.	One assistant veterinarian	1,560.00	G-I (3)-100
3.	One laborer	420.00	G-I (3)- 97
	Entomology Section		
4.	One veterinary entomologist	2,400.00	G-IV-6(a)
5.	One laboratory helper	480.00	G-IV-8(s)
	Helminthology Section		
6.	One assistant zoötechnist	1,800.00	G-IV-8(c)
7.	Temporary and emergency laborers	14,000.00	G-IV-8(v)
	Parasitic Disease Control Section		
8.	One assistant zoötechnist	1,800.00	G-IV-8(c)
9.	One livestock inspector	660.00	G-I (3)-102
DIVISION OF PATHOLOGY AND BACTERIOLOGY			
10.	One chief of division (recreated)	4,020.00	G-I (3)-77
11.	One assistant chief of division	4,020.00	G-I (3)-78
12.	One clerk	1,440.00	G-I (3)-80
13.	One driver	480.00	G-IV-7 (r)
	Bacterial and Virus Diseases Section		
14.	One chief of section	1,800.00	G-I (3)-79
15.	One assistant zoötechnist	1,800.00	G-IV-8 (c)

Item No.			C. A. No. 446
New	Position		Item No.
16.	One livestock inspector	780.00	G-IV-6 (e)
17.	One livestock inspector	540.00	G-I (3)-82
18.	One foreman	780.00	G-I (3)-96
19.	One laborer	540.00	G-IV-6 (t)
20.	One livestock inspector	480.00	G-I (3)-95
21.	One laborer	420.00	G-IV-6(u)
22.	One laborer	420.00	G-I (3)-104
23.	One laborer	420.00	G-I (3)-104
24.	One laborer	360.00	G-I (3)-85
25.	One groom	420.00	G-IV-6 (r)
26.	One groom	420.00	G-IV-6 (r)
Immunology Section			
27.	One chief of section	2,160.00	G-I (3)-86
28.	One livestock extension officer	1,200.00	G-IV-8 (l)
29.	One laboratory assistant	600.00	G-IV-6 (n)
30.	One skilled laborer	660.00	G-IV-6 (s)
31.	One groom	420.00	G-IV-6 (r)
32.	One laborer	420.00	G-IV-6 (u)
33.	One assistant machinist	600.00	G-I (3)-91
34.	One laborer	420.00	G-IV-6 (u)
35.	One laborer	360.00	G-I (3)-144
Biochemic Section			
36.	One chemist	1,800.00	G-I (3)- 87
37.	One chemist	2,400.00	G-I (8)-167
38.	One laboratory assistant	480.00	G-IV-6(o)
39.	One laboratory assistant	420.00	G-IV-6 (p)
40.	One laboratory assistant	420.00	G-IV-6 (p)
41.	One laborer	360.00	G-I (3)-98
42.	One livestock inspector	660.00	G-I (3) 94
43.	One laboratory technician	900.00	G-TV-6 (i)
44.	One laboratory assistant	720.00	G-IV-6 (m)
45.	One laborer	540.00	G-IV-6 (t)
Biological Products Section			
46.	One chief of section	1,800.00	G-I (3)- 92
47.	One laboratory technician	720.00	G-I (3)- 93
48.	One livestock inspector	720.00	G-I (3)-101
49.	One livestock inspector	540.00	G-I (3)- 88

Item No.			C. A. No. 446
New	Position		Item No.
50.	One laboratory technician	540.00	G-I (3)- 89
51.	One livestock inspector	660.00	G-I (3)- 81
52.	One laborer	420.00	G-IV-6 (u)
53.	One watchman	480.00	G-I (3)-41
54.	One groom	540.00	G-IV-6 (q)
55.	One machinist	1,020.00	G-I (3)-90
56.	One assistant machinist	600.00	G-I (3)-91
57.	One laborer	420.00	G-I (3)-97
58.	One laboratory assistant	420.00	G-IV-6 (p)
		<u>₱69,680.00</u>	

The positions in items 4, 16, 19, 21, 25, 26, 29, 30, 31, 32, 34, 38, 39, 40, 43, 44, 45, 52, 54, and 58 shall continue to be paid from the appropriation for the eradication and control of anthrax, rinderpest, foot-and-mouth, and other animal diseases, under Acts Numbered Thirty-one hundred and nineteen, Thirty-one hundred and sixty-six, and Thirty-eight hundred and twenty-five, and Commonwealth Act Numbered One hundred and thirty-four, as provided in items G-IV-6 (a) to (u), pages 205 to 206 of Commonwealth Act Numbered Four hundred and forty-six; items 5, 6, 7, 8, 15, and 28 from the appropriation for the personnel of the Philippine livestock promotion fund, for carrying out the provisions of Commonwealth Act Numbered One hundred and eighteen, item G-IV-8(a) to (v), pages 208 and 209 of the same Act; and item 13 from the appropriation for the personnel of the stock farms, breeding stations, slaughterhouses, and animal products fund, under Act Numbered Twenty-seven hundred and fifty-eight as amended, item G-IV-7(r), page 207 also of the same Act.

5. The rates of compensation herein given shall be subject to adjustments in accordance with the classification and allocation of positions that may be made by the Salary Board.

6. The appropriations for certain items under sundry expenses authorized for the Department of Agriculture and Commerce in Commonwealth Act Numbered Four hundred and forty-six are hereby fixed as follows:

Item No.	Original Appropriation	Amount fixed in this Executive Order	Decrease
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II.-SUNDRY EXPENSES

1. Traveling expenses of personnel	₱400,000	₱352,370	₱47,630
2. Freight, express, and delivery service	24,000	21,660	2,340
6. Consumption of supplies and materials	261,140	242,810	18,330
8. Traveling expenses of persons not government employees	1,000.00	555	445
9. Maintenance and repair of equipment	15,000	10,620	4,380
10. Other services, including prior years' expenses of the Weather Bureau	30,000	22,845	7,155
Total			<u>₱80,280</u>

The reduction in the total amount of ₱80,280 is transferred to the appropriations for the salaries and wages to provide for the new positions and increase in salaries herein authorized, for the Office of the Secretary of Agriculture and Commerce.

Done at the City of Manila, this thirty-first day of December, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *Messages of the President* (Vol. 5, Prt. 1). Manila: Bureau of Printing.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 247
ABOLISHING THE BUREAU OF LABOR AND TRANSFERRING
ALL ITS FUNCTIONS TO THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR, AND EFFECTING
CERTAIN ADJUSTMENTS OF THE PERSONNEL THEREOF.

The public interest so demanding, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the power in me vested by Commonwealth Acts Numbered Four hundred fifty-three and Five hundred one, do ordain and promulgate the following:

ABOLITION OF THE BUREAU OF LABOR

1. The Bureau of Labor is hereby abolished and all its functions and activities are transferred to the Department of Labor which shall hereafter perform the same directly.
2. The personnel of the Bureau of Labor, together with its appropriations, equipment, properties and records are likewise transferred to the Department of Labor.

ORGANIZATION OF THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

3. The Department of Labor shall have the following administrative units and positions in lieu of those provided in Commonwealth Act Numbered Four hundred forty-six;

Item No.
Com. Act.
No. 446

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

1. Secretary of Department	₱12,000.00	J-I(1)-1
2. Undersecretary of Department	9,000.00	2
3. One private secretary	6,000.00	3
4. One administrative officer	6,000.00	4
5. One senior assistant	3,120.00	New
6. Two confidential agents at ₱960	1,920.00	New
7. Expert and technical personnel, to be employed with the approval of the President	24,000.00	7

IMMIGRATION DIVISION

8. One chief of division	5,100.00
9. One assistant chief of division	3,960.00

		Item No. Com. Act. No. 446
10.	Two clerks at ₱1,200	2,400.00
11.	One chief of section (Boarding, Investigation, and Deportation Section)	2,760.00
12.	One secret service agent	2,040.00
13.	Two inspectors at ₱1,800	3,600.00
14.	Three inspectors at ₱1,440	4,320.00
15.	Ten inspectors at ₱1,200	12,000.00
16.	Three clerk-stenographers at ₱840	2,520.00
17.	One chief of Records Section	1,800.00
18.	One clerk	1,080.00
19.	Nine clerks at ₱960	8,640.00
20.	One clerk	720.00
21.	Two messengers at ₱420	840.00
22.	Five board chairmen (Boards of Special Inquiry) at ₱3,120	15,600.00
23.	Five board members at ₱2,400	12,000.00
24.	Five board members (secretary) at ₱1,440	7,200.00
25.	Five Chinese interpreters at ₱840	4,200.00
26.	One chief of Correspondence Section	1,440.00
27.	Three clerks at ₱960	2,830.00
28.	One chief of Bond Section	1,800.00
29.	One clerk	1,200.00
30.	Three clerks at ₱960	2,880.00
31.	One clerk	840.00
32.	One clerk	780.00
33.	One chief of Overseer's Section	1,440.00
34.	One clerk	960.00
35.	One clerk	840.00
36.	One clerk	600.00
37.	One matron	720.00
38.	One matron	540.00
39.	Five guards at ₱720	3,600.00
40.	Five guards at ₱600	3,000.00
41.	One watchman	720.00
42.	One watchman	600.00
43.	One janitor	600.00
44.	Two janitors at ₱540	1,080.00
45.	One janitor	480.00
46.	One janitor	420.00
47.	One interpreter	720.00
48.	One photographer	840.00
49.	One chief of Certificate Section	1,440.00
50.	Five clerks at ₱960	4,800.00
51.	One typist	600.00

		Item No. Com. Act. No. 446	
52.	One medical officer	1,800.00	
53.	One nurse	960.00	
54.	One fingerprint operator	1,200.00	
55.	One fingerprint operator	960.00	
56.	Two assistant fingerprint operators at ₱720	1,440.00	
57.	One collecting officer	1,200.00	
58.	Six confidential agents at ₱840	5,040.00	
LABOR INSPECTION DIVISION			
59.	One chief labor inspector	6,000.00	J-I(1)-4
60.	One assistant chief labor inspector	3,120.00	New
61.	One senior assistant	2,400.00	New
62.	One assistant attorney	1,800.00	J-I(2)-6
63.	One labor agent	1,800.00	102
64.	One labor agent	1,500.00	9
65.	One clerk	600.00	108
Safety Inspection Service			
66.	One senior safety engineer	3,600.00	J-I(1)-67
67.	One junior safety engineer	1,560.00	68
68.	One inspecting engineer	1,680.00	69
69.	Two mining safety inspectors at ₱1,800	3,600.00	71
70.	One mechanical inspector	1,140.00	70
71.	One safety inspector	1,440.00	72
72.	One safety inspector	1,200.00	73
73.	Two safety inspectors at ₱960	1,920.00	74
74.	Four safety inspectors at ₱720	2,880.00	75
75.	Two assistant safety inspectors at ₱600	1,200.00	76
76.	One clerk-stenographer	720.00	77
77.	One draftsman	720.00	78
78.	One clerk	720.00	J-I(2)-110
79.	One labor inspector	1,200.00	104
80.	One labor inspector	1,080.00	17
81.	One labor inspector	900.00	105
82.	One labor inspector	720.00	106
Labor Organization Section			
83.	One labor agent	1,500.00	J-I(2)-10
84.	One labor agent	1,200.00	15

Item No.
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No. 446

Woman and Child Labor Section

85.	One chief of section	1,800.00	32
86.	One labor agent	1,440.00	33
87.	One labor inspector	1,200.00	34
88.	One labor inspector	840.00	35
89.	One clerk	600.00	36

Strikes and Lockouts Section

90.	One labor agent	2,040.00	J-I(2)-12
91.	One labor agent	1,500.00	103
92.	One labor inspector	840.00	61
93.	Two labor inspectors at ₱600	1,200.00	18
94.	One stenographer	840.00	New
95.	One typist	960.00	22
96.	One clerk	1,080.00	107

DIVISION OF PUBLIC DEFENDERS

97.	One chief of division	5,100.00	J-I(2)-2
98.	One supervising public defender	4,200.00	3
99.	Two public defenders at ₱2,400	4,800.00	5
100.	Two public defenders at ₱1,800	3,600.00	6
101.	Three public defenders at ₱1,440	4,320.00	8
102.	One assistant attorney	1,800.00	10
103.	One labor agent	1,200.00	15
104.	One stenographer	960.00	20
105.	One stenographer	840.00	21
106.	One clerk	840.00	28

Civil Section

107.	One attorney of labor and chief of section	3,600.00	37
108.	One assistant attorney	2,400.00	38
109.	One assistant attorney	2,400.00	New
110.	One assistant attorney	1,200.00	11
111.	One assistant attorney	1,200.00	39
112.	One stenographer	1,080.00	40
113.	One stenographer	840.00	New
114.	One clerk	1,200.00	41
115.	Two clerks at ₱1,080	2,160.00	42

			Item No. Com. Act. No. 446
116.	One clerk	720.00	43
117.	One clerk	600.00	44

Provincial Public Defenders

118.	Five public defenders at ₱3,000	15,000.00	4
119.	Eleven public defenders at ₱2,400	26,400.00	5
120.	Two public defenders at ₱2,400	4,800.00	New
121.	Twenty-one public defenders at ₱1,800	37,800.00	6
122.	Three public defenders at ₱1,500	4,500.00	7
123.	Two public defenders at ₱1,440	2,880.00	8
124.	One assistant public defender	1,200.00	9
125.	One assistant attorney	1,800.00	10
126.	Two labor agents at ₱1,800	3,600.00	J-I(2)-13
127.	Four labor agents at ₱1,200	4,800.00	New
128.	Three labor agents at ₱1,440	4,320.00	14
129.	Nine labor agents at ₱1,200	10,800.00	15
130.	Two labor agents at ₱600	1,200.00	16
131.	One stenographer	1,200.00	19
132.	One clerk	840.00	23
133.	Fifteen clerks at ₱600	9,000.00	24
134.	One clerk	540.00	25
135.	Nine clerks at ₱480	4,320.00	26
136.	Two clerks at ₱420	840.00	27
137.	Sixteen clerks at ₱360	5,760.00	28
138.	Four clerk-laborers at ₱360	1,440.00	29
139.	Two messengers at ₱360	720.00	30
140.	Eight laborers at ₱360	2,880.00	31
141.	One driver	600.00	J-I(1)-26

CLAIMS DIVISION

142.	One chief of division	3,950.00	J-I(1)-72
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Workmen's Compensation Section

143.	One chief of section	2,400.00	73
144.	One law clerk	1,800.00	New
145.	One labor agent	1,800.00	74
146.	One labor agent	1,200.00	85
147.	One labor agent	660.00	81
148.	One clerk	1,500.00	89

			Item No. Com. Act. No. 446
149.	One clerk	1,200.00	84
150.	One clerk	1,200.00	86
151.	Two clerks at ₱840	1,680.00	87
152.	Two clerks at ₱720	1,440.00	79 & 90
153.	One clerk	600.00	82
154.	Two clerks at ₱600	1,200.00	88 & 91
155.	One clerk	480.00	80
156.	One stenographer	960.00	New
157.	One stenographer	720.00	77
158.	One messenger	360.00	92
159.	One laborer	360.00	83
Wage Claims Section			
160.	One chief of section	2,400.00	New
161.	One labor agent	1,800.00	45
162.	One assistant attorney	1,200.00	New
163.	One stenographer	840.00	46
164.	Two stenographer at ₱720	1,440.00	47
165.	One clerk	660.00	J-I(2)-48
166.	One clerk	600.00	49
167.	One clerk	480.00	50
ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISION			
168.	One chief of division	3,720.00	J-I(1)-12
169.	One clerk	1,980.00	17
170.	One clerk	1,800.00	New
171.	One personnel clerk	1,320.00	18
172.	One clerk	1,080.00	20
173.	One clerk	840.00	21
174.	One clerk	720.00	J-I(2)-106
175.	One clerk	600.00	J-I(2)-22
176.	Two clerks at ₱480	960.00	23
177.	One clerk	420.00	24
178.	One clerk	360.00	25
Miscellaneous Section			
179.	One attorney	2,580.00	13
180.	Two assistant attorneys at ₱2,400	4,800.00	14
181.	One assistant attorney	1,800.00	15

			Item No.
			Com. Act.
			No. 446
182.	Two clerks at ₱1,440	2,880.00	16
183.	One clerk-stenographer	2,040.00	8
184.	One clerk-stenographer	1,200.00	19
185.	Two messengers at ₱360	720.00	11
186.	Two laborers at ₱360	720.00	27
Records Section			
187.	One chief of section	2,400.00	New
188.	One assistant chief of section	1,800.00	J-I(2)-124
189.	One clerk	840.00	125
190.	One clerk	840.00	New
191.	One clerk	720.00	126
192.	One clerk	600.00	127
193.	One clerk	600.00	J-I(2)-10
194.	One clerk	480.00	J-I(2)-128
195.	One messenger	360.00	129
196.	One messenger	360.00	130
197.	One messenger	360.00	New
Cashier and Disbursing Section			
198.	One cashier and disbursing officer	1,800.00	J-I(2)-131
199.	One clerk	600.00	132
200.	One clerk	480.00	133
Property Section			
201.	One chief of section	1,820.00	J-I(2)-134
202.	One clerk	600.00	135
203.	One laborer	360.00	136
Janitor Service			
204.	One head janitor	600.00	137
205.	One janitor	430.00	138
206.	One janitor	420.00	139
207.	Two watchmen at ₱420	840.00	144
208.	Three laborers at ₱360	1,080.00	141
209.	One laborer	360.00	J-I(1)-27

Item No.
Com. Act.
No. 446

DIVISION OF LABOR STATISTICS

210.	One chief of division	3,720.00	J-I(2)-51
211.	One statistician	1,800.00	52
212.	One editor, labor bulletin	1,500.00	53
213.	One clerk-stenographer	600.00	54
214.	One messenger	360.00	55

Information Section

215.	One chief of section	1,200.00	56
216.	One clerk	720.00	57
217.	Six junior statisticians at ₱600	3,600.00	58
218.	Two clerks at ₱600	1,200.00	59

Compilation Section

219.	One chief of section	1,200.00	60
220.	One junior statistician	600.00	62
221.	Two clerk-compilers at ₱600	1,200.00	63
222.	Four clerk-compilers at ₱480	1,920.00	64
223.	Two clerks at ₱600	1,200.00	65
224.	Three clerks at ₱480	1,440.00	66

Publication and Library Section

225.	One publishing clerk	1,440.00	67
226.	Three junior statisticians at ₱600	1,800.00	68
227.	One clerk-compiler	480.00	69
228.	One clerk	360.00	70
229.	One laborer	360.00	71

MARINE AND EMPLOYMENT DIVISION

230.	One chief of division	2,940.00	J-I(2)-98
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Placement Section

231.	One chief of section	2,400.00	New
232.	Two employment agents at ₱1,200	2,400.00	J-I(2)-97
233.	One employment agent	600.00	96

			Item No. Com. Act. No. 446
234.	One clerk	960.00	94
235.	One clerk	720.00	98
236.	One clerk	600.00	95
237.	One clerk	480.00	J-I(1)-23
Investigation Section			
238.	One chief of section	1,800.00	New
239.	One employment agent	1,200.00	J-I(2)-99
240.	One clerk	840.00	100
SOCIAL IMPROVEMENT DIVISION			
241.	One chief of division	5,040.00	J-I(1)-5
242.	Three rural labor agents at ₱1,200	3,600.00	J-I(2)-111
243.	One rural labor agent	720.00	112
244.	Four rural labor agents at ₱660	2,640.00	113
245.	Six rural labor agents at ₱600	3,600.00	114
246.	Four rural labor agents at ₱540	2,160.00	115
247.	One rural labor agent	480.00	116
248.	Two rural labor agents at ₱420	840.00	117
249.	One rural labor agent	360.00	118
250.	One typist	720.00	119
251.	Two clerks at ₱600	1,200.00	120
252.	One clerk	480.00	121
253.	One clerk-laborer	360.00	123
254.	One messenger	360.00	122
MEDICAL INSPECTION DIVISION			
255.	One chief medical officer	3,000.00	75
256.	Four assistant medical officers at ₱1,800	7,200.00	New
257.	One nurse	720.00	76
258.	One clerk	480.00	78
Total for salaries and wages		<u>₱611,460.00</u>	

Provided, however, That the rates of compensation herein given shall be subject to adjustments in accordance with the classification and allocation of positions that may be made by the Salary Board.

The appropriation of ₱100,000 authorized by Commonwealth Act No. 501 is hereby allotted for the following purposes:

(1)	For adjustment of the salaries of the personnel of the Department of Labor as specified in paragraph (8) hereof	₱96,240.00
(2)	For sundry expenses and purchase of equipment	3,760.00
	Total	<u>₱100,000.00</u>

Done at the City of Manila, this thirty-first day of December, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, and of the Commonwealth of Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *Messages of the President* (Vol. 5, Prt. 1). Manila: Bureau of Printing.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 248.
FURTHER AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 233,
DATED NOVEMBER 8, 1939, ENTITLED “FIXING THE MAXIMUM SELLING
PRICES OF CERTAIN ARTICLES OF PRIME NECESSITY.”

1. The attached Tables 148, 149 and 150 fixing the maximum prices for “Emperador,” “Sea Gull,” “Champion,” “Alta Mar,” “El Campo,” “Veribest,” “Luneta” sardines; and “Luneta” pilchards are hereby appended to and made integral parts of Executive Order No. 233.

2. The maximum prices fixed in Executive Order No. 233 and amendment thereto, for “Apollo,” “Bethlehem,” “Republic,” “Youngstown,” “Globe,” “Atlas” and “Zodiac” galvanized iron; for plain galvanized wire, 35-lb. coil; for American steel bars; for European steel bars; for common wire nails; for “Number One” sardines and pilchards; for “Mayon” and “El Asahi” sardines; for “Libby’s,” “Dutch Baby,” “Frisian Flag” and “Farm” evaporated milk; for “Train” condensed milk; and for “Hereford” corned beef are hereby revised as shown in the attached Tables Nos. 113-147; 150, 151, 152, and 153.

3. The maximum selling prices per tin for “Cock,” “Carabao,” “Tractora,” “Rizal” and “Mabuhay” petroleum, in Bontoc, Mountain Province, Iloilo, Davao, and Cebu cities; and in Bogo, Cebu, are hereby revised as follows:

1. Bontoc, Mountain Province	₱2.61
2. Iloilo City	2.19
3. Davao City	2.35
4. Cebu City	2.10
5. Bogo, Cebu	2.32

The “Gold Cross” and “Falcon” brands of flour shall also be included in the list of first-class flour given in Table 108 of Executive Order No. 237.

4. All retail store owners throughout the Philippines who handle articles for which prices have been fixed in Executive Orders Nos. 233 and 237, in this Order, and in subsequent ones, are hereby required to post in a conspicuous place at the entrance of their stores a complete list of such articles as they may be selling to the public, together with the respective maximum prices for the same.

5. The maximum prices fixed under authority of Commonwealth Act No. 498 shall not apply to purchases made by the Government of the Commonwealth of the Philippines or by any of its subdivisions, agencies, and instrumentalities, or by the Government of the United States or any of its agencies and instrumentalities.

6. This Executive Order shall take effect in the manner and form provided under paragraph 6 of Executive Order No. 233.

Done at the City of Manila, this Second day of January, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 249
CREATING THE NATIONAL TRADING CORPORATION

WHEREAS, under and by virtue of Commonwealth Act No. 498, it is provided, among other things, that:

“The existence of a state of war among several nations of the world with which the Philippines has been maintaining commercial and trade relations, and from which this country has been importing foods, clothing, fuel, fertilizers, chemicals, building materials, implements, machinery, and equipment required in agriculture and industry, and other articles or commodities of prime necessity; the likely increase in insurance and freight rates; the scarcity of bottoms; the limitations with respect to the movement of commodities; and the consequent possible profiteering on the part of merchants outside of and inside the Philippines, have given rise to a national emergency, and to protect the public interests, it is declared to be the national policy during such emergency to prevent, locally or generally, scarcity, monopolization, hoarding injurious speculations, manipulations, private controls, and profiteering, affecting the supply, distribution, and movement of foods, clothing, fuel, fertilizers, chemicals, building materials, implements, machinery, and equipment required in agriculture and industry, and other articles or commodities of prime necessity, both imported and locally produced or manufactured.

“In order to carry out the above declared national policy, the President of the Philippines is authorized (a) to purchase any of the articles or commodities mentioned in section one hereof for storage, sale, or distribution for the relief of hunger and calamity stricken portions of the population, and in order to stabilize the prices of such commodities, (b) to fix the maximum selling prices of such articles or commodities, and (c) to promulgate such rules and regulations as he may deem necessary in the public interest, which rules and regulations shall have the force and effect of law until the date of adjournment of the next regular session of the National Assembly unless sooner revoked or the National Assembly provides otherwise.

“The President may designate any department, bureau, office, or instrumentality of the National Government or he may organize a new agency for the purpose of administering the Act and carrying out its objectives. If a new agency is organized, the President shall have the power to designate employees or officials from other offices of the National Government or its instrumentalities to work in the said agency.”

AND WHEREAS, in order to enable the President of the Philippines to efficiently exercise the authority granted by said Act and to purchase, store, provide storage facilities for, and to sell the commodities above named in the manner and by methods customarily followed in the trade, it is expedient and necessary that a corporation should be organized, all the stocks of which, except the number of shares necessary to qualify incorporators or directors, shall be subscribed for, purchased and owned by the Government of the Philippines.

NOW, THEREFORE, under and by virtue of the power conferred upon me by the above entitled Act, it is hereby ordered that an agency, to wit, a corporation, under the laws of the Philippines be created, said corporation to be named National Trading Corporation.

That the governing body of said corporation shall consist of a Board of Directors composed of five members.

That the incorporators and first directors of said corporation shall be designated by the President of the Philippines.

That the office and principal place of business of said corporation shall be at the City of Manila, and branch offices shall be established at such places as may be selected and determined by the President of the Philippines.

That the capital stock of said corporation shall consist of 50,000 shares of the par value of ₱100 each.

That the Government of the Philippines shall purchase from time to time at par so much of said capital stock as may be deemed necessary to supply the necessary capital to enable said corporation to carry on its business and none of said capital stock shall be sold to any person or entity other than the Government of the Philippines and individual directors or incorporators, for the purpose of qualifying as such director or incorporator, such qualifying shares to be held by said directors or incorporators in trust for the use and benefit of the Government of the Philippines.

That the said corporation shall exercise the powers contained in the Articles of Incorporation and in the By-Laws approved by the President of the Philippines.

That all officers of said corporation shall be selected with the consent and approval of the President of the Philippines.

The Secretary of Finance is hereby authorized and directed to subscribe for and purchase all of said capital stock in the name and for the use and benefit of the Government of the Philippines and to pay for the same out of the appropriation of ₱10,000,000 authorized by section 5 of the Commonwealth Act hereinbefore entitled.

Done at the City of Manila, this fourth day of January, in the year of Our Lord nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON

President of the Philippines

By the President:

JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 250
CREATING A COMMITTEE TO MAKE A STUDY OF, AND RECOMMEND WAYS AND MEANS
FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF A RESERVISTS ASSOCIATION.

With the end in view of preserving the military, physical, moral and educational benefits of the instruction which reservists of the Philippine Army have received in military training camps; with the object of further developing and increasing their military, physical, moral and social education, in order that their value to themselves, their families, and their country may be enhanced; and for the purpose of welding them together under a common bond of intercourse; there is created a committee, the members of which are to be appointed from time to time by the President of the Philippines, to make a study of, and recommend ways and means for the organization of an association to embrace all Reserve Officers of the Philippine Army, all graduates of R.O.T.C. courses of instruction in colleges and universities, and all reservists graduates of the Philippine Army training camps as members.

Done at the City of Manila, this tenth day of January, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 251
CREATING A DECORATION TO BE KNOWN AS THE MEDAL OF HONOR AND
PRESCRIBING RULES AND REGULATIONS FOR ITS AWARD

There is hereby created a decoration to be known as the Medal of Honor to be awarded to any citizen of the Philippines, who, subsequent to the establishment of the Commonwealth Government performs an act of extraordinary heroism in the protection of life and liberty at the grave peril of his own life beyond the call of duty, or who renders notably meritorious services of singular value to the State while performing functions of private or public nature that are of non-military character.

The award of the Medal of Honor shall be governed by the following rules and regulations:

1. No medal shall be issued to any person after more than three years from the date of the act justifying the award nor unless an official statement or report distinctly setting forth the heroic act or meritorious service and suggesting or recommending public recognition thereof shall have been made within two years after its performance, provided that acts of heroism and meritorious services accomplished prior to the issuance of this order but after the inauguration of the Commonwealth Government may be recommended for recognition and the corresponding medal award within three years from the date hereof.

2. No medal shall be issued to any person who has been dishonorably discharged from the military or civil service or from any position of trust or responsibility under the government, nor to any person whose entire record of service in the government in whatever capacity subsequent to the time he distinguished himself shall not have been honorable.

3. The heads of all executive departments of the government are hereby authorized and directed to make recommendations to the Chief Executive from time to time for the award of this decoration to deserving citizens.

4. The Philippine Army is hereby designated as the agency charged with the mechanical details of procurement and presentation of the award.

Done at the City of Manila, this seventeenth day of January, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 252
GRANTING AUTHORITY TO THE COMMISSIONER OF THE CENSUS TO ORDER
AND APPROVE THE PUBLICATION OF CENSUS REPORTS

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 11 and 12 of Commonwealth Act No. 170, known as the Census Act, the Census Commissioner is hereby granted authority to order and approve from time to time, the publication of partial or complete reports, bulletins, and other information secured and/or compiled by the Census Office in connection with the census taken in accordance with the provisions of Commonwealth Act No. 170.

Done at the City of Manila, this twenty-third day of January, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:

JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 253
FURTHER AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 233,
DATED NOVEMBER 8, 1939, ENTITLED “FIXING THE MAXIMUM SELLING
PRICES OF CERTAIN ARTICLES OF PRIME NECESSITY.”

1. The maximum prices fixed in Executive Order No. 233 (table 92) for native rice, Macan No. 2 or its equivalent, are hereby amended as follows:

	Per sack (56 kilos)
Manila	₱5.90
Albay, Legaspi	6.19
Cebu, Cebu	6.12
Davao, Davao	6.34
Leyte, Tacloban	6.22
Masbate, Masbate	6.15
Occidental Negros, Pulupandan	6.18
Oriental Negros, Dumaguete	6.20
Palawan, Puerto Princesa	6.21
Romblon, Romblon	6.25
Samar, Catbalogan	6.30
Tayabas, Lucena	6.06
Batanes, Basco	6.67

2. This Executive Order shall take effect in the manner and form provided under paragraph 6 of Executive Order No. 233.

Done at the City of Manila this fourteenth day of February, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 254
REVISING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 195, DATED MARCH 13, 1939,
ESTABLISHING A CLASSIFICATION OF PORTS

For the purpose of fixing the responsibility for the proper administration, operation, and maintenance of ports, and upon the recommendation of the National Transportation Board created by Executive Order Numbered. Forty-five, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, do hereby establish the following classification of ports:

1. *National ports*.—National ports shall comprise all ports primarily of importance to foreign, interisland, and interprovincial commerce. Other ports which, on account of their geographical locations, are necessary for enforcing customs regulations or for national defense, may also be classified as national ports. The improvement and maintenance of national ports shall be financed by the National Government, and their administration and operation shall be under the direct supervision and control of the Insular Collector of Customs.

2. Pursuant to the above classification and the provisions of section one thousand one hundred forty-five of the Revised Administrative Code and Commonwealth Act No. 175, the following ports are hereby designated as national ports:

I. (a) PORTS OF ENTRY OPEN TO OVERSEAS SHIPPING:

Provinces	Ports
Albay	(1) Legaspi
Cagayan	(2) Aparri
Camarines Norte	(3) Jose Pañganiban (Formerly Mambulao)
Cebu	(4) Cebu
Davao	(5) Davao
Iloilo	(6) Iloilo
Manila	(7) Manila
Sulu	(8) Jolo
Zamboanga	(9) Zamboanga

(b) PORTS OF ENTRY WITHOUT CUSTOMS FACILITIES AND OPEN TO OVERSEAS SHIPPING UPON ISSUANCE OF SPECIAL PERMITS BY THE INSULAR COLLECTOR OF CUSTOMS:

Provinces	Ports
Albay	(1) Tabaco
Occidental Negros	(2) Pulupandan
Pangasinan	(3) Sual
Tayabas	(4) Hondagua

II. PORTS OPEN TO COASTWISE TRADE ONLY:

Provinces	Ports
Agusan	(1) Nasipit
Albay	(2) Virac (Catanduanes)
Antique	(3) San Jose de Buenavista
Bataan	(4) Mariveles
Batanes	(5) Basco
Do	(6) Contra Costa
Batangas	(7) Batangas
Do	(8) Nasugbu
Bohol	(9) Tagbilaran
Capiz	(10) Capiz
Cotabato	(11) Makar
Do	(12) Parang
Ilocos Norte	(13) Ga-an Bay
Ilocos Sur	(14) San Ildefonso
Do	(15) Solvec
Lanao	(16) Iligan
La Union	(17) San Fernando
Leyte	(18) Tacloban
Marinduque	(19) Balanacan
Masbate	(20) Masbate
Mindoro	(21) Calapan
Occidental Misamis	(22) Jimenez
Oriental Misamis	(23) Cagayan
Oriental Negros	(24) Dumaguete
Palawan	(25) Balabac
Do	(26) Culion
Palawan	(27) Puerto Princesa
Romblon	(28) Romblon
Samar	(29) Borongan
Do	(30) Catbalogan
Sorsogon	(31) Magallanes
Sulu	(32) Sitankai
Do	(33) Siasi
Do	(34) Batobato
Surigao	(35) Surigao
Zamboanga	(36) Puluan
Do	(37) Malangas

3. *Municipal ports*.—Municipal ports shall comprise all other ports not classified as national ports. The administration and operation of municipal ports shall be under the municipal councils concerned, subject to the general regulations that may be issued by the Insular Collector of Customs, pursuant to the provisions of Chapter Thirty-nine of the Administrative Code. The maintenance and improvement of these ports shall be financed by the municipalities concerned and from appropriations authorized by the National Government and such work shall be carried out with the advice and under the general supervision of the Director of Public Works.

4. Any municipal port may hereafter be declared a national port or any national port declared a municipal port, when it is considered necessary to do so in the interest of commerce, for the enforcement of customs regulations, or for national defense purposes.

This order shall take effect as of this date.

Done at the City of Manila, this twentieth day of February, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:

JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). [*Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399*]. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 255
FIXING AND REGULATING THE COLLECTION OF WHARF
OR PIER CHARGES FOR THE USE OF PORT FACILITIES

Whereas the ports of the Philippines have been classified by Executive Order No. 195 dated March 13, 1939, as revised by Executive Order No. 254 dated February 20, 1940;

Whereas it appears advisable that a definite policy be adopted fixing and regulating the collection of wharf or pier charges for the use of port facilities throughout the Philippines; and

Whereas the collection of fees at municipal ports is authorized by Act Numbered Twenty-seven hundred and eleven, known as the Administrative Code;

Now, therefore, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the authority in me vested by law, do hereby order that berthing fees shall be collected at all National ports in the amounts and under the conditions hereinafter set forth, viz.:

(1) *Vessels in foreign trade.*—(a) Every vessel engaged in foreign-carrying trade which berths at a pier, wharf, bulkhead-wharf, river or channel marginal wharf at any National port in the Philippines provided with cargo sheds, or makes fast to any vessel lying at such wharf or pier, for the purpose of discharging and/or loading cargo shall pay a berthing fee of two centavos (₱0.02) per registered gross ton of vessel for the first twenty-four (24) hours, or part thereof, and for each succeeding twenty-four (24) hours, or part thereof, exceeding three (3) hours, the same berthing fee shall be paid: *Provided*, That the maximum charge shall not exceed two hundred pesos (₱200.00) per day.

(b) Every vessel engaged in foreign-carrying trade which berths at a pier, wharf, bulkhead-wharf, river or channel marginal wharf at any National port in the Philippines without cargo sheds, or makes fast to any vessel lying at such wharf or pier, for the purpose of discharging and/or loading cargo shall pay a berthing fee of one and one-half centavos (₱0.015) per registered gross ton of vessel for the first twenty-four (24) hours, or part thereof, and for each succeeding twenty-four (24) hours, or part thereof, exceeding three (3) hours, the same berthing fee shall be paid: *Provided*, That the maximum charge shall not exceed one hundred fifty pesos (₱150.00) per day.

(2) *Non-cargo vessels.*—Every vessel engaged in foreign-carrying trade which berths at a pier, wharf, bulkhead-wharf, river or channel marginal wharf at any National port in the Philippines, or makes fast to any vessel lying at such wharf or pier, for the sole purpose of landing and/or taking passengers, or for taking fresh water or fuel for bunkers shall pay a berthing fee of one centavo (₱0.01) per registered gross ton of vessel: *Provided*, That such vessel remains at such berth not to exceed eight (8) hours, but if such vessel remains at such berth more than eight (8) hours, the same berthing fee shall be paid, as is provided in the preceding paragraph for cargo vessels; *And provided also*, That the maximum charge shall not exceed one hundred pesos (₱100.00) per day.

(3) *Vessels in the Philippine coastwise trade.*—(a) Every vessel propelled by steam or internal combustion engines and engaged in the Philippine coastwise trade, excepting boats of five tons gross or less or pleasure or non-commercial craft, which berths at a pier, wharf, bulkhead-wharf, river or

channel marginal wharf at any National port in the Philippines provided with cargo sheds or makes fast to any vessel lying at such wharf or pier, for the purpose of loading or discharging cargo or for any other purpose, except when in distress, shall pay a berthing fee of one centavo (₱0.01) per registered gross ton for the first twenty-four (24) hours or part thereof, and one-half centavo (₱0.005) per registered gross ton for each succeeding twenty-four (24) hours or part thereof: *Provided*, That the maximum charge shall not exceed one hundred pesos (₱100.00) for the first day and fifty pesos (₱50.00) for each succeeding day or part thereof, nor shall the minimum charge be less than ten pesos (₱10.00) for the first day and five pesos (₱5.00) for each succeeding day or part thereof.

(b) Every Philippine vessel engaged in coastwise trade which berths at a pier, wharf, bulkhead-wharf, river or channel marginal wharf without a cargo shed at any National port or makes fast to any vessel lying at such pier, wharf, bulkhead-wharf, river or channel marginal wharf for any purpose, except those specifically exempted in the preceding subparagraph, shall pay a berthing fee of one-half centavo (₱0.005) per registered gross ton of vessel for the first twenty-four (24) hours or part thereof, and one-fourth centavo (₱0.0025) per registered gross ton of vessel for each succeeding twenty-four (24) hours or part thereof: *Provided*, That the maximum charge shall not exceed twenty-five pesos (₱25.00) for the first day and twelve pesos (₱12.00) for each succeeding day or part thereof, nor shall the minimum charge be less than one peso (₱1.00) for the first day and fifty centavos (₱0.50) for each succeeding day or part thereof.

(4) *Collection of fees.*—The berthing fees herein authorized for the use of National port facilities shall be collected by the Insular Collector of Customs, or his duly authorized representatives and deposited in the Philippine Treasury: *Provided*, That for this purpose, Customs Inspectors, Provincial and Municipal Treasurers, and other government officials, shall act as the representatives of the Insular Collector of Customs at non-entry ports when so designated by the Insular Collector of Customs with the approval of the Secretary of Finance and the consent of the Department Head concerned: *Provided, further*, That vessels owned by the Governments of the United States or the Philippines or by foreign governments, not engaged in carrying cargo or passengers for hire, shall be exempt from the payment of berthing fees.

(5) *Rules and regulations.*—The Insular Collector of Customs shall, subject to the approval of the Secretary of Finance, promulgate all rules and regulations to enforce the provisions of this Order, contained in paragraphs (1) to (4), inclusive.

(6) *Collection of berthing fees at municipal ports.*—Municipalities may collect berthing fees at municipal ports, pursuant to the provisions of section 2318 of the Revised Administrative Code, not to exceed those specified in paragraph (3) hereof, provided that such collections shall be credited to a special fund and used only for the maintenance and improvement of the port at which the collections are made.

This Order shall take effect on April first, 1940.

Done at the City of Manila, this twenty-first day of February, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 256
AMENDING PARAGRAPH 6 OF EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 169, DATED OCTOBER 15, 1938

In order to clarify the provisions of Executive Order Numbered One hundred sixty nine entitled “Regulations Governing Seniority, Promotion, and Elimination of Officers of the Regular Force, Philippine Army,” regarding the interpretation that should be given to the provisions of paragraph six thereof, concerning the promotion of third and second lieutenants, said paragraph six is hereby amended to read as follows:

“6. Third lieutenants shall be promoted to the grade of second lieutenant upon having served two years in their grade, and second lieutenants shall be promoted to the grade of first lieutenant upon completion of three years of service in their grade: *Provided*, That, any officer appointed to the Army, with position on the seniority list above the junior officer of the Army, shall be considered to have, for purposes of effecting promotions under the provisions of this paragraph, as much commissioned service as that of any officer below him on the list.”

Done at the City of Manila, this first day of March, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 257
AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 33, CREATING THE DEPORTATION BOARD

I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, do hereby order that the third paragraph of Executive Order No. 33, dated May 29, 1936, be, as it hereby is, amended so as to read as follows:

“Now, therefore, by virtue of the powers conferred upon me by the Constitution and the existing laws, I hereby name and appoint the Solicitor-General, the Chief of Constabulary, the Insular Collector of Customs, the Chief of the Immigration Office, and the Chief of Police of the City of Manila, the first as Chairman and the last four, or their authorized deputies, as Members, of a board which is hereby constituted, to be known as the Deportation Board, with authority to take action on all complaints that certain persons in the Philippines are undesirable aliens, and conduct investigations thereunder in the manner prescribed in section 69 of the Administrative Code, and thereafter to recommend the deportation of aliens in such cases as may require, all in accordance with, and in pursuance of, the following rules and regulations:”

Done at the City of Manila, this twelfth day of March, in the year of Our Lord nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 258
AUTHORIZING THE PAYMENT OF THE SALARIES OR WAGES OF NEWLY
APPOINTED OR TRANSFERRED OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE
NATIONAL, PROVINCIAL, CITY, AND MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENTS WHILE THEIR
APPOINTMENTS ARE PENDING ACTION BY THE PROPER AUTHORITIES.

By virtue of the powers vested in me by the Constitution and existing laws, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, do hereby grant authority for the approval of the payment of the salaries or wages not exceeding three months, of newly appointed officers and employees of the national, provincial, city and municipal governments and of those transferred from one office to another, but at their old rates of salary when promotions are proposed for them, while their appointments are pending action by the proper authorities. Before the expiration of three months, should a proposed appointment be returned disapproved for any reason whatsoever, the corresponding chief of the bureau or office shall then and there terminate the services of the appointee concerned who shall be entitled to the payment of the salary which has accrued to the date of the termination of his services.

All appointing officers are hereby enjoined to exercise due care so that the appointment forms are submitted to the proper authorities before or immediately after the date of entrance to duty of the appointee, provided a vacancy exists, the filling of which is duly authorized, and the appointee is qualified under the Civil Service Rules to hold the position to which he is being proposed. This Order does not exempt the chief of a bureau or office from liability for the payment of the salary of an employee who has been appointed contrary to the provisions of sections 682 and 691 of the Administrative Code, or when there is no available position for him.

In order to effectively accomplish the object of this Order, appointing officials, as well as those whose action is necessary or required on a proposed appointment, are hereby enjoined to expedite action on appointments submitted to, or coursed through, them.

Any civil service rule or regulation which may be in conflict herewith is hereby revoked.

Done at the City of Manila, this twelfth day of March, in the year of Our Lord nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 259
REGULATIONS GOVERNING OFFICIAL TRAVEL ABROAD

Hereafter, unless otherwise provided by law, travel to foreign countries and the United States on official business or on special assignments in connection with investigations or study which may be of advantage to the Government of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, to its agencies and instrumentalities, or to any of the government-owned or controlled institutions, may be performed only upon prior authority of the President of the Philippines.

All executive orders or regulations inconsistent with the foregoing are hereby revoked.

Done at the City of Manila, this twelfth day of March, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:

JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 260

EXTENDING THE APPLICATION OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER NO. 63 DATED MARCH 17, 1938, TO THE CREATION AND FILLING OF POSITIONS CARRYING COMPENSATION AT THREE THOUSAND PESOS OR MORE PER ANNUM IN THE PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENTS, CHARTERED CITIES, AND CORPORATIONS OWNED OR CONTROLLED BY THE GOVERNMENT AND THEIR SUBSIDIARIES.

For the purpose of uniformity in the appointment of officials and employees in the different offices, branches, and instrumentalities of the government I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by the Constitution and existing laws, hereby order that the provision of paragraph 1 of Administrative Order No. 63 dated March 17, 1938, requiring the approval of the President in cases of appointments to positions in the National Government carrying a salary of three thousand pesos or more per annum, be extended so as to apply also to the creation or filling of any position carrying a compensation at the rate of three thousand pesos or more payable from the funds of provincial governments, chartered cities, and corporations owned or controlled by the Government and their subsidiaries.

Nothing herein contained shall be construed as modifying or repealing the provisions of Executive Order No. 221 dated September 9, 1939.

Done at the City of Manila, this twelfth day of March, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 261

AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 253, DATED FEBRUARY 14, 1940,
ENTITLED "FURTHER AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 233,
DATED NOVEMBER 8, 1939, ENTITLED 'FIXING THE MAXIMUM SELLING
PRICES OF CERTAIN ARTICLES OF PRIME NECESSITIES.'"

1. Section 1 of Executive Order No. 253 is hereby amended to read as follows:

"1. The maximum prices fixed in Executive Order No. 233 (Table 92) for native rice, Macan No. 2 or its equivalent, are hereby amended as follows:

	Per Sack (56 kilos)
MANILA	₱6.10
Albay, Legaspi	6.39
Cebu, Cebu	6.32
Davao, Davao	6.54
Leyte, Tacloban	6.42
Masbate, Masbate	6.35
Occidental Negros, Pulpandan	6.38
Oriental Negros, Dumaguete	6.40
Palawan, Puerto Princesa	6.41
Romblon, Romblon	6.45
Samar, Catbalogan	6.50
Tayabas, Lucena	6.26
Batanes, Basco	6.87"

2. This Executive Order shall take effect in the manner and form provided under paragraph 6 of Executive Order No. 233.

Done at the City of Manila, this nineteenth day of March, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

(Sgd.) **MANUEL L. QUEZON**
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(Sgd.) **JORGE B. VARGAS**
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 262
REVISING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 32, DATED MAY 25, 1936,
PRESCRIBING UNIFORM FEES FOR COPIES OF OFFICIAL RECORDS AND
DOCUMENTS FURNISHED PRIVATE PERSONS AND ENTITIES.

Executive Order No. 32, dated May 25, 1936, prescribing uniform fees for copies of official records and documents furnished private persons and entities, is hereby revised by adding thereto the following paragraph:

“6. For photostatic copy furnished by the National Library, per square inch ₱0.02.”

Done at the City of Manila, this first day of April, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 263

AUTHORIZING THE PRINTING OF THE DICTIONARY AND GRAMMAR OF THE NATIONAL LANGUAGE, AND FIXING THE DAY FROM WHICH SAID LANGUAGE SHALL BE USED AND TAUGHT IN THE PUBLIC AND PRIVATE SCHOOLS OF THE PHILIPPINES.

Whereas Executive Order No. 134, dated December 30, 1937, proclaimed Tagalog as the basis of the national language of the Philippines and decreed that said Executive Order shall take effect two years from the date of its promulgation;

Whereas Commonwealth Act No. 184, as amended by Commonwealth Act No. 333, provides, among other things, that:

“SEC. 8. Upon the proclamation of the national language by the President of the Philippines, it shall be the duty of the Institute of National Language to prepare a dictionary and a grammar of the national language. * * *

“SEC. 9. Not later than two years after the proclamation of the national language by the President of the Philippines, the Institute of National Language shall publish the dictionary and grammar of the national language prepared as provided for in the preceding section, and the President of the Philippines shall issue orders to the Department of Public Instruction to the effect that, beginning with a day to be fixed by the President of the Philippines, said national language shall be used and taught in all public and private schools of the Philippines, in accordance with the dictionary and grammar prepared and published by the Institute of National Language.”;

Whereas the Institute of National Language, pursuant to the provisions of the law quoted above, has prepared and submitted to the President of the Philippines “*A Tagalog-English Vocabulary*” and a grammar of the national language of the Philippines entitled “*Ang Balarila ng Wikang Pambansa*”; and

Whereas the mandate contained in Section 3 of Article XIII of the Constitution of the Philippines, enjoining the adoption of a common national language based on one of the existing native languages, and the provisions of Commonwealth Act No. 184, as amended by Commonwealth Act No. 333, are imperative;

Now, therefore, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by Commonwealth Act No. 184, as amended by Commonwealth Act No. 333, do hereby authorize the printing and publication of “*A Tagalog-English Vocabulary*” and a grammar of the national language of the Philippines entitled “*Ang Balarila ng Wikang Pambansa*,” and direct that, beginning on the nineteenth day of June, nineteen hundred and forty, the national language of the Philippines shall be taught in all public and private schools of the country. The Secretary of Public Instruction shall, with the approval of the President of the Philippines, prepare the necessary rules and regulations to carry out this order into effect.

In view of the fact that with the preparation and completion of “*A Tagalog-English Vocabulary*” and a grammar of the national language of the Philippines entitled “*Ang Balarila ng Wikang*

Pambansa,” the Institute of National Language has already performed the main duties imposed upon it by law, it will not be necessary for the members of the Institute to hold further sessions, unless otherwise directed by the President.

Done at the City of Manila, this first day of April, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:

JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). [*Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399*]. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 264
APPOINTMENT AND SEPARATION OF SECRET AGENTS
OR DETECTIVES AND CONFIDENTIAL EMPLOYEES

Whereas it is desirable in the interest of good administration and efficient service that there should be a uniform procedure governing the appointment and separation of secret agents or detectives and persons holding positions primarily confidential in nature in the various branches or agencies of the Government;

Now, therefore, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby promulgate the following regulations:

(1) Hereafter no appointment to the position of secret agent or detective under the provisions of Section 671(j) of the Administrative Code, as amended by Commonwealth Act No. 177, or to any position in the provincial and city government which may be declared by the President as primarily confidential in nature under the provisions of section 671(l) of the same Code, shall be made by the governor or city mayor, as the case may be, without the approval of the Secretary of the Interior.

(2) Appointments to positions in the National Government similar in nature to those in the preceding paragraph shall be submitted by the Department Head concerned to the President for approval.

(3) Where the appointing officer deems it necessary to terminate the services of a person appointed under the provisions of paragraphs 1 and 2 hereof for lack of trust or confidence, and the person to be separated has qualified in a civil service examination, advice of such separation shall state clearly the reasons therefor.

(4) When a person appointed under the provisions of paragraphs 1 and 2 hereof is to be disciplined or separated for any of the causes enumerated in section 695 of the Administrative Code, as amended by Commonwealth Act No. 177, action shall be taken by the Commissioner of Civil Service under the powers granted him by said section 695 of the Administrative Code and Executive order No. 39 dated June 23, 1936, in accordance with the procedure prescribed by civil service rules and regulations.

Done at the City of Manila, this first day of April, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 265
DECLARING CERTAIN POSITIONS AS PRIMARILY CONFIDENTIAL
IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 1(g) OF COMMONWEALTH
ACT NO. 402 AND AMENDING FOR THIS PURPOSE THE SECOND PARAGRAPH
OF SECTION 1 OF EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 244 DATED DECEMBER 31, 1939.

The second paragraph of section 1 of Executive Order No. 244 dated December 31, 1939, is hereby amended to read as follows:

“Pursuant to the provisions of section 1(g) of Commonwealth Act No. 402 and for the purposes of this Order, the positions of advisers, those of administrative, financial, foreign relations, protocol and other technical assistants, and of private secretaries in the Office of the President of the Philippines and of all other officers and employees whose appointments are by law vested in the President alone or with the consent of the Commission on Appointments of the National Assembly, other than those already covered by section 5 of the aforecited Act; one private secretary and one assistant private secretary to the Vice President of the Philippines, and those, to the several Heads of Departments; one private secretary to each Justice of the Supreme Court; and secret or confidential agents in the several departments and offices of the Government are, unless otherwise directed by the President, hereby declared as primarily confidential: *Provided*, That if within the established schedules the salaries of the officers and employees mentioned in this paragraph should conform to the rates prescribed in section 3 of Commonwealth Act No. 402.”

Done at the City of Manila, this fourth day of April, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 266
ORGANIZING A CERTAIN PORTION OF THE
MUNICIPALITY OF CAGAYAN, MISAMIS ORIENTAL, INTO AN INDEPENDENT
MUNICIPALITY UNDER THE NAME OF ALUBIJID.

Upon the petition of the inhabitants of the barrios of Alubijid, Hitagum, Kibaghut, Laguindingan, Matangad, Mauswagon, and Pangayawan that the said barrios be separated from the municipality of Cagayan, Province of Misamis Oriental, and organized into a regular municipality, and upon recommendation of the provincial board of Misamis Oriental, the Secretary of the Interior, and the Secretary of Finance, and pursuant to the provisions of section sixty-eight of the Revised Administrative Code, the eleven municipalities of the province of Misamis Oriental, in accordance with Act Numbered Thirty-five hundred and thirty-seven, as amended, are hereby increased to twelve by segregating the above-mentioned barrios from the municipality of Cagayan and organizing the same into a regular municipality under the name of Alubijid with the seat of government in the barrio of Alubijid.

The municipality of Alubijid as herein organized shall consist of the territory the boundaries of which are technically described as follows:

Beginning at a point marked "1" which is identical with M. B. M. No. 13 (old P. B. M. No. 15); thence N. 45° 28' W., 518.90 m. to point "2" which is M. B. M. No. 14; thence S. 65° 52' W., 52.02 m. to point "3" which is corner 7 of lot No. 14353 on the east bank of Taytayan Creek; thence following the course of said creek in a northwesterly direction to point "4" which is M.B.M. No. 15; thence N. 40° 17' W., 686.30 m. to point "5" which is M. B. M. No. 16; thence N. 43° 45' W., 924.42 m. to point "6" which is M. B. M. No. 17; thence following the barrio road in a northwesterly direction to point "7," which is M. B. M. No. 18; thence N. 20° 35' W., 317.62 m. to point "8" which is M. B. M. No. 19; thence N. 5° 22' W., 2.92 m. to point "9" which is corner 4 of lot No. 10355 of Santiago Salvador; thence N. 12° 04' W., 23.67 m. to point "10," which is corner 1 of lot No. 14288 of Fausto Donque; thence N. 33° 38' W., 70.66 m. to point "11," which is corner 2 of the same lot; thence following the shoreline of Macajalar Bay in a northeasterly and southeasterly directions to point "12," which is the intersection of the shoreline and the eastern boundary line of the barrio of Alubijid in front of corner 10 of lot No. 11409 of Pedro Akut; thence S. 28° 18' W., 488.00 m. more or less to point "13," which is B. B. M. No. 29; thence S. 28° 18' W., 6865.00 m. to point "14," which is B. B. M. No. 30; thence N. 74°. 25' W., 2,798.40 m. to point "15," which is M.B.M. No. 11 (old P. B. M. No. 17); thence N. 58° 49' W., 4,174.55 m. to point "16," which is M. B. M. No. 12 (old P. B. M. No. 16); thence S. 45° 34' W., 3309.23 m. to the point of beginning. All points referred to herein are taken from the maps of Cagayan cadastre, B. L. Cadastre 237.

The municipality of Cagayan shall consist of its present territory less the territory comprised in the municipality Alubijid.

The organization herein made shall take effect on July first, nineteen hundred and forty, subject to the condition that the new municipality shall assume the obligation of paying its proportionate share of the cost of the cadastral survey of the municipality of Cagayan, and the municipality of Cagayan shall continue to assume its entire obligation account of the loan granted it by the former National Investment Board (now the Agricultural and Industrial Bank) for the construction of its municipal building.

Done at the City of Manila, this fifteenth day of April, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON

President of the Philippines

By the President:

JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 267
ORGANIZATION OF THE PHILIPPINE ARMY NURSE CORPS RESERVE

Pursuant to the provisions of section twenty-five (*e*) of the National Defense Act, as amended by Commonwealth Act Numbered Three hundred eighty-five, creating the Nurse Corps as a component part of the Medical Service, Philippine Army, the following rules and regulations for the organization of the Nurse Corps Reserve are hereby prescribed:

1. PROCUREMENT:

(*a*) The Chief of Staff of the Army shall request of the Board of Examiners for Nurses a list of qualified nurses which shall be kept up-to-date from year to year, and shall furnish said Board with questionnaires and registration forms which the Board shall require all successful female candidates who are citizens of the Philippines passing the examination for nurses to be accomplished or filled out and submitted to the Chief of Staff.

(*b*) Registrants shall immediately notify the Chief of Staff of any change of address subsequent to registration for proper notation in their registration papers.

(*c*) The Chief of Staff shall obtain from the Red Cross and local duly registered and recognized nursing associations the names and addresses of qualified nurses available for mobilization assignment in each Military District, and shall make the necessary arrangements with said associations for the enrolment and assignment of such qualified nurses to the Nurse Corps Reserve in case of mobilization.

(*d*) The Chief of Staff shall encourage voluntary applications for appointment in the Nurse Corps Reserve to fill up the mobilization requirement for each Military District. Should there be more applicants than may be necessary, the Secretary of National Defense may direct the Chief of Staff to hold competitive examinations to determine the relative merit of applicants. Only in case the number of voluntary applications falls short of mobilization requirements should compulsory draft be resorted to. In the latter case assignment will be made by the drawing of lots from among the names listed in the register of qualified nurses.

2. QUALIFICATIONS FOR MEMBERSHIP:

An applicant for membership in the Nurse Corps Reserve must possess the following qualifications:

(*a*) She must be a citizen of the Philippines, not less than 21 nor more than 45 years of age.

(*b*) She must be unmarried, of good moral character and excellent reputation, and physically fit for military service.

(*c*) She must have graduated from a duly accredited three years' course of training in a general hospital with a daily average of 50 patients or more, including men, women, and children, during the

applicant's training period: *Provided*, That graduates of special hospitals, and those of hospitals caring for women only may be eligible for appointment if their experience shall include at least nine months' training in a general hospital for the care of men, women and children, either during their course of training or subsequent thereto; and *Provided, further*, That subsequent post-graduate training or hospital experience which supplements deficiencies of training may be accepted as equivalent under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the Chief of Staff with the approval of the Secretary of National Defense.

(d) She must have passed the examination prescribed by law for the practice of nursing in the Philippines and possess the corresponding certificate of registration issued by the Board of Examiners for Nurses.

3. APPOINTMENT AND PROMOTION:

Appointments to, and promotions in, the Nurse Corps Reserve will follow the same general policy as in other branches of the Medical Service.

4. CLASSIFICATION AND COMPENSATION:

Members of the Nurse Corps Reserve shall be classified, and their rates of pay during their period of active service, shall be as follows:

	Rate per annum
(a) Nurse	₱1,200.00
(b) Head Nurse	1,500.00
(c) Chief Nurse	1,600.00
(d) Superintendent	2,100.00
(e) In addition to the compensation provided in paragraphs (a) to (d), nurses will be furnished with quarters in kind whenever available, or in cash, corresponding to their relative ranks in accordance with Army Regulations governing this matter issued with the approval of the President of the Philippines.	

5. MOBILIZATION:

(a) Members of the Nurse Corps Reserve may be assigned for service in general hospitals, evacuation hospitals and surgical hospitals in the proportion of three nurses for every fifty-patient capacity or major fraction thereof.

(b) Reserve Nurses must serve in time of threatened or actual hostilities and hold themselves in readiness to join for duty on the day the unit to which they are assigned begins to mobilize for active service, under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the Chief of Staff with the approval of the Secretary of National Defense.

Done at the City of Manila, this fifteenth day of April, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 268
REQUIRING THE PROMPT AND DIRECT SUBMISSION OF
PAPERS TO THE AUDITOR GENERAL

For the purpose of facilitating and expediting the examination, audit and settlement of all accounts pertaining to the revenues, receipts and expenditures of government funds or property, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by the Constitution and existing laws, do hereby direct the proper Department Head, chief of bureau or office, officer or employee of the National, provincial, municipal or city government, or of any entity or instrumentality of the Government, to submit promptly and directly or show to the Auditor General or to his authorized representative, as may be required by either of them, the original of any order, deed, contract, document or other papers under which any collection of, or payment from, government funds may be made, together with the certificates, receipts, or other evidence in connection therewith.

In case the Auditor General or his authorized representative needs authenticated copies of such papers for record purposes, the same shall be furnished upon request.

Any violation of this Order shall subject the offending officer or employee to administrative action, including removal from office.

Done at the City of Manila, this twenty-fifth day of April, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 269

**REQUIRING THAT THE OPENING OF ALL BIDS AND ALL PUBLIC COMPETITIVE BIDDINGS
BE MADE IN THE PRESENCE OF A REPRESENTATIVE OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL.**

Whereas it is advantageous to the Government and in accordance with sound public policy that the present practice of requiring the presence of provincial auditors in the opening of bids in the provinces in connection with public auctions or opening of sealed bids be extended to all cases of competitive public biddings conducted by the National, provincial, city or municipal government, or by any official or officer thereof, including provincial sheriffs; and

Whereas as required in Executive Order No. 98 dated April 24, 1937, no contract for public service or for furnishing supplies, materials, or equipment to the Government shall be made or entered into without public bidding except as therein provided;

Now, therefore, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers in me vested by law, do hereby direct that the opening of all bids and quotations for similar services be made in the presence of a representative of the Auditor General, who is hereby authorized to secure and identify such papers and samples of the materials submitted by the bidders as will insure the proper safeguard of the interests of the Government.

Done at the City of Manila, this twenty-fifth day of April, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 270
AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 255, ENTITLED “FIXING AND REGULATING THE
COLLECTION OF WHARF OR PIER CHARGES FOR THE USE OF PORT FACILITIES.”

Section three of Executive Order Numbered two hundred and fifty-five, dated February twenty-first, nineteen hundred and forty, is amended so as to read as follows:

“(3) *Vessels in the Philippine coastwise trade.*—(a) Every vessel propelled by steam or internal combustion engines and engaged in the Philippine coastwise trade, excepting boats of five tons gross or less or pleasure or noncommercial craft, which berths at a pier, wharf, bulkhead-wharf, river, or channel marginal wharf at any national port in the Philippines provided with cargo sheds or makes fast to any vessel lying at such wharf or pier, for the purpose of loading or discharging cargo or for any other purpose, except when in distress, shall pay a berthing fee of one-half centavo per registered gross ton for the first twenty-four hours or part thereof, and one-fourth centavo per registered gross ton for each succeeding twenty-four hours or part thereof: *Provided*, That the maximum charge shall not exceed fifty pesos for the first day and twenty-five pesos for each succeeding day or part thereof, nor shall the minimum charge be less than five pesos for the first day and two pesos and fifty centavos for each succeeding day or part thereof.

“(b) Every vessel propelled by steam or internal combustion engines and engaged in coastwise trade which berths at a pier, wharf, bulkhead-wharf, river, or channel marginal wharf without a cargo shed at any national port or makes fast to any vessel lying at such pier, wharf, bulkhead-wharf, river, or channel marginal wharf for any purpose, except those specifically exempted in the preceding subparagraph, shall pay a berthing fee of one-fourth centavo per registered gross ton of vessel for the first twenty-four hours or part thereof, and one-eighth centavo per registered gross ton of vessel for each succeeding twenty-four hours or part thereof: *Provided*, That the maximum charge shall not exceed twelve pesos and fifty centavos for the first day and six pesos for each succeeding day or part thereof, nor shall the minimum charge be less than fifty centavos for the first day and twenty-five centavos for each succeeding day or part thereof.”

This Order shall take effect as of April first, nineteen hundred and forty.

Done at the City of Manila, this twenty-fifth day of April, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 271
MODIFYING PARAGRAPH 2 OF EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 221, DATED SEPTEMBER 9, 1939,
REGARDING INCREASES IN SALARY IN THE SAME POSITION.

Whereas Executive Order Numbered Two hundred twenty-one, dated September nine, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, partly provides that “no increases in salary in the same position shall be authorized”;

Whereas this restriction was adopted as a precautionary measure to preserve the stability of the Government’s finances at a time when the trend of the revenue collections was uncertain; and

Whereas the revenue collections actually realized up to this time have exceeded the budget estimates for the period to an extent which indicates that the total revenue collections for the current fiscal year will be sufficient to cover the authorized operating expenses of the Government;

Now, therefore, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by the Constitution and existing laws, hereby modify paragraph two of the said Executive Order Numbered Two hundred and twenty-one, so as to read as follows:

“2. In meritorious cases, increases in salary in the same position may be authorized but such increases shall be limited to one rate in each case.”

Done at the City of Manila, this eleventh day of May, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 272
TRANSFERRING THE POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE SECRETARY
OF PUBLIC WORKS AND COMMUNICATIONS AND THE SECRETARY
OF THE INTERIOR UNDER ACT NO. 3997 AND COMMONWEALTH
ACT NO. 98, RESPECTIVELY, TO THE SECRETARY OF NATIONAL DEFENSE.

WHEREAS, under Executive Order No. 230, dated October 31, 1939, the Department of National Defense has been entrusted with the duty of supervising the National Defense program of the country and has executive supervision over the establishment and operation of all radio stations other than those maintained by the Bureau of Posts, including radio broadcasting stations;

WHEREAS, the successful accomplishment of the supervision of the National Defense program may be effected only if all matters concerning radio communication and services were consolidated under one control; and

WHEREAS, this consolidation would permit better coordination of activities and would do away with duplication of functions and responsibilities in the different branches of the Government, and thus promote efficiency and economy;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers in me vested by law direct that the powers and duties vested in the Secretary of the Interior by Commonwealth Act Numbered Ninety-eight and in the Secretary of Public Works and Communications by Act Numbered Thirty-nine hundred and ninety-seven, be, as they are hereby, transferred to the Secretary of National Defense.

In order to carry out effectively the provisions and purposes of the above-mentioned Acts, the Secretary of National Defense is authorized to promulgate such rules and regulations as he may deem advisable, necessary and expedient.

This Order shall take effect as of March first, 1940.

Done in the City of Manila, this 11th day of May, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

(Sgd.) MANUEL L. QUEZON

By the President:

(Sgd.) JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 273
REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE USE OF THE FLAG OF THE UNITED STATES, THE FLAG
OF THE PHILIPPINES, AND THE FLAGS OF OTHER NATIONS.

Pursuant to the authority conferred upon me by the Constitution and the existing laws, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, do hereby prescribe the following regulations governing the use of the Flag of the United States, the Flag of the Philippines, and the flags of other nations, pending the withdrawal of the sovereignty of the United States over the Philippines:

1. At all ceremonies participated in by troops of the Philippine Government, the Flag of the United States and the Flag of the Philippines shall be displayed on separate staffs with the former on the right. The same rule, with respect to relative position, shall apply on all other occasions where the two flags are displayed on separate staffs.

2. At other times the two flags may be displayed on a single staff, one on each end of a horizontal crosspiece not less than ten feet in length and firmly attached near the top of the staff. The Flag of the United States shall be on the right, as determined by a person standing at the shore mast and facing seaward, or facing to the front of a building, or shall be on the north or east of the Flag of the Philippines, if in an open area.

3. (a) Uncased national colors and flags passing in a parade, review, or other ceremony should be saluted by all persons present who should face the flags, stand at attention, and render an appropriate salute.

(b) Ceremonies participated in by troops of the Philippine Government shall be conducted as prescribed in regulations.

4. The Flag of the United States and the Flag of the Philippines should be displayed on all national holidays and on other historic or special occasions. However, national flags of other nations may be displayed with those of the United States and the Philippines, the order of display from right (the flags' own right) to left being the Flag of the United States, the Flag of the Philippines, and the flags of other countries in the order of precedence fixed by international conventions, protocols, or usage, and, in the absence of these, in the alphabetical order as determined by the official names of the respective countries.

5. No other flag shall be displayed from the same point of hoist as the Flag of the United States and the Flag of the Philippines.

6. The Flag of the United States shall always be displayed when the Flag of the Philippines is displayed with those of foreign nations.

7. The Flag of the United States shall always be hoisted first and lowered last.

8. When the two flags are carried in a procession with other flags, the place of the Flag of the United States is on the marching right (the left of an observer when the flag is approaching); that of the Flag of the Philippines is to the left of and next to it; and the other flags shall be to the left of the Flag

of the Philippines in the order given in Paragraph 4 above. However, when there is a line of other flags, the Flag of the United States and the Flag of the Philippines may be in front of the center of that line.

9. On the national holidays of his country and other historic or special occasions, any alien, whose nation is at peace with the United States and the Philippines, may display the flag of his nation on any building or other property owned or rented by him, without simultaneously displaying either the Flag of the United States or the Flag of the Philippines. However, if the alien is located in a building or on other property owned or rented by the United States or the Philippine Government, the flags of those nations should always be displayed when that of his own country is displayed.

Done at the City of Manila, this eleventh day of May, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:

JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 274
**FIXING THE SCHEDULE OF PER DIEMS FOR PROVINCIAL,
CITY AND MUNICIPAL OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES**

For the purpose of uniformity, it is hereby ordered that the per diems for officers and employees of provincial, city and municipal governments, when allowed, be fixed with the approval of the corresponding head of department at rates not to exceed the following:

- (a) For officers and employees receiving a salary of two thousand pesos or less per annum, a per diem of not to exceed two pesos;
- (b) For those receiving more than two thousand pesos per annum, but not exceeding four thousand pesos per annum, a per diem of not to exceed three pesos;
- (c) For those receiving more than four thousand pesos per annum, but not exceeding six thousand pesos per annum, a per diem of not to exceed four pesos; and
- (d) For those receiving more than six thousand pesos per annum, a per diem of not to exceed five pesos.

Any officer or employee whose compensation is fixed at other than the per-annum basis may be given the rate of per diem authorized for that receiving compensation on the corresponding per-annum basis.

Done at the City of Manila, this eleventh day of May, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 275

TRANSFERRING THE SEAT OF GOVERNMENT OF THE MUNICIPALITY OF LUPI,
CAMARINES SUR, FROM ITS PRESENT LOCATION AT THE BARRIO OF SAN PEDRO
TO THE SITIO OF TAPI, BARRIO OF CABUTAGAN.

Upon the petition of the Municipal Council of Lupi and the recommendation of the Provincial Board of Camarines Sur, concurred in by the Secretary of the Interior, and pursuant to the provisions of section sixty-eight of the Revised Administrative Code, the seat of government of the municipality of Lupi, Camarines Sur, is hereby transferred from its present location at San Pedro to the sitio of Tapi, barrio of Cabutagan, said municipality.

The transfer herein made shall take effect on June first, nineteen hundred and forty.

Done at the City of Manila, this eleventh day of May, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 276
PRESCRIBING UNIFORM PROCEDURE TO BE FOLLOWED
IN THE INVESTIGATION OF ADMINISTRATIVE CASES

For the purpose of uniformity in the investigation of administrative charges against government officers and employees, and supplementing the provisions of Executive Order Numbered thirty-nine, dated June twenty-three, nineteen hundred and thirty-six, the following procedure governing the conduct of such investigation is hereby prescribed:

(1) The respondent must be notified in writing of the charges against him by the head or chief of the bureau or office concerned, informing him that he will be heard on said charges on a given date if he so elects, and shall be allowed within a period of not less than seventy-two hours after receipt thereof to submit a detailed answer to the same together with whatever written evidence he may desire to present in support of his side of the case.

(2) If he elects to be heard on said charges, a hearing will be held wherein he will be given opportunity to defend himself personally or by his counsel: *Provided, however,* That in all cases the investigation shall be finished within fifteen days.

(3) The complete record of the case, with comment and recommendation, shall be forwarded through the usual channels to the Commissioner of Civil Service within ten days after the termination of the investigation.

Done at the City of Manila, this twenty-sixth day of May, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 277
REDUCING THE REAL PROPERTY TAX ON ALL PERMANENT PLANTS AND/OR
TREES DUE FOR THE YEAR NINETEEN HUNDRED AND FORTY.

The public interest so requiring, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by section fifty-three of Commonwealth Act Numbered Four hundred and seventy, do hereby reduce by thirty per centum the real property tax due on all permanent plants and/or trees for the calendar year nineteen hundred and forty in all the provinces.

This Order shall take effect as of January one, nineteen hundred and forty.

Done at the City of Baguio, this twenty-ninth day of May, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:

JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 278

FURTHER AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 233, DATED NOVEMBER 8, 1939,
ENTITLED “FIXING THE MAXIMUM SELLING PRICES OF CERTAIN ARTICLES OF PRIME
NECESSITY,” AS AMENDED BY EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 237, DATED NOVEMBER 29, 1939.

1. The maximum prices fixed in Executive Order No. 237 (Table 112) amending Executive Order No. 233 (Table 88), are hereby further amended as follows:

<i>Place</i>	<i>Per Barrel In Bags</i>
MANILA	₱6.00
Abra, Bangued	7.85
Agusan, Butuan	7.05
Albay, Legaspi	7.35
Antique, San Jose	7.45
Baguio, City of	8.56
Bataan, Balanga	8.85
Batanes, Basco	8.22
Batangas, Batangas	6.67
Bohol, Tagbilaran	6.72
Bukidnon, Malaybalay	7.16
Bulacan, Malolos	6.45
Cagayan, Tuguegarao	8.17
Camarines Norte, Daet	7.52
Camarines Sur, Naga	7.26
Capiz, Capiz	7.20
Cavite, Cavite	6.50
Cebu, Cebu	5.80
Cotabato, Cotabato	7.00
Davao, Davao	7.10
Ilocos Norte, Laoag	7.95
Ilocos Sur, Vigan	7.75
Iloilo, Iloilo	6.55
Isabela, Ilagan	7.90
Laguna, Sta. Cruz	6.57
Lanao, Iligan	6.94
La Union, San Fernando	7.00
Leyte, Tacloban	6.72
Marinduque, Boac	7.11

<i>Place</i>	<i>Per Barrel In Bags</i>
Masbate, Masbate	₱6.74
Mindoro, Calapan	6.85
Mountain Province, Bontoc	9.15
Nueva Ecija, Cabanatuan	7.62
Nueva Vizcaya, Bayombong	7.77
Occidental Misamis, Oroquieta	6.98
Oriental Misamis, Cagayan	7.72
Occidental Negros, Bacolod	7.70
Oriental Negros, Dumaguete	7.70
Palawan, Puerto Princesa	7.32
Pampanga, San Fernando	6.47
Pangasinan, Dagupan	6.87
Rizal, Pasig	6.45
Romblon, Romblon	6.75
Samar, Catbalogan	6.70
Sorsogon, Sorsogon	7.70
Sulu, Jolo	7.33
Surigao, Surigao	6.80
Tarlac, Tarlac	6.67
Tayabas, Lucena	6.68
Zambales, Iba	9.30
Zamboanga, Zamboanga	6.92

(If shipped in barrels add fifty centavos (₱0.50) to the above prices).

2. This Executive Order shall take effect in the manner and form provided under paragraph 6 of Executive Order No. 233.

Done at the City of Baguio, this seventh day of June, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 279
ALLOWING CERTAIN RESERVE OFFICERS OF THE PHILIPPINE ARMY TO POSSESS
FIREARMS UNDER CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION.

For the purpose of developing proficiency in the use of firearms among the reserve officers who will command and train the great bulk of our army in time of emergency, and in order to raise the standard of marksmanship all over the country, officers in the Reserve Force, Philippine Army, who satisfy the following requirements are hereby authorized to possess firearms under Certificate of Registration, subject to the conditions required by army regulations as regards the proper keeping and use of firearms and other matters relating thereto:

- (1) They shall have passed a test given to them by an officer designated by the Chief of Staff of the Philippine Army in connection with the mechanism and functioning of the firearm applied for.
- (2) They shall have fired a regular target course for rifles, pistols or revolvers, as the case may be, under the supervision of an officer designated by the Chief of Staff of the Philippine Army.
- (3) They shall be members in good standing of the Reserve Officers' Legion of the Philippines.

Done at the City of Baguio, this seventh day of June, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

[SEAL]

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos : 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 280
ABOLISHING THE BARRIO OF JESUS IN THE MUNICIPALITY OF BABATNGON, LEYTE,
AND ANNEXING ITS TERRITORY TO THE BARRIO OF PLANZA, SAME MUNICIPALITY.

Upon the recommendation of the Secretary of the Interior and the Provincial Board of Leyte, and pursuant to the provisions of section sixty-eight of the Revised Administrative Code, the barrio of Jesus, municipality of Babatngon, Province of Leyte, is hereby abolished, and its territory annexed to the barrio of Planza, in the same municipality.

The change herein made shall take effect on June first, nineteen hundred and forty.

Done at the City of Baguio, this seventh day of June, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:

JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 281

EFFECTUATING THE PURPOSES OF GENERAL RULING NO. 5, JUNE 6, 1940, OF THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY OF THE UNITED STATES, APPROVED JUNE 6, 1940, BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, UNDER SECTION 5 (B) OF THE ACT OF OCTOBER 6, 1917 (40 STAT. 411), AS AMENDED, EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 8389 OF APRIL 10, 1940, AS AMENDED, OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES AND REGULATIONS ISSUED PURSUANT THERETO AND UNDER ALL OTHER AUTHORITY OF LAW.

Whereas, on June 6, 1940, the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States issued General Ruling No. 5, approved on the same date by the President of the United States, under Section 5(B) of the Act of October 6, 1917 (40 Stat. 411), as amended, Executive Order No. 8389 of April 10, 1940, as amended, of the President of the United States and Regulations issued pursuant thereto and under all other authority of law;

Whereas said General Ruling No. 5 provides as follows:

“The sending, mailing, importing or otherwise bringing into the United States, on and after June 7, 1940, from any foreign country, of any securities or evidences thereof or the receiving or holding in the United States of any securities or evidences thereof so brought into the United States is prohibited, except on condition that such securities and evidences thereof be immediately delivered for examination to a Federal Reserve bank as fiscal agent of the United States. Such Federal Reserve bank, as fiscal agent of the United States, shall hold such securities and all evidences thereof until the Treasury Department is satisfied as to whether or not any of the countries named in Executive Order No. 8389 as amended, or any national thereof has at any time on or since the dates specified in such order, as amended, had any interest of any nature whatsoever, direct or indirect in such securities or evidences thereof. Proof as to whether or not any of such countries or any national thereof has had any such interest may be submitted to the Federal Reserve bank holding such securities or evidences thereof.

“Customs officers and postal employees are instructed to deliver any such securities or evidences thereof to a Federal Reserve bank. Any articles arriving from any foreign country on or after June 7, 1940, which in the opinion of customs officers or postal employees contain such securities or evidences thereof, shall be subjected to customs inspection in accordance with the customs regulations of 1937. If any article opened by an addressee or his agent in the presence or under the supervision of a customs officer or postal employee is found to contain such securities or evidences thereof, such securities or evidences thereof shall be surrendered forthwith to such customs officer or postal employee for delivery to a Federal Reserve bank, as provided”;

Whereas, on June 7, 1940, the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States provided that, until further notice, securities coming into the United States from Great Britain, France, Canada, Newfoundland or Bermuda need not be forwarded to a Federal Reserve Bank for examination under said General Ruling No. 5; and

Whereas the United States High Commissioner to the Philippines has been designated as the person to whom any securities or evidences thereof brought into the Philippines as provided in said General Ruling No. 5 should be delivered as therein provided, in lieu of a Federal Reserve bank;

Now, therefore, pursuant to the authority herein stated, and to the authority vested in me as President of the Philippines, in order to assist in effectuating the purposes of said General Ruling No. 5 and the delivery to the United States High Commissioner to the Philippines of any securities or evidences thereof brought into the Philippines, as aforesaid, it is hereby ordered that:

1. The Insular Collector of Customs of the Commonwealth of the Philippines shall deliver to the United States High Commissioner to the Philippines all securities and all evidences of securities coming into the Philippines on and after June 7, 1940, from any foreign country, other than Great Britain, France, Canada, Newfoundland or Bermuda, which to his knowledge may come into his possession or custody or into that of any officer or employee of the Bureau of Customs of the Commonwealth Government, for the purposes in said General Ruling No. 5, in exchange for the written receipt therefor of said United States High Commissioner or his authorized agent.

2. The Director of Posts of the Commonwealth of the Philippines shall deliver to the United States High Commissioner to the Philippines all securities and all evidences of securities coming into the Philippines on and after June 7, 1940, from any foreign country, other than Great Britain, France, Canada, Newfoundland or Bermuda, which to his knowledge may come into his possession or custody or into that of any officer or employee of the Bureau of Posts of the Commonwealth Government, for the purposes in said General Ruling No. 5, in exchange for the written receipt therefor of said United States High Commissioner or his authorized agent.

3. The Insular Collector of Customs shall cause all articles coming into the Philippines from any foreign country other than Great Britain, France, Canada, Newfoundland or Bermuda through the Bureau of Customs of the Commonwealth of the Philippines on and after June 7, 1940, which in the opinion of any customs officer or employee may contain securities or evidences of securities, to be inspected by officers or employees of said Bureau thereunto by him authorized, in accordance with existing customs and postal regulations.

4. If any article opened by an addressee or his agent in the presence or under the supervision of a customs officer or employee is found to contain such securities or evidences thereof, such securities or evidences thereof shall be surrendered forthwith to such customs officer or employee for delivery to the Insular Collector of Customs, who thereupon forthwith shall deliver the same to the United States High Commissioner to the Philippines as hereinabove provided.

5. The Director of Posts shall cause all articles coming into the Philippines from any foreign country other than Great Britain, France, Canada, Newfoundland or Bermuda through the Bureau of Posts of the Commonwealth of the Philippines on and after June 7, 1940, which in the opinion of any postal officer or employee may contain securities or evidences of securities, to be inspected by officers or employees of said Bureau thereunto by him authorized, in accordance with existing customs and postal regulations.

6. If any article opened by an addressee or his agent in the presence or under the supervision of a postal officer or employee is found to contain such securities or evidences thereof, such securities or evidences thereof shall be surrendered forthwith to such postal officer or employee for delivery

to the Director of Posts, who thereupon forthwith shall deliver the same to the United States High Commissioner to the Philippines as hereinabove provided.

Done at the City of Manila, this fifteenth day of June, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 282

AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 281, DATED JUNE 15, 1940, EFFECTUATING THE PURPOSES OF GENERAL RULING NO. 5, JUNE 6, 1940, OF THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY OF THE UNITED STATES, APPROVED JUNE 6, 1940, BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, UNDER SECTION 5 (B) OF THE ACT OF OCTOBER 6, 1917 (40 STAT. 411), AS AMENDED, EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 8389 OF APRIL 10, 1940, AS OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES AND REGULATIONS ISSUED PURSUANT THERETO AND UNDER ALL OTHER AUTHORITY OF LAW.

Whereas, by ruling of the Secretary of the Treasury on June 17, 1940, until further notice shipments, arrivals and mail coming into the Philippines from France and shipments and mail censored by France or her dominions, territories and possessions are no longer exempt from examination as provided in General Ruling No. 5;

Now, therefore, pursuant to the authority herein stated, and to the authority vested in me as President of the Philippines, in order to assist in effectuating the purposes of said General Ruling No. 5 and the delivery to the United States High Commissioner to the Philippines of any securities or evidences thereof brought into the Philippines, it is ordered that:

Sections 1, 2, 3, and 5 of Executive Order No. 281 are hereby amended by the elimination therein of the word "France."

Done at the City of Manila, this twenty-second day of June, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

[SEAL]

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 283

CREATING A SUGAR ADVISORY COMMITTEE, DEFINING ITS PURPOSES, FUNCTIONS AND POWERS, AND DESIGNATING THE SECRETARY TO THE PRESIDENT, UNTIL OTHERWISE PROVIDED, TO ADMINISTER THE SUGAR ADJUSTMENT AND STABILIZATION FUND CREATED UNDER COMMONWEALTH ACT NO. 567.

Whereas, Section 2 of Commonwealth Act No. 567, entitled “An Act to adjust and stabilize the sugar industry and to raise revenue for the purpose by increasing the tax on the manufacture of sugar and imposing a tax on the owners of sugar lands held by others under lease or other contract granting the right to use said lands for a consideration,” authorizes the President of the Philippines, “in the case of particular proprietors or operators of sugar mills to waive, from year to year, any or all of the tax therein levied except the basic tax of two centavos, when, in view of the peculiar conditions affecting such mills, the provisions of the Act cannot be enforced as against them without being unduly oppressive and/or confiscatory”; and

Whereas, section 6 of the same Act likewise empowers the President of the Philippines, until the adjournment of the next regular session of the National Assembly, to make the necessary disbursements from the fund therein created: (1) for the establishment and operation of sugar experiment station or stations and the undertaking of researches (a) to increase the recoveries of the centrifugal factories with the view to reducing manufacturing costs, (b) to produce and propagate higher yielding varieties of sugar cane more adaptable to different district conditions in the Philippines; (c) to lower the costs of raising sugar cane, (d) to improve the burning quality of denatured alcohol from molasses for motor fuel, (e) to determine the possibility of utilizing the other by-products of the industry, (f) to determine what crop or crops are suitable for rotation and for the utilization of excess cane lands, and (g) on other problems the solution of which would help rehabilitate the industry; and (2) for the improvement of living and working conditions in sugar mills and sugar plantations, besides authorizing him to organize the necessary agency or agencies to take charge of the expenditure and allocation of said funds to carry out the purposes above enumerated and the disbursement from the funds therein created of the necessary amount needed for the payment of salaries, wages, traveling expenses, equipment, and other sundry expenses of said agency or agencies;

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the foregoing provisions of law and by virtue of the powers vested in me by the Constitution and the existing laws, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, do hereby create and constitute a Sugar Advisory Committee, the members of which shall be appointed by the President from time to time. The members of this Committee shall, upon appointment, immediately enter upon the discharge of their duties.

1. The Committee shall, for the purposes of section 2 of Commonwealth Act No. 567, investigate and inquire into the operation and financial conditions of centrifugal sugar mills whose proprietors or operators may have filed with the Office of the President of the Philippines applications for exemption from the payment of the additional progressive taxes as provided in the aforementioned Act, and shall recommend to the President such action as it may deem warranted by and in accordance

with its findings. Applications for such exemption shall be filed with the Office of the President not later than the fifteenth day of July each year. The Committee shall likewise recommend to the President the adoption of such measures as will carry into effect the immediate objectives and effectuate the general and declared purposes of the aforementioned Act as above enumerated.

2. The members of the Committee, except those who receive fixed salaries or compensation from Government funds or from funds of corporations owned or controlled directly or indirectly by the Government, shall be entitled to a per diem of ₱20 each, exclusive of necessary traveling expenses that may be incurred by them, for attendance at the meetings of the Committee or for services rendered when deputized by majority vote of the Committee to perform a given task either by himself or in cooperation with the other members thereof.

3. Until otherwise provided by law or regulation, the administration and disbursement of the Sugar Adjustment and Stabilization Fund created by the Act hereinabove mentioned shall, for and by authority of the President of the Philippines, be under the immediate charge and direction of the Secretary to the President.

4. In order to enable the Committee to carry out its work hereunder, said body or any of its members and duly authorized representatives or agents as may be designated by the Chairman with the approval of the President are hereby granted all the powers of an investigating committee within the purview of sections 71 and 580 of the Revised Administrative Code and may, in the execution of its or their functions, summon witnesses, administer oaths, take testimony relevant to the investigation of documents under a *subpoena duces tecum* or otherwise, pursuant to the terms of the aforecited provisions of law. The Committee is also authorized to call directly upon any Department, Bureau or office in the executive branch of the Government or upon any government-owned or controlled entity or agency for such assistance as the Committee may need, and subject to the approval of the President, to requisition for, utilize and make use of, the services of their personnel.

Done at the City of Manila, this twenty-second day of June, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). [*Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399*]. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 284
ORDERING THE HOSPITALIZATION OF ACCUSED PERSONS NEEDING SUCH
HOSPITALIZATION IN THE BILIBID PRISON HOSPITAL.

In order to prevent any possible congestion in the Philippine General Hospital and to avoid the disturbance of the peace and quiet that should prevail in the said premises by the presence of police officers, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, do hereby order that hereafter every person charged with an offense or facing investigation for an offense allegedly or presumptively committed by him, and who needs medical care and attention in a hospital, shall, instead of being conducted to the Philippine General Hospital, be sent direct to the Bilibid Prison Hospital for treatment and hospitalization therein.

Done at the City of Manila, this twenty-second day of June, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: Presidential Museum and Library

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 285
PRESCRIBING REGULATIONS FOR THE PREPARATION AND
SUBMISSION OF SPECIAL BUDGETS REQUIRED BY SECTION 7, PARAGRAPH I-(4),
OF COMMONWEALTH ACT NO. 246.

In order to provide for a uniform and expeditious manner of preparing special budgets for lump-sum appropriations, bond funds, special funds, trust funds, other funds, receipts automatically appropriated, aids, and donations, and of submitting them for approval of the President of the Philippines as required by section 7, paragraph I-(4), of Commonwealth Act No. 246, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by the Constitution and existing laws, do hereby promulgate the following regulations:

(1) The special budgets for lump-sum appropriations, special funds, bond funds, trust funds, other funds, receipts automatically appropriated, aids, and donations, required by section 7, paragraph I-(4), of Commonwealth Act No. 246, shall be prepared on the form which the Commissioner of the Budget shall prescribe for the purpose and submitted by the chief of the bureau or office concerned to the respective heads of Departments, and, after they have been approved by the latter, the same shall be forwarded to the Office of the President through the Commissioner of the Budget.

(2) The release of specific appropriations or allotments for the construction and maintenance of public works under the supervision and control of the Bureau of Public Works, when they are for only one project or purpose, shall be considered as a special budget for the purposes of said Commonwealth Act No. 246 unless parts of such appropriations or allotments are to be used for the purchase of furniture or nonexpendable equipment or for the payment of salaries of technical, semitechnical or clerical personnel which are not authorized in appropriation acts or in the plantilla of "floating" personnel of the Bureau of Public Works or in the plantilla of the District Engineer's office concerned. In all such cases, involving the purchase of furniture and nonexpendable equipment and the employment of technical, semitechnical and clerical personnel, special budgets shall be submitted on the prescribed form as required by the other provisions of this Order.

(3) The special budgets mentioned in paragraph (1) shall be prepared for each fiscal year, except those for lump-sum appropriations or allotments for the construction, maintenance or operation of public improvements under the control and supervision of the Bureau of Public Works which may be made for the entire periods during which such appropriations or allotments are available for expenditure. All special budgets covering fiscal year periods should be submitted in time to be in the office of the Commissioner of the Budget not later than fifteen days before the commencement of the fiscal year for which they are intended. The special budgets for the current fiscal year which have not been submitted up to the date of the promulgation of this order should reach the office of the Commissioner of the Budget not later than fifteen days after the date of such promulgation. In the case of lump-sum appropriations, special funds, trust funds, aids, or donations, which may be authorized, created, or granted at a time when it becomes impossible to comply with any of the preceding rules,

the corresponding special budget should be submitted as soon as possible after the authorization of the appropriations, creation of the special fund or trust fund, or receipt of the aid or donation, but it should be in the office of the Commissioner of the Budget not later than fifteen days after the date of such authorization, creation or donation.

(4) Positions for technical, semitechnical and clerical services and for laborers shall be itemized, except those falling under the following cases:

- (a) Positions provided in the plantilla of “floating” personnel for the Bureau of Public Works, or in that of the office of the district engineer concerned, the salaries of which are charged against appropriations or allotments for public works projects.
- (b) Positions for skilled, semiskilled, and unskilled laborers with wages paid from appropriations for public works projects at less than ₱3 per day or ₱75 per month.
- (c) Positions for temporary or emergency laborers who are employed by the day or by the hour and whose wages are paid from an appropriation or allotment that is authorized for a specific purpose. This submission of special budgets for the employment of such class of laborers is dispensed with and the expenditure therefor is hereby authorized for the purpose of section 7, paragraph I-(4), of Commonwealth Act No. 246, subject, however, to the limitations therein provided.

(5) Proposals to create new positions should be explained in detail and justified by actual requirements of the public service. No salary increases which are not justified by increased duties and responsibilities or elevation in rank should be proposed.

(6) All provisions to the contrary notwithstanding, appointments to itemized positions in the special budgets mentioned in paragraph (1) shall be coterminous with the periods during which the appropriations or allotments against which the salaries to such positions shall be paid are available for expenditures.

(7) Proposed allotments for the purchase of furniture and nonexpendable equipment should be supported by a detailed list showing the kind of the furniture or equipment needed, the quantity thereof, and the estimated unit cost.

(8) Expenditures from lump-sum appropriations, special funds, bond funds, trust funds, other funds, receipts automatically appropriated, aids, or donations for continuing services already existing after the close of any fiscal year and prior to the approval of the corresponding special budgets for the incoming fiscal year are hereby authorized, but no new activity, expansion of existing activity, or salary increases shall take effect until authorized the special budget duly approved.

Done at the City of Manila, this twenty-fourth day of June, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 286
REVISING FURTHER EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 135 DATED DECEMBER 31, 1937,
ESTABLISHING A CLASSIFICATION OF ROADS

The following roads are hereby included in the classification of National Roads:

National Roads	From Km.	To Km.	Length Km.
BUKIDNON			
Junction Aglayan-Managok road	242.80	251.70	8.90
CEBU			
2.5 kilometers of road leading to and connecting different buildings within the Army Reservation at the Philippine Army Training Camp, Lahug ..	.....	.....	2.5
LAGUNA			
Calamba-Tagaytay road	67.83	80.63	12.80
MANILA			
Malacañan Palace roads .....	.....	.....	1.00
Malacañan Park roads .....	.....	.....	1.67
RIZAL			
Central Leprosarium road	8.00	18.00	10.00
TARLAC			
Cadre road in Camp Ord, San Miguel	125.10	127.90	2.80

National Roads	From Km.	To Km.	Length Km.
SULU			
450 meters of road extending from the junction of the Jolo—Taglibi Provincial Road to the cadre barracks and officers' quarters at the Philippine Army Training Camp, Jolo			0.450

Executive Order No. 135, dated December 31, 1937, as amended by Executive Orders Nos. 194 and 239, dated March 13 and December 16, 1939, respectively, is further amended accordingly.

Done at the City of Manila, this eighth day of July, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 287
**REDUCING THE REAL PROPERTY TAX ON COCONUT TREES AND ABACÁ PLANTS DUE
FOR THE YEAR NINETEEN HUNDRED AND FORTY IN THE CITY OF DAVAO.**

The public interest so requiring, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by section twenty-seven of Commonwealth Act Numbered Fifty-one, known as the Charter of the City of Davao, as amended by Commonwealth Act Numbered Four hundred and sixty-two, do hereby reduce by thirty per centum the real property tax due on all coconut trees and abacá plants for the calendar year nineteen hundred and forty in the City of Davao.

Done at the City of Manila, this eighth day of July, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 288
REDUCING THE REAL PROPERTY TAX ON COCONUT TREES AND ABACA
PLANTS DUE FOR THE YEAR NINETEEN HUNDRED AND FORTY AND REMITTING
THE PENALTY OF THE FIRST INSTALLMENT OF THE TAX DUE ON ALL
REAL PROPERTY FOR THE YEAR NINETEEN HUNDRED AND FORTY IN THE
CITY OF ZAMBOANGA, SUBJECT TO CERTAIN CONDITION.

The public interest so requiring, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by section twenty-seven of Commonwealth Act Numbered Thirty-nine, known as the Charter of the City of Zamboanga, as amended by Commonwealth Act Numbered Two hundred and fifty, do hereby reduce by thirty per centum the real property tax due on all coconut trees and abaca plants for the calendar year nineteen hundred and forty and remit the penalty on the first installment of the tax due on all real property for the year nineteen hundred and forty in the City of Zamboanga, provided that the said first installment be paid on or before July thirty-first, nineteen hundred and forty.

Done at the City of Manila, this eighth day of July, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:

JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 289
REVISING FURTHER EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 72 DATED DECEMBER 3, 1936,
ESTABLISHING A CLASSIFICATION OF PORTS

The following ports are hereby included in the classification of National Ports open to coastwise trade:

Province	Ports
Occidental Negros	San Carlos.
Sorsogon	Bulan.

Executive Order No. 72, dated December 3, 1936, as amended by Executive Orders Nos. 195 and 254, dated March 13, 1939 and February 20, 1940, respectively, is further amended accordingly.

Done at the City of Manila, this eighth day of July, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 290
PROMULGATING RULES AND REGULATIONS GOVERNING
THE GIVING OF SECURITY FOR EVERY FIREARM HELD UNDER
THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 888 OF THE REVISED ADMINISTRATIVE CODE.

Pursuant to the authority vested in me under section nine hundred and five of the Revised Administrative Code, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, do hereby issue the following rules and regulations to govern the giving of security for every firearm held on license issued under the provisions of section eight hundred and eighty-eight of the same code:

1. Any person desiring to possess one or more firearms for personal protection or for use in hunting or other lawful purposes and ammunition thereof shall, upon making application therefor and before receiving the license, for the purpose of security, deposit a United States or Philippine Government bond or make a cash deposit with the Postal Savings Bank in the sum of forty pesos for each firearm for which the license is to be issued and indorse the certificate of deposit therefor to the Treasurer of the Philippines, such deposit to bear no interest; or give a personal or property bond signed by two (2) persons or by a surety company in such form as the President may prescribe, payable to the Government of the Philippines, in the sum of one hundred pesos for each such firearms.

2. The bonds existing upon the promulgation of this executive order shall continue as they are or, at the option of the interested party, the same can be renewed in accordance with the provisions hereof.

3. Gun clubs duly organized and accredited by the Chief of Constabulary may be allowed to possess on licenses, for the use of its members at the clubs, not to exceed twenty (20) firearms (rifles, pistols, revolvers, or shotguns). The club shall, for the purpose of security, give one-half ($\frac{1}{2}$) of the total amount of the security herein required for firearms issued to nonmembers of gun clubs. In case of loss, the sum of forty pesos or one hundred pesos, as the case may be, shall be forfeited or collected for each firearm lost.

Done at the City of Manila, this eighth day of July, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 291
CREATING THE PHILIPPINE EXPOSITION COMMISSION TO MANAGE AND DIRECT THE
EXPOSITION TO BE INAUGURATED IN 1941

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by Commonwealth Act Numbered Five hundred and fifty which empowers the President of the Philippines either directly or through any department, bureau, office or agency as he may create to carry out the provisions of said Act, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, do hereby create the Philippine Exposition Commission to manage and direct an exposition in the Philippines to be inaugurated in 1941 to commemorate the Sixth Anniversary of the establishment of the Commonwealth Government. The Philippine Exposition Commission shall be under the general supervision and control of a board to be composed of a chairman and such members as the President may from time to time appoint.

The Commission shall have authority to acquire by purchase, lease, or donation such land as may be necessary on which to hold the exposition, to direct the construction and laying out of the grounds and buildings, to incur all necessary expenditures in the acquisition, transportation and insurance of the exhibits, and to perform such other duties and acts as may be necessary to enable it to carry into effect the purposes of Commonwealth Act Numbered Five hundred and fifty and this Order. The Philippine Exposition Commission shall also have authority to enter into suitable arrangements with the Philippine Exposition, Inc., for the use of the personnel, properties, and other facilities of the latter under such conditions as may be beneficial to the public interest.

The Commission shall take charge of the Exposition Fund created in Commonwealth Act Numbered Five hundred and fifty, including the advances provided for in said Act, and such other funds as may hereafter be appropriated or donated to or by the Government for this purpose, and shall disburse these funds in accordance with a budget approved by the President. Subject to the approval of the President, the Commission shall have authority to appoint such personnel as may be necessary for the performance of its functions and to fix their salaries and conditions of employment. All expenses that may be incurred by the Commission to carry out the provisions of Commonwealth Act Numbered Five hundred and fifty and this Order, including traveling and other incidental expenses of officers and employees and expenses for publicity and official entertainment, shall be a proper charge against the funds under the control of the Commission.

All Heads and Chiefs of Departments, bureaus, offices, and agencies of the National Government, provincial governors and provincial officials, and municipal mayors and municipal officials are hereby required to furnish every assistance in their power not inconsistent with law to the Commission and its duly appointed agents for the successful carrying out of the purposes of Commonwealth Act Numbered Five hundred and fifty and this Order.

Upon request of the Commission and subject to the approval of the President, government officers and employees may be detailed with the Commission to perform such duties as may be assigned to them, but such work shall be performed without additional compensation: *Provided, however,* That

the officers or employees so designated shall be entitled to necessary traveling expenses to be paid from the funds under the control of the Commission.

The Commission shall render to the President of the Philippines, from time to time, reports on the progress of the work and a quarterly account of the receipts and expenditures.

Done at the City of Manila, this fifth day of August, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON

President of the Philippines

By the President:

JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 292
ESTABLISHING THE MANILA PORT AREA RAT-PROOF BUILDING ZONE

Whereas it appears necessary and advisable that existing regulations be amended for rat control in the Manila South Port District to prevent the introduction of bubonic plague;

Now, therefore, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers in me vested by law, do hereby designate that portion of the lands reclaimed by the Government, surveyed during January, nineteen hundred and eight, known as Reclamation Number One, Manila Harbor, and commonly known as Port Area District, the “Manila Port Area Rat-Proof Building Zone” within the limits of which only rat-proof building construction made of durable and hard materials, such as reinforced concrete, bricks, iron, steel, or other permanent similarly durable and hard materials, shall be allowed: *Provided*, That doors, door frames, window frames, roof trusses, partitions, and similar portions of a building may be constructed of wood: *Provided, further*, That mamposteria (adobe) shall not be considered as satisfactory building material. The plans for all proposed construction within the said zone shall bear the approval of the Director of Public Works and the Director of Health, and the building hereinafter constructed shall not be allowed to be used for any purpose whatsoever until the Director of Public Works and the Director of Health shall have certified the work to be satisfactory for the purpose of rat control.

The storing of foodstuffs including feed for livestock and fowls shall not be permitted in said zone unless it is kept in rat-proof receptacles which meet with the approval of the Director of Health.

All leases of land within the Manila Port Area Rat-Proof Building Zone shall be subject to the conditions mentioned in the preceding paragraphs to insure the exclusion and prevent the harboring of rats therein to the satisfaction of the Director of Health. Such leases shall contain the further condition that no stable, pigs, chickens or other fowls or domestic animals, the food of which might serve as food for rodents, shall be maintained within the said zone.

This Order supersedes Executive Order No. 235, series of 1930.

Done at the City of Manila, this fifth day of August, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 293

ENJOINING PROVINCIAL AND MUNICIPAL TREASURERS WHO ARE APPOINTED AGENTS OF THE AGRICULTURAL AND INDUSTRIAL BANK EVEN WITHOUT COMPENSATION TO COMPLY FAITHFULLY WITH THE RULES AND REGULATIONS OR INSTRUCTIONS OF THE BANK AND NOT TO EXACT UNAUTHORIZED FEES FROM THE APPLICANTS FOR LOANS.

Whereas it is not feasible and economical for the present for the Agricultural and Industrial Bank to open branches in all the provinces and chartered cities to carry out its primary functions of granting agricultural and industrial loans;

Whereas public interest demands that the services of the Agricultural and Industrial Bank be brought closer to the people in order that they may avail themselves of such services with the least delay and at the least expense possible;

Whereas the services of the said Bank may be rendered more promptly and economically by the provincial and municipal treasurers in those provinces where the Agricultural and Industrial Bank has not any branch or agency, if such treasurers are appointed agents of the Agricultural and Industrial Bank; and

Whereas the Secretary of Finance has authorized the appointment by the Board of Directors of the Agricultural and Industrial Bank of provincial and municipal treasurers as agents of the said Bank;

Now, therefore, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law and the Constitution, do hereby enjoin all provincial and municipal treasurers who are appointed agents of the Agricultural and Industrial Bank even without additional compensation to comply faithfully with all the rules and regulations or instructions of the Agricultural and Industrial Bank relative to the performance of their duties as such agents and not to exact from any applicant any compensation for their personal services, except such fees as may be authorized by the said Bank.

Done at the City of Manila, this fifth day of August, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:

JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 294
AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 47, DATED JULY 7, 1936, FIXING THE WIDTH OF
ROAD AND STREET RIGHTS-OF-WAY THROUGH PUBLIC LAND.

Executive Order No. 47, dated July 7, 1936, is hereby amended to read as follows:

“In order to preserve the natural growth of timber along proposed roads and to make provision for appropriate planting and roadside beautification, the width of the rights-of-way for national and provincial roads constructed through the public domain is hereby fixed at sixty (60) meters: *Provided*, That rights-of-way of at least one hundred twenty (120) meters shall be reserved through naturally forested areas of aesthetic or scientific value. Right-of-way widths of sixty (60) meters shall also be reserved in laying out the principal streets of town sites located on public land, and a minimum width of fifteen meters for other streets.”

Done at the City of Manila, this fifth day of August, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 295
SEGREGATING FROM THE MUNICIPALITY OF SANTA BARBARA,
PROVINCE OF ILOILO, THE BARRIO OF ZARRAGA AND ORGANIZING
THE SAME INTO A SEPARATE MUNICIPALITY UNDER THE NAME OF ZARRAGA,
WITH THE SEAT OF GOVERNMENT AT THE BARRIO OF ZARRAGA.

Upon the recommendation of the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Finance, and pursuant to the provisions of section sixty-eight of the Revised Administrative Code, the barrio of Zarraga is hereby segregated from the municipality of Santa Barbara, Province of Iloilo, and organized into an independent municipality under the name of Zarraga, with the seat of government at the barrio of Zarraga.

The municipality of Zarraga as herein organized shall have the following boundary lines:

Beginning at a point marked "1" which is identical to M. B. M. No. 21 of Santa Barbara Cadastre, B. L. Cad. No. 7 Extension; thence S. 17° 33' E. 10.18 meters to point "2" which is corner 6 of the Boundary and Index Map of case No. 12 of the same cadastre; thence S. 26° 36' E. 20.03 meters to point "3" which is corner 7 of the same case; thence S. 9° 54' W. 76.71 meters to point "4" which is corner 8 of the same case at the middle of Jalaud River; thence following the course of the said river in a southerly direction to point "5" which is M. B. M. No. 22, at the junction of Jalaud River and Talauguis River; thence following the course of the said Talauguis River in a southeasterly direction to point "6" which is the mouth of the said river at the Iloilo Strait; thence following the shoreline of the said strait in a westerly direction to point "7" which is the mouth of Jalaud River; thence following the course of the said river in a northwesterly direction to point "8" which is the junction of the Jalaud River and Janipaan River; thence following the course of Janipaan River in the same direction to point "9" which is B. B. M. No. 61; thence N. 5° 24' E. 363.12 meters to point "10" which is B. B. M. No. 62; thence N. 12° 15' W. 196.50 meters to point "11" which is B. B. M. No. 97; thence N. 12° 19' W. 707.55 meters to point "12" which is B. B. M. No. 64; thence N. 61° 11' W. 206.54 meters to point "13" which is corner 28 of lot No. 9349 of Sabas Gustilo and wife, on the south bank of Janipaan River; thence following the course of the said river in a northerly direction to point "14" which is B. B. M. No. 33; thence S. 74° 45' E. 396.97 meters to point "15" which is B. B. M. No. 34; thence N. 19° 05' E. 466.91 meters to point "16" which is B. B. M. No. 35; thence N. 43° 11' W. 594.87 meters to point "17" which is B. B. M. No. 30; thence N. 43° 11' W. 22.00 meters, more or less, to point "18" which is the center of Janipaan River; thence following the course of the said river in a northeasterly direction to point "19" which is the intersection of the center line of the said river and the line extended from B. B. M. No. 28; thence N. 87° 16' E. 34.00 meters, more or less, to point "20" which is B. B. M. No. 28; thence N. 87° 16' E. 317.15 meters to point "21" which is M. B. M. No. 17; thence S. 59° 21' E. 1,681.77 meters to point "2" which is M. B. M. No. 18; thence S. 59° 17' E. 2,113.90 meters to point "23" which is M. B. M. No. 19; thence S. 59° 33' E. 939.20 meters to point "24" which is M. B. M. No. 20; thence S. 44° 34' E. 318.44 meters to the point of beginning. All points referred to herein

are shown on the Cadastral Map sheet No. 711 and Boundary and Index Maps of Santa Barbara Cadastre, B. L. Cad. No. 7 and 7-Extension, cases Nos. 7, 10 and 12.

The municipality of Santa Barbara shall consist of its present territory minus the territory of the new municipality of Zarraga as herein specified.

The organization herein made shall take effect January 1, 1941.

Done at the City of Manila, this twelfth day of August, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON

President of the Philippines

By the President:

JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 296

SEGREGATING FROM THE MUNICIPALITY OF JORDAN, PROVINCE OF ILOILO, THE FORMER MUNICIPALITY OF NUEVA VALENCIA, AND ORGANIZING THE SAME INTO AN INDEPENDENT MUNICIPALITY UNDER THE NAME OF NUEVA VALENCIA, WITH THE SEAT OF GOVERNMENT AT THE BARRIO OF SANTA ANA.

Upon the recommendation of the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Finance, and pursuant to the provisions of section sixty-eight of the revised Administrative Code, the former municipality of Nueva Valencia is hereby segregated from the municipality of Jordan, Province of Iloilo, and organized and reestablished as an independent municipality under the name of Nueva Valencia, with the seat of government at the barrio of Santa Ana.

The municipality of Nueva Valencia as herein organized shall comprise the territory separated from the mother municipality by the Kabilao and Sibunag Rivers and by a straight line from the intersection of the Jordan-Nueva Valencia provincial road and the Kabilao River to the Garangan Hill, consisting of the barrios of Cabalagnan, Calaya, Concordia, Dolores, Guiwanon, La Paz, Lucmayan, Magamay, Nueva Valencia, Pandaraonan, Panobolon, Salvacion, Santa Ana and Tando.

The municipality of Jordan shall consist of its present territory minus the territory of the new municipality of Nueva Valencia as herein specified.

The organization herein made shall take effect January 1, 1941.

Done at the City of Manila, this twelfth day of August, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:

JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 297

DESIGNATING THE NATIONAL TRADING CORPORATION AS THE AGENCY TO HANDLE AND TAKE CHARGE OF ALL GOVERNMENT ACTIVITIES RELATING TO THE PROMOTION, ORGANIZATION AND SUPERVISION OF COÖPERATIVE OR MUTUAL AID ASSOCIATIONS.

Whereas Commonwealth Act Numbered Five hundred and sixty-five, entitled “An Act providing for the organization of coöperative associations, authorizing the creation of an agency or designation of an instrumentality of the Government to promote and supervise the said associations, and providing funds for the promotion and supervision of the same,” provides, among other things, that:

“SEC. 5. The President of the Philippines, may, by executive order, consolidate in any Government agency now existing all Government activities relating to the promotion, organization, and supervision of coöperative or mutual aid associations or he may create a new agency for such purpose, transferring to the same the personnel, equipment, supplies, records, and unexpended balances of appropriations employed in said activities.

“SEC. 6. The President may issue such rules and regulations as may be necessary to promote and help the organization of coöperative associations under this Act as well as those necessary and convenient to carry into effect the objectives hereof.

“SEC. 7. The President of the Philippines is authorized to set aside a portion of the fund appropriated under Commonwealth Act Numbered Four hundred and ninety-eight for the proper carrying out of the purposes of this Act. The sum thus set aside, together with the Agricultural Coöperative Fund created under Commonwealth Act Numbered One hundred and sixteen and with the available appropriations transferred to the agency in charge of the administration of this Act, shall constitute a special fund to be known as the National Coöperative Fund and shall be disbursed upon direction of the head thereof, subject to the provisions of section 7–I–(4) of Commonwealth Act Numbered Two hundred and forty-six. All income or receipts derived from the operation of the special fund herein created shall accrue to and form part of the same and shall be available for expenditure and/or investment for the same purpose for which it has been created”; and

Whereas the National Trading Corporation created under Executive Order No. 249, dated January 4, 1940, has the necessary facilities to carry out the purposes of Commonwealth Act Numbered Five hundred and sixty-five in the matter of the promotion, organization, and supervision of coöperative or mutual aid associations as well as the enforcement of such rules and regulations as may be issued by the President in conformity with the provisions of section 6 of said Act;

Now, therefore, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers conferred upon me in the above-cited Act, do hereby order that all government activities relating to the promotion, organization and supervision of coöperative or mutual aid associations be consolidated in and transferred to the National Trading Corporation, and hereby direct that this Corporation

take immediate steps to handle and take charge of these activities and, in addition, to perform all the functions and discharge the duties specified in such rules and regulations as may be issued by the President in conformity with the provisions of section six of said Commonwealth Act Numbered Five hundred and sixty-five. It shall, furthermore, keep a register of all coöperatives.

The National Trading Corporation shall, with the approval of the President, appoint such personnel as may be necessary for the proper performance of its functions and fix their salaries.

The sum of three hundred thousand pesos out of the fund appropriated by Commonwealth Act Numbered Four hundred and ninety-eight is hereby transferred to the National Trading Corporation to enable it to carry out the duties and functions imposed upon it by this Order, and said amount, together with the Agricultural Coöperative Fund created under Commonwealth Act Numbered One hundred and sixteen and such other available appropriations as may be transferred to the National Trading Corporation, shall hereafter be known as the National Coöperative Fund.

The Secretary of Finance is hereby authorized and directed to transfer immediately to the National Trading Corporation the sum of three hundred thousand pesos authorized by section five of Commonwealth Act Numbered Four hundred and ninety-eight.

The General Manager of the Agricultural and Industrial Bank is also hereby directed to transfer to the National Trading Corporation the Agricultural Coöperative Fund, together with all cash on hand, securities, personnel, equipment, records and supplies of any kind used in connection therewith.

The Commissioner of the Budget shall submit to the President a list of all the personnel connected with the promotion, organization, and supervision of coöperative associations, together with the equipment, supplies, records and unexpended balances of appropriations from the General Funds used in connection therewith, and such personnel, equipment, supplies, records and unexpended balances appearing in the list so submitted and as approved by the President, shall be transferred to the National Trading Corporation.

The National Trading Corporation shall make arrangements for the immediate transfer to it of all government activities relating to the promotion, organization and supervision of coöperative associations and shall enforce all existing laws on coöperative associations and the rules and regulations promulgated in accordance with such laws. Unless otherwise amended, altered, or modified by the President, all circulars, rules and regulations issued under existing laws on coöperative associations, as are not inconsistent with the provisions of Commonwealth Act Numbered Five hundred and sixty-five and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, are continued in effect.

The Corporation is hereby authorized to call upon any department, bureau, office, agency or instrumentality of the Government for such information and assistance as may be necessary.

All executive or administrative orders, rules and regulations or parts thereof inconsistent with the provisions of this Order are hereby revoked.

Done at the City of Manila, this twelfth day of August, in the year, of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 298
PROHIBITING THE AUTOMATIC RENEWAL OF CONTRACTS,
REQUIRING PUBLIC BIDDING BEFORE ENTERING INTO NEW CONTRACTS,
AND PROVIDING EXCEPTIONS THEREFOR.

Whereas, as a matter of general policy, it is in the interest of the public service that Government contracts for public services or for furnishing supplies, materials, and equipment to the Government be submitted to public bidding;

Whereas, when a Government contract has expired, to continue it automatically without again calling for bids is contrary to such policy;

Now, therefore, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers in me vested by law, hereby direct that no contract for public service or for furnishing supplies, materials, and equipment to the Government already in force or to be entered into for the first time by the Philippine Government or any of its branches, subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities shall be renewed or entered into without public bidding except for very extraordinary reasons and then only after the Auditor General, the Secretary of Justice, and the Secretary of the Department concerned have been consulted and the approval of the President has been secured beforehand: *Provided*, That when the Secretary of the Department concerned certifies on the requisition that the supplies, materials or equipment are urgently needed to meet an emergency which may involve the loss of, or danger to, life and/or property or are to be used in connection with a project or activity which cannot be delayed without causing detriment to the public service, the Purchasing Agent may purchase the supplies, materials or equipment so requisitioned without public bidding, but only after a thorough canvass of the market. The Purchasing Agent may likewise purchase without public bidding supplies, materials or equipment which are sold by an exclusive dealer or manufacturer which does not have sub-dealers selling at lower prices and for which no suitable substitutes can be obtained elsewhere at more advantageous terms to the Government.

This Order shall not in any way affect the regulations contained in Department Orders Nos. 73 and 74 of the former Department of Commerce and Communications, which will continue in full force and effect; and it contemplates that the provisions of Department Order No. 2, dated January 14, 1936, of the Department of Finance, are hereby followed by all concerned.

Executive Order No. 16, dated February 3, 1936, as amended by Executive Order No. 98, dated April 24, 1937, is hereby revoked.

Done at the City of Manila, this twelfth day of August, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 299

CREATING A NATIONAL SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION AND REVISING FURTHER, FOR THIS PURPOSE, EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 139, DATED JANUARY 14, 1938, AS REVISED BY EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 188, DATED FEBRUARY 23, 1939, EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 197, DATED MARCH 24, 1939, AND EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 216, DATED JULY 28, 1939.

For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of Commonwealth Acts Numbered Ninety and Two hundred and sixty-six, which state that the funds therein appropriated shall be expended through such official, office, entity, or agency as the President may designate, and with a view to achieving efficiency and economy by consolidating the different relief activities of the Government under one management and coördinating such Government relief activities with those being undertaken by private relief institutions, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby create a National Social Security Administration under the general supervision and control of a board herein designated as the National Social Security Board, to be composed of one chairman, one vice-chairman, an executive officer, and such members as the President may from time to time appoint.

The duties of the National Social Security Administration shall be as follows:

(a) To investigate the extent of the damages caused by typhoons, floods, fires, and other public calamities in the different provinces, cities and municipalities; and to determine the amounts of money needed for relief and rehabilitation work.

(b) To establish and organize rapid and adequate measures for relieving the sufferers and rendering aid and assistance to them.

(c) To give training to, and to provide for, a corps of workers, such as physicians, engineers, nurses, and others, including volunteer workers who can be called for active service during emergencies.

(d) To coördinate the relief activities of the Government with those being undertaken by private relief institutions.

(e) To serve as a coördinating agency for the placement in public works and land settlement projects of the different branches, departments, bureaus, offices, agencies, and instrumentalities of the Government of persons in need of employment.

(f) To extend relief to the indigents who are physically incapacitated for work either directly or through the Bureau of Public Welfare or the charitable institutions under the latter's supervision.

(g) To take charge of all the funds appropriated under Commonwealth Acts Numbered Ninety and Two hundred sixty-six, and such other funds as may be appropriated, set aside or donated to or by the Government or any of its instrumentalities including the Philippine Charity Sweepstake Office, for relief or rehabilitation purposes, and, subject to the approval of the President, to make allotments out of said funds for the purpose of this Executive Order, directly or thru such government agencies or charitable institutions as the National Social Security Board may designate.

(b) And to perform such other functions or do such other work as the President may assign thereto from time to time.

The National Social Security Administration shall establish branches or agencies or may appoint subcommittees in the provinces, cities and municipalities with a view to carrying out within their respective jurisdictions the purpose of this Executive Order.

Subject to the approval of the President, the National Social Security Administration is hereby authorized to appoint such personnel, as may be necessary to perform all or any of the duties entrusted to it by virtue of this Executive Order or any other subsequent order of the President.

All expenses which may be incurred by the National Social Security Administration to carry out the provisions of this Executive Order, or any other subsequent order, including traveling and other incidental expenses of officers and employees rendering relief work, shall be a proper charge against the appropriations under its control.

All officers and employees of the National, provincial, city and municipal governments, as well as those of the institutions receiving financial aid from the Government are hereby enjoined to coöperate with the National Social Security Administration in the performance of its duties and, when necessary, to serve as representatives or members of subcommittees or to render such other service as the National Social Security Board may require of them.

The work of taking a census of the unemployed persons in the Philippines shall hereafter be performed by the National Social Security Administration. The Executive Officer of the National Social Security Administration shall advise the proper departments, bureaus, offices, subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities of the Government from time to time as to the unemployment situation in the different localities in the Philippines, and it shall be the duty of these departments, bureaus, offices and other dependencies of the Government to get their supply of laborers from the list furnished by the National Social Security Administration, with a view to giving employment, as far as practicable, to those in need of aid in public works and land settlement projects and other works carried out by any branch or agency of the Government. He shall further seek to enlist the coöperation of private employers in the distribution of employment in such manner as to provide the maximum amount of relief from unemployment.

The National Social Security Administration shall also take and keep a census, of the indigents, who are physically incapacitated for work, in the Philippines and shall from time to time advise the Bureau of Public Welfare of the necessary aid that should be extended to the said indigents.

Executive Order No. 139, dated January 14, 1938, as amended by Executive Order No. 188, dated February 23, 1939, Executive Order No. 197, dated March 24, 1939, and Executive Order No. 216, dated July 28, 1939, and all other Orders which are inconsistent herewith are hereby revoked: *Provided*, That until the members of the National Social Security Board are appointed and qualified, the present National Relief Board shall continue performing its functions as heretofore.

Done at the City of Manila, this nineteenth day of August, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 300
PLACING THE BUREAU OF IMMIGRATION UNDER THE SUPERVISION AND CONTROL OF
THE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES.

Pursuant to the power vested in me under section two of Commonwealth Act Numbered Six hundred thirteen, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, do hereby direct that, for administrative purposes, the Bureau of Immigration be under the supervision and control of the Office of the President of the Philippines.

Done at the City of Manila, this third day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 301
DESIGNATING THE PHILIPPINE NATIONAL BANK AS ONE OF THE AGENCIES TO CARRY
OUT THE OBJECTIVES OF COMMONWEALTH ACT NO. 600

WHEREAS, one of the objectives of Commonwealth Act No. 600 is to insure to the people adequate shelter and clothing and sufficient food supply; and

WHEREAS, under section 2 of Commonwealth Act No. 600 the President of the Philippines is empowered to designate any instrumentality of the National Government for the purpose of carrying out its objectives or any of them;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, do hereby designate the Philippine National Bank, a Government instrumentality, as one of the agencies to carry out the objectives of Commonwealth Act No. 600, by undertaking the extension of credit facilities to tenants who may need the same for the purpose of their support during the period between harvest seasons and to cover the expenses incident to the purchase of seeds and the proper cultivation of the land which they work, under such conditions as the Board of Directors of the Philippine National Bank may determine.

Of the amount appropriated under section 5 of the aforesaid Commonwealth Act No. 600, the sum of one million pesos is hereby allocated to the Philippine National Bank for the purpose above referred to and its disbursement, by said Bank for said purpose is hereby authorized. The Bank shall render a report to the President of the Philippines at the end of every month on its disbursements against this fund.

Done at the City of Manila, this 10th day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

(Sgd.) MANUEL L. QUEZON

By the President:
(Sgd.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 302

SUPERSEDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NUMBERED NINETY-THREE, AS AMENDED BY EXECUTIVE ORDER NUMBERED ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-SIX, BOTH SERIES OF NINETEEN HUNDRED AND THIRTY-SEVEN, PROVIDING FOR THE CONTROL OF UNUSED AND DORMANT SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT OF THE NATIONAL GOVERNMENT AND PRESCRIBING THE PROCEDURE TO BE FOLLOWED IN MAKING REGULAR AND EMERGENCY PURCHASES OF SUPPLIES, MATERIALS, FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT AND IN ORDERING REPAIRS OF FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT.

WHEREAS, it has come to the attention of the Chief Executive that in many bureaus and offices of the National Government there exist considerable quantities of unused furniture and equipment and dormant supplies and materials, and public interest demands that these unused and dormant articles be properly utilized, or otherwise disposed of, and the accumulation of unnecessary or excessive stock of supplies and equipment in the future avoided;

WHEREAS, more effective supervision and control in the purchase and issue of supplies, materials, furniture and equipment and in the making of repairs are necessary in order that the expenditure of the authorized appropriations for consumption of supplies and materials and for purchase and repair of furniture and equipment may be made with the utmost economy and at the same time delays be minimized in the acquisition of such articles or the completion of such repairs;

NOW, THEREFORE, by virtue of the powers vested in me by the Constitution and existing laws, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, do hereby order and decree that-

(1) The General Auditing Office shall receive and properly store all unused or dormant supplies, materials, furniture and equipment now existing or which may exist hereafter in all the different branches of the National Government. It shall take care of said articles, account for them, cause them, if necessary, to be repaired or placed in condition for appropriate use, appraise their value, which in no case should exceed the current market price, and cause them to be issued at the said appraised value to any branch of the Government that may requisition or order similar articles;

(2) From the date of the issuance of this Executive Order, no Head of Department or Chief of Bureau, office or dependency of the National Government shall be authorized to hold any supplies, materials, furniture or equipment which are not in actual and current use or the use of which may not have been definitely determined, and such officials are hereby directed to transfer to the General Auditing Office without cost, under the provisions of section six hundred forty-one of the Administrative Code, all unused or dormant articles now existing or which may exist hereafter: Provided, That if such supplies or equipment are taken from the stock of any self-supporting government entity operating from revolving funds, such supplies and equipment shall be transferred to the entity needing same at a fair appraised value and said amount credited to the fund from which the article was purchased;

(3) Before filing any requisition or order for the purchase or manufacture of supplies, materials, furniture, or equipment, or for the repair of any furniture or equipment, chiefs of bureaus and offices shall, except in emergency cases, as provided in paragraph (6) hereof, secure a certificate from their respective auditors as to the availability of an appropriation to cover the payment of the estimated cost thereof. In case the amount of funds to be certified as available for a certain requisition or order can not be definitely determined until after the work has been commenced or completed, an estimated amount needed to cover at least the major portion of its probable cost should be specified in the requisition or order so that the auditor may set aside and certify thereon enough fund to cover at least the initial cost and more or less ascertain whether the requisitioning bureau or office will be able to eventually meet the obligation so contracted. When, for any reason, the cost of any item in a given requisition or order exceeds the amount certified by the auditor as available therefor, further certification of the said auditor as to the availability of additional fund for that particular item and the corresponding approval of the Auditor General must be secured before the article in question should be allowed to be purchased or while the work order is being executed. Any excess amount in the estimated price of any item in a requisition or order should not be used to cover a deficiency in the estimated cost of any other item therein. Once a regular requisition or order has been acted upon by the General Auditing Office, no subsequent increase in the estimated price and/or quantity of any item therein shall be permitted without the consent of the requisitioning bureau or office and the approval of the Auditor General;

(4) Requisitions or orders for the purchase or manufacture of supplies, materials, furniture and equipment, or for the repair of furniture and equipment, for use in any branch of the National Government, addressed to the Division of Purchase and Supply, Bureau of Printing, Government Marine Railway and Repair Shops, Bureau of Prisons, or any other government bureau or office, or to commercial houses and dealers or private manufacturing or repair shops, shall, except as provided in paragraph (6) hereof, be coursed thru the General Auditing Office for approval. The Auditor General shall carefully investigate all requisitions and orders received by his Office and shall see to it that only articles and repairs that are necessary for the service and whose cost is not excessive or extravagant are purchased, manufactured or made. He shall also see if there are articles in the stock of the General Auditing Office which are similar to, or will serve the same purpose as, those requisitioned or ordered, and if there be any and the Department Head concerned approves the requisition or order, he shall cause the article on hand to be issued to the requisitioning bureau or office and the elimination of the corresponding item from the requisition or order. Should he find any item in such requisitions or orders which he considers unnecessary or extravagant, he shall suspend further action on the questioned item and take up the matter with the corresponding bureau of office. Should the requisitioning bureau or office insist in its requisition or order, the case should be brought to the attention of the Department Head concerned. In case of disagreement between the Department Head and the Auditor General, the matter shall be submitted to the President for decision. Under no circumstance shall a suspended item in a requisition or order be purchased or performed unless the question raised by the General Auditing Office has been definitely decided by proper authorities;

(5) Upon receipt of any requisition or order forwarded to the Department Head concerned for approval, he shall carefully scrutinize it with a view of avoiding any unnecessary expenditure on the part of the National Government, especially in the acquisition of luxurious equipment or the purchase of articles at extravagant or excessive prices when similar ones at more economical cost will serve the purpose just as well;

(6) In cases of emergency, where the need for the supplies, materials, furniture, equipment, or repair of an equipment is exceptionally urgent or absolutely indispensable to prevent immediate danger to, or loss of, life and/or property, or to avoid detriment to the public service, bureaus and offices

of the National Government may make emergency purchases or place emergency requisitions and repair or manufacturing orders without first coursing same thru the prescribed channels: Provided, That immediately after the emergency purchase has been made, or the requisition or order placed, the chief of the bureau or office concerned shall submit a regular requisition or order to cover such purchase, manufacture or repair, showing thereon (a) a complete description of the articles acquired or of the work done or to be performed; (b) by whom furnished, executed or to be executed; (c) date of acquisition or execution; (d) the unit price and the amount paid or contracted therefor; (e) a clear explanation of the circumstances why the article or repair was urgently needed or why a regular requisition or order could not be previously coursed as required without causing detriment to the public service; and (f) a certificate to the effect that the price paid or contracted for was the lowest obtainable at the time of purchase or order. In all such cases, requisitions covering emergency purchases or emergency work orders must invariably bear the necessary certificate of the auditor as to the availability of fund for the purpose before they are submitted to the General Auditing Office for approval ;

(7) Failure to comply with the above requirements, particularly as to the certificate of availability of funds and the approval of the Auditor General and the Department Head, may render the official responsible for the placing of the requisition or order personally liable for the payment of the articles so requisitioned or ordered, or for the cost of the repairs made.

(8) This Order shall supersede Executive Order Numbered Ninety-three, as amended by Executive Order Numbered One hundred and twenty-six, both series of nineteen hundred and thirty-seven, and any other orders or circulars inconsistent herewith.

Done at the City of Manila, this 26th day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

(Sgd.) MANUEL L. QUEZON

By the President:
(Sgd.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). [*Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399*]. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 303
PROMULGATING RULES AND REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE APPOINTMENT AND
SUPERVISION OF GOVERNMENT PENSIONADOS

The selection and supervision of government pensionados shall be governed by the following rules and regulations:

I. GENERAL QUALIFICATIONS

1. Qualifications.- Each applicant must be of good moral character and of sound health and must be a person of experience who has proven himself able and efficient in his profession or occupation, either in private practice or in the government service, as substantiated by available records.

2. Scholarships for government employees.- Government officials and employees, who, by reason of their long training and experience in office and their proven ability and efficiency, are peculiarly fitted to undertake special studies or to acquire practical training in such particular lines of work as may be useful to the government service, may be granted scholarships although not possessing the educational qualifications required in paragraph 3 hereof.

II. ACADEMIC PREPARATION

3. Educational qualifications.- Except in meritorious cases to be determined by the President, each applicant must have been graduated with a baccalaureate degree, following the successful completion of a four-year course of study, in the University of the Philippines or in any other college or university recognized by the Government and must have majored in the subject of the scholarship for which he is applying. Applicants planning to specialize in medicine must be graduates of a college of medicine recognized by the Government and have been duly admitted to the practice of medicine. Applicants planning to specialize in law must be graduates of a college of law recognized by the Government and must have been duly admitted to the practice of law. Applicants planning to specialize in music must be holders of diplomas or degrees in music conferred by institutions recognized by the Government. Applicants planning to specialize in education must have completed at least four years of college study, including 18 units in education.

III. SELECTION OF PENSIONADOS

4. Competitive examinations.- Except as provided in paragraph 5 hereof, the selection of pensionados to study in the United States or in foreign countries shall be based on competitive examinations to be conducted by the Bureau of Civil Service under the direction of the Office of the President. The granting of scholarships to applicants who are already in the United States shall

be based on competitive examinations to be given to such candidates by the Office of the Resident Commissioner.

5. Pensionados by detail.- For the purpose of giving additional training to technical men who are already in the government service or of enabling them to observe or survey certain activities along their respective lines, a limited number of pensionados may be sent abroad by detail upon recommendation of their respective department heads and upon approval by the committee appointed by the Office of the President to give a personal interview to applicants. Such pensionados shall not draw per diems other than those provided in this Executive Order, unless otherwise expressly authorized by the Office of the President. After reaching their destinations abroad, per diems and traveling expenses of pensionados appointed under the provisions of this paragraph shall be borne by the bureaus or offices concerned.

6. Persons disqualified.- No pensionado shall be eligible for a scholarship, under the provisions of the Appropriation Act, for at least four years after the date of his return from abroad where he has enjoyed the privileges of a government scholarship. Also, no applicant who has been granted a Ph.D. degree or a D.Sc. degree in the field of study designated for the scholarship for which he is applying shall be eligible for appointment as a pensionado. Applicants who have criminal records shall be debarred from competitive examinations, nor shall any applicant who has been punished administratively be admitted to these competitive examinations without prior authority from the Office of the President.

7. Course to be pursued.- Pensionados shall be sent abroad only for the purpose of specializing in studies that cannot be pursued to advantage in the Philippines. In no case shall applicants desiring to take undergraduate courses in law, medicine, engineering, dentistry, chemistry, pharmacy, or any other course except English, which may be studied in the Philippines, be appointed.

8. Data required.- Each applicant should furnish the Office of the President with the following data:

- (a) Date and place of birth;
- (b) Education and vocational training and qualifications, including the corresponding degree or degrees received, if any, and the name of the college or university granting the degree;
- (c) Profession or occupation; positions occupied; nature of work and length of service in each, and other pertinent data that may serve to show his experience, efficiency, and ability;
- (d) A statement as to whether the applicant with members of his family dependent upon him for support can, during the period of the scholarship, be adequately maintained by the allowance provided plus whatever income he may have.

9. Financial standing.- Other things being equal preference shall be given to applicants who are least financially well-off. In order to have some way of determining the financial status of an applicant, a certified statement from the municipal treasurer of the municipality in which the applicant resides as to his financial standing must accompany the application, or in the absence thereof, a statement of two reputable citizens of the community regarding his financial standing may be submitted.

IV. TERMS AND CONDITIONS

10. Duration of scholarships.- Unless revoked before the time of expiration, scholarships shall be granted for a period of one year, subject to extension upon satisfactory reports from the Office of the Resident Commissioner as to the standing, conduct, and quality of work of the pensionado applying

for such extension. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to those appointed by detail under Paragraph 5.

11. Institution to be attended.- The colleges, universities and institutions which pensionados are to attend will be decided by the Office of the President before the pensionados leave Manila, and no transfer will be permitted except upon approval by the President of the Philippines or his authorized representative. Where such transfers are approved at the request of the pensionado, all traveling expenses involved in the transfer will be at the expense of the pensionado concerned.

12. Degrees.- The securing of a degree is of secondary importance. If specialization in a certain field will lead to a degree, study for the same will be advisable; otherwise, it should not be attempted. This will permit pensionados to select courses under outstanding; professors and of desired content rather than to meet cultural requirements to devote much time to the preparation of a thesis which would be in most cases quite remote from Philippine needs since Philippine material for a thesis is seldom at hand.

13. Employment in the Government after Scholarship.- Pensionados shall render two years' service to the Government of the Commonwealth of the Philippines for each year of scholarship enjoyed. In the case of pensionados who were not in the government service at the time of appointment, it should be understood that upon their return to the Philippines the Government is not obligated, under the terms of their scholarship agreement, to provide them with positions in the Government. While no efforts will be spared to obtain employment for them in the Government, their employment will depend entirely upon existing vacancies and available funds. Should a pensionado decide not to serve the Government when his services are needed, he shall reimburse the Government in an amount equivalent to the total expenditures for his scholarship. Pensionados when employed upon their return to the Philippines either in the Government or in private firms, shall refund to the Government an amount not less than 25 per cent of the total expenditures for their scholarships. This amount shall be automatically deducted from their monthly salaries at the rate of 5% thereof. However, no deductions shall be made from those whose salaries are ₱2,400 per annum or less until they receive at least a one-regard promotion.

14. Contract period.- The term of scholarship of a pensionado shall begin on the day he leaves Manila and shall be effective until the date of his return to Manila, unless otherwise specifically provided in the agreement. Scholarships of pensionados appointed while in the United States or in a foreign country will take effect on the day they enter upon their duties.

15. Physical examination.- Each applicant selected for a scholarship shall be required to undergo a rigid physical examination by the Philippine General Hospital. Applicants possessing symptoms as might affect their health abroad, and thus impair their usefulness as students, shall be rejected. One such examination shall be conducted prior to the competitive examinations, and a second examination after qualifying.

16. Initial allowance.- Pensionados before leaving for the United States and foreign countries shall be given an allowance of ₱150.00 for port and steamer expenses. They shall also be given a preliminary clothing allowance of ₱150.00.

17. Monthly pension.- A monthly pension \$70.00 during the period of scholarship, for board, lodging and incidentals, shall be given each pensionado. Monthly pensions shall begin on date of leaving Manila and end on the date the pensionado arrives in Manila. Monthly pensions shall be paid at the end of each month in the United States by the Disbursing Agent, Philippine Revenues, Division of Territories and Island Possessions, Department of the Interior, Washington, D. C.

18. Pensions to government employees.- Employees of the Government appointed pensionados whose salaries are in excess of ₱1,680 per annum shall also receive the difference between their salaries

and their scholarship allowance of ₱1,680, such difference to be paid by the Office under which they work. With the prior approval of the Office of the President, a substitute may be appointed chargeable to the pensionado fund, but the temporary incumbent's salary shall in no case exceed ₱1,680 per annum. Government employees who have been granted scholarships shall be considered as on special duty in the United States in foreign countries during the period of the scholarship and, as such, they shall be entitled to commutation of any accrued leave they may have earned prior to the enactment of Commonwealth Act No. 220.

19. Compensation for services.- Pensionados who are assigned to practical work while abroad shall be given the regular allowance, but if they are paid for their services or given allowances in the equivalent of more than \$30.00 a month, the excess over \$30.00 shall be deducted from their monthly pensions.

20. Clothing allowance.- The first clothing allowance paid on arrival in the United States shall be ₱200. The next allowance for clothing will be ₱150 and will be given on April 1 to pensionados arriving between July 1 and December 31, and on October 1 to those arriving between January 1 and June 30. In special cases of pensionados remaining in the United States for more than one year, after the first year each pensionado will receive a semi-annual clothing allowance of ₱150, payable on April 1 and October 1. In no case shall a pensionado be given more than two clothing allowances in the United States within the one year contract period, and pensionados returning home prior to April 1 or October 1 of any year will not receive the clothing allowances scheduled to be paid on those dates.

21. Stopping of scholarship.- Inability of a pensionado to live within his allowance or failure to keep up the necessary standard of scholarship shall be sufficient cause for cancelling his scholarship and sending him back with second-class transportation.

22. Tuition and matriculation, books, and supplies.- Pensionados shall be entitled to tuition and matriculation fees and textbooks and supplies that are necessary for their studies. The amount to be granted for books and supplies should not exceed \$50.00 per year.

23. Medical attendance.- Pensionados shall be entitled, during their stay abroad, to a reasonable allowance for medical attendance and hospital bills if the illness is contracted in line of duty. If a pensionado becomes seriously ill and his recovery cannot be expected within a reasonable time, he shall be returned home as soon as his physical condition permits. Allowance for dental treatment shall include only such repairs as are necessary for the relief of pain. If the scholarship should be extended, pensionados shall be entitled to a reasonable allowance for ocular examination and change of lenses the second and succeeding years.

24. Transportation.- Pensionados shall be entitled to at least tourist class transportation from Manila to the place where they are to study, and similar return transportation to the Philippines upon the termination of their studies abroad.

25. Scholarships requiring travel.- Where pensionados have to spend time traveling within the United States, the expense of such travel shall be borne by the Bureau or Office concerned.

26. Ports and streamer expenses.- Before returning to the Philippines from abroad, pensionados shall be given \$75.00 for port and streamer expenses.

27. Pensionados returning via Europe.- Pensionados permitted to return via Europe, shall be given the same allowance for transportation that is given to pensionados returning tourist class, via the Pacific. Pensionados will not be permitted to return via Europe except upon prior authority from the Office of the President, and shall be allowed only two months' time for that purpose. Any extra time shall be charged against leave, or shall be without pay, as the case may be, if they are government employees.

28. Return upon completion of work.- Upon prior authority of the Office of the President, pensionados may return to the Philippines after satisfactorily completing their work even though they may not have completed the full term of the time set for them to remain abroad.

29. Per diems.- Pensionados may be allowed per diems for trips away from their headquarters when such trips are previously authorized. Such per diems are payable by the Bureau concerned. A per diem of not more than \$5.00 per day may be allowed for a period not exceeding five days in a single place or not more than \$3.00 per day when a pensionado is away from his headquarters for a period of more than five days, but not in excess of thirty days in a single place, provided such trips outside his headquarters are for official business. In the event a pensionado is away for more than thirty days in a single place, nothing but the regular allowance plus transportation expenses shall be allowed. The train allowance for meals shall not exceed \$4.00 per day.

V. GENERAL RULES

30. Reports of pensionados.- Shortly after the opening of each quarter or semester, each pensionado should submit directly to the Office of the President an outline of the subjects he is taking. Official transcripts of grades received should also be sent to the Office of the President at the close of each quarter, term, or semester. A copy of these official transcripts of grades should be furnished the Office of the Resident Commissioner at Washington, D. C. Pensionados for whose work no grades are given shall submit to the Office of the President, thru the Resident Commissioner, a quarterly report of their activities. This report shall be accompanied by a statement of the officers of the institution or firm as to their attendance and progress.

31. Report on achievement.- In order to avoid the possibility of overlooking notable achievements, each pensionado should send to the Office of the President a statement of the things accomplished by him. These achievements may include high grades, admission to honorary societies, position in student organizations, honorable mention, etc.

32. Application for extension of scholarship.- Application for extension of scholarship should be sent through the Resident Commissioner and reach the Office of the President at least two months before the expiration of the current term. The application should include definite and detailed information as to the way in which extension would be spent, if granted.

33. Marriage of pensionados.- No pensionado shall marry or acquire dependents abroad without the previous consent of the Office of the President. Whenever permission to marry is granted, it shall be made clear that having a wife will not constitute a valid reason for remaining abroad after completion of studies. The marriage of a pensionado abroad without the previous consent of the Office of the President shall constitute sufficient cause for the immediate cancellation of the scholarship and the return of the pensionado to Manila with second-class transportation. In no case shall the transportation of the wife of a pensionado be paid by the Government.

34. Jurisdiction of the Office of the Resident Commissioner.- While in the United States, pensionados shall be under the supervision of the Office of the Resident Commissioner for the Philippines and all correspondence and other communications to the Office of the President, except as provided for in Paragraph 30 of this Executive Order, should be coursed through the Office of the Resident Commissioner.

VI. REVOKING ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER NO. 66

35. Administrative Order No. 66, dated May 11, 1938, is hereby revoked.

VII. EFFECTIVITY

36. This Executive Order shall take effect on October 1, 1940.

Done at the City of Manila, this 26th day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

(Sgd.) MANUEL L. QUEZON

By the President:

(Sgd.) JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library..

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 304

CREATING INVESTIGATING COMMITTEES ON VETERANS' PENSION, REQUIRING CITY AND MUNICIPAL TREASURERS TO PERFORM CERTAIN DUTIES IN CONNECTION WITH SUCH PENSION AND ENJOINING ALL OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE PHILIPPINE GOVERNMENT TO RENDER NECESSARY ASSISTANCE TO APPLICANTS THEREFOR.

WHEREAS, Commonwealth Act Numbered Six hundred and five authorizes the payment of pensions to veterans of past Philippine revolutions or wars who are physically or mentally incapacitated to normally pursue their usual occupation, work, or employment, such incapacity not being due to any vice contracted after the approval of the said Act, or who, being over sixty years of age, have no apparent or hidden means of support;

WHEREAS, in order to enable the Board on Pensions for Veterans to expedite or otherwise facilitate its work, it is necessary to create investigating committees that could help the said Board in the investigation of applications for veterans' pension in the provinces and chartered cities, as well as to require all officers and employees of all branches, subdivisions, agencies, and instrumentalities of the Philippine Government to assist the Board in its work as the latter may request; and

WHEREAS, it is advisable to forestall difficulties and unnecessary expenses which applicants for veterans' pension might encounter or incur in the preparation and presentation of their applications for pensions;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law do hereby order that -

1. An Investigating Committee on Veterans' Pension is hereby created in every province and in the cities of Manila and Baguio. For the purpose of this Order, the chartered cities other than Manila and Baguio shall be considered as included in the provinces to which they belonged prior to their organization as chartered cities. In the provinces the Investigating Committee on Veterans' Pension shall be composed of the following:

The Provincial Inspector, P. C., Chairman
The District Health Officer, Member; and
The Provincial Auditor, Member and Secretary.

In the cities of Manila and Baguio, the Investigating Committee shall be composed of the following:

An officer of the Philippine Constabulary holding a rank not lower than that of Major,
to be designated by the Chief of the Philippine Constabulary, Chairman;
The City Health Officer, Member; and
The City Auditor, Member and Secretary.

The Board on Pensions for Veterans is hereby authorized to create such additional Investigating Committees as it may deem necessary in the provinces and cities that have extraordinarily large numbers of applicants, to be composed of such government officials as it may designate. The Investigating Committees on Veterans' Pension created or to be created under this Order shall, under the direction of the Board on Pensions for Veterans and in accordance with rules which the latter shall prescribe, investigate all the applications for pension and supplementary information sheets filed by veterans residing in the municipalities and/or chartered cities assigned to them.

2. For the purposes of Commonwealth Act No. 605, particularly section 7 thereof, the City Treasurers of all chartered cities and the Municipal Treasurers of all municipalities are hereby charged with the duty of receiving for the Board on Pensions for Veterans the applications for pensions and supplementary information sheets filed by veterans residing in their respective municipalities and chartered cities, and other papers in connection with the pensions of veterans, and of keeping them until called for by the corresponding Investigating Committees, and of performing such other functions as may be assigned to them by the Board.

3. It shall be the duty of any officer or employee of any branch, subdivision, agency, or instrumentality of the Philippine Government to assist or otherwise extend his or her cooperation to the Board on Pensions for Veterans when so requested by the latter in connection with the performance of its functions to carry out the purposes of Commonwealth Act No. 605.

4. All officers and employees of the different branches, subdivisions, agencies, and instrumentalities of the Philippine Government are likewise directed to assist in every possible way, free of charge, any applicant-veteran who may solicit their aid in connection with the preparation and presentation of applications for veterans' pension.

Done at the City of Manila, this 8th day of October, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

(Sgd.) MANUEL L. QUEZON

By the President:

(Sgd.) JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 305
DESIGNATING PROVINCIAL, CITY, AND MUNICIPAL TREASURERS, LIBRARIANS
OF THE BRANCHES OF THE NATIONAL LIBRARY, AND PRINCIPALS OF CENTRAL
SCHOOLS TO SELL AND DISTRIBUTE GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS.

With a view to giving as wide publicity as possible to the activities being undertaken by the Government in the promotion of the political, social, and cultural welfare of the people, provincial, municipal, and city treasurers, librarians of the branches of the National Library, and principals of central schools under the Bureau of Education are hereby designated representatives of the Bureau of Printing in their respective jurisdictions to sell and distribute government publications.

The Director of Printing may therefore consign from time to time to said officials under proper documents and invoices, a reasonable quantity of government publications which in his opinion are of value and/or interest to the general public for sale at such prices as may be fixed therefor under section one thousand six hundred fifty-one of the Administrative Code.

Done at the City of Manila, this nineteenth day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 306
REVISING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 73, SERIES OF 1936, ESTABLISHING
AND CLASSIFYING AIRPORTS AND LANDING FIELDS AS AMENDED
BY EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 136, DATED DECEMBER 31, 1937.

1. For the purpose of classifying airports and landing fields, built or to be built, and fixing the responsibility for their proper construction, administration, use and maintenance, and upon the recommendation of the National Transportation Board created by Executive Order No. 45, dated July 6, 1936, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, do hereby establish the following classification of airports and landing fields:

I. National Airports and Landing Fields

All airports and landing fields owned, operated and maintained by the Philippine Government. They are reclassified according to their purposes into:

- (a) Commercial, when operated and maintained for commercial aviation.
- (b) Military, when operated and maintained for military aviation. With the consent of the military authorities, military airports may be used by commercial and private planes.

II. National Emergency Landing Fields

All landing fields constructed or to be constructed along the air routes as a safety precaution in case of forced landing.

III. Provincial Airports and Landing Fields

All airports and landing fields that are financed exclusively from provincial funds and which are primarily of local importance.

IV. City Airports and Landing Fields

All airports and landing fields built and maintained by cities with city funds

V. Municipal Airports and Landing Fields

All airports and landing fields built and maintained by municipalities with municipal funds.

VI. Private Airports and Landing Fields

All airports and landing fields constructed and maintained by any private individual, co-partnership, association, corporation, or joint-stock company.

VII. United States Military Airports and Landing Fields

All airports and landing fields owned, operated and maintained by the United States Government for military aviation only.

2. Pursuant to the above classification, the following airports and landing fields are hereby designated as:

I. Commercial National Airports

1. Aparri (Camalaniugan), Cagayan (Under construction)
 2. Badas-Placer, Surigao
 3. Bagabag, Nueva Vizcaya
 4. Baguio, Benguet
 5. Baler, Tayabas
 6. Bancase, (Butuan), Agusan
 7. Basco, Batanes
 8. Batangas, Batangas
 9. Borongan, Samar
 10. Bulan, Sorsogon
 11. Buluan, Cotabato
 12. Butuan, Agusan (Temporarily abandoned)
 13. Cabanatuan, Nueva Ecija
 14. Cagayan, Misamis Oriental
 15. Calapan, Mindoro
 16. Calbayog, Samar (Under construction)
 17. Capiz, Capiz
 18. Catarman, Samar
 19. Cotabato, Cotabato
 20. Culion, Palawan
 21. Daet, Camarines Norte
 22. Dansalan, Lanao
 23. Davao, Davao
 24. Del Monte, Bukidnon
 25. Dipolog, Zamboanga (Under construction)
 26. Dumaguete, Negros Oriental
 27. Iba, Zambales
 28. Ilagan (Gamu), Isabela
 29. Iloilo, Iloilo
 30. Iwahig, Palawan
 31. Jolo, Sulu
 32. Laoag, Ilocos Norte
 33. Legaspi, Albay
 34. Lucena, Tayabas (Under construction)
 35. Malabang, Lanao
 36. Malaybalay, Bukidnon
 37. Masbate, Masbate
 38. Naga, Camarines Sur
 39. Naguilian, La Union
 40. Plaridel, Bulacan
 41. Rosales, Pangasinan
 42. San Jose de Buenavista, Antique
 43. Tacloban, Leyte
 44. Tagbilaran, Bohol
-

45. Tarlac, Tarlac
46. Vigan, Ilocos Sur.

II. *Military National Airports and Landing Fields*

1. Balara (San Mateo), Rizal
2. Cebu, Cebu (Open to commercial and private planes)
3. Dingle, Iloilo
4. San Fernando, Pampanga
5. Zablan Field, Quezon City

III. *National Emergency Landing Fields*

1. Alabat Island (Perez), Tayabas
2. Barobo (Liaña), Surigao
3. Catanauan, Tayabas
4. Daja (Baña), Capiz
5. Ferrol (Tablas Island), Romblon
6. Kibawe, Bukidnon
7. Tabung Point, Capiz
8. Valencia, Bukidnon
9. Wasig, Mindoro

IV. *Provincial Airports and Landing Fields*

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V. *City Airports and Landing Fields*

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VI. *Municipal Airports and Landing Fields*

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VII. *Private Airports and Landing Fields*

1. Acoje (Sta. Cruz), Zambales
2. Anahao Island (Hernani), Samar
3. Bacolod, Negros Occidental
4. Calatagan, Batangas
5. Canlubang, (Calamba), Laguna
6. Del Carmen (Floridablanca), Pampanga
7. Fabrica, Negros Occidental
8. Gingoog (Anakan Lumber Co.), Misamis Oriental
9. Grace Park, Rizal
10. Kabankalan, Negros Occidental
11. La Carlota, Negros Occidental
12. Maraut River (Davao Gold Mine), Davao
13. Nasugbu, Batangas
14. Nielson, Rizal
15. Paracale, Camarines Norte

16. San Jose, Mindoro
17. San Miguel, Tarlac
18. Siwayan (Rio Guinobatan), Masbate
19. Waterous (Mangarin), Mindoro

IX. United States Military Airports and Landing Fields

1. Clark Field, Pampanga
2. Nichols Field, Rizal
3. Wolfe Field (Zamboanga), Zamboanga (Open to commercial and private planes)

GENERAL PROVISIONS

3. The acquisition, construction, administration, maintenance and improvement of commercial national airports and landing fields shall be under the control and supervision of the Director of Aëronautics, and shall be financed from such special or annual appropriations as may be authorized by the Philippine Government for such purposes and from funds derived from Act No. 3592, as amended by Commonwealth Act No. 130.

4. The acquisition, construction, administration, maintenance and improvement of military national airports and landing fields shall be under the control and supervision of the Chief of Staff, Philippine Army. However, the construction, maintenance and improvement of military airports and landing fields may be placed under the control and supervision of the Director of Aëronautics upon the request of the Chief of Staff and with the approval of the Secretary of National Defense, and same may be financed from funds of the Bureau of Aëronautics.

5. The acquisition, construction, administration, maintenance and improvement of national emergency landing fields shall be financed in the same manner as those of commercial national airports and landing fields and shall be under the control and supervision of the Director of Aëronautics.

6. The construction, improvement and maintenance of provincial, city and municipal airports and landing fields shall be carried out with the advice and under the general supervision of the Director of Aëronautics.

7. Any provincial, city or municipal airport or landing field may be hereafter designated a national airport or landing field upon the request of the province, city or municipality concerned and with the favorable recommendation of the Secretary of National Defense.

8. The Secretary of National Defense is hereby authorized, upon the request of the Provincial Board and with the concurrence of the Municipal Council concerned, to designate any municipal airport as a provincial airport.

9. Private airports and landing fields shall not be available for use by commercial planes, except in case of emergency, unless they have been constructed and rated in accordance with the regulations of the Bureau of Aëronautics and a permit has been issued by that Bureau to this effect.

10. With the approval of the Secretary of National Defense, the Director of Aëronautics shall adopt and issue such rules and regulations as may be necessary from time to time to carry out the provisions of this Order and especially to govern the use of airports and landing fields, with the exception of those constructed and maintained for purely military purposes.

11. Executive Order No. 73, dated December 3, 1936, as amended by Executive Order No. 136, dated December 30 1937, is hereby revised accordingly.

12. This Order shall take effect as of October 1, 1940.

Done at the City of Manila, this twenty-first day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 307

PRESCRIBING RULES AND REGULATIONS TO GOVERN THE EMPLOYMENT OF COMMON AND SEMISKILLED LABORERS IN PUBLIC WORKS, SUPPLEMENTING FOR THIS PURPOSE THE PROVISIONS OF EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 299, DATED AUGUST 19, 1940.

By virtue of the powers vested in me by law and in order to supplement the provisions of Executive Order No. 299, dated August 19, 1940, and upon the recommendation of the National Social Security Administration, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, do hereby promulgate the following rules and regulations governing the employment of common or semiskilled laborers in public works:

1. All departments, bureaus, offices and instrumentalities of the Government shall utilize the National Social Security Administration and its duly authorized agencies in the procurement of common and semiskilled labor for the execution of public works. In all cases when it is necessary to employ common and semiskilled labor preference shall be given to those who are registered with the said Administration and its agencies and have been issued certificates showing that they are in need of and fit for employment.

2. Officers and employees of the Government charged with the execution of public works projects shall give every common and semiskilled laborer who is in possession of a certificate as mentioned in paragraph 1 hereof equal opportunity for employment, regardless of his political affiliation, religious creed, social or family relation, or any material consideration. The criterion for employment shall only be fitness for and need of employment, and the availability of work.

3. In the City of Manila, all common and semiskilled laborers shall be secured from those in possession of certificates of registration issued by the National Social Security Administration; in the provinces and other chartered cities those having registration certificates issued by the local agencies of the National Social Security Administration.

4. To enable the National Social Security Administration and its agencies to fill requisitions for laborers, all requisitions should be filed with the local agency not less than five (5) days in advance of the date when the laborers are to report for assignment. All requisitions shall give the following information: (a) The number of laborers desired, (b) the nature and kind of work, (c) the date and place where they should report for duty, and (d) the name of the project.

5. Preference shall be given certified residents of any city or municipality for employment on projects in such city or municipality, and officers and employees having to do with the employment of common and semiskilled laborers shall not resort to the employment of nonresidents when there are resident common laborers available.

6. In localities where the applicants for work exceed the number that can be properly utilized, and in order to effect an equitable distribution of employment to as many needy unemployed as possible, the "rotation" system of employment shall be resorted to, whereby groups of laborers are employed in periods of fifteen days, and are then replaced by other groups after they have served their turn.

7. All officers and employees concerned are hereby enjoined to comply with the provisions of Commonwealth Act No. 303 by expediting the preparation of labor payrolls and making prompt payment of wages at the end of each *quincena* or period of employment on the site of the work and in no case to delay payment longer than two days after the end of such periods.

Done at the City of Manila, this twenty-second day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 308
CREATING A COMMITTEE TO REVISE AND CODIFY THE EXISTING SUBSTANTIVE LAWS
OF THE PHILIPPINES, AND PROVIDING FOR THE EXPENSES TO BE INCURRED THEREBY.

Whereas there is need for the early revision and codification of the existing substantive laws of the Philippines to make them conform with the customs, traditions and idiosyncrasies of the Filipino people and with the progressive principles of the science of law;

Now, therefore, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me under the Constitution, do hereby create a Code Committee which shall be composed of such members as the President will appoint from time to time.

The Code Committee shall immediately meet and organize and appoint a secretary, the expense to be incurred in this connection to be paid out of the discretionary funds of the Chief Executive until the National Assembly shall, by appropriate legislation, provide funds for this purpose. The Committee is hereby empowered to call on any official, office, branch or dependency of the Government for such data and assistance as may be required. The committee shall complete its work not later than two years from the date of the appointment of the chairman and members thereof, and shall submit a report of the work undertaken, together with the corresponding drafts of the different codes, to the President for submission to the National Assembly.

Done at the City of Manila this seventh day of November, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the fifth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:

JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 309

AMENDING FURTHER EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 47, DATED JULY 7, 1936
AS AMENDED BY EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 294, DATED AUGUST 5, 1940, FIXING
THE WIDTH OF ROAD AND STREET RIGHTS-OF-WAY THROUGH PUBLIC LAND.

Executive Order No. 47, dated July 7, 1936, as amended, is hereby further amended by adding thereto the following paragraph:

“The area herein reserved as rights-of-way through naturally forested areas are classified as forest reserve, and it shall be unlawful for any person willfully to enter and occupy any portion of said areas or make *kaiñgin* therein or in any manner destroy or cause any damage to the timber stand or other forest growth found therein. Any person violating the provision of this Order shall be subject to the penalty provided for in section 2751 (b) of the Administrative Code, as amended by Commonwealth Act No. 447: *Provided, however*, That nothing herein shall be construed as to alter or modify the jurisdiction of the Director of Public Works over national and provincial roads.”

Done at the City of Manila, this twenty-second day of November, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 310
CREATING THE PHILIPPINES HERALDRY COMMITTEE TO MAKE A STUDY OF,
AND RECOMMEND WAYS AND MEANS FOR, THE ADOPTION OF THE COAT-OF-ARMS
OF THE DIFFERENT POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS, PROVINCES, CITIES,
AND SEMI-GOVERNMENTAL INSTITUTIONS.

By virtue of the powers vested in me by law, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, do hereby create the Philippines Heraldry Committee, the chairman and members of which shall be appointed by the President from time to time, to make a study of, and recommend ways and means for, the adoption of the coat-of-arms of the different political subdivisions, provinces, cities, and semi-governmental institutions. The Committee shall have a secretary who shall be designated by the chairman from among its members.

Political subdivisions, provinces, cities, and semi-governmental institutions desiring to adopt their own local coat-of-arms shall submit an application therefor in triplicate to the Committee, which application shall contain the following:

1. Sketch
2. Physical description
3. Statement of the significance of the emblazonry, allegorical ideas—political, historical, social, or economic representations.
4. Supporting documents, orders or any form of grants.

Municipalities, except independently organized by the National Assembly, shall adopt the coat-of-arms of their respective provinces and need not submit an application under the provisions of this Executive Order.

The Committee shall meet at such times and places as may be designated by the chairman and shall submit its recommendations to the President.

The members of the Committee who are government employees shall serve without additional compensation, but they shall be entitled to such necessary transportation expenses as may be authorized by the President.

Done at the City of Manila, this fourth day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 311
REVISING FURTHER EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 135, DATED DECEMBER 31, 1937,
AS AMENDED, ESTABLISHING A CLASSIFICATION OF ROADS.

For the purpose of classifying and establishing the limits of public roads and fixing the responsibility for the proper maintenance of the roads built or to be built, and upon recommendation of the National Transportation Board created by Executive Order No. 45, dated July 6, 1936, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, do hereby establish the following classification of roads:

I. NATIONAL ROADS:

All roads now classified as insular roads; main traffic routes connecting provincial capitals with important commercial centers, national airports, national seaports, and national parks and roads of military importance, which may be so designated by the President upon favorable recommendation of the Secretary of Public Works and Communications. National roads shall have a right-of-way of not less than twenty (20) meters; *provided* that a right-of-way of at least sixty (60) meters shall be reserved for roads constructed through unpatented public land and at least one hundred twenty (120) meters reserved through naturally forested areas of aesthetic or scientific value.

II. PROVINCIAL ROADS:

All roads connecting one municipality with another municipality, the termini to be the public plazas; all roads extending from a municipality, or from a provincial or national road to a public wharf or railway station; and any other road which may be so designated by the Secretary of Public Works and Communications upon the request of the Provincial Board concerned and upon favorable recommendation of the Director of Public Works. Provincial roads shall have a right-of-way of not less than fifteen (15) meters *provided* that a right-of-way of at least sixty (60) meters shall be reserved for roads constructed through unpatented public land.

III. MUNICIPAL ROADS:

All highways not included in the above classifications. Municipal roads shall have a right-of-way of not less than ten (10) meters; *provided* that the principal streets of townsites located on public land shall have a width of sixty (60) meters and all other streets a width of not less than fifteen (15) meters.

National Roads		From Km.	To. Km.	Length Km.
ABRA—				
(1) Abra-Ilocos Sur Road		389.60	411.60	22.00
(2) Abra-Kalinga Road		411.60	483.20	71.60
(3) Abra-Ilocos Norte Road		411.60	463.60	42.00
(4) Bangued-Cadre Road		413.50	414.10	0.60
AGUSAN—				
(1) Agusan-Misamis Oriental Road		291.56	332.86	41.30
(2) Agusan-Surigao Road		332.86	406.56	73.70
(3) Agusan-Davao Road		339.71	502.69	162.98
(4) Azpitia-Lianga-Hinatuan Road		404.52	418.39	13.87
(5) Butuan Cadre Road				0.46
(6) Jet. Nasipit Port Road		309.86	312.79	2.93
ALBAY—				
(1) Manila-South Road		512.76	573.46	60.70
(2) Daraga-Legaspi-Tiwi-Camarines Sur Boundary Road		533.78	595.88	62.10
(3) Legaspi Airport Road		563.56	566.16	2.60
(4) Ligao Tabaco Road		543.26	570.56	27.30
(5) Mount Mayon Park Road		557.56	594.56	37.00
(6) Ligao-Panganiran Road		541.87	582.15	40.24
(7) Daraga Cadre Road		558.26	559.00	0.87
(8) Regan Barracka Mobilization Center Road				2.99
(9) Legaspi Port Road		563.56	564.46	0.90
(10) Tabaco-Wharf Road				1.00
CATANDUANES—				
(1) Viga-Calolbon-Bato Road				91.00
(2) Junction Bato-Viga Road		8.00	56.00	48.00
(3) Virac-Wharf Road				0.43
ANTIQUE—				
(1) Antique-Capiz		0.00	134.10	134.10
(2) Antique-Iloilo Road		0.00	24.50	24.50
(3) San Jose Airport Road		2.81	3.52	0.61
(4) San Jose Port Road		0.00	1.00	1.00
(5) San Jose Cadre Road		4.20	4.30	0.10
BATAAN—				
(1) Bataan-Pampanga Road		97.14	124.32	27.18
(2) Bataan-Zambales Road		100.47	120.22	19.75
(3) Balanga-Mariveles Port Road		124.32	174.05	49.73
(4) Balanga Cadre Road				0.61
(5) Dinalupihan Junction Porac-Angeles Road		113.99	120.78	6.79
BATANES—				
(1) Basco-Ivana-Imnuibu-Mahatao Road		0.00	33.50	32.50
(2) Basco-Airport Contra Costa Road		0.02	3.30	3.28
(3) Basco Port Road				0.31
(4) Basco Radio Station Road				0.75

National Roads		From Km.	To. Km.	Length Km.
BATANGAS—				
(1) Manila-South Road		62.89	76.13	13.24
(2) Batangas-Lemery-Tagaytay Road		114.04	163.89	49.80
(3) Batangas-Tayabas Road		114.85	142.85	28.00
(4) Manila-Batangas Road via Tanauan Diversion		67.29	114.89	47.60
(5) Tagaytay-Tuy-Nasugbu Port Road		71.98	104.98	33.00
(6) Batangas Airport Road				0.80
(7) Nasugbu-Calatagan Road		99.00	125.50	26.50
(8) Tagaytay Bdry.-Sto. Tomas Road		67.92	83.21	15.29
(9) Banaybanay-Mojon Junction Road		93.29	110.89	17.60
(10) Batangas Cadre Road				0.90
(11) Lipa Cadre Road				0.50
(12) Paliko Cadre Road				0.80
(13) Lake Taal Tagaytay Road		62.12	71.00	5.88
(14) Lemery-Balayan-Palico Road		144.50	176.62	32.12
(15) Batangas Port Road		114.89	117.20	2.31
(16) Batangas-Lobo Road		114.00	148.00	34.00
BENGUET—				
(1) Kennon Road (Old)		214.93	215.73	0.80
(2) Baguio-Bauang Road		283.50	301.20	17.70
(3) Baguio-Bontoc Road		252.58	349.38	96.80
(4) Junction Mancayan-Cervantes Road		336.98	363.18	26.20
(5) Kennon-Damortis Road		215.78	240.58	24.80
(6) La Trinidad Cadre Roads				
(a) Benguet Provincial Inspector's Office Road				0.24
(b) Benguet Cadre Road				0.34
(7) Baguio-Bua-Itogon Road		253.88	269.88	16.00
BOHOL—				
(1) Tagbilaran-Loay-Talibon Road		0.00	109.20	109.20
(2) Tagbilaran-Airport Road		2.20	2.50	0.30
(3) Tagbilaran-North Road		0.00	112.50	112.50
(4) Tagbilaran-Cadre Road		2.09	2.72	0.63
(5) Calape Cadre Road		42.43	43.54	1.11
(6) Ubay Cadre Road		123.08	124.11	1.03
(7) Tubigon Cadre Road		57.25	58.03	0.78
(8) Carmen Mobilization Center Road				
(9) Tagbilaran Causeway Road		0.70	1.50	0.80
BUKIDNON—				
(1) Sayre Highway (Bukidnon-Misamis Oriental Road)		153.40	231.70	78.30
(2) Sayre Highway (Bukidnon-Cotabato Road)		231.70	337.70	106.00
(3) Del Monte Airport Road		159.40	161.60	2.20
(4) Malaybalay Airport Road				0.60
(5) Capitol Road				1.30
(6) Maramag-Cabaritan-Malundo Road		283.10	323.10	40.00

National Roads		From	To.	Length
		Km.	Km.	Km.
(7) Malaybalay Cadre Road		107.00	107.86	0.86
(8) Jet, Aglayan-Managoc Road		242.80	251.70	8.90
BULACAN—				
(1) Manila-North Road		10.41	51.51	41.10
(2) Cagayan Valley Road		36.28	86.07	49.79
(3) Plaridel Airport Road		41.98	44.10	2.12
(4) Pulilan Calumpit Road		42.61	54.54	11.93
(5) San Miguel-Sibul Springs-Biac-na-bato Road		78.92	97.82	18.90
(6) Plaridel-Norzagaray Bicti Road		41.98	80.87	38.89
(7) San Miguel Cadre Road		88.09	90.03	1.94
(8) Animal Utilization Service Road		10.50	11.10	0.60
CAGAYAN—				
(1) Cagayan Valley Aparri Port Road		475.12	593.32	118.20
(2) Cagayan-Ilocos Norte Road		583.10	691.95	108.85
(3) Cagayan-Kalinga-Road		540.38	560.89	20.51
(4) Cagayan-Apayao Road		719.90	791.60	71.10
(5) Tuguegarao Airport Road .....		.....	.....	3.74
(6) Aparri Airport Road .....		.....	.....	0.70
(7) Cadcadir-Kabugao Road		613.91	617.91	4.00
(8) Aparri Cadre Road .....		.....	.....	0.50
(9) Tuguegarao Cadre Road .....		.....	.....	0.30
CAMARINES NORTE—				
(1) Manila-South Road		270.35	392.75	112.40
(2) Talubatib-Mambulao Port Road		340.35	360.75	20.40
(3) Daet (Bagasbas) Airport Road		359.25	363.15	3.90
(4) Daet Cadre Road .....		.....	.....	0.75
CAMARINES SUR—				
(1) Manila South Road via Barcelonata-Cabusao		392.75	512.76	120.01
(2) Pili-Tigaon-Albay-Boundary Road		477.48	533.78	56.30
(3) Sagnay-Nato Port Road		510.10	512.30	2.20
(4) Naga (Pili) Airport Road .....		.....	.....	0.64
(5) Pili Cadre Road .....		.....	.....	0.78
(6) Moriones-Consocep-Capantadan (Mt. Isarog Park Road) .....		.....	.....	13.78
CAPIZ—				
(1) Capiz-Iloilo Road		0.00	65.50	65.50
(2) Capiz-East Road		7.40	54.60	47.20
(3) Capiz-Antique Road		15.60	133.20	117.60
(4) Capiz-Kolasi Port Road		0.00	7.70	7.70
(5) Kalibo-New Washington Wharf Road		84.30	93.94	9.64
(6) Capiz-Airport Road .....		.....	.....	0.00
(7) Panitan Cadre Road .....		.....	.....	0.73
(8) Banga Cadre Road .....		.....	.....	0.03

National Roads		From Km.	To. Km.	Length Km.
CAVITE—				
(1) Manila-Cavite Road		14.93	29.40	14.45
(2) Cavite-Batangas Road		{ 15.32 64.79	{ 53.83 71.98 }	46.70
(3) Noveleta-Naic Tagaytay Road		26.12	75.78	49.60
(4) Dasmariñas-Carmona-Biñan Road		37.73	53.59	15.86
(5) Tres Cruces (Tanza) Cadre Road		33.76	42.34	8.58
CAVITE, City of—				
(1) Manila Cavite Road		29.40	36.00	6.60
(2) Manila Boulevard from J. Miranda to M. Gregorio				1.89
(3) M. Gregorio from Manila Boulevard to Dra. Salamanca				0.98
(4) Dra. Salamanca from Naval Reservation to P. Burgos				1.07
(5) Farnecio Street				0.11
(6) P. Gomez Street				0.74
TAGAYTAY, City of—				
(1) Tagaytay-Manila via Silang		53.83	59.42	5.59
(2) Tagaytay-Batangas via Tuy		59.42	64.79	5.37
(3) Tagaytay-Cavite via Mendez		75.78	78.25	2.47
(4) Tagaytay-Calamba Road		55.87	67.92	12.05
(5) Tagaytay-Lake Taal Road		55.62	65.14	9.32
(6) Mahogany Avenue				2.78
CEBU, PROVINCE OF—				
(1) Cebu-North-Hagnaya Wharf Road		3.49	110.90	107.41
(2) Cebu-South San Sebastian Wharf Road		7.23	140.80	133.57
(3) Cebu-Toledo Wharf Road		8.80	49.80	41.00
(4) Bogo-Polambato Wharf Road		102.98	105.37	2.39
(5) Dalaguete-Badian Road		83.80	118.00	34.70
(6) Opon-Mactan (Magellan Monument) Road		0.00	7.50	7.50
(7) Argao Cadre Road				0.50
(8) Pinamungajan Cadre Road				0.30
(9) Madellin Cadre Road				0.05
(10) Bogo-Medellin Cadre Road		104.40	121.00	16.60
(11) Toledo Pinamungajan Cadre Road		49.80	62.80	13.00
(12) Carcar-Barili-Mantayupan Waterfalls Road		39.00	64.26	25.26
CEBU, CITY OF—				
(1) Cebu-North Road		0.00	3.49	3.49
(2) Cebu-South Road via Magallanes		0.00	7.23	7.23
(3) Cebu-Guadalupe Road		1.20	6.00	4.80
(4) Juan Luna-Fuente Osmeña-Guadalupe Road		0.00	3.90	3.90
(5) Mango Avenue		1.70	4.00	2.30
(6) Cebu Cadre Road (Lahug)				2.50
(7) Cebu (Banilad Heights) Airport Road				2.15
(8) Calles Colon-Padilla				2.93
(9) Calle Sanciangko				0.64

National Roads	From Km.	To. Km.	Length Km.
(10) Calle Borromeo .....	.....	.....	0.64
(11) Calle Carlock and Extension to Guadalupe Road .....	.....	.....	0.77
(12) Calles Morga and Comercio .....	.....	.....	0.91
(13) Calle Calderon (To Wharf) .....	.....	.....	0.33
(14) Calle Norte America (D. Jakosalem) and Extension to Airport .....	.....	.....	2.20
(15) Gorordo Avenue (To airport) .....	.....	.....	3.40
(16) New Avenue connecting Mango Avenue-Luna Guadalupe .....	.....	.....	2.43
(17) Calle Martires	0.11	0.28	0.17
(18) Calle Gonzales (Wharf-Comercio) .....	.....	.....	0.08
(19) Calle Burgos (Wharf-Magallanes) .....	.....	.....	0.20
(20) Calle Lapulapu (Wharf-Morga) .....	.....	.....	0.09
(21) Capitol-Junior College .....	.....	.....	1.20
(22) Civic Center (Capitol Roads) .....	.....	.....	0.26
(23) Calle Legaspi Extension to Pier 1 Road .....	.....	.....	0.36
(24) Parian Estero Road .....	.....	.....	0.44
(25) Calles Mabini and Lopez Jaena (Colon-Martires) .....	.....	.....	0.45
(26) Wharf Roads:			
(a) Marginal Wharf .....	.....	.....	1.70
(b) Driveway Pilot House .....	.....	.....	0.75
(c) Mandawe Boulevard .....	.....	.....	0.60
(d) Manalili Extension .....	.....	.....	0.40
(e) Pier 2-Martires .....	.....	.....	0.45
(f) Pier 3-Martires .....	.....	.....	0.52
(g) Near Madrigal Mills .....	.....	.....	0.10
(27) Cebu Hospital Road .....	.....	.....	0.09
COTABATO—			
(1) Cotabato-Davao Road	145.98	280.70	134.72
(2) Cotabato-Lanao Road	102.70	158.42	55.72
(3) Makar-Malalag Road	339.09	396.22	57.13
(4) Midsayap-Dulawan-Makar Road	179.74	339.09	159.35
(5) Cotabato Airport Road .....	.....	.....	4.02
(6) Sayre Highway (Cotabato-Bukidnon Road)	337.70	389.07	51.37
(7) Cotabato Cadre Road .....	.....	.....	1.22
(8) Parang-Wharf Road .....	.....	.....	0.80
DAVAO, PROVINCE OF—			
(1) Davao-Agusan Road (Lasang River-Agusan Boundary)	395.87	512.21	116.34
(2) Davao-Cotabato Road (Sibulan River-Cotabato Boundary)	280.70	341.95	61.25
(3) Penal Colony Road	406.97	418.01	11.04
(4) Digos-Malalag-Makar Road	396.22	511.42	115.20
(5) Mati Wharf Road .....	.....	.....	0.13
DAVAO, CITY OF—			
(1) Davao Port Road (Jones Monument to Liberty Monument) .....	.....	.....	1.60
(2) Davao-Agusan Road (Davao-Lasang River)	368.21	395.87	27.66

National Roads	From Km.	To. Km.	Length Km.
(3) Davao-Cotabato Road (Davao-Inawayan River)	359.41	368.21	8.80
	341.95	358.42	16.47
(4) Davao-Bukidnon Road	360.11	379.38	19.27
(5) Pier to River Front (Along Waterfront Road)			4.40
(6) San Pedro St. Extension to Riverfront			0.20
(7) Hospital Jct.-Pier (Fifth Avenue)			1.45
(8) Civic Center Streets			3.90
(9) Tomas Claudio Street (Magallanes St. to Jones Monument)			1.48
(10) Proposed avenue back of Capitol (from S. Pedro to Hospital Junction)			1.30
(11) Davao Cadre Road			0.94
(12) Catitipan Airport Road			2.00
ILOCOS NORTE—			
(1) Manila-North Road	446.60	583.10	136.00
(2) Ilocos Norte-Apayao Road	494.89	562.60	67.71
(3) Ilocos Norte-Abra Road	453.60	502.56	48.96
(4) Laoag (Barrio Gabu) Airport Road			6.67
(5) Currimaog Port Road (Gaeng)			0.37
(6) Laoag Cadre Road			1.16
ILOCOS SUR—			
(1) Manila-North Road	315.20	446.60	131.40
(2) Tagudin-Bontoc Road	322.80	390.70	67.90
(3) Ilocos Sur-Abra Road	381.00	389.60	8.60
(4) Vigan Airport Road	419.11	423.41	4.30
(5) San Ildefonso Port Road	423.11	427.61	4.50
(6) Cervantes-Mancayan Road	363.18	372.58	9.40
(7) Vigan Cadre Road			0.40
(8) Solvec Port Road			1.00
ILOILO, PROVINCE OF—			
(1) Iloilo-Capiz Road	1.75	71.70	69.95
(2) Iloilo-Antique Road	8.40	72.30	63.90
(3) Jaro-Balasan-Capiz Boundary Road	3.34	135.57	132.23
(4) Jaro-Mandurriao Road	3.10	3.80	0.70
(5) Oton-Paquiad-Mandurriao Road	8.60	12.20	3.60
(6) La Paz-Jaro Road	2.28	3.45	1.17
(7) Miagao Cadre Road			1.30
(8) Dingle Cadre Road			1.60
ILOILO, CITY OF—			
(1) City Streets:			
(a) Calle Isnart-Ledesma-Antique			3.73
(b) Calle J. M. Basa-Ft. San Pedro			2.25
(c) Muelle Lonoy-Marginal Wharf			2.94
(d) Calle Blumentritt			0.33
(e) Calle I. de la Rama			0.86
(f) Calle P. Arroyo			0.18

National Roads	From Km.	To. Km.	Length Km.
(2) Molo-Emergency Hospital Road	3.80	4.00	0.20
(3) Iloilo-North Road (Iloilo-Jaro)	0.00	1.75	1.75
(4) Malo-Mandurriao-Jaro Road	3.00	7.20	4.20
(5) Mandurriao-San Miguel Road	5.50	8.96	3.46
(6) Iloilo-South Road	0.00	8.40	8.40
(7) Iloilo-La Paz-Granja Road	0.70	2.00	1.30
(8) La Paz-Jaro Road via Calle Burgos	1.22	2.28	1.06
(9) Iloilo-Airport (Direct Road) .....	.....	.....	2.20
(10) North Marginal Wharf Road .....	.....	.....	2.20
(11) West Avenue at City Hall .....	.....	.....	0.80
(12) La Paz-Lapus (Proposed) .....	.....	.....	1.00
(13) Mandurriao-Paquiad Road	5.29	6.98	1.59
(14) Oton-Mandurriao Road	8.40	8.53	0.13
(15) Calle Duran (Iloilo Cadres) .....	.....	.....	0.75
ISABELA—			
(1) Cagayan Valley Road	318.41	475.12	156.71
(2) Ilagan Airport Road .....	.....	.....	0.00
(3) Gamu Cadre Road .....	.....	.....	0.72
(4) Echague Cadre Road .....	.....	.....	0.34
LAGUNA—			
(1) Manila-South Road	{ 30.89 76.13 }	{ 62.89 84.76 }	40.63
(2) Calamba-Sta. Cruz-Tayabas Boundary Road via Famy	54.56	122.90	68.34
(3) Pagsanjan-Lucena Road	103.20	126.40	23.20
(4) Rizal Boundary-Famy Junction Road	69.67	98.90	29.23
(5) Mt. Makiling Park Road	66.34	82.14	15.80
(6) Biñan-Carmona-Dasmariñas Road	36.16	37.77	1.64
(7) Canlubang Cadre Road	52.57	55.63	3.06
(8) Lumbang-Caliraya Dam Site Road	106.14	116.90	10.76
(9) Calamba-Tagaytay Road	67.92	84.07	16.15
SAN PABLO, CITY OF—			
(1) Manila-South Road	84.76	98.98	14.22
LANAO—			
(1) Lanao-Cotabato Road	0.00	102.70	102.70
(2) Lanao-Zamboanga Road	0.00	123.00	123.00
(3) Lanao-Misamis Oriental Road	31.00	49.70	18.70
(4) Lanao-Cadre Road .....	.....	.....	.....
(5) Dansalan-Tamparan-Ganassi Road	0.00	56.00	56.00
(6) Camp Keithley Airport Road	0.30	1.30	1.00
(7) Malabang Airport Road	68.50	68.50	0.00
(8) Malabang-Kasilag-Maitumaig Road	68.00	120.00	52.00
(9) Malundo-Cabaritan-Maramag Road	18.00	56.00	38.00
(10) Ganassi-Tubod Road	35.00	86.00	51.00

National Roads		From	To.	Length
		Km.	Km.	Km.
(11) Pantao-Abaga Road		52.00	63.00	11.00
(12) Iligan Port Road .....		.....	.....	0.50
LA UNION—				
(1) Manila-North Road		212.14	315.20	103.06
(2) La Union-Pangasinan Road		244.86	248.70	3.84
(3) Bauang-Baguio Road		260.90	283.50	22.60
(4) San Fernando-Poro Port Road .....		.....	.....	3.10
(5) Naguilian Cadre Road .....		.....	.....	0.87
(6) La Union-Benguet Road		{ 213.83	215.78	1.95
		{ 214.15	214.32	0.49
LEYTE—				
(1) Tacloban Port-Baybay Agricultural School Road		0.00	116.70	116.70
(2) Palo-Carigara-Ormoc Road		11.50	109.80	98.36
(3) Leyte-Samar Road		0.00	25.50	25.50
(4) Libungao-Palompom Road		89.30	125.00	35.70
(5) Tacloban Airport Road		5.10	9.30	4.20
(6) Tacloban Cadre Road		0.00	0.32	0.32
(7) Malitbog Cadre Road		243.98	244.89	0.91
(8) Ormoc Cadre Road		111.10	111.44	0.34
(9) Matalom Cadre Road		180.01	181.26	1.25
(10) Carigara Cadre Road .....		.....	.....	0.10
(11) Tacloban Port Road .....		.....	.....	1.00
MARINDUQUE—				
(1) Boac-Santa Cruz-Buyabud Port Road		0.78	35.15	34.47
(2) Mogpog-Balanacan Port Road		5.83	14.95	9.12
(3) Boac-Buenavista Road		0.00	31.00	31.00
(4) Boac Cadre Road .....		.....	.....	.....
(5) Capital Road		1.84	2.14	0.30
(6) Buenavista-Torrijos-Sta. Cruz Road		81.00	86.40	55.40
MASBATE—				
(1) Masbate-Junction-Milagros-Aroroy Road		1.53	72.63	71.10
(2) Masbate-Dimasalang Road		0.00	47.30	47.30
(3) Masbate-Port Road		0.49	1.09	0.60
(4) Masbate Cadre Road		0.10	0.62	0.52
MINDORO—				
(1) Calapan-Pinamalayan-Bongabong-San Jose Mangarin Road		0.00	183.00	183.00
(2) Calapan-Junction-Puerto Galera-Mamburao Road		4.80	109.00	104.20
(3) Quezon Drive		0.18	2.50	2.32
(4) Calapan Airport Road		1.80	3.00	1.20
(5) Jolo-Pola Port Road		58.50	70.50	12.00
(6) Calapan Cadre Road		2.10	2.40	0.30
MOUNTAIN PROVINCE—				
(1) Bontoc-Baguio Road		349.38	397.78	48.40
(2) Bontoc-Tagudin Road		390.70	422.00	31.30

National Roads	From Km.	To. Km.	Length Km.
(3) Mt. Province-Cagayan Road via Tabuk and Enrile	397.78	540.38	142.60
(4) Kalinga-Abra Road	483.20	550.70	67.50
(5) Mt. Province-Nueva Vizcaya Road	298.40	401.90	103.50
(6) Apayao-Cagayan Road	635.60	719.90	84.30
(7) Apayao-Ilocos Norte Road	562.60	635.60	73.00
(8) Kabugao-Cadcair Road	617.91	719.41	101.50
(9) Bontoc Cadre Road .....	.....	.....	1.00
(10) Kagawe Cadre Road .....	.....	.....	1.00
NUEVA ECija—			
(1) Cagayan Valley Road	86.07	215.07	129.00
(2) Nueva Ecija-Tayabas Road	121.10	158.96	37.86
(3) Quezon Highway (Kalanang-Tayabas Boundary Section)	158.96	177.26	18.30
(4) Nueva Ecija-Tarlac Road	146.05	174.08	28.03
(5) Nueva Ecija-Pampanga Road	93.91	114.40	20.49
(6) Nueva Ecija-Pangasinan Road	187.86	225.12	37.26
(7) Bangad Airport Road .....	.....	.....	2.25
(8) Bangad Cadre Road .....	.....	.....	0.77
NUEVA VIZCAYA—			
(1) Cagayan Valley Road	215.07	318.41	103.34
(2) Nueva Vizcaya-Mt. Province Road	289.77	298.61	8.84
(3) Nueva Vizcaya-Pangasinan Road	234.76	253.98	19.20
(4) Bagabag Airport Road .....	.....	.....	0.00
(5) Bayombong Cadre Road .....	.....	.....	0.00
OCCIDENTAL MISAMIS—			
(1) Oroquieta-Pagadian Road	160.00	247.76	87.76
(2) Oroquieta-Dipolog Road	247.76	297.64	49.88
(3) Jimenez Port Road .....	.....	.....	0.86
(4) Bagakay (Misamis) Cadre Road .....	.....	.....	1.67
(5) Plaridel Cadre Road .....	.....	.....	0.36
(6) Oroquieta Cadre Road .....	.....	.....	0.46
OCCIDENTAL MISAMIS—			
(1) Oriental Misamis-Agusan Road via Claveria	125.50	271.31	145.81
(2) Sayre Highway (Oriental Misamis-Bukidnon Road)	139.90	153.40	13.50
(3) Oriental Misamis-Lanao Road	49.70	125.50	75.80
(4) Cagayan Port Road	127.10	129.50	2.40
(5) Cagayan Airport Road .....	.....	.....	0.00
(6) Cagayan Cadre Road .....	.....	.....	0.80
(7) Streets around Plaza (Cagayan) .....	.....	.....	0.56
OCCIDENTAL NEGROS—			
(1) Bacolod-South (Kabankalan) Road	11.22	94.70	83.48
(2) Bacolod-North Road	4.28	161.20	156.92
(3) Junction Bagonawa-La Castellana Junction Vallehermoso Road	41.50	90.28	48.78
(4) Banga-Palupandan Port Road	26.40	31.20	4.80
(5) Bacolod Airport Road	4.20	4.20	0.00

National Roads	From Km.	To. Km.	Length Km.
(6) Hinigaran-Isabela-La Castellana Road	60.40	93.30	32.90
(7) San Carlos-Port Road	146.00	147.00	1.00
(8) Kabankalan-Tolong-Nueva Road	94.00	151.17	57.17
(9) Fabrica Cadre Road	71.06	71.21	0.15
(10) Magallon Cadre Road	84.51	84.61	0.10
(11) Mambucal Cadre Road	29.50	29.60	0.10
(12) Binalbagan Cadre Road	70.00	70.15	0.15
BACOLOD, CITY OF—			
(1) Bacolod-North Road	0.00	4.28	4.28
(2) Bacolod-South Road (Kabankalan)	0.00	11.22	11.22
(3) Bacolod Santo Niño Road	0.20	3.00	2.80
(4) Capitol Road	0.00	2.20	2.20
ORIENTAL NEGROS—			
(1) Dumaguete-North Road	0.00	150.80	150.80
(2) Vallehermoso-La Castellana Road	147.60	175.10	27.50
(3) Dumaguete Airport Road	0.80	3.40	2.60
(4) Larena-San Juan-Maria-Larena Road (Siquijor Island)	0.00	58.90	58.90
(5) Tolong-Nueva-Kabankalan Road	102.01	157.01	55.00
(6) Guihulngan Cadre Road	118.04	118.14	0.10
(7) Tanjay Cadre Road .....	.....	.....	0.44
(8) Mobilization Center Road (Siquijor) .....	.....	.....	.....
(9) Dumaguete-Siaton Road	0.00	50.20	50.20
(10) Dumaguete Port Road	0.00	1.10	1.10
PALAWAN—			
(1) Puerto Princesa-North Road	4.54	58.04	53.50
(2) Tapul-Bahali Road	43.34	47.67	4.33
(3) Puerto Princesa-South Road	0.00	77.00	77.00
(4) Puerto Princesa Airport Road	1.84	2.84	1.00
(5) Coron Busuanga Road	0.00	60.00	60.00
(6) Puerto Princesa Cadre Road	6.38	7.24	0.86
(7) Puerto Princesa Wharf Road	0.00	0.22	0.22
(8) Coron Wharf Road	0.00	1.70	1.70
PAMPANGA—			
(1) Manila-North Road	51.51	97.51	46.00
(2) Pampanga-Nueva Ecija Road	66.21	93.91	27.70
(3) Pampanga-Bataan Road	66.21	97.14	30.93
(4) San Fernando Cadre Road .....	.....	.....	0.39
(5) Camp Dau (Fort Stotsenberg) Cadre Road .....	.....	.....	1.57
(6) Angeles-Porac-Olongapo Road	83.05	113.99	30.94
(7) Mt. Arayat Park Road	92.00	115.36	23.36
PANGASINAN—			
(1) Manila-North Road	168.96	212.14	43.18
(2) Pangasinan-Tarlac Road	166.86	206.86	40.00
(3) Pangasinan-La Union Road	206.86	244.86	38.00

National Roads	From Km.	To. Km.	Length Km.
(4) Pangasinan-Nueva Vizcaya Road	171.86	234.76	62.90
(5) Urdaneta Junction-Dagupan Junction Road	181.96	211.26	29.30
(6) Pangasinan-Nueva Ecija Road	176.26	187.86	11.60
(7) Pangasinan-Zambales Road	270.57	361.02	90.45
(8) Manaoag Cadre Road .....	.....	.....	0.98
(9) Bayambang Cadre Road .....	.....	.....	1.03
(10) Binmaley Cadre Road .....	.....	.....	1.83
(11) Tayug Cadre Road .....	.....	.....	0.46
(12) Lingayen Cadre Road .....	.....	.....	0.48
(13) Alaminos Cadre Road .....	.....	.....	0.34
(14) Jct. Cauriñgan-Benguet Bdry. Road	211.05	214.93	3.88
RIZAL—			
(1) Manila-South Road	3.10	30.89	27.79
(2) Manila-South Road Jct.-Cavite Bdry.	14.70	14.93	0.23
(3) Taft Avenue Extension Road	3.90	7.30	3.40
(4) Manila-North Road (Avenida Rizal Extension)	6.54	10.41	3.87
(5) Manila Circumferencial Road:			
(a) North Bay Boulevard Sangandaan-Bonifacio Monument-Quezon City Bdry. ....	.....	.....	10.85
(b) Taft Avenue Junction-Quezon City Bdry. ....	.....	.....	9.50
(6) Camp Murphy Roads	11.20	16.68	5.48
(7) Manila-East Road	4.35	69.67	65.31
(8) Manila-Marikina-Pasig Junction Road	6.36	8.00	1.64
(9) Fort McKinley-Libertad (Pasay) Beach Road Extension	4.59	13.54	8.95
(10) Welfareville Roads	7.03	11.34	4.31
(11) Psychopathic Hospital Roads	7.22	10.67	3.45
(12) Panaderos Street Extension (Felix Roxas-Kalington-Shaw Boulevard- Junction Road	5.90	6.63	0.73
(13) Quezon City Boundary-Novaliches Reservoir Road Junction	9.61	23.20	13.59
(14) Ft. McKinley Cadre Road .....	.....	.....	0.50
(15) Camp Claudio Cadre Road .....	.....	.....	0.30
(16) San Juan-Santolan Pumping Station Road	7.30	8.72	1.42
(17) Shaw Boulevard (Sanchez Extension-Junction Manila-East Road)	5.90	13.30	7.40
(18) Dewey Boulevard (City Limits to Cavite Boundary)	3.46	13.50	10.04
(19) Sta. Mesa Extension	7.27	8.35	1.08
(20) Jct. Taft Avenue-F. B. Harrison-Dewey Boulevard	7.26	7.61	0.35
(21) Central Leprosarium Road	18.00	28.00	10.00
ROMBLON—			
(1) Badajoz-Odiongan-Looc-Alcantara Road	7.00	87.00	80.00
(2) Romblon Sablayan Road	0.00	20.84	20.84
(3) San Fernando-Cajidiocan Road	0.00	17.00	17.00
(4) Odiongan Cadre Road	52.68	53.20	0.60
(5) Romblon Port Road .....	.....	.....	0.10

National Roads		From Km.	To. Km.	Length Km.
SAMAR—				
(1) Catbalogan-North Road		0.00	148.73	148.73
(2) Catbalogan-Taft-Borongan Road		0.00	145.16	145.16
(3) Samar-Leyte Road		29.60	87.28	57.68
(4) Catarman-Maao Road		0.00	57.40	57.40
(5) Catbalogan Cadre Road		2.80	3.00	0.20
(6) Catarman Cadre Road		0.20	0.45	0.25
(7) Borongan Cadre Road		1.00	1.10	0.10
(8) Calbayog Mobilization Center Road .....		.....	.....	0.30
(9) Catbalogan Port Road .....		.....	.....	.....
(10) Calbayog Airport Road		79.3	79.41	0.11
SORSOGON—				
(1) Manila-South Road		573.46	681.40	107.94
(2) San Roque-Irosin Road		662.94	673.70	10.76
(3) Sorsogon-Airport Road .....		.....	.....	0.35
(4) Sorsogon Cadre Road .....		.....	.....	0.41
(5) Bulan Cadre Road .....		.....	.....	0.28
(6) San Roque-Mt. Bulusan National Park Road		662.94	670.94	8.00
(7) Juban-Magallanes Port Road		638.06	662.74	24.68
(8) Gate-Bulan Road		664.43	677.67	13.24
SULU—				
(1) Jolo Port-Tandu Batu Road		0.00	55.20	55.20
(2) Jolo Airport Road		0.50	2.50	2.00
(3) Jolo-Parang Road		6.80	22.64	15.84
(4) Batubatu-Tarwakan Road (Tawitawi)		0.00	9.80	9.80
(5) Jolo Cadre Road .....		.....	.....	0.45
(6) Si-it Lake-Tayungan-Camp Andres Road		36.06	46.45	10.39
(7) Jolo-Bud Daho-Romandier Road		0.70	18.08	17.38
SURIGAO—				
(1) Surigao-Agusan Road		406.56	455.62	49.06
(2) Badas-Carrascal Road		428.62	516.82	88.20
(3) Surigao Airport Road .....		.....	.....	0.38
(4) Azpitia-Lianga-Hinatuan Road		418.39	486.46	68.07
(5) Badas Cadre Road .....		.....	.....	0.38
(6) Surigao Wharf Road .....		.....	.....	1.70
(7) Ka-anyongan-Dahikan Road		354.20	362.38	8.18
TARLAC—				
(1) Manila-North Road		97.51	168.96	71.45
(2) Tarlac-Nueva Ecija Road		125.65	146.05	20.40
(3) Tarlac-Pangasinan Road		123.56	166.86	43.30
(4) Tarlac-Airport Road		125.40	126.30	0.90
(5) Tarlac-Zambales Road		125.46	148.99	23.53
(6) San Miguel Cadre Road .....		.....	.....	2.80

National Roads	From Km.	To. Km.	Length Km.
(7) Tarlac Cadre-San Miguel Cadre Road .....	.....	.....	3.98
(8) Capas-O'Donnell Road	106.99	125.46	18.47
TAYABAS—			
(1) Manila-South Road	98.98	270.35	171.37
(2) Quezon Highway (Nueva Ecija Boundary-Baler-Port Section)	177.26	246.07	68.81
(3) Puerto Real-Famy Jct. Road	98.90	134.71	35.81
(4) Lucena-Pagsanjan Road	126.40	156.50	30.10
(5) Tayabas-Batangas Road	102.88	114.85	11.97
(6) Hondagua Port Road	226.45	233.79	7.34
(7) Gumaca-Pitogo-Mulanay-San Narciso Road	202.21	309.39	107.18
(8) Tayabas Cadre Road	140.66	141.78	1.12
(9) Perez Landing Field Road	38.00	42.00	4.00
(10) Catanauan Landing Field Road	262.26	264.40	2.14
(11) Casiguran-Dilaloñgan Landing Field .....	.....	.....	30.00
(12) Baler Airport Road	232.00	232.55	.50
ZAMBALES—			
(1) Zambales-Pangasinan Road	206.87	270.57	63.70
(2) Zambales-Bataan Road	120.22	206.87	86.65
(3) Zambales-Tarlac Road	148.40	189.40	41.00
(4) Iba Cadre Road .....	.....	.....	0.56
ZAMBOANGA, PROVINCE OF—			
(1) Dipolog-Oroquieta Road	297.64	342.35	44.71
(2) Pagadian-Oroquieta Road	{ 130.00 130.00 }	{ 160.00 170.00 }	70.00
(3) Zamboanga-Naga-Pagadian Road	170.00	466.00	296.00
(4) Daplahan-Cotas Junction-Malangas-Port Road	254.50	268.00	13.50
(5) Puluhan Port Road .....	.....	.....	2.02
(6) Junction Dapitan Park Road	330.60	337.10	6.50
(7) Lanao-Zamboanga Road	123.00	130.00	7.00
(8) Maluso-Isabela-Lamitan Port Road	0.00	84.10	84.10
ZAMBOANGA, CITY OF—			
(1) Zamboanga-Naga Road	365.70	465.70	100.00
(2) Zamboanga-Military Airport-San Ramon Penal Colony Road	365.70	390.70	25.00
(3) Zamboanga-Petit Barracks Road (Carlos St.) .....	.....	.....	0.39
(4) Cadre Road .....	.....	.....	0.77
(5) Zamboanga Wharf Road .....	.....	.....	0.30
(6) Tumaga Street .....	.....	.....	0.43
(7) Marahui Street .....	.....	.....	0.24
(8) Gov. Lim Street .....	.....	.....	0.24
(9) Zamboanga-Cawacawa Boulevard-Philippine Army Reservation Road	365.90	371.70	5.80
(10) Madrid Street .....	.....	.....	0.24
CITY OF BAGUIO—			
(1) Trinidad Road .....	.....	.....	3.70
(2) Irisan Road .....	.....	.....	8.00

National Roads		From	To.	Length
		Km.	Km.	Km.
(3) Kisad Road .....	.....	.....	.....	1.47
(4) Governor Pack Road .....	.....	.....	.....	10.43
(5) Session Road .....	.....	.....	.....	1.70
(6) Military Cut-Off Road .....	.....	.....	.....	1.10
(7) Baguio-Airport Road .....	.....	.....	.....	9.00
(8) Leonard Wood Road .....	.....	.....	.....	2.93
QUEZON CITY—				
(1) Circumferential Road .....	.....	15.42	26.95	11.53
(2) Sta. Mesa Boulevard Extension Road .....	.....	{ 6.59 8.35 }	{ 7.27 15.65 }	7.98
(3) San Juan-Santolan Road .....	.....	8.72	13.90	5.18
(4) Quezon Boulevard .....	.....	6.08	14.84	8.76
(5) España-Extension Road .....	.....	6.38	11.46	5.08
(6) Jct. Camp Murphy-Marikina Airport Road .....	.....	11.26	15.00	3.74
(7) La Loma-Balintawak Road .....	.....	5.72	9.60	3.88
(8) Camp Crame Road .....	.....	10.15	10.80	0.65
(9) U. P. Site-San Juan-Marikina Road Jct. ....	.....	.....	.....	2.56
(10) San Juan-Marikina Road .....	.....	8.00	10.25	2.25
CITY OF MANILA—				
(1) Rizal Avenue .....	.....	.....	.....	4.41
(2) P. Burgos St. ....	.....	.....	.....	1.60
(3) Plaza Lawton .....	.....	.....	.....	0.67
(4) Taft Avenue .....	.....	.....	.....	3.68
(5) Dewey Boulevard .....	.....	.....	.....	3.18
(6) Katigbak Drive .....	.....	.....	.....	0.22
(7) New Luneta .....	.....	.....	.....	1.24
(8) South Boulevard .....	.....	.....	.....	0.22
(9) Cortabitarte St. ....	.....	.....	.....	0.27
(10) F. B. Harrison .....	.....	.....	.....	0.10
(11) Vito Cruz St. ....	.....	.....	.....	0.90
(12) Harrison Boulevard .....	.....	.....	.....	3.25
(13) Azcarraga St. ....	.....	.....	.....	3.61
(14) Mendiola St. ....	.....	.....	.....	2.20
(15) Inverness St. ....	.....	.....	.....	0.70
(16) Tejeron St. ....	.....	.....	.....	0.78
(17) Ayala Boulevard .....	.....	.....	.....	0.82
(18) P. Casal St. ....	.....	.....	.....	0.52
(19) Tanduay St. ....	.....	.....	.....	0.13
(20) Legarda St. ....	.....	.....	.....	1.30
(21) Sta. Mesa St. ....	.....	.....	.....	3.00
(22) Valenzuela St. ....	.....	.....	.....	0.66
(23) Buenavista St. ....	.....	.....	.....	0.40
(24) P. Sanchez St. ....	.....	.....	.....	0.60
(25) Morayta St. ....	.....	.....	.....	0.32

National Roads	From Km.	To. Km.	Length Km.
(26) Rosario St.			0.70
(27) Juan Luna St.			2.47
(28) North Bay Boulevard			1.90
(29) Echague St.			1.00
(30) General Solano St.			0.45
(31) G. Aviles St.			1.32
(32) Forbes St.			2.30
(33) Dimasalang St.			0.22
(34) Tayuman St.			1.64
(35) Bustillos St.			0.14
(36) Earnshaw St.			0.70
(37) Muelle del Banco Nacional St.			0.46
(38) Muelle de la Industria St.			1.20
(39) Magallanes Drive			1.20
(40) Aduana St.			0.82
(41) A. Bonifacio St.			1.45
(42) 25th Street			0.44
(43) Muelle San Francisco St.			0.96
(44) 13th Street			0.65
(45) Muelle Tacoma St. and Extension to Pasig River			0.65
(46) Muelle del Codo St.			0.44
(47) Muelle del Rio St.			0.60
(48) Isaac Peral St.			1.03
(49) Canonigo St.			0.80
(50) Otis St.			0.90
(51) General Luna St.			1.70
(52) Herran St.			1.67
(53) Tejeron Junction-Panaderos-Felix Roxas St.			2.00
(54) San Luis St. (Taft Avenue to Dewey Boulevard)			0.85
(55) San Fernando St.			0.45
(56) Madrid St. (Junction S. Fernando St. to Junction Muelle de la Industria) ..			0.10
(57) Arlegui St.			1.20
(58) Blumentritt St.			0.75
(59) Yeyeng St.			0.10
(60) Vidal St.			0.10
(61) Quezon Boulevard-Andalucia-Laong-Laan Dimasalang Street-Rizal Avenue			3.17
(62) Chicago St.			1.20
(63) Nagtahan St., including Extension to Plaza Dilao			2.15
(64) Quezon Boulevard			3.58
(65) Manuguit St.			3.00
(66) Arroceros St.			0.80
(67) 2nd Street			0.61
(68) 8th Street			0.61

National Roads	From Km.	To. Km.	Length Km.
(69) 11th Street			0.62
(70) 12th Street			0.59
(71) 16th Street			0.55
(72) 20th Street			0.50
(73) Boston Street			0.89
(74) Malacañan Palace Road			1.00
(75) Malacañan Park Road			1.67

GENERAL PROVISIONS

(a) The construction, maintenance and improvement of national roads shall be accomplished by district and city engineers under the supervision of the Director of Public Works, and shall be financed from such appropriations as may be authorized by the Commonwealth Government in annual or special appropriation acts. The Secretary of Public Works and Communications shall also allot all funds collected under the provisions of section 1495 of the Revised Administrative Code and Act No. 3992, as amended, with the exception of the twenty (20) per centum of said funds that accrue to the road and bridge funds of provinces and chartered cities, for the maintenance and improvement of national roads and whenever practicable or funds are not needed for maintenance purposes, for their construction.

(b) The construction, maintenance and improvement of provincial roads shall be accomplished by district engineers under the supervision of the Director of Public Works subject to existing laws, and shall be financed with provincial funds and such aid as may be authorized by the Commonwealth Government in annual appropriation acts.

(c) The construction, maintenance and improvement of municipal roads shall be accomplished by the Municipal Government concerned subject to existing laws, and shall be financed with municipal funds: *Provided, however,* That any municipal roads of great importance to the province may, on request of Provincial Board and upon favorable recommendation of the Director of Public Works, be classified as a provincial road by the Secretary of Public Works and Communications.

(d) The Secretary of Public Works and Communications shall cause the Director of Public Works to prepare from time to time a map showing the proposed system of national and provincial roads, which, upon approval by the President, shall constitute the Official Road Map of the Philippines.

(e) Executive Order No. 135, dated December 31, 1937 as amended by Executive Order No. 194, dated March 13, 1939, Executive Order No. 239, dated December 16, 1939, and Executive Order No. 286, dated July 9, 1940, is hereby further revised accordingly.

This Order shall take effect as of October 1, 1940.

Done at the City of Manila, this seventeenth day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 312

DECLARING THAT PORTION OF THE BENGUET ROAD (KENNON ROAD) FROM KLONDYKE'S SPRING TO CAMP SIX WITHIN THE MOUNTAIN PROVINCE A TOLL ROAD AND FIXING A SCHEDULE OF FEES FOR THE COLLECTION OF TOLLS THEREON.

By virtue of the powers vested in me by section one of Act Numbered One thousand nine hundred and fifty-nine, as amended by Acts Numbered Two thousand four hundred and fourteen, Two thousand nine hundred and thirty-five, and Three thousand five hundred and forty-two, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, do hereby declare that portion of the Benguet Road (Kennon Road) from Klondyke's Spring Camp Six within the Mountain Province a toll road and direct the following tolls be collected thereon:

(a) Benguet Auto Line (or its successors) automobiles, trucks, vehicles, drivers, passengers, express baggages, etc.—per annum	₱10,000.00
(b) Animal-drawn vehicle and motorcycle, each	.50
(c) Automobile (5 or less passengers)	2.00
(d) Automobile (more than 5 passengers)	3.00
(e) Automobile trailer with two wheels not exceeding 1,000 kilos in weight	2.00
(f) Motor truck, passenger (regardless of capacity and number of passengers)	10.00
(g) Motor truck, trailer and tractor, (freight) each—	
3,000 kilos or less gross capacity	6.00
3,001 kilos to 4,500 kilos gross capacity	10.00
4,501 kilos to 6,000 kilos gross capacity	15.00
6,001 kilos to 8,000 kilos gross capacity	20.00

For traffic using only a portion of the toll section between Klondike's Spring and Camp Six the corresponding toll shall only be charged in proportion to part of the toll section used.

Exemptions:

(a) Officers and enlisted men and civilian employees of the United States Army and Navy and Marine Corps and their privately owned vehicles when used incident to the service of the United States Government.

(b) Vehicles and animals of the United States Army, Navy or Marine Corps, or other department of the United States Government and of the Philippine Government.

(c) Privately owned cars of officers and employees of the Philippine Government, whether National, provincial, or municipal when traveling on official business.

Executive Order Numbered One hundred, series of nineteen hundred and fourteen, and its amendatory Executive Orders Numbered One hundred and nineteen, same series; Fifty, series of

nineteen hundred and twenty-five; Fifty-four, series of nineteen hundred and twenty seven; Two hundred and twenty-one, series of nineteen hundred and twenty-nine; and Seven hundred and sixty-six, series of nineteen hundred and thirty-five, are hereby revoked.

This Order shall take effect on January 1, 1941.

Done at the City of Manila, this twenty-third day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON

President of the Philippines

By the President:

JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 313
RULES AND REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE USE OF THE COAT-OF-ARMS
OF THE PHILIPPINES AND THE GREAT SEAL OF THE GOVERNMENT
AS AUTHORIZED IN COMMONWEALTH ACT NO. 602.

In order to obtain uniformity in the design and proper use of the Coat-of-Arms of the Philippines for official purposes, as authorized in Commonwealth Act No. 602, and to make uniform the various seals of the different government entities, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby promulgate the following rules and regulations for the guidance and observation of the corresponding government authorities and everybody concerned:

A. THE NATIONAL COAT-OF-ARMS

1. The national Coat-of-Arms is as follows:

(a) *Arms*: Paleways of two pieces, dexter (right), azure (blue), and sinister (left), gules (red); a chief, white, bearing three mullets (five-pointed stars), or (gold), dexter (right), center and sinister (left); an oval field, white, emblazoning at the honor point the symbolic eight-rayed sun in rayonnant, or (gold), each ray-flanked on both sides by lesser and minor rays, or (gold). This is the Coat-of-Arms proper of the Philippine.

(b) *Crest*: The American eagle proper. The right talon grasping an olive branch with eight leaves, vert (green), and eight fruits, gules (red), and the left talon grasping three spears, or (gold). This is the symbol of American sovereignty.

(c) *Scroll*: Beneath, a scroll, argent (silver), with the word “Philippines,” or (gold), inscribed thereon. The scroll shall be placed just below but without touching the seal proper. (See accompanying illustrations.)

B. OTHER LOCAL COAT-OF-ARMS

2. Upon recommendation of the Philippines Heraldry Committee created by Executive Order No. 310, dated December 4, 1940, and subject to the approval of the President, provinces and chartered cities are hereby authorized to adopt and use their own Coat-of-Arms, showing local heraldry—geographical, industrial or historical characteristics which would distinguish them from other parts of the country: *Provided*, That those already granted and in use during the Spanish regime, like the Coat-of-Arms of Manila, may be retained.

C. THE GREAT SEAL OF THE GOVERNMENT

3. The Great Seal of the Government shall be circular in form, with the arms as described in paragraph 1 hereof, but without the scroll and the inscription thereon, and surrounding the whole a double marginal circle within which shall appear in the upper portion the words "Government of the Philippines," and in the lower portion, "United States of America," the two phrases being divided by two small five-pointed stars. For the purpose of placing the Great Seal, the colors of the arms shall not be deemed essential. (See accompanying design.)

4. The Great Seal shall be and remain in the custody of the President of the Philippines, and shall be affixed to or placed upon all commissions signed by him, and upon such other official documents and papers of the Commonwealth of the Philippines as may by law be provided, or as may be required by custom and usage in the discretion of the President of the Philippines.

D. OTHER SEALS

5. The official seals of the Congress of the Philippines, the Supreme Court, and the various Departments shall be similar to the Great Seal, except in the wording around the ring, their size not to exceed $\frac{7}{8}$ of the Great Seal, or $2\frac{3}{4}$ inches in diameter.

6. (a) The official seals of the Court of Appeals and the other courts, commissions, bureaus and other government offices or entities shall contain the Coat-of-Arms proper without the crest or scroll; and around the ring, the name of the government entity. Their size shall not exceed $\frac{2}{3}$ of the Great Seal, or 2 inches in diameter.

(b) If authorized by law, provinces, cities, municipalities or other political subdivisions shall be entitled to keep appropriate seals which shall be considered as their corporate or official seals. Such seals shall be in accordance with the requirements prescribed in subparagraph (a) of paragraph 6 hereof: *Provided*, That the local coat-of-arms prescribed in paragraph 2 hereof may be emblazoned in their seals.

7. The administrative seals of the various departments, bureaus and other offices, provinces, cities, municipalities and other political subdivisions, commonly used on papers of routinary internal administration, are only ordinary *office seals* and not the official or corporate seals, and shall not, therefore, bear the Coat-of-Arms of the Government.

E. COAT-OF-ARMS OR GREAT SEALS IN PERSONAL FLAGS

8. Only the personal flag of the President of the Philippines shall bear the national Coat-of-Arms in full colors.

9. Personal flags, if and when authorized for other officials of the Government, shall display in the center the seal device of the corresponding Department.

F. USE OF NATIONAL COAT-OF-ARMS AND GOVERNMENT SEALS

10. The national Coat-of-Arms, if and when used as insignia of the armed forces, shall be as prescribed in Commonwealth Act No. 602 without any modification whatsoever; but proper heraldic designs as embellishment or supports are authorized. Only in cap, helmet, hat or coat lapels of the armed forces may the Coat-of-Arms be used and never as belt badges.

11. The Coat-of-Arms shall not be used as a background for police badges, except that the shield proper only may be used, without the crest, having a scroll bearing the name of the city or municipality, and with or without heraldic embellishment or support.

12. Government vessels—except tugboats, cascos, dredges or any watercraft for marine labor—and government planes may use the Coat-of-Arms in full colors, gold or silver as required by regulations of the different departments.

13. (a) The Coat-of-Arms of the Philippines shall not be painted on government cars or railway coaches, except on those personally or officially used by the President of the Philippines, which shall be in full colors, and on those officially used by the Vice President, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, which shall be in silver.

(b) If used in plate-number to indicate government ownership, outline form of the shield only without any emblazoning is sufficient.

14. The use of the Coat-of-Arms and the Great Seal in Philippine coins or Philippine currency of any kind shall be by authority of the President of the Philippines.

15. (a) The use of the Coat-of-Arms in letterheads and envelopes shall be for official purposes only; and any use thereof by any government employee for private or personal correspondence shall be dealt with administratively.

(b) The national Coat-of-Arms shall not be used in personal stationary, name cards, or greeting cards, except in those of the President of the Philippines, the Vice President, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, in full colors (gold, silver or dry seal as may be directed) in case of the President of the Philippines; in dry seal, gold or silver in case of others herein authorized.

(c) The national Coat-of-Arms proper, without the crest and the scroll, may be used in the personal stationery of members of the Cabinet, members of the Congress of the Philippines, judges of any court of record, commissioners, generals of the armed forces, bureau directors, provincial governors and city mayors.

16. The use of the national Coat-of-Arms and the Great Seal as trade-marks, advertisements, or labels for commercial, industrial or agricultural purposes by private persons, corporations or associations, and the printing or stamping of the same on articles or commodities intended for sale, barter or exchange, shall be prohibited and any violation thereof shall be punishable according to the provisions of section 2 of Commonwealth Act No. 602.

17. The display or use of the national Coat-of-Arms or the Great Seal in cockpits, clubhouses or buildings dedicated to gambling of any kind, public dance halls, dancing schools and show-houses shall also be prohibited, and a violation thereof shall be dealt with as provided in section 2 of Commonwealth Act No. 602.

18. When the Coat-of-Arms and the Great Seal of the Philippines are used in the interior of private residences and/or commercial houses as national decorations, they shall, like the national flag, occupy a place of prominence.

Done at the City of Manila, this twenty-third day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 314
TRANSFERRING POWERS, FUNCTIONS, DUTIES, PERSONNEL APPROPRIATIONS,
PROPERTY, AND RECORDS FROM VARIOUS STATISTICAL AGENCIES
TO THE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS AND STATISTICS.

The public interest so requiring, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers in me vested by Commonwealth Act Numbered Five hundred and ninety-one, entitled "An Act to Create a Bureau of the Census and Statistics to Consolidate Statistical Activities of the Government therein," do ordain and promulgate the following:

1. The functions of the Division of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor and of the Section of Vital Statistics of the Bureau of Health, Department of Public Instruction, are hereby transferred to the Bureau of the Census and Statistics.

2. The following positions and employees from the Division of Statistics of the Department of Agriculture and Commerce, the Statistical Division of the Bureau of Customs, the General Civil Registry Division of the National Library, the Division of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor, and the Section of Vital Statistics of the Bureau of Health, are transferred to the Bureau of Census and Statistics, effective January 1, 1941:

*From the Division of Statistics
Department of Agriculture and Commerce
[Pages 145 and 146, Commonwealth Act No. 555]*

<i>Item No.</i>	<i>Position</i>	<i>Authorized Salary</i>	<i>Incumbent</i>
G-I(1)44	One chief of division	₱3,960	Antonio Peña
45	One asst. chief of division	3,240	Perfecto Rivera
46	One statistician	2,400	Juan Rangasajo
47	One asst. statistician	1,740	Fortunato de Leon
48	One crop forecaster	2,400	Vacant
50	One asst. crop forecaster	1,920	Mariano Arce
51	One asst. business forecaster	1,920	David Gutierrez
52-1	One asst. statistician	1,800	Jesus P. Angeles
52-2	One asst. statistician	1,800	Vacant
53	One asst. statistician	1,560	Timoteo Morales
54-1	One asst. statistician	1,200	Crispulo Romero
54-2	One asst. statistician	1,200	Natividad Palma
54-3	One asst. statistician	1,200	Jose Presbitero
55	One statistical clerk	900	Jose N. Fagarita

<i>Item No.</i>	<i>Position</i>	<i>Authorized Salary</i>	<i>Incumbent</i>
56-2	One statistical clerk	720	Bernabe Castro
57-1	One statistical clerk	660	Marta Alejo
57-2	One statistical clerk	660	Tomas R. Antonio
58-1	One clerk	780	Lourdes Santos
58-2	One clerk	780	Toribia A. Cale
59-1	One clerk	540	Irineo de Leon
59-2	One clerk	540	Cipriano B. Laureles
59-4	One clerk	540	Leoncio Gonzalo
60	One clerk	480	Magdalena Mabutas
61-9	One clerk	360	Higinio Bernadez
61-10	One clerk	360	Vacant
62-1	One clerk-typist	480	Amparo Soriano
62-2	One clerk-typist	480	Venancio M. Cruz
62-3	One clerk-typist	480	Marcelina C. Sarmiento
62-4	One clerk-typist	480	Abelardo F. Batacan
62-8	One clerk-typist	480	Juliana Reyno
65-5	One copyist	360	Conrado Almuet

From the Division of Labor Statistics
Department of Labor
 [Page 343, Commonwealth Act No. 555]

<i>Item No.</i>	<i>Position</i>	<i>Authorized Salary</i>	<i>Incumbent</i>
198	One chief of division	₱3,720	Rosendo Regalado
202	One messenger	360	Vacant
203	One chief of section	1,200	Arnold Rodriguez
205-1	One clerk	600	Jose V. Santiago
206-1	One junior statistician	600	Bartolo D. Bongco
206-2	One junior statistician	600	Cesar C. Corpus
206-3	One junior statistician	600	Pacifico Borro
206-4	One junior statistician	600	Jose Lipa
206-5	One junior statistician	600	Jose R. Garcia
206-6	One junior statistician	600	Charlotte H. Servillano
207	One chief of section	1,200	Modesto S. Crisologo
208	One junior statistician	600	Napoleon Magalit
209-1	One clerk-compiler	600	Eduardo de Castro
209-2	One clerk-compiler	600	Jose D. Lammatao
210-1	One clerk-compiler	480	Gaudencio A. Escobar
210-2	One clerk-compiler	480	Jose Tomaneng
210-3	One clerk-compiler	480	Albino Nicolas
211-1	One clerk	600	Eugenio Pastrana
211-2	One clerk	600	Rufino Orejana
212-1	One clerk	480	Blumentritt Cruz

<i>Item No.</i>	<i>Position</i>	<i>Authorized Salary</i>	<i>Incumbent</i>
212-2	One clerk	480	Nemesio Balanay
214-1	One junior statistician	600	Ignacio S. Manuel
214-2	One junior statistician	600	Enrique Baclayo
215	One clerk-compiler	480	Paulino L. Bayud
217	One laborer	360	Leonidas de Castro

From the Section of Vital Statistics
Bureau of Health
 [Page 278, Commonwealth Act No. 555]

<i>Item No.</i>	<i>Position</i>	<i>Authorized Salary</i>	<i>Incumbent</i>
75	One chief of section	₱4,620	Manuel M. Aycardo
78	One clerk	1,800	Emilio Guerra
79	One clerk	1,440	Juan Bernardo
80	One clerk	1,080	Baldomero Marcelino
81	One clerk	720	Vicente Zamora
81-1	One clerk	600	Domingo P. Aquino
82-2	One clerk	600	Artemio M. Quinio
82-3	One clerk	600	Antonino B. Guerrero
83-1	One clerk	420	Rafael Perez
83-2	One clerk	420	Rodrigo Floresca
84-1	One clerk	360	Marcelo Alfonso
84-2	One clerk	360	Cornelio Reformina
84-3	One clerk	360	Hermenegildo Bolocon
84-4	One clerk	360	Amado A. Villavert
84-5	One clerk	360	Jose Fernandez
85	One messenger-clerk	360	Gerardo M. Reyes

From the Statistical Division
Bureau of Customs
 [Page 50, Commonwealth Act No. 555]

<i>Item No.</i>	<i>Position</i>	<i>Authorized Salary</i>	<i>Incumbent</i>
134	One asst. chief of section	₱2,400	Ricardo Andaca
136	One clerk	1,680	Tomas Inocencio
138-1	One clerk	1,200	Maximo Cariaso
140	One clerk	900	Benigno P. Ordoña
142	One clerk	780	Rodolfo A. Mabutes
143-1	One clerk	720	Paulino Enriquez
143-2	One clerk	720	Isidro Nano
144	One clerk	660	Trinidad Palileo
145-1	One clerk	600	Palmarin Garcia

<i>Item No.</i>	<i>Position</i>	<i>Authorized Salary</i>	<i>Incumbent</i>
145-2	One clerk	600	Nicolas Morales
145-3	One clerk	600	Vicente L. Vilorio
149	One messenger	360	Fabian S. Quesada

*From the General Civil Registry Division
National Library*

[Page 322, Commonwealth Act No. 555]

<i>Item No.</i>	<i>Position</i>	<i>Authorized Salary</i>	<i>Incumbent</i>
69	One clerk	₱1,440	Felicisimo S. Guerrero
70	One clerk	840	Eusebio Cunanan
73-1	One clerk	480	Dominador I. Borromeo
73-2	One clerk	480	Graciano J. Pasion
73-3	One clerk	480	Rodolfo U. Reyno
73-4	One clerk	480	Corazon A. Sayson

3. The following positions from the Division of Statistics of the Department of Agriculture and Commerce and the Statistical Division of the Bureau of Customs, are hereby transferred to the Bureau of Census and Statistics, effective February 1, 1941:

*From the Division of Statistics
Department of Agriculture and Commerce*
[Pages 145 and 146, Commonwealth Act No. 555]

<i>Item No.</i>	<i>Position</i>	<i>Authorized Salary</i>
61-2	One clerk	₱360
61-4	One clerk	360
61-5	One clerk	360
61-7	One clerk	360
61-11	One clerk	360
62-6	One clerk-typist	480
65-3	One copyist	360
65-4	One copyist	360
66-1	One laborer	360
66-2	One laborer	360

*From the Statistical Division
Bureau of Customs*
[Page 50, Commonwealth Act No. 555]

<i>Item No.</i>	<i>Position</i>	<i>Authorized Salary</i>
133	One chief of division	₱4,020
148-1	One clerk	360
148-4	One clerk	360

4. All the equipment and other property assigned to the employees and/or positions so transferred to the Bureau of the Census and Statistics together with other property and records pertaining to the activities of the Division of Statistics of the Department of Agriculture and Commerce, the Statistical Division of the Bureau of Customs, the General Civil Registry Division of the National Library, the Division of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor, and the Section of Vital Statistics of the Bureau of Health transferred to the Bureau of the Census and Statistics, as well as the unexpended balances of the appropriations of the said activities transferred to the Bureau of the Census and Statistics including the appropriation under Item 10 of Sundry Expenses (Commonwealth Act No. 555, page 77) of the Department of Finance for the rental of two electric accounting machines and for the purchase of supplies therefor, shall be transferred to the said Bureau, effective January 1, 1941; provided, however, that the Commissioner of the Budget shall, within a period of thirty days from the promulgation of this Order, determine and submit to this Office lists of the equipment, property, records and unexpended balances of the appropriations of the positions and activities which shall be transferred to the Bureau of Census and Statistics.

5. Effective January 1, 1941, the functions, equipment, appropriations, records, documents, supplies, property, and such personnel of the Commission of the Census as the Director of the Census and Statistics may recommend are hereby transferred to the Bureau of the Census and Statistics.

Done at the City of Manila, this twenty-fourth day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:

JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 315
CONFIRMING THE ELECTIONS OF PROVINCIAL AND CITY
OFFICERS ELECTED ON DECEMBER 10, 1940

Each of the persons named below having been certified by the Provincial Boards of Canvassers to have received a plurality of the votes legally cast at the ordinary election held in the provinces and cities on the 10th day of December, nineteen hundred and forty, under the provisions of the Election Code, and there being in my opinion no reason why their election should not be confirmed, the said election is, pursuant to the recommendation of the Commission on Elections, hereby confirmed:

PROVINCIAL GOVERNORS

<i>Name</i>	<i>Province</i>
Eustaquio Purugganan	Abra
Agustin Caseñas	Agusan
Saturnino Benito	Albay
Tobias Fornier	Antique
Jose S. Manahan	Bataan
Juan Agudo	Batanes
Maximo Malvar	Batangas
Carlos P. Garcia	Bohol
Emilio Rustia	Bulacan
Marcelo Adduru	Cagayan
Wenceslao Q. Vinzons	Camarines Norte
Manuel U. del Gallego	Camarines Sur
Luis Y. Ferrer	Cavite
Gabriel K. Hernandez	Capiz
Hilario Abellana	Cebu
Romualdo Quimpo	Davao
Roque Ablan	Ilocos Norte
Pedro Singson	Ilocos Sur
Tomas Confesor	Iloilo
Gabriel Visaya	Isabela
Jesus Bautista	Laguna
Jorge Camacho	La Union
Rafael Martinez	Leyte
Jose Lopez	Marinduque
Mateo S. Pecson	Masbate
Felipe Abeleda	Mindoro

<i>Name</i>	<i>Province</i>
Porfirio Villarin	Misamis Occidental
Pedro Baculio	Misamis Oriental
Ramon Torres	Negros Occidental
Julian L. Teves	Negros Oriental
Jose Robles, Jr.	Nueva Ecija
Demetrio Quirino	Nueva Vizcaya
Sofronio Española	Palawan
Sotero Baluyot	Pampanga
Santiago Estrada	Pangasinan
Eulogio Rodriguez, Jr.	Rizal
Cayetano Lucero	Samar
Teodoro de Vera	Sorsogon
Fernando Silvosa	Surigao
Eduardo Cojuangco	Tarlac
Natalio Enriquez	Tayabas
Francisco Anonas	Zambales
Matias C. Ranillo	Zamboanga

MEMBERS OF THE PROVINCIAL BOARD

<i>Name</i>	<i>Province</i>
Lino Molina	Abra
Felix Alverne	Abra
Jose Azote	Agusan
Jorge Satorre	Agusan
Silvino Samson	Albay
Feliciano Imperial	Albay
Bernabe Tordesillas	Antique
Alfredo Pedrosa	Antique
Simeon D. Salonga	Bataan
Ricardo Payumo	Bataan
Clemente Mata	Batanes
Casiano Cantor	Batanes
Francisco G. Perez	Batangas
Clemente K. Silva	Batangas
Agapito Hontañosas	Bohol
Conrado Marapao	Bohol
Rafael Tomacruz	Bulacan
Simeon Claridades	Bulacan
Salvador Baculi	Cagayan
Hiram Kalata	Cagayan
Dominador P. Padilla	Camarines Norte
Basilio Bautista	Camarines Norte
Paz Cea de Conde	Camarines Sur
Ignacio Meliton	Camarines Sur

<i>Name</i>	<i>Province</i>
Eduardo Abalo	Capiz
Pedro Fuentes	Capiz
Cristina A. Suntay	Cavite
Dominador M. Camerino	Cavite
Fructuoso Cabahug	Cebu
Jose Leyson	Cebu
Apolinario Cabigon	Davao
Ricardo D. Miranda	Davao
Primo Lazaro	Ilocos Norte
Gabriel B. Ruiz	Ilocos Norte
Domingo Fortuna	Ilocos Sur
Jesus O. Serrano	Ilocos Sur
Juan Borra	Iloilo
Juan C. Teruel	Iloilo
Rafael Paguirigan	Isabela
Cosme de la Cruz	Isabela
Dominador Acuña	Laguna
Agustin Gana	Laguna
Norberto Guray	La Union
Angel Salanga	La Union
Pastor Salazar	Leyte
Angel Espina	Leyte
Anastacio Sto. Domingo	Marinduque
Sabino Palomares	Marinduque
Jose Almario	Masbate
Severo Castillo	Masbate
Mariano R. Basa	Mindoro
Alfredo T. Mendoza	Mindoro
Angel Medina	Misamis Occidental
Federico Apao	Misamis Occidental
Paciencio Ysalina	Misamis Oriental
Vicente B. de Lara	Misamis Oriental
Generoso Villanueva	Negros Occidental
Ildefonso Coscolluela	Negros Occidental
Alberto V. Furbeyre	Negros Oriental
Jose P. Martinez	Negros Oriental
J. V. Corpuz	Nueva Ecija
Herminio Algas	Nueva Ecija
Leandro U. Rosario	Nueva Vizcaya
Cirilo Sanchez	Nueva Vizcaya
Ramon Palanca	Palawan
Vicente Bajar	Palawan
Lazaro Yambao	Pampanga

<i>Name</i>	<i>Province</i>
Francisco M. Ramos	Pampanga
Sofronio C. Quimson	Pangasinan
Enrique Sta. Maria	Pangasinan
Tomas Molina	Rizal
Facundo San Agustin	Rizal
Vicente A. Dira	Samar
Donato A. Cardona	Samar
Salvador Escudero	Sorsogon
Amadeo Judit	Sorsogon
Vicente Pimentel	Surigao
Protolico Egay	Surigao
Jose Espinosa, Jr.	Tarlac
Jesus M. Santiago	Tarlac
Felix Alpay	Tayabas
Fortunato Suarez	Tayabas
Salvador Eliazo	Zambales
Vicente Dinoso	Zambales
Felipe B. Azcuna	Zamboanga
Guadalupe Adaza	Zamboanga

LIEUTENANT GOVERNORS

<i>Name</i>	<i>Province</i>
Remigio Sosito—Subprovince of Catanduanes	Albay
Nicolas B. Parami—Subpovince of Siquijor	Negros Oriental

SPECIAL MEMBER FOR THE SUBPROVINCE OF SIKUIJOR

<i>Name</i>	<i>Province</i>
Baldomero Samson	Negros Oriental

MEMBERS OF THE CITY COUNCIL

<i>Name</i>	<i>City</i>
Teopisto Cordova	Bacolod
Fidel Henares	Bacolod
Cirilo Ciocon	Bacolod
Augusto Villarosa	Bacolod
Florendo Aquino	Baguio
Virginia Oteyza	Baguio
Fundador Villafuerte	Davao
Pedro Quitain	Davao
Remedios Ponferrada	Davao

<i>Name</i>	<i>City</i>
Jose Cabato	Zamboanga
Abelardo Bucoy	Zamboanga
Felipe Ramos	Zamboanga

MEMBERS OF THE MUNICIPAL BOARD

<i>Name</i>	<i>City</i>
Leandro A. Tojong	Cebu
Juan Zamora	Cebu
Honorato S. Hermosisima	Cebu
Florencio Urot	Cebu
Florentino D. Tecson	Cebu
Ramon D. Abellanos	Cebu
Cecilio de la Victoria	Cebu
Numeriano Estenzo	Cebu
Zosimo Rojas	Cavite
Luis Buenaventura	Cavite
Sancho Rillo	Cavite
Evelio Zaldivar	Iloilo
Fortunato B. Ybiernas	Iloilo
Antonio San Agustin	Iloilo
Dominador T. Jover	Iloilo
Carmen Planas	Manila
Manuel de la Fuente	Manila
Jose Topacio Nuevo	Manila
Bartolome Gatmaitan	Manila
Segundo Agustin	Manila
Jose Advincula	Manila
Piedad Montenegro	Manila
Pascual Santos	Manila
Eustaquio C. Balagtas	Manila
Valeriano E. Fugoso	Manila
Manuel A. Concordia	Manila
Irineo R. Lozada	San Pablo
Felix A. Gesmundo	San Pablo

The persons above named will qualify and assume office in accordance with law.

Done at the City of Manila, this twenty-eighth day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 316

SEGREGATING FROM THE MUNICIPALITY OF GUINAYANGAN, PROVINCE OF TAYABAS, THE BARRIOS OF ALONEROS, BAGONG SILANG, BALOGO, CABIBIHAN, CATIMO, DANLAGAN, KABUGWANG, KANDALAPDAP, MALBOG, MONATO, MAÑGAYAW, QUINATACUTAN, SIGUIWAN, TAGCAWAYAN, AND TRIUMFO, AND ORGANIZING THE SAME INTO AN INDEPENDENT MUNICIPALITY UNDER THE NAME OF TAGCAWAYAN, WITH THE SEAT OF GOVERNMENT AT THE BARRIO OF TAGCAWAYAN.

Pursuant to the provisions of section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, the barrios of Aloneros, Bagong Silang, Balogo, Cabibihan, Catimo, Danlagan, Kabugwang, Kandalapdap, Malbog, Monato, Mañgayaw, Quinatacutan, Siguwan, Tagcawayan, and Triumfo are hereby segregated from the municipality of Guinayangan, Province of Tayabas, and organized into an independent municipality under the name of Tagcawayan, with the seat of government at the barrio of Tagcawayan.

The municipality of Guinayangan shall consist of its present territory minus the territory comprised in the barrios of the new municipality of Tagcawayan as herein specified.

The organization herein made shall take effect January 1, 1941.

Done at the City of Manila, this thirty-first day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:

JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1940). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 317
ORGANIZING THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND PUBLIC WELFARE

Pursuant to the provisions of Commonwealth Act No. 430, and by virtue of the powers conferred upon me by said Act, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, do hereby authorize and direct the organization of the Department of Health and Public Welfare effective January 1, 1941.

The Department of Health and Public Welfare shall be charged with the protection of the health of the people, the maintenance of sanitary conditions, and the proper enforcement of the laws and regulations relative to health, sanitation, food, drugs and narcotics, slum housing, garbage disposal, relief, and other social services, and for these purposes, it shall exercise executive supervision over the Bureau of Health; the Bureau of Public Welfare; the Bureau of Quarantine Service; the Board of Medical Examiners; the Board of Dental Examiners; the Board of Optical Examiners; the Board of Examiners for Nurses; the health departments of chartered cities; the provincial, city and municipal hospitals, dispensaries and clinics; the public markets and slaughterhouses; health resorts and establishments; and all charitable and relief agencies, including institutions for the care of the aged and/or infirm and of dependent, defective and/or delinquent children, supported, whether wholly or partially, by the Government or any of its branches or instrumentalities.

The activities, functions, and duties of the Secretary of Public Instruction in connection with sanitation and health matters, whether imposed by law, executive order, or regulation, are hereby transferred to, and shall hereafter be performed by, the Secretary of Health and Public Welfare.

The transfer to the Department of Health and Public Welfare of the bureaus, offices and services enumerated in the second paragraph hereof shall take effect as of January 1, 1941, or as soon thereafter as practicable, but not later than January 31, 1941.

The necessary fund for the organization and establishment of the Office of the Secretary of Health and Public Welfare and for its maintenance until the next fiscal year shall be taken from the forced savings in salaries and wages and sundry expenses of the Bureaus and Offices of the Department of Public Instruction and shall be expended in accordance with a budget to be approved by the President.

The unexpended balances of funds or appropriations and the personnel, equipment, materials, records and other properties pertaining to the bureaus, offices and services enumerated in the second paragraph are hereby transferred to the Department of Health and Public Welfare. The Auditor General and the Commissioner of the Budget shall make the necessary adjustments of the appropriations affected thereby.

Upon the organization of the Department of Health and Public Welfare, the Office of the Commissioner of Health and Welfare, and the Council of Hygiene shall be abolished and their functions and duties transferred to said Department.

Done at the City of Manila, this seventh day of January, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 301 - 326]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 318
REGULATING THE OPERATION OF COCKPITS

By virtue of the powers vested in me under Commonwealth Act Numbered six hundred and one, entitled “An Act to regulate the establishment, maintenance and operation of places of amusement in chartered cities, and municipal districts,” the following rules and regulations governing cockpits are hereby promulgated:

1. Cockfighting shall take place only in licensed cockpits and only upon legal holidays other than Rizal Day, and for a period of not exceeding three days during the celebration of the town fiesta as fixed by the Municipal Council.

2. No cockpit shall be constructed or permitted to operate within the radius of one thousand lineal meters from any city hall or municipal building, provincial building, public plaza, public school, church, hospital, athletic stadium, public park, or any institution of learning or of charity; neither shall permit be issued for the construction or operation of a cockpit on a lot which is not provided with sufficient space for parking and the public roads or highways shall not be used for such purpose.

3. Before any cockpit begins to operate, the owner or concessionaire thereof shall apply for a permit from the treasurer of the city concerned, if so authorized by its charter, and in the case of a municipality or municipal district, from the Provincial Treasurer or his duly authorized representative, and no permit shall be issued without proper certificates of the City or District Engineer certifying the suitability of the building and of the City or District Health Officer certifying to the sanitary condition of said building, and only after the proper fee or tax shall have been first paid to the city or municipal treasury, as required by this Executive Order or by existing ordinances of the city, municipality or municipal district concerned, for a period of at least one quarter.

4. In addition to the permit herein required, the owner or concessionaire of a cockpit shall obtain a license from the treasure of the city, municipality or municipal district concerned, and shall pay a municipal license tax of not less than two hundred pesos annually or fifty pesos quarterly and twenty-five centavos for every cockfight held in the cockpit: *Provided, however,* That existing ordinances prescribing higher fees than two hundred pesos annually or fifty pesos quarterly shall remain in force until otherwise provided for by the President: *Provided, further,* That a city or municipal council desiring to impose a higher fee may do so upon approval of the President.

5. Any person who believes that a cockpit is established or located in any place not authorized by this Executive Order, may file a protest with the Secretary of Interior, who is hereby authorized after proper investigation to decide the case or cancel the permit and license.

6. No card game or games of chance of any kind shall be permitted in the premises of a cockpit.

7. No person under the age of eighteen years shall be allowed within the premises of any cockpit; neither shall any person under the influence of liquor be allowed to enter or stay in said premises.

8. With the exception of the referee and the respective “soltadores” and other employees not exceeding four, no person shall be allowed to stay within the ring during any cockfight: *Provided,*

however, That, if necessary to maintain peace and order, any peace officer may enter or stay in said premises.

9. No intoxicating liquor of any kind shall be sold in the premises of any cockpit nor within a distance of one hundred lineal meters from the cockpit enclosure; neither shall any firearm or any deadly weapon be permitted to be carried within the premises thereof, except by peace officers in the due performance of official duties.

10. It shall be the duty of the owner or concessionaire of any cockpit to see that these rules and regulations are properly observed, and peace and order maintained at all times within the premises of the cockpit.

11. Any action of the City, Provincial or Municipal Treasurer under the provisions of paragraphs three and four of this Executive Order, may be appealed to the Secretary of the Interior whose decision shall be final.

12. Any violation of these rules and regulations shall be sufficient cause for the revocation by the Secretary of the Interior of the permit granted and forfeiture of the license issued.

13. Cockpits in operation on January 1, 1941, that are within the prohibited zones or distances prescribed in paragraph two of this Executive Order shall be given one-year's notice within which to close, transfer, or otherwise comply with the provisions hereof, but the Secretary of the Interior, with the approval of the President, may in special cases and for justifiable reasons, authorize their continuance in their present location.

Done at the City of Manila, this twenty-fourth day of January, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON

President of the Philippines

By the President:

JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 319
REGULATING THE OPERATION OF NIGHT CLUBS, CABARETS,
DANCING SCHOOLS, AND DANCE HALLS

By virtue of the powers vested in me under Commonwealth Act Numbered Six hundred and one, entitled "An Act to regulate the establishment, maintenance and operation of places of amusement in chartered cities, municipalities and municipal districts," the following rules and regulations governing night clubs, cabarets, dancing schools and dance halls are hereby promulgated:

1. *Definitions.*—(a) "Night club" shall include any place or establishment selling to the public food or drinks where customers are allowed to dance.

(b) "Cabaret, dance hall or dancing school" shall include any place or establishment where dancing is permitted to the public and where professional hostesses or dancers are employed or where an admission fee or any other charge for dancing is collected.

(c) "Professional hostess" shall include any woman employed by any of the establishments herein defined to entertain guests at their table or to dance with them.

(d) "Professional dancer" shall include any woman who dances at any of the establishments herein defined for a fee or remuneration paid directly or indirectly by the operator or by the persons with whom she dances.

(e) "Operator" shall include the owner, manager, administrator or any person who operates and is responsible for the operation of any night club, cabaret, dancing school, or dance hall, in accordance with the provisions of these regulations.

2. *Location.*—No night club, cabaret, dancing school or dance hall shall be established within a distance of one thousand lineal meters from any city hall or municipal building provincial building, public plaza, public school, church, hospital, athletic stadium, public park, or any institution of learning or of charity.

3. *Building requirements.*—(a) In each night club, cabaret, dancing school or dance hall there shall be a dancing space properly ventilated, well lighted and maintained under sanitary conditions at all times while the establishment is open, leaving no dark corners therein. The building should be safe for dancing purposes.

(b) In such establishments there shall be no private rooms nor separate compartments, except those assigned for lavatories, dressing rooms for ladies, bar, and kitchen: *Provided, however,* That the dancing and dining hall of every night club, cabaret, dancing school or dance hall, which is also authorized to operate a hotel, shall be on a floor separate from its lodging rooms. There shall be in such establishments at least two sets of lavatories, one exclusively for women and another for men. The building must be certified to by the city or district engineer as safe for dancing purposes.

(c) Every establishment shall be properly enclosed with fence provided with only one entrance and it shall have no direct or indirect communication whatever with any dwelling place, house or building except through said entrance. It shall also have proper places for parking vehicles in order to

avoid congestion and blocking of traffic. The parking place must be either an open ground or provided with one door for entrance and another for exit.

4. *Days and hours of operation.*—Excepting Christmas eve and New Year's eve, night clubs, cabarets, dancing schools and dance halls shall be open only from 5 o'clock p. m. to 12 o'clock midnight every day, except Saturdays and days preceding official holidays and days falling on town fiestas, when they can be open until 2 o'clock in the morning of the following day: *Provided, however,* That in case of any establishment herein authorized is also duly licensed to operate a regular restaurant, cafe or refreshment parlors, it may remain open before or after said hours to serve only meals or refreshments, without permitting dancing to take place therein.

5. *Restrictions as to persons.*—(a) Minors under eighteen years of age, persons carrying deadly weapons or firearms of any description, except government officials performing their public functions, and intoxicated persons shall not be admitted nor allowed to remain in any night club, cabaret, dancing school or dance hall, either as customer, employee or under any capacity: *Provided, however,* That persons under eighteen years of age may be admitted in such establishments when they are in private parties and accompanied by their parents or guardians.

(b) No woman shall be employed as a professional hostess or dancer, unless she is at least twenty-one years of age and without first having obtained a written certificate from the District or City Health Officer that she is free from contagious or infectious diseases: *Provided,* That with the written consent of her parents or guardians a woman eighteen years of age or more but below twenty-one years may be so employed. No professional hostess or dancer shall be allowed to continue working as such, upon discovery by the District or City Health Officer that she is suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or after conviction of any disorderly, immodest or immoral conduct, or violation of any provision of this Order. The medical certificate required herein shall be obtained once every three months.

6. *Supervision.*—Night clubs, cabarets, dancing schools and any dance halls shall be under the supervision of the Department of the Interior, which is hereby charged with the enforcement of this Executive Order. Whenever public interest so requires, or at the request of the operator, the mayor of the city, municipality or municipal district concerned may assign one or more policemen in any night club, cabaret, dancing school or dance hall, to maintain peace and order in or around its premises and enforce the provisions of this Order and other municipal or sanitary regulations in the premises.

7. *Requisites for the issuance of permits.*—Permits for the opening or operation of night clubs, cabarets, dancing schools or dance halls shall be issued by the city or provincial treasurer or his duly designated representative: *Provided,* That no permit for the opening of any night club, cabaret, dancing school or dance hall shall be issued unless the applicant has complied with the provisions of this Order.

8. *Licenses.*—In addition to the permit herein required, the operator shall obtain a license from the treasurer of the city, municipality, or municipal district concerned, for the operation of a night club, cabaret, dancing school or dance hall, which license shall be issued upon payment of a license fee of not less than two hundred pesos annually or fifty pesos quarterly; *Provided, however,* That existing ordinances prescribing higher fees than two hundred pesos annually or fifty pesos quarterly shall remain in force until otherwise provided for by the President: *Provided, further,* That a city or municipal council desiring to impose a higher fee may do so upon approval of the President.

9. *Complaints.*—Any person who believes that a night club, cabaret, dancing school, or dance hall is established or located in any place not authorized by this Executive Order, may file a protest with the Secretary of the Interior, who is hereby authorized after proper investigation to decide the case or cancel the permit and license.

10. *Appeals*.—Any action of the city, provincial or municipal treasurer under the provisions of paragraphs seven and eight of this Order may be appealed to the Secretary of the Interior whose decision shall be final.

11. *Revocation of permit*.—The Secretary of the Interior shall revoke any permit or license granted under this Order upon satisfactory evidence that gambling or playing of any prohibited game has taken place within the premises of any night club, cabaret, dancing school or dance hall.

12. *Violation of the regulations*.—In case of violation of any of these regulations, the permit for the operation of a night club, cabaret, dancing school or dance hall shall be withdrawn by the Secretary of the Interior and the license revoked. Such revocation of the permit and license shall operate to forfeit to the city or municipality concerned all sums paid therefor.

13. Night clubs, cabarets, dancing schools, or dance halls in operation on January 1, 1941, that are within the prohibited zones or distances prescribed in paragraph 2, or do not comply with the building requirements prescribed in paragraph 3, of this Executive Order shall be given one year's notice within which to close, transfer or otherwise comply with the provisions hereof, but the Secretary of the Interior, with the approval of the President, may in special cases and for justifiable reasons, authorize their continuance in their present location.

Done at the City of Manila, this twenty-fifth day of January, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON

President of the Philippines

By the President:

JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). [*Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399*]. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 320
REGULATING THE MAINTENANCE AND OPERATION OF
RACE TRACKS AND HORSE RACING

By virtue of the powers vested in me under Commonwealth Act Numbered Six hundred and one, entitled “An Act to regulate the establishment, maintenance and operation of places of amusement in chartered cities, municipalities and municipal districts,” the following rules and regulations are hereby promulgated to govern the maintenance and operation of race tracks and horse racing:

1. *Board on Races.*—There is hereby created a Board on Races to consist of a Chairman and two members, who shall not be appointed by the President for such term and at such rate of compensation as he may determine and shall be removable at his pleasure. For administrative purposes, the Board on Races is hereby placed under the Department of Interior.

2. *Powers and duties.*—The Board on Races shall, subject to the approval of the Secretary of Interior, have the power to prescribe additional rules and regulations, not inconsistent herewith to govern the operation of race tracks and the conduct of horse racing. It shall be its duty to enforce the laws, rules and regulations relating to horse races; to require that race tracks be properly constructed and maintained; that adequate sanitary accommodations be provided in the tracks, grandstands, stables and other structures of racing clubs; that there be an equipped emergency clinic for the care and treatment of injuries and ailments of jockeys and track personnel; it shall prohibit the use of improper devices, drugs, stimulants or other means, so as to artificially enhance the speed of horses or materially harm their condition; it shall have supervision over all race track or racing club officials or employees authorized or required to be appointed under this Order; and it shall exercise such other powers and perform such duties, as may hereafter be prescribed by law or regulations.

3. *Horse racing; license required.*—It shall be unlawful for any person, race track, racing club, or any other entity to hold or conduct any horse racing, wherein betting in any form is allowed, unless duly licensed therefor by the Board on Races. Every license issued shall specify the person, race track, racing club, or entity to which the same is issued, the place, enclosure or track where the races are to be held, and the days upon which the same will be permitted. Such license may be suspended or revoked by the Board on Races for any just cause.

4. *Jockeys, starters, etc.; license required.*—No person, race track, racing club, nor any other entity holding horse racing shall employ any jockey, handicapper, starter, weigher or any other official performing duties directly connected with the running of races, unless such person or track official has been duly licensed by the Board on Races. Such license shall be obtained from the Board yearly and shall, however, be subject to withdrawal or revocation in any case where the Board shall have reason to believe that any of the aforesaid persons is incompetent, or is guilty of any dishonest or fraudulent practice, or has violated any law, rule or regulation on horse racing.

5. *Automatic electric totalizator.*—No person, race track, racing club, nor any other entity holding horse racing whose total betting on any race day exceeds fifty thousand pesos, shall be allowed

to hold races, unless such person, race track, racing club or entity is provided with an automatic, electrically operated public indicator system and ticket selling machines, by means of which every ticket purchased on every horse in any race, shall be automatically and instantaneously recorded by electrical impulse on prominently displayed bulletin board, each figure, letter or symbol of which shall be readable from a distance.

6. *Official starters.*—Every person, race track, racing club, or any other entity holding horse racing shall appoint official starters for the races. The stewards of the day shall designate a starter from among those appointed by the club to officiate in each race.

7. *Stewards; judges.*—There shall be at least three stewards for each racing day, who may also act as the judges of finish. They shall have the necessary powers to supervise the conduct of the races, and to enforce the rules and regulations applicable on all questions and matters arising during the racing day. It shall be their duty to see, before allowing the program of races to begin, that a license therefor has been duly secured; to determine and decide the win, place, and show horses in each race; to render the decision in all events in the order the winning horses shall have crossed the tape line, and in case of closely contested events as shown by the photo-finish picture, which in all such cases shall be taken; to apply and to enforce the penalties provided against offending jockeys, trainers, horse owners, track employees or other persons, who in any way perform duties connected with the races; and to perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the Board on Races.

8. *Handicappers.*—Every person, race track, racing club, or any other entity holding horse racing shall have a Committee of Handicappers to consist of at least three members. It shall be the duty of the Committee of Handicappers to keep a complete and up-to-date record of all registered horses, their owners, color, height, and such other characteristics as will aid in their proper identification; the particular group or class to which each horse belongs, together with the weight each carried in the previous races participated in. The handicappers shall prepare the program of races, taking into consideration past performances and condition of each horse, and shall so group and so handicap them as to nearly as it is practicable equalize the winning chances of all the entries in each race, all in accordance with such rules and regulations as the Board on Races may prescribe.

9. *Field inspectors.*—The Board on Races shall appoint not more than six field inspectors during each racing day to watch the events of the day. They shall be assigned various places throughout the race track. It shall be their duty to carefully observe and detect anomalies and irregularities of any nature that may be committed during the progress of a race, or at the starting or finishing of a race; and to detect any fraudulent or dishonest deals, transactions or acts that may be committed in the race tracks. They shall report immediately any such anomalies, irregularities or fraudulent or dishonest acts, which they may discover, to the stewards of the day, who shall promptly take such action as the circumstances may warrant. Their salaries or compensation, which shall be fixed by the Board, shall be paid by the person, race track, racing club or entity concerned from the special fund provided in paragraph 18 hereof.

10. *Track auditors.*—For the purpose of supervising and verifying the accuracy of reports of any person, race track, racing club, or any other entity holding races, with respect to the totalizator receipts or the total amount of wager made on each racing event, the dividends awarded for winning horses, whether win, place, or show on each event, and other matters referring to financial computations or statements, the Board on Races shall appoint such number of auditing officers as may be necessary to be placed in the offices and tracks of the person, race track, racing club, or entity concerned. It shall be the duty of said auditing officers to report to the Board any irregularities or erroneous computations, which they may discover in connection with reports or the dividends awarded on each racing event. Their salaries or rate of compensation, which shall be fixed by the

Board, shall be paid by the person, race track, racing club, or entity concerned from the special fund provided in paragraph 18 hereof.

11. *Jockeys; qualification.*—No person, race track, racing club, nor any other entity holding horse racing shall allow a person to ride as jockey, unless such person possesses the qualifications to be prescribed by the Board on Races. The Board may, however, permit gentlemen or lady riders without license in special events.

12. *Jockeys to be held in assigned enclosure.*—Before the start of the races in any day, all the jockeys that are registered to ride during that day, shall be quartered in an assigned enclosure of the race track apart from the public. They shall not be allowed to communicate with any person or persons in the race track, except with authorized officials or representatives of the person, race track, racing club, or any other entity holding horse racing concerned or the officials of the Board on Races. They shall be allowed to come out of the enclosure only at the time of riding in a race, and shall be kept there until after they have run their last race of the day.

13. *When two or more horses of one owner are entered in same race; “field” entry.*—When two or more horses belonging to one owner or are trained or cared for in one stable are entered in the same race, such horses shall be considered as an “entry” only and paired in the betting as one horse, so that if any of the said horses wins, the holders of tickets for the “entry” shall be entitled to the dividend. No horse may participate in a race unless it carries a number and tickets are offered for sale on such a horse. The handicappers at their discretion may group two or more horses participating in a race in a “field”, when such horses belong to different owners or are cared for or trained in different stables. Such horses shall be grouped in the betting as one horse and when any of such horses wins, all holders of the “field” tickets shall be paid the dividend corresponding to the “field.”

14. *Wager and dividends.*—The face-value of totalizator tickets for wager may be fifty centavos, one peso, two pesos or five pesos, whether for win, place, or show. The face-value of said tickets, as the case may be, shall be the basis for the computation of dividends, and such dividends shall be paid after eliminating fractions of ten centavos: for example, if the resulting dividend is ₱10.98, the dividend that shall be paid will be only ₱10.90. If no ticket has been sold on a winning horse, whether for win, place, or show, the dividends corresponding to such race shall be paid out to the holders of tickets sold on the horses that finished dead heat, or on the horse that finished next to that on which not a single ticket was sold: *Provided*, That the owner of said winning horse shall be entitled to the corresponding stake or prize.

15. *Daily-double events; selection of.*—Every person, race track, racing club or any other entity holding horse racing may hold one daily-double event in the morning and another in the evening on each racing day. The two races constituting the morning daily-double event shall be drawn by lot by the Board on Races from the last five races, which shall be for a distance of at least three-fourths of a mile each, appearing in the official program of the morning races. The drawing of the morning daily-double event shall be made not before 9 o’clock a. m. The two races constituting the evening daily-double event shall, in the same manner, be drawn by a lot by the Board on Races from the five races, which shall be for a distance of at least three-fourths of a mile each, preceding the last three races in the official program of the evening. The drawing of the evening daily-double event shall be made not before 4 o’clock p. m. No person, race track, racing club, nor any other entity holding horse racing shall permit more than fourteen horses to run in a daily-double race. No tickets for the daily-double races shall be sold outside of the race tracks.

16. *Daily-double races; announcement before starting.*—Before starting the first race of a daily-double event, the person, race track, racing club, or any other entity holding the races shall announce through loud speakers, the names of jockeys mounting each horse, the weights on each horse, the

number of tickets sold on each horse, and the total number of tickets sold on the race. The same process shall be repeated before starting the second race of a daily-double event, except that in this case, the number of tickets sold on each horse of the second race, coupled with the winning horse of the first race, shall be announced, instead of the tickets sold on each horse of the second race. The person, race track, racing club, or any other entity holding a daily-double race shall submit to the auditors of the Board on Races the stubs of tickets sold and such other information on the betting as may be required for verification.

17. *Hour of running daily-double races; posting of ticket sales.*—The first race of the morning, daily-double event shall be run not later than 12.30 o'clock p.m. and the second race not later than half an hour immediately following. The first race of the evening daily-double event shall be run not later than 9 o'clock p. m. and the second race not later than half an hour immediately following. The sale of tickets for the daily-double races shall commence immediately after the Board on Races has announced to the public the two races constituting each daily-double event. The number of tickets sold on each horse in two races of each daily-double event, and the totals thereof shall be posted at conspicuous bulletin boards at an interval of thirty minutes from the time the sale of tickets begins. This information shall also be given to the public through loud speakers. The closing of the sale of tickets for each event shall be properly announced by the ringing of a bell after which no more tickets shall be sold.

18. *Totalizator receipts or wager funds; how distributed.*—The total wager funds or gross receipts from the sale of totalizator tickets shall be apportioned as follows: eighty-seven and one-half per centum shall be distributed in the form of dividends among holders of win, place and show horses, as the case may be, in the regular races; twelve and one-half per centum shall be set aside as the commission of the person, race track, racing club, or any other entity conducting the races, which shall include the amounts for the payment of authorized stakes or prizes for win, place and show horses, and authorized bonuses for jockeys; and in the case of daily-double races, the gross receipts derived from the total sale of daily-double tickets shall be apportioned in the same manner as provided hereinabove, except that the eighty-seven and one-half per centum of the gross receipts from the total sale of daily-double tickets shall be distributed in the form of dividends among the holders of the winning combination of horses, that is, the two horses that won first place in the two races, instead of among holders of win, place and show horses, as in the case of regular races: *Provided, however,* That of the twelve and one-half per centum representing the commission of the person, race track, racing club, or any other entity holding horse racing an amount equivalent to one-half per centum of the total wager funds or gross receipts from the sale of tickets shall be set aside by the person, race track, racing club, or any other entity holding horse racing as a special fund to cover the expenses of the Board on Races and its personnel, as well as other expenditures authorized under this Order, said expenses to be apportioned by the Board among the different persons, race tracks, racing clubs, or other entities holding horse racing, and any unexpended balance of this fund at the end of each year shall revert to the general fund of the person, race track, racing club, or entity concerned.

19. *Races shall be run promptly.*—The races listed in the official program shall be run promptly at an interval of not more than thirty minutes from the running of the first race in the morning.

20. *Appeal from the decision of the Board on Races.*—Any action of the Board on Races under the provision of paragraphs three and four of this Executive Order may be appealed to the Secretary of the Interior whose decision shall be final.

21. *Persons prohibited from engaging in betting.*—Racing clubs, race tracks, persons or entities holding horse races, and their officials, including stewards, judges, handicappers, jockeys and starters,

shall not be permitted to participate, directly or indirectly, in betting on races conducted in their own race tracks; and members of the Board on Races, including officials of such Board, on any race.

22. *Persons prohibited admission.*—Minors under eighteen years of age, except when accompanied by their parents or guardians, persons carrying deadly weapons or firearms of any description, except government officials or officials of the race track or racing club or of the Board on Races, in the performance of their official functions, and intoxicated persons, shall not be admitted or allowed to remain in a race track during a racing day. Minors shall in no case be allowed to bet.

23. *Board on Races; other personnel.*—The Board on Races shall appoint such other assistants, agents and other personnel as it shall deem necessary; and it shall fix, subject to the approval of the President, their salaries, or rate of compensation.

24. *Books, records and accounts.*—The Board on Races or its duly authorized representatives shall have the power to inspect at all times the books, records and accounts of any person, race track, racing club, or any other entity holding horse racing. It may require that the books and financial or other statements of such person, race track, racing club, or any other entity holding horse racing shall be kept in such manner as it may prescribe.

25. *Issuance of tax certificate.*—No city or municipal official in charge of the collection of license fees on race tracks and horse racing shall collect such fees and issue a tax certificate, unless the applicant submits a license of permit in writing from the Board on Races, authorizing such applicant to operate a race track or conduct horse racing on the days specified in the license or permit.

26. *License fees.*—(a) A race track licensed to conduct horse racing shall pay a minimum annual fee of ₱2,000.

(b) For the privilege of holding or conducting races a person, race track, racing club, or any other entity conducting horse racing shall pay a city or municipal license fee of ₱600 for each day of racing; *Provided*, That the national tax of ₱300 shall also be paid for each day of racing as provided in the National Internal Revenue Code.

(c) Jockeys, handicappers and starters of races shall each pay an annual license fee of ₱12.

(d) Horse owners shall pay a fee of ₱1 for each horse running on each race in a licensed race track; *Provided*, That the person, race track, racing club, or any other entity conducting the races shall collect the sum referred to herein and shall deliver the same to the city or municipal treasurer, submitting a list of all the horses that have actually run in each race during the racing day.

(e) Any city or municipal council desiring to impose higher fees than those herein provided may do so upon approval of the President.

Done at the City of Manila, this twenty-seventh day of January, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 321
PRESCRIBING MEASURES FOR THE REDUCTION OF THE EXPENDITURES OF THE
NATIONAL GOVERNMENT TO MEET EXPECTED REDUCTIONS IN REVENUES.

Whereas the estimated ordinary income of the National Government for the current fiscal year, which was placed at ₱91,178,150 in 1941 Budget and later raised to ₱96,834,750 upon the enactment of Commonwealth Act No. 586, has been reduced to only ₱88,533,000 due to the persistent downward trend of the revenue collections;

Whereas, on the other hand, the total authorized appropriations for the ordinary expenditures of the National Government for the current fiscal year amount to ₱99,390,171, or an excess of ₱10,857,171 of the said authorized appropriations over the reduced estimated ordinary income;

Whereas the estimated ordinary income for the fiscal year 1942 is further reduced and amounts to only ₱82,310,000, which is ₱6,223,000 less than that for the current fiscal year and ₱17,080,171 below the total authorized expenditures for this fiscal year;

Whereas it is necessary for the Government to take precautionary measures to avert the impending deficits in order to keep the budget in balance and maintain the stability of its finances;

Now, therefore, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by the Constitution and existing laws, hereby order that the following economy measures be observed in the expenditure of the authorized appropriations:

1. Suspend authorizing salary increases, except when necessary to give incumbents the minimum rates of the grades to which their respective positions have been allocated under the Salary Law. Employees who are transferred from one position to another involving marked increase in duties and responsibilities or in cost of living; those occupying positions allocated to Grades 10 and 9 (₱30 to ₱55 per month) who, in spite of efficient service, have not been promoted during the last five years; or those receiving less than ₱200 per month who are entitled to promotions under the existing rules and whose proposed promotional appointments were received in the Bureau of Civil Service on or before October 23, 1940, may, upon the recommendation of the Cabinet, be allowed one-rate salary increases provided the appropriations authorized for their respective positions still have margins for such increases.

2. Suspend the filling of vacancies, except where absolutely necessary for continuing an indispensable public service but such filling should previously be authorized by the President.

3. Terminate the services of all temporary and emergency personnel, except those whose services the corresponding Secretary of Department may consider absolutely necessary.

4. Twenty-five per cent of the unexpended and unobligated balances of the authorized net appropriations for sundry expenses for the different departments on January 15, 1941, shall not be spent without the previous authority of the President.

5. Stop the purchase of furniture and equipment, except what may be needed for replacement of unserviceable and unrepairable furniture and equipment used in indispensable

public services. All the unexpended balances of the authorized net appropriations for purchase of furniture and equipment shall be considered saved except such portions thereof as may be authorized by the President.

6. No new activities shall be undertaken without the previous authority of the President, and those that have been started should be suspended, except when they are urgent in the opinion of the respective Head of Department.

All orders, rules, and regulations which are inconsistent therewith are hereby revoked.

Done at the City of Manila, this twenty-seventh day of January, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:

JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 322
PROVIDING FOR RULES AND REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE ORGANIZATION,
OPERATION AND DISSOLUTION OF COÖPERATIVE ASSOCIATIONS.

Pursuant to the authority vested in me under the Constitution and Commonwealth Act Numbered Five hundred and sixty-five, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, do hereby issue the following rules and regulations to govern coöperative associations:

1. *Coöperative associations; who may organize.*—Fifteen or more persons, who are citizens of the Philippines or of the United States, residents of the Philippines, may organize a coöperative association for the mutual benefit of the members thereof under the provisions of Commonwealth Act Numbered Five hundred and sixty-five. Such persons may, in pursuance of Executive Order Numbered Two hundred and ninety-seven dated August 12, 1940, apply to the National Trading Corporation for assistance and supervision in the organization of such association.

2. *National Trading Corporation; supervision over organization of coöperative associations.*—The National Trading Corporation, in accordance with Executive Order Numbered Two hundred and ninety-seven dated August 12, 1940, shall carry out all government activities relating to the promotion, organization and supervision of coöperative associations. It shall prepare for free distribution application forms to suit each particular type of association authorized by law and the rules and regulations. The application shall contain information bearing on the economic condition of the territory or community wherein the association shall operate, stating the reasons for the necessity of its creation and containing such other pertinent data as may be deemed necessary by the National Trading Corporation in determining the advisability of organizing such an association. Upon the filing of an application to the National Trading Corporation and upon verification made of the information and data contained therein, if the National Trading Corporation finds that its organization will serve public interest, it shall furnish the applicants with a model form of Articles of Incorporation and By-Laws, to suit the particular type of association concerned; *Provided*, That the By-Laws shall, among other things, provide that no member or stockholder of a coöperative shall be entitled to more than one vote, regardless of the number of shares he may own in the association, unless the stockholder be a corporation owned or controlled by the Government or any of its instrumentalities; that in the distribution of profits, no capital invested therein shall earn more than eight per centum (8%) interest or dividend per annum; and that patronage dividends shall be declared only on the recommendation of, and under the supervision of, the National Trading Corporation.

3. *Registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission.*—Upon receipt of the proposed Articles of Incorporation and By-Laws from the applicants, if the National Trading Corporation finds that same are in accordance with law, it shall forward said papers to the Securities and Exchange Commission for registration. The Securities and Exchange Commission shall register these papers free from the payment of fees of any kind and shall issue certificate of registration in duplicate; the original

certificate shall be sent to the Secretary of the Association concerned, and the duplicate shall be kept in the possession of the National Trading Corporation for its record.

4. *Existing coöperative associations to file report with the National Trading Corporation.*—For the purpose of enabling the National Trading Corporation to keep complete data on the activities of coöperative associations and to coördinate its work of promoting, organizing and supervising such associations, under Commonwealth Act Numbered Five hundred and sixty-five and other existing laws on coöperatives, it is required that all coöperative associations organized under previous and existing laws, rules and regulations shall submit a report to the National Trading Corporation, stating their present activities, giving the names of their officers and Board of Directors, and enclosing a copy of its last financial statement in accordance with forms to be provided by the National Trading Corporation, together with copies of its Articles of Incorporation and By-Laws, and such other documents or papers, as may be required by the National Trading Corporation.

5. *Associations or corporations organized under other laws.*—Any association or corporation organized under other laws of the Philippines, prior to Commonwealth Act Numbered Five hundred and sixty-five, may organize a coöperative association, or convert itself into a coöperative association, in order to enjoy the privileges granted under Commonwealth Act Numbered Five hundred and sixty-five: *Provided*, That at least sixty-one per centum (61%) of its capital is owned by citizens of the Philippines or of the United States, and that the affirmative vote of the members or stockholders holding two-thirds of its capital, shall so decide: *Provided, further*, That no such association or corporation organizing a coöperative association under Commonwealth Act Numbered Five hundred and sixty-five, shall own or hold more than twenty per centum (20%) of the authorized capital of the same, unless the majority of the capital of such association or corporation is owned by the Government or any of its instrumentalities: *And provided, finally*, That any such association or corporation organizing a coöperative association or converting itself into one, under Commonwealth Act Numbered Five hundred and sixty-five, shall comply with the rules and regulations herein prescribed and more specifically with the provisions of paragraph 2 of this Executive Order, with reference to the limitation of the voting rights of each member or stockholder and the limitation of rate of interest or dividend that shall be paid on capital invested therein.

6. *National Trading Corporation; supervision over business affairs of coöperative associations.*—The National Trading Corporation shall exercise supervisory powers over the business affairs of coöperative associations that come under government direction and supervision, in accordance with Commonwealth Act Numbered Five hundred and sixty-five and other laws in force on coöperatives. It shall cause an examination to be made, as often as it shall deem necessary of the business operations of each association, in order to ascertain whether its operations are in accordance with law and the rules and regulations issued thereunder. In case it finds that any association violates any provision of law or the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, for the government of coöperative associations, it shall give the necessary instructions to the responsible officials of the association concerned to have the defect promptly remedied. In case of non-compliance with its instructions, it shall take such measures against the offending officials or parties involved, as may be authorized by law, and the rules and regulations. In order to accomplish the objects stated in this paragraph, the records, books and accounts of such coöperative associations, shall be open to inspection by authorized officials of the National Trading Corporation. The National Trading Corporation may also require that such associations shall file with it financial or other reports from time to time.

7. *Dissolution of coöperative associations.*—Coöperative associations organized under other laws prior to Commonwealth Act Numbered Five hundred and sixty-five, shall be dissolved in

accordance with the provisions of the special laws under which same were organized; coöperative associations organized under Commonwealth Act Numbered Five hundred and sixty-five, in case no other provision of a special law is made applicable, shall be dissolved in accordance with the provisions of the Corporation Law, as amended: *Provided, however,* That before any cooperative association, under the supervision and direction of the National Trading Corporation, shall take any steps for its dissolution, the approval in writing of the National Trading Corporation shall first be secured. A duly authenticated copy of the certificate of dissolution, in case the dissolution of the association is carried out by resolution of two-thirds of the members or stockholders thereof, shall be filed by the association with the Securities and Exchange Commission, which upon receipt thereof, shall record the fact of such dissolution. A coöperative association shall endeavor to terminate the liquidation of its business, properties, assets, and obligations within one year's time from the approval by the stockholders of the dissolution of the association or the issuance of the decree of dissolution, as the case may be. During the period of liquidation, the affairs of such association, shall be administered by the National Trading Corporation.

8. *Insolvent coöperative associations.*—If for any reason, a coöperative association under the supervision and direction of the National Trading Corporation, has been declared insolvent, either voluntarily or involuntarily, the latter corporation shall automatically act as the administrator or receiver thereof, and shall administer the affairs of the association according to law.

9. *Prohibition on the use of the word "Coöperative."*—In accordance with the provisions of Act Numbered Thirty-four hundred and twenty-five, as amended, no person, firm or association shall be entitled to use the word "Coöperative," as part of its corporate or other business name, or title, for growers' or producers' coöperative marketing activities, unless such person, firm or association has been organized as a coöperative association, in accordance with law; and any government office in charge of the registration of corporate or business or trade names, shall see to it that this provision is complied with, in connection with applications submitted to said office, for the registration of corporate, or business or trade-names.

10. *Federation of coöperative associations.*—Two or more coöperative associations may unite, combine or associate themselves into a federation, for the purpose of effecting economy or efficiency in the operation of their activities or enterprises, or for any other lawful purpose: *Provided, however,* That in the formation of such federation, the provisions of law applicable in such cases shall be complied with: *And provided, further,* That no coöperative association shall unite, combine or associate themselves into a federation, for the purpose of monopoly, or for restraining trade or arbitrarily increasing, or manipulating prices of certain merchandise or services. Coöperative associations violating this provision, shall be subject to the penalties provided by law in such cases.

11. *Bonding of accountable officers.*—Accountable officers of coöperative associations which may be bonded in accordance with the provisions of the Public Bonding Law, shall be so bonded upon the recommendation of the National Trading Corporation.

12. *Amending articles of incorporation and by-laws.*—No coöperative association under the supervision and direction of the National Trading Corporation shall amend or alter its articles of incorporation or by-laws, without first securing the approval of the National Trading Corporation.

13. *Sale of securities of coöperative associations.*—No coöperative association under the supervision and direction of the National Trading Corporation, shall offer to the public any of its shares of stock, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or any of its securities, without first securing the approval of the National Trading Corporation.

14. *Government employees to assist in organization of coöperative associations.*—The National Trading Corporation may request from the proper Head of Department, Chief of Bureau or office,

of any government office or instrumentality for the services of such employees as it may require, to assist in its work of promotion, organization and supervision of coöperative associations: *Provided, however*, That the proper Head of Department, Chief of bureau or office concerned shall certify that he can dispense with the services of such employees.

15. *Official style to be adopted by the National Trading Corporation.*—The National Trading Corporation in carrying out its activities and functions, under the provisions of Commonwealth Act Numbered Five hundred and sixty-five, Executive Order Numbered Two hundred and ninety-seven dated August 12, 1940, and the rules and regulations contained in this Executive Order, may adopt the official style of “National Coöperative Administration.”

16. *Miscellaneous provisions.*—All rules and regulations governing the activities of coöperative associations hereunto enforced by government offices or instrumentalities, exercising supervision over said associations, as are not in conflict with the provisions of Commonwealth Act Numbered Five hundred and sixty-five and the rules and regulations contained in this Order shall be deemed to continue in force. Hereafter no coöperative association shall be formed or organized except in accordance with Commonwealth Act Numbered Five hundred and sixty-five and the rules and regulations issued in this Order.

Done at the City of Manila, this fifth day of February, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

(Sgd.) MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(Sgd.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). [*Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399*]. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 323
REVISING FURTHER EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 135, DATED DECEMBER 31, 1937,
AS AMENDED, ESTABLISHING A CLASSIFICATION OF ROADS.

Executive Order No. 135, dated December 31, 1937, as amended, is hereby further amended, so as to include the following roads in the classification of National Roads:

National Roads	From Km.	To Km.	Length Km.
ISABELA:			
Gamu Cadre Road .....	.....	.....	1.055
TAYABAS:			
Lucena Airport Road	137.81	138.41	0.60

Done at the City of Manila, this fifth day of February, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 324
**PRESCRIBING REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE APPROVAL OF APPLICATIONS FOR
VACATION AND SICK LEAVE OF OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE GOVERNMENT.**

In order to expedite action on applications for vacation and sick leave under the provisions of Commonwealth Act No. 220, as amended, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, acting upon the recommendation of the Commissioner of Civil Service, do hereby prescribe the following regulations governing the approval of applications for leave of absence for the information and guidance of all concerned:

1. Each chief of bureau or office of the National Government, the provincial government and the government of a chartered city may approve after the words, "By authority of the Department Secretary," all applications for leave of permanently appointed officers and employees under said chief of bureau or office, provided their services can be spared without detriment to the interests of the public service.

2. Where some question is involved requiring determination by the Chief Executive or Department Head, or where the application for leave is denied on account of the exigencies of the service, the application shall be forwarded thru the Commissioner of Civil Service for final executive action.

3. Leave without pay shall not be granted whenever the employee concerned has leave with pay to his credit. Temporary employees may be granted such leave without pay as is not incompatible with the needs of the service.

4. Where officers and employees are facing administrative charges or administrative proceedings are being instituted against them, no leave of absence with pay shall be granted the respondents for the time being.

5. In order that a uniform practice may be observed throughout the service, computation of leave shall be made on the basis of one day's vacation leave and one day's sick leave for every twenty-four days of actual service. The term "actual service" refers to the period of continuous service since the permanent appointment of the officer or employee concerned including the period or periods covered by any previous leave with pay granted. Leave of absence without pay for any reason other than illness shall not be counted as part of the actual service rendered.

6. In case of separation from the service of an officer or employee, no payment of any money due the resigning employee (whether in the form of salary, leave or otherwise) shall be made until after notice has been received from the Bureau of Civil Service that he did not enjoy any leave with pay in excess of that allowable for service rendered. All the necessary data relating to unreported absences and undertime should be furnished the Bureau of Civil Service for the proper and final computation of the leave allowable.

7. Applications for leave of absence chargeable to accrued leave earned for service prior to November 29, 1936, the date of the approval of Commonwealth Act No. 220, shall be forwarded to the Commissioner of Civil Service for action as heretofore.

8. Under the provisions of Commonwealth Act No. 490, the granting of leave of absence to municipal officers or employees is discretionary with the chief of office in the municipality concerned. Applications for leave of such officers and employees need not, therefore, be forwarded to the Bureau of Civil Service except in cases involving questions which require determination by the Chief Executive or Department Head concerned as provided in paragraph 2 hereof.

9. When the officers or employees who are transferred to other bureaus or offices file their first applications for leave with the offices they are transferred, the Commissioner of Civil Service shall provide the respective chiefs of bureaus or offices of the National Government and the provincial and the city treasurers of provinces and chartered cities with certified statements of the balances of the vacation and sick leave to the credit of the officers or employees concerned for the information and record to enable them to act intelligently on possible future applications. A copy of each of such statements shall be furnished simultaneously the auditor of the bureau, office, province or city concerned.

10. Applications for vacation or sick leave now pending action by the Commissioner of Civil Service shall be returned to the corresponding bureaus and offices of the National Government, the provincial government, the government of chartered cities and to the municipalities for approval of the officials concerned under the provisions of this Executive Order.

Done at the City of Manila, this eleventh day of February, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 325

REVISING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 290, DATED JULY 8, 1940, PROMULGATING RULES AND REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE GIVING OF SECURITY FOR EVERY FIREARM HELD UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 888 OF THE REVISED ADMINISTRATIVE CODE.

Pursuant to the authority vested in me under section nine hundred and five of the Revised Administrative Code, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, do hereby issue the following rules and regulations to govern the giving of security for every firearm held on license issued under the provisions of section eight hundred and eighty-eight of the same Code:

1. Any person desiring to possess one or more firearms for personal protection or for use in hunting or other lawful purposes, and ammunition thereof shall, upon making application therefor and before receiving the license, for the purpose of security, deposit a United States or Philippine Government bond or make a cash deposit with the postal Savings Bank in the sum of forty pesos for each firearm for which the license is to be issued and indorse the certificate of deposit therefor to the Treasurer of the Philippines, such deposit to bear no interest; or give a personal or property bond signed by two (2) persons or by a surety company in such form as the President may prescribe, payable to the Government of the Philippines, in the sum of one hundred pesos for each such firearms.

2. Gun clubs duly organized and accredited by the Chief of Constabulary and their bona fide and active members may be allowed to possess firearms on licenses, provided that the club shall for the purpose of security, deposit United States or Philippine Government bond or make a cash deposit with the Postal Savings Bank (to bear no interest) or surety bond, to guarantee the safekeeping of the firearms or surety bond, to guarantee the safe-keeping of the firearms licensed to clubs and their members, under the following graduated schedule and conditions:

(a) Graduated schedule:

	Cash	Surety Bond
1. For a gun club having from 1 to 50 firearms licensed to the club and bona fide and active members	P250.00	P625.00
2. For a gun club having from 51 to 100 firearms	500.00	1,250.00
3. For a gun club having from 101 to 200 firearms	1,000.00	2,500.00
4. For a gun club having from 201 to 300 firearms	1,500.00	3,750.00
5. For a gun club having from 301 to 400 firearms	2,000.00	5,000.00
6. For a gun club having from 401 to 500 firearms	2,500.00	6,250.00
7. For a gun club having from 501 to 600 firearms	3,000.00	7,500.00
8. For a gun club having from 601 to 700 firearms	3,500.00	8,750.00
9. For a gun club having from 701 to 800 firearms	4,000.00	10,000.00

	Cash	Surety Bond
10. For a gun club having from 801 to 900 firearms	4,500.00	11,250.00
11. For a gun club having from 901 to 1000 firearms	5,000.00	12,500.00
12. For each 200 firearms or fraction thereof in excess of 1,000 firearms	1,000.00	12,500.00

(b) Gun clubs may be allowed to possess on licenses, for the use of its members at the clubs, not to exceed twenty (20) firearms (rifles, pistols, revolvers, or shotguns).

(c) The amount of ₱40 or ₱100, as the case may be, shall be forfeited or collected for each firearm lost.

(d) In case the amount of bond filed is not sufficient to cover the penalty for the number of lost firearms, the club shall pay the full amount corresponding to the number of lost firearms.

(e) Any club or member who loses a firearm shall within five (5) days report the loss in writing to the Chief of Constabulary. Failure to render the required report without justifiable reason, shall disqualify the club or member from possessing new or additional firearm.

(f) All gun clubs shall furnish the Chief of Constabulary, within sixty (60) days from the date hereof, a list of their members in alphabetical order, giving the numbers of licenses and description of the firearms. The club shall also furnish the Chief of Constabulary, at the end of each month, a list containing the names of new members and members who have been separated, in the same manner as the original list is furnished.

3. The bonds existing upon the promulgation of this Executive Order shall continue as they are or, at the option of the interested party, the same can be renewed in accordance with the provisions hereof.

4. Executive Order Numbered Two hundred and ninety, dated July 8, 1940, is hereby revised accordingly.

Done at the City of Manila, this thirteenth day of February, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 326
REGULATING THE OPERATION OF “BARS”

By virtue of the powers vested in me under Commonwealth Act Numbered Six hundred and one, entitled “An Act to regulate the establishment, maintenance and operation of places of amusement in chartered cities, municipalities, and municipal districts,” the following rules and regulations governing bars are hereby promulgated:

1. *Definition.*—A “bar” shall include any place or establishment whose principal business is the sale of alcoholic beverages or liquors of any kind to be used or consumed within its premises. A bar that allows music or dancing within its premises shall be considered a night club, cabaret, dancing school, or dance hall, as the case may be, and shall be subject to the provisions of Executive Order No. 319.

2. *Location.*—No bar shall be established within a distance of two hundred lineal meters from any city hall or municipal building, provincial capitol or national capitol building, public plaza, public school, church, hospital, athletic stadium, public park, or any institution of learning or of charity.

3. *Building requirement.*—Bars shall be well lighted at all times leaving no dark corners and shall be maintained under good sanitary condition. There shall be no private rooms nor separate compartments, except those assigned for lavatories, dressing room for ladies and kitchen.

4. *Days and hours of operation.*—Excepting Christmas eve and New Year’s eve, bars shall be open only from nine o’clock a. m. to twelve o’clock midnight every day except Saturdays and days preceding official holidays and town fiestas when they can be open until two o’clock in the morning of the following day. In case a bar is also duly licensed to operate a regular restaurant, cafe or refreshment parlor, or is operated in connection with a restaurant, cafe, or refreshment parlor, it may remain open before or after said hours to serve only meals, refreshments or nonintoxicating drinks: *Provided*, That any store, place, or establishment wherein alcoholic beverages or liquors of any kind are sold shall be considered a bar for the purposes of the limitations as to the days and hours of operation prescribed in these regulations.

5. *Restrictions as to persons.*—(a) Minors under eighteen years of age, intoxicated persons, and persons carrying deadly weapons or firearms of any description except government officials performing their public functions, shall not be admitted nor allowed to remain in any bar either as customer, employee or under any capacity: *Provided, however*, That persons under eighteen years of age may be admitted in such establishment when they are in private parties and accompanied by their parents or guardians, but in no case shall minors under fifteen years of age be allowed admission therein.

(b) No woman shall be employed as professional hostess, waitress, or dancer in any bar, unless she is at least twenty-one years of age and without first having obtained a written certificate from the District or City Health Officer that she is free from contagious or infectious disease: *Provided*, That with the written consent of her parents or guardians a woman eighteen years of age or more but below twenty-one years may be so employed. No professional hostess, waitress, or dancer shall be allowed to

continue working as such, upon discovery by the District or City Health Officer that she is suffering from any contagious or infectious disease or after conviction for any disorderly, immodest or immoral conduct, or violation of any provision of this Order or of Executive Order No. 319. The medical certificate required herein shall be obtained once every three months.

(c) No professional hostess, waitress, dancer, or any other female employee of a bar shall be allowed to remain within its premises after its closing hours.

6. *Supervision.*—Bars shall be under the supervision of the Department of the Interior, which is hereby charged with the enforcement of this Order. Whenever public interest requires, or at the request of the operator or concessionaire, the mayor of the city, municipality or municipal district concerned may assign one or more policemen in any such establishment to maintain peace and order in or around its premises and enforce the provisions of this Order and other municipal or sanitary regulations in the premises.

7. *Requisites for the issuance of permit.*—A permit for the opening or operation of a bar shall be issued by the city or provincial treasurer or his duly designated representative: *Provided*, That no permit for the opening or operation of a bar shall be issued unless the applicant has complied with the provisions of this Order.

8. *Licenses.*—In addition to the permit herein required, the operator or concessionaire of a bar shall obtain a license for its operation from the treasurer of the city, municipality or municipal district concerned, which license shall be issued upon payment of a license fee of not less than one hundred pesos annually or twenty-five pesos quarterly: *Provided*, That existing ordinances prescribing higher fees than those herein provided shall remain in force until otherwise prescribed by the President: *Provided, further*, That a city or municipal council desiring to impose a higher fee may do so upon approval of the President.

9. *Complaints.*—Any person who believes that a bar is established or located in any place not authorized by this Order, may file a protest with the Secretary of the Interior, who is hereby authorized after proper investigation to decide the case or cancel the permit and license.

10. *Appeals.*—Any action of the city, provincial or municipal treasurer under the provisions of paragraphs seven and eight of this Order may be appealed to the Secretary of the Interior whose decision shall be final.

11. *Revocation of permit for gambling.*—The Secretary of the Interior shall revoke any permit or license granted under this Order upon satisfactory evidence that gambling or playing of any prohibited game has taken place within the premises of any bar.

12. *Violation of the regulations.*—In case of violation of any of these regulations, the permit for the operation of a bar shall be withdrawn by the Secretary of the Interior and the license revoked. Such revocation of the permit and license shall operate to forfeit to the city or municipality concerned all sums paid therefor.

13. *Transitory provisions.*—All bars in operation on January 1, 1941, that are within the prohibited zones or distances prescribed in paragraph two or do not comply with the building requirements prescribed in paragraph three of this Order shall be given one year's notice within which to close, transfer or otherwise comply with the provisions hereof; but the Secretary of the Interior, with the approval of the President, may in special cases and for justifiable reasons, authorize their continuance in their present location.

Done at the City of Manila, this nineteenth day of February, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 327
REGULATING BILLIARD AND POOL HALLS, AND BOWLING ALLEYS

By virtue of the powers vested in me under Commonwealth Act Numbered Six hundred and one, entitled "An act to regulate the establishment, maintenance and operation of places of amusement in chartered cities, municipalities and municipal districts," the following rules and regulations governing billiard and pool halls, and bowling alleys, are hereby promulgated:

1. No person shall conduct or operate a billiard or pool hall, or a bowling alley, where persons are permitted to play on a compensation or hire basis, without first securing license for such purposes from the City or Municipal Treasurer of the locality where the billiard or pool hall, or bowling alley is established.

2. No billiard or pool hall, or bowling alley shall be allowed to be maintained or operated within a radius of two hundred lineal meters from any city hall or municipal building, provincial capitol building, national capitol building, public plaza, public school, church, hospital, athletic stadium, public park, or any institution of learning or of charity.

3. No billiard or pool hall, or bowling alley shall be open to the public, and no billiard, pool, or bowling games shall be allowed therein, except during the hours from 8 o'clock a. m. to 12 o'clock midnight daily; *Provided, however*, That on Christmas eve and New Year's eve and on Saturdays and days preceding official holidays and town fiestas, billiard or pool halls or bowling alleys may be open until 2 o'clock in the morning of the following day: *Provided, further*, That any bowling alley located in any residential section of a chartered city, municipality, or municipal district shall not be permitted to operate after 11 o'clock in the evening.

4. No person conducting or operating a billiard or pool hall shall admit minors less than eighteen years of age to participate in any game therein; and in the case of bowling alley minors under twelve years of age shall not be allowed to participate in any game therein.

5. No intoxicating liquor of any kind shall be sold within the premises of any billiard or pool hall, or bowling alley; neither shall any firearm or any deadly weapon be permitted to be carried within the premises thereof, except by peace officers in the due performance of official duties.

6. Any person who believes that a billiard or pool hall, or a bowling alley is established or located in any place not authorized by this Order may file a protest with the Secretary of the Interior who is hereby authorized after proper investigation to decide the case or cancel the license.

7. It shall be the duty of the operator or concessionaire of any billiard or pool hall or bowling alley to see that these rules and regulations are properly observed, and that peace and order is maintained at all times within the premises thereof.

8. Any action of the City or Municipal Treasurer under the provisions of paragraph one of this Order may be appealed to the Secretary of the Interior whose decision shall be final.

9. The Secretary of the Interior shall revoke any permit or license granted under this Order upon satisfactory evidence that gambling or playing of any prohibited game has taken place within the

premises of any billiard or pool hall, or bowling alley. Any violation of these rules and regulations shall likewise be sufficient cause for the revocation by the Secretary of the Interior of the permit granted and forfeiture of the license issued.

10. Billiard or pool halls, or bowling alleys shall pay a license fee of not less than ten pesos per billiard or pool table or per bowling alley annually or two pesos and fifty centavos quarterly: *Provided, however,* That existing ordinances prescribing higher fees than ten pesos per billiard or pool table or per bowling alley annually or two pesos and fifty centavos quarterly shall remain in force until otherwise provided for by the President: *Provided, further,* That a city municipal council desiring to impose a higher fee may do so upon approval of the President.

11. Billiard or pool halls, or bowling alleys in operation on January 1, 1941, that are within the prohibited zones or distances prescribed in paragraph two of this Order shall be given one year's notice within which to close, transfer, or otherwise comply with the provisions hereof, but the Secretary of the Interior, with the approval of the President, may in special cases and for justifiable reasons, authorize their continuance in their present location.

Done at the City of Manila, this nineteenth day of February, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 328
REGULATING THE REAPPOINTMENT OR REINSTATEMENT OF OFFICERS
AND EMPLOYEES WHO RESIGN TO ENGAGE IN POLITICAL ACTIVITY.

Whereas it has been observed that certain officers or employees in the Philippine civil service resign their positions shortly before elections for the purpose of launching their candidacies for elective positions or of promoting and working for the candidacies of others, evidently with the understanding that should they fail to get elected and their candidates should win, they would be reappointed to the same or higher positions in the Government; and

Whereas such practice is prejudicial to the government service as it tends to involve public functionaries and employees in partisan politics, aside from successfully circumventing and avoiding the civil service rules and regulations prohibiting pernicious political activity on the part of civil service employees;

Now, therefore, by virtue of the authority conferred upon me by section 661 (f) of the Revised Administrative Code, as amended by Commonwealth Act No. 177, and upon recommendation of the Commissioner of Civil Service and the Secretary of the Interior, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, do hereby order that a government officer or employee who resigns within three months of any election, whether national or local, for the purpose of launching his candidacy or of promoting the candidacy of another, shall be ineligible for reappointment or reinstatement in the government service for a period of six months after such election.

Done at the City of Manila, this nineteenth day of February, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 329
REDUCING BY THIRTY PER CENTUM THE TAX ON ALL PERMANENT PLANTS AND/OR
TREES IN ALL THE PROVINCES AND THE CITIES OF DAVAO AND ZAMBOANGA
FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR NINETEEN HUNDRED AND FORTY-ONE.

The public interest so requiring, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by section fifty-three of Commonwealth Act Numbered Four hundred and seventy, section twenty-seven of Commonwealth Act Numbered Fifty-one, as amended by Commonwealth Act Numbered Four hundred and sixty-two, and section twenty-seven of Commonwealth Act Numbered Thirty-nine, as amended by Commonwealth Act Numbered Two hundred and fifty, do hereby reduce by thirty per centum the real property tax due on all permanent plants and/or trees on any taxable real property in all the provinces and the cities of Davao and Zamboanga for the calendar year nineteen hundred and forty-one.

This Order shall take effect as of January first, nineteen hundred and forty-one.

Done at the City of Manila, this seventh day of March, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:

JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 330
AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 316, ORGANIZING
THE MUNICIPALITY OF TAGCawayAN, TAYABAS

I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippine, do hereby order that the first paragraph of Executive Order No. 316, dated December 31, 1940, be, as it hereby is, amended so as to read as follows:

“Pursuant to the provisions of section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, the barrios of Aloneros, Bagong Silang, Laurel, Cabibihan, Catimo, Danlagan, Kabugwang, Kandalapdap, Malbog, Monato, Mañgayaw, Quinatacutan, Siguiban, Tagcawayan, Ticay, and Triunfo, and the sitios of Aliji, Bamban, Bukal, Danlagan, Batis, Del Rosario, Manatong Ilaya, Manatong Munti, Malupot, San Luis, San Roque Manato, Sto. Niño, and that portion of Tuba falling within the jurisdiction of the province of Tayabas are hereby segregated from the municipality of Guinayangan, province of Tayabas, and organized into an independent municipality under the name of Tagcawayan, with the seat of government at the barrio of Tagcawayan.”

Done at the City of Manila, this seventh day of March, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 331
REVISING FURTHER EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 135 DATED DECEMBER 31, 1937,
AS AMENDED, ESTABLISHING A CLASSIFICATION OF ROADS.

Executive Order No. 135, dated December 31, 1937, as amended, is hereby further amended so as to include the following roads in the classification of National Roads.

	From Km.	To Km.	Length Km.
<i>National Roads</i>			
SAMAR:			
Allen-Tinambacan-Oquendo Junction Road	82.00	142.00	60.00
MASBATE:			
Dimasalang-Cataingan-Placer Road	47.4	100.00	52.6

and to exclude therefrom the following National Roads which have been declared provincial roads:

	From Km.	To Km.	Length Km.
SAMAR:			
Allen-Catarman-Oquendo Road	82.00	206.20	124.20
MASBATE:			
Masbate-Milagros-Aroroy Road	1.53	72.63	71.10

Done at the City of Manila, this eleventh day of March, in the year of Our Lord nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 332
PROHIBITING THE PAYMENT OF ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION TO OFFICERS AND
EMPLOYEES OF THE NATIONAL GOVERNMENT INCLUDING THOSE ON THE BOARDS
OF MANAGEMENT OF GOVERNMENT-OWNED AND CONTROLLED ENTERPRISES.

Whereas the present condition of the finances of the National Government demands the exercise of the strictest economy in the expenditure of the public funds:

Now, therefore, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by the Constitution and existing laws, do hereby order that:

1. The payment of all additional compensation heretofore ordered by the President of the Philippines and by other officials in the exercise of the discretion vested in them under existing laws, to officers and employees of the National Government, and any of its branches, dependencies, and instrumentalities, including the per diems of those appointed Chairman and members of the Board of Directors of government-owned or controlled corporations or enterprises and the fees of those appointed Chairman and members of the various Boards of Examiners, is hereby suspended.

2. The provisions of the next preceding paragraph shall not apply to (1) additional compensation for officers and employees under contract; (2) additional compensation for the Chiefs of technical bureaus as authorized in section 5, paragraph (4) of the Salary Law; (3) per diems for officers of the Philippine Army or the Philippine Constabulary serving as aides-de-camp to the President in accordance with section 62 of the Administrative Code; (4) additional compensation for municipal treasurers and other government employees acting as deputy provincial treasurers, postmasters, gauge keepers, and rain observers; (5) additional compensation to members of the committee of accountants authorized under section 1625-G of the Administrative Code; and (6) additional compensation for overtime service pursuant to the provisions of section 7-I(32) of Commonwealth Act No. 246 and of section 1656 of the Administrative Code.

All orders, rules, and regulations inconsistent herewith are hereby revoked.

Done at the City of Manila, this fourteenth day of March, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 333
PROHIBITING THE EXPORTATION OF RICE

In order to safeguard the public interest and pursuant to the authority vested in me by law, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, hereby prohibit the exportation of rice or palay from the Philippines.

Done at the City of Manila, this twentieth day of March, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 334
AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 333 DATED MARCH 20, 1941,
ENTITLED “PROHIBITING THE EXPORTATION OF RICE.”

Executive Order No. 333 dated March 20, 1941, entitled “Prohibiting the Exportation of Rice,” is hereby amended to read as follows:

“In order to safeguard the public interest and pursuant to the authority vested in me by law, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, hereby prohibit the exportation of rice, palay, and corn from the Philippines.”

Done at the City of Manila, this twenty-second day of March, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 335

CREATING A CIVILIAN EMERGENCY ADMINISTRATION, DEFINING ITS POWERS
AND DUTIES AND PROVIDING FOR THE COORDINATION AND CONTROL OF
CIVILIAN ORGANIZATIONS FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE CIVIL POPULATION
IN EXTRAORDINARY AND EMERGENCY CONDITIONS.

WHEREAS, the Civilian Emergency Planning Board has recommended immediate adoption of measures to control and coordinate civilian participation in meeting grave emergencies; and

WHEREAS, it appears necessary and desirable that comprehensive rules and regulations be issued to safeguard the integrity of the Philippines and to insure the tranquility of its inhabitants;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers in me vested by Commonwealth Act Numbered Six hundred, do hereby create and constitute a Civilian Emergency Administration, which shall function through and be administered by the following officials and organizations and those that may hereafter be designated:

1. The National Emergency Commission, composed of the Secretary of National Defense as Chairman and a representative of each Executive Department as members. This Commission shall, subject to the approval of the President, formulate and execute policies and plans for the protection and welfare of the civil population of the Philippines in extraordinary and emergency conditions. It shall have general supervision and control over the officials and organizations as authorized herein, in so far as their duties pertain to said Administration, and shall function through (1) The Manager, Philippine Red Cross; (2) a Director of Publicity and Propaganda; (3) a Food Administrator; (4) an Industrial Production Administrator; (5) a Fuel and Transportation Administrator; (6) a National Air Raid Warden; (7) a Director of Communications and such other officials as may be appointed by the President from time to time.

2. A Provincial Emergency Committee in each province, composed of the Provincial Governor, as Chairman, and the Provincial Treasurer, the Provincial Fiscal, the District Engineer, the Division Superintendent of Schools, the Provincial Inspector of Constabulary, the District Health Officer, and the Provincial Agricultural Supervisor, as members. This committee shall have general supervision and control over the Municipal Emergency Committees.

3. A Municipal Emergency Committee in each municipality or municipal district, composed of the Municipal Mayor, as Chairman, and the Municipal Treasurer, the ranking or Principal Teacher, the Chief of Police, the Sanitary Officer, the Municipal Agricultural Inspector, and a representative of the Municipal Council, as members. This Committee shall organize local units for emergency purposes in accordance with and subject to the rules and regulations to be prescribed by the National Emergency Commission. Such local units shall consist of (1) a Volunteer Guard, (2) Air Raid Protection, (3) protection of utilities and industries (4)-food administration, (5) evacuation, (6) public welfare and morale, (7) transportation and fuel administration (8) medical and sanitary, (9) publicity and propaganda and such other services as may be authorized from time to time.

4. A City Emergency Committee in each chartered city, composed of the City Mayor, as Chairman, and the City Treasurer, the City Fiscal or Attorney, the City Engineer, the City Superintendent of Schools, the Chief of Police, the City Health Officer, the Chief of the Fire Department, and a representative of the Municipal Board, as members. This Committee shall organize local units for emergency purposes as prescribed for municipalities under paragraph (3) hereof.

5. For the purpose of carrying out the objectives of this Order, the cooperation of all departments, bureaus, offices, agencies, and instrumentalities of the Government is hereby enjoined and the whole-hearted support of the inhabitants of the Philippines earnestly requested.

Done at the City of Baguio, this 1st day of April, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Orders Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 336
DEFINING THE TERRITORIAL LIMITS OF THE CITY OF TAGAYTAY

Pursuant to the provisions of section sixty-eight of the Revised Administrative Code and section three of Commonwealth Act Numbered Three hundred and thirty-eight, the boundary limits of the territory of the City of Tagaytay are hereby established and defined as follows:

Beginning at a point marked "1" on the plan being N. 74°47' E., 699.46 m. from B.L.L.M. No. 1 of Alfonso Crossing,

Thence	N.	17°50'	W.,	2,598.35 m.	to	point	2;
Thence	N.	70°56'	E.,	16,332.00 m.	to	point	3;
Thence	S.	51°18'	E.,	2,942.47 m.	to	point	4;
Thence	S.	61°10'	W.,	8,368.40 m.	to	point	5;
Thence	S.	6°45'	E.,	2,576.94 m.	to	point	6;
Thence	along the shore of Taal Lake				to	point	11;
Thence	N.	18°14'	W.,	1,758.28 m.	to	point	12;
Thence	S.	78°40'	W.,	4,611.64 m.	to	point	13;
Thence	N.	37°07'	W.,	1,478.00 m.	to	point	1;

the point of beginning; containing an area of 7,493.5 Hectares, more or less. Bearings true.

For the purpose of computation, the points along the shore of Taal Lake from point 6 to point 11, have been taken as follows:

From point 6;

Thence	N.	77°46'	W.,	613.94 m.	to	point	7;
Thence	S.	76°44'	W.,	1,438.40 m.	to	point	8;
Thence	S.	11°50'	W.,	660.41 m.	to	point	9;
Thence	S.	44°10'	W.,	1,205.89 m.	to	point	10;
Thence	S.	67°51'	W.,	1,047.30 m.	to	point	11;

For the purpose of Act Numbered Four thousand and three, known as the Fisheries Act; as amended, and for police purposes, the territorial limits of the City of Tagaytay shall also extend over the waters of the Taal Lake included between two lines perpendicular to the general coastline from the points where the boundary lines of the City touch the lake at low tide, and a third line parallel with the general coastline and distant from it three kilometers.

The Municipality of Talisay, Province of Batangas, and the Municipality of Alfonso, Province of Cavite, which are affected by this Order, shall consist of their present territories less the portions of territory comprised within the new boundary limits of the City of Tagaytay as herein described.

The changes herein made shall take effect on April 1, 1941.

Done in the City of Baguio, this 1st day of April, in the year of Our Lord, Nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON

By the President:

(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 337
PROMULGATING RULES AND REGULATIONS FOR THE ORGANIZATION
AND TRAINING OF VOLUNTEER GUARDS

Upon the recommendation of the National Emergency Commission, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, acting under and by virtue of the powers in me vested by Commonwealth Act No. 600, do hereby promulgate the following rules and regulations for the organization and training of VOLUNTEER GUARDS:

1. The Mayor of each chartered city, municipality or municipal district shall organize a VOLUNTEER GUARD in his respective chartered city, municipality or municipal district. The VOLUNTEER GUARD is empowered to assist in the suppression of espionage and sabotage; in emergencies to assist in the maintenance of peace and order; to safeguard public utilities, bridges and manufacturing plants engages in essential industries; to succor, aid and assist the populace in emergencies caused by fire, flood, earthquake, typhoon, epidemics, air raids or other forms of local or national disaster in order that injury to persons and property may be prevented. The use of the VOLUNTEER GUARD for any other purpose is prohibited.

2. The organization of the VOLUNTEER GUARD units shall be as prescribed herein.

3. The training of the units of the VOLUNTEER GUARD shall be conducted under the general supervision and direction of the Chief of the Philippine Constabulary and in strict accordance with the program of instruction to be prescribed by him.

4. The mayor of each chartered city, municipality or municipal district is responsible for the training of the members of the VOLUNTEER GUARD units organized within his respective chartered city, municipality or municipal district in accordance with the program of instruction prescribed by the Chief of the Philippine Constabulary and for the discipline and proper performances of duty by the members thereof.

5. The mayor of each chartered city, municipality or municipal district is charged with the duty of, and is responsible for, the recruiting of an adequate number of men to form at full strength the units of the VOLUNTEER GUARD prescribed for his respective chartered city, municipality or municipal district.

6. Enrollment in the VOLUNTEER GUARD shall be on a voluntary basis.

7. (a) Any able-bodied Filipino or American citizen, except as noted in (b) below, of not less than eighteen (18) years and not more than sixty (60) years of age, is eligible for enrollment in the VOLUNTEER GUARD.

(b) The following persons are not eligible for enrollment in the VOLUNTEER GUARD.

(1) Officers, warrant officers and enlisted men of the Philippine scouts.

(2) Officers, warrant officers and enlisted men of the regular force and of the reserve forces carried on the rolls of reserve units of the Philippine Army, including Officers and enlisted men of the Philippine Constabulary.

(3) Members of all regularly organized police forces in provinces, chartered cities, municipalities and municipal districts.

(4) Members of all regularly organized fire departments in chartered cities, municipalities and municipal districts.

(5) Field employees of the Bureau of Health, including District Health Officers, Presidents of Sanitary Divisions, Sanitary Inspectors and Assistant Sanitary Inspectors.

(6) Employees of the Bureau of Posts.

(7) Field employees of the Weather Bureau.

(8) Personnel of the Coast Guard, Revenue Cutter and Lighthouse Inspection Services.

(9) Physicians, nurses and attendants regularly employed in hospitals.

(10) Employees of public utilities, including employees of water supply, electric and telephone systems, and railroad, bus and steamship companies.

8. Members of the VOLUNTEER GUARD shall serve without compensation. They shall, however, be entitled to free transportation when such is required in the performance of their duties when called into active service and to free subsistence during such period or periods of active service. Such transportation and subsistence shall be paid for by the chartered city, municipality or municipal district to which the active service was rendered.

9. Enrollment in the VOLUNTEER GUARD shall be for a period of two (2) years from the date of such enrollment.

10. At the time of enrollment, each member of the VOLUNTEER GUARD shall subscribed to the "oath of Enrollment" and be given a physical examination. The forms for the oath of enrollment and the recordation of the results of the physical examination will be such as may be prescribed by the Chief of the Philippine Constabulary.

11. In chartered cities and provincial capitals, the organization of the VOLUNTEER GUARD shall be as follows:

(a) POLICE, TRAFFIC CONTROL AND GUARD DUTY UNIT.

This unit is charged with the duty, in the proper cases, of assisting the local police force and Constabulary, under the supervision of the Chief of the Philippine Constabulary or his representative, in maintaining law and order and controlling traffic during an emergency, and in safe guarding from sabotage public utilities, bridges and manufacturing plants engaged in essential industries. The strength of this unit will be based on the ratio of twenty (20) men for every one thousand (1,000) inhabitants.

(b) FIRST AID UNIT

This unit will be organized into first aid squads consisting of four first aid attendants, one automobile and driver to transport attendants; one ambulance with driver and two attendants, or a total of eight persons and two vehicles. Where regular ambulances are not available, they should be improvised from suitable motor or other vehicles available in the community. One first aid squad will be organized and equipped for each 3000 of population or major fraction thereof.

(c) RESCUE UNIT

The duty of this unit is to rescue persons trapped in fallen buildings and in the debris from such buildings. As this work requires a special knowledge of the method of shoring up damaged walls and debris in order to prevent squads, only men skilled in construction work or the building trades will be assigned to this unit. This unit will be trained and supervised by the District or City Engineers or their representatives and will be organized into squads each consisting of a leader and eight men. One such squad will be organized for each 5,000 of population, or major fraction thereof. Tools and equipment for the use of these squads will be provided by the local authorities.

(d) FIRE FIGHTING UNIT

This unit is charged with the duty of assisting existing fire fighting forces in controlling and extinguishing fires, particularly these caused by incendiary bombs. Where regular fire departments exist, these Units shall be trained and supervised by the Chief of such fire department, otherwise they shall be trained and led by retired firemen or by civilians who have received special instruction in fire fighting methods. This Unit should be organized into local squads, each squad being centered, as a general rule near military objectives such as railway stations, docks, factories and public buildings. Particular attention must be paid to the organization and training of such squads in all areas where buildings are constructed of highly inflammable materials. Emergency supply stations containing sand, water buckets and shovels should be established literally in each squad area. No definite guide can be established for the number of these squads to be organized and trained in each of the chartered cities and Provincial Capitals. This is a matter to be determined by the local authorities based on local conditions. As to the strength of each squad, it is suggested that they be composed of a leader and fourteen (14) men.

(e) DEMOLITION AND REPAIR UNIT

The duties of this unit are to clear streets of wreckage and debris, fill bomb craters, assist in the repair of damaged water and gas mains, sewers and electrical transmission lines, and to cooperate with the fire-fighting unit if it becomes necessary to use explosives in the control of a fire. Only men skilled in construction work, the handling and use of explosives, street and highway repair or general utility repair and maintenance work will be assigned to this unit. These units shall be organized and trained by and operate under the direction of District and City Engineers or their representatives. The strength of these units, their division into squad and the number of squads to be organized within a unit will be determined by District and City Engineers based on a consideration of the installations to be maintained in each community.

(f) DECONTAMINATION UNIT

The duty of this unit is to decontaminate areas in which poisoned gas has been released. This unit will be organized into squads each consisting of a leader and six (6) men and trained and supervised by the local health officer. One such squad will be organized for each 5,000 of population or major portion thereof in each chartered city or Provincial Capital.

12. In municipalities, other than Provincial capitals, and in all municipal districts, only the Police, Traffic Control and Guard Duty, the First Aid, and Fire Fighting Units need be organized unless otherwise directed by the Provincial Emergency Committee of the province concerned.

13. The VOLUNTEER GUARD in each chartered city, municipality or municipal district shall have complete units, or squads thereof, organized in each district or barrio of such chartered city, municipality or municipal district. In chartered cities, the units in each district shall be commanded by a responsible city official to be designated by the mayor. In municipalities or municipal district, the units in each district or barrio shall be commanded by a responsible person to be designated by the municipal mayor. City officials and persons so designated shall have the rank of senior leader in the VOLUNTEER GUARD.

14. For the purpose of control and enforcement of discipline, the mayors of chartered cities, municipalities and municipal districts are authorized upon the recommendation of the senior leaders concerned to appoint leaders and assistant leaders from among the members of the VOLUNTEER GUARD on the basis of one leader for each seventeen (17) members and one assistant leader for each eight (8) members, except that in the case of Rescue Squad the squad Chief shall have the rank of leader.

15. The mayor of each chartered city, municipality or municipal district shall cause to be kept in his office a complete list, showing the name, rank, age, address, occupation, assignment to unit and kind of duty actually performed by each member of the VOLUNTEER GUARD in his respective chartered city, municipality or municipal district. In case any member of the VOLUNTEER GUARD is injured or killed while performing active duty, a complete report covering the cause, nature and extent of the injury or cause of death and affidavits of witnesses thereto will be made and forwarded to the Chief of the Philippine Constabulary who will retain such record in a special file as an official government record of the injury or death.

16. Members of the VOLUNTEER GUARD shall receive a minimum of 1-1/2 hours of instruction each week. This instruction will be given at such hours as will not interfere with the member's ordinary vocation and may be given in one period of 1-1/2 hours or in two periods of not less than forty-five (45) minutes each.

17. Members of the VOLUNTEER GUARD assigned to the Police, Traffic Control and Guard Duty Units will be armed and equipped as follows:

- (a) Those assigned to Police and Traffic Control Duty with night sticks and police whistles.
- (b) Those assigned to Guard duty protecting public utilities, bridges, and manufacturing plants engaged in essential industries shall be furnished police whistles and be armed with revolvers or shotguns in accordance with the availability of such weapons as decided by the Chief of the Philippine Constabulary.

All members of the Police, Traffic Control and Guard Duty Units shall be furnished a distinctive arm band and badge of a design approved by the Chief of the Philippine Constabulary.

18. Members of the First Aid units will be provided with a white arm band on which is superimposed a red cross.

19. The VOLUNTEER GUARD units in municipalities and municipal districts may be called to active duty only by Provincial Governors and in chartered cities only by the mayor thereof. However, when an emergency caused by war, sabotage, fire, flood, earthquake, typhoon, or aid raid is imminent, Mayors of municipalities or municipal districts are authorized to call to active duty the VOLUNTEER GUARD units in their respective municipalities or municipal districts the instant such emergency occurs. Whenever the mayor of a municipality or municipal district exercises such authority he shall, in each instance, render, without delay, a report of his action to the Provincial Governor stating his reason for exercising such authority.

Done at the City of Baguio, this 16th day of April, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON

By the President:

(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: Legislative Library, House of Representatives

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Quezon City: House of Representatives.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 338
PLACING THE BUREAU OF IMMIGRATION UNDER
THE SUPERVISION AND CONTROL OF THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Pursuant to the power vested in me under section 2 of Commonwealth Act No. 613, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, do hereby direct that the Bureau of Immigration be placed, for administrative purposes, under the supervision and control of the Department of Justice.

Done at the City of Baguio, this 1st day of May, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 339
REQUIRING ALL GOVERNMENT ENTITIES TO PURCHASE A RESERVE SUPPLY
OF OIL PRODUCTS FOR POSSIBLE EMERGENCY USE.

Upon recommendation of the National Emergency Commission and pursuant to the authority vested in me by Commonwealth Act No. 600, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, do hereby direct that the following regulations be observed by all departments, bureaus, offices, agencies, and instrumentalities of the Government in purchasing oil products for use in case of a possible emergency:

1. All government entities shall immediately provide for at least a 4-month reserve supply of gasoline, lubricating oil, grease, kerosene and diesel oil which can be readily accomplished by requisitioning these supplies in tin cans and storing them at safe and convenient places. In the case of oil products for lighthouses, a one-year reserve supply shall be required and properly stored.

2. In addition to providing a 4-month reserve supply of the above mentioned oil product, all government entities concerned shall continue to purchase such oil products as are necessary to meet their current requirements and hold their reserve supply until an actual emergency occurs or no new supplies can be obtained from the local oil companies. However, whenever current supplies are purchased, they should be placed in storage and an equal amount of the reserve supply made available for consumption, which procedure will prevent possible loss through deterioration of containers and at the same time keep the reserve supply intact for emergency use.

All orders, rules and regulations inconsistent herewith are hereby revoked.

Done at the City of Baguio, this 3rd day of May, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Orders Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 340
REQUIRING DEALERS, DISTRIBUTORS, ETC. TO REPORT STOCKS OF FOODS AND FEEDS
IN THEIR POSSESSION AND OF THOSE ARRIVING UNDER CONTRACT

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by Commonwealth Act No. 600, and upon the recommendation of the National Emergency Commission, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, to insure a steady and adequate supply of foodstuffs for the support and maintenance of the Nation and to provide for their equitable distribution, hereby order that all persons, firms, companies, associations, clubs, hotels, restaurants, dealers, distributors, brokers, or agents shall, within ten (10) days from the promulgation of this Order and at the end of every month thereafter, or whenever called for, submit to the Office of the Food Administrator, appointed under Executive Order No. 335, dated April 1, 1941, a true and correct report of all foodstuffs, feeds, and other staple products including livestock and poultry, in their possession, as well as of those arriving under contract. This inventory must show among other things the name of article, its quantity, size, age, and invoice value.

Any violation of this Order shall be punished in accordance with Section 3 of Commonwealth Act No. 600.

This Order shall take effect on May 5th, 1941.

Done at the City of Baguio, this 3rd day of May, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Orders Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 341
REVISING THE RULES AND REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE USE OF THE COAT-OF-ARMS
OF THE PHILIPPINES AND THE GREAT SEAL OF THE GOVERNMENT.

In order to obtain uniformity in the design and proper use of the Coat-of-Arms of the Philippines for official purposes, as authorized in Commonwealth Act No. 602, as amended by Commonwealth Act No. 614, and to make uniform the various seals of the different government entities, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby promulgate the following rules and regulations for the guidance and observance of the corresponding government authorities and everybody concerned:

A. – THE NATIONAL COAT-OF-ARMS

1. The National Coat-of-Arms is as follows:

(a) Arms: Paleways of two pieces, azure (blue) and gules (red); a chief argent (silver) studded with three golden stars equidistant from each other; over all the arms of Manila, per fess gules (red) and argent (silver), in chief the castle of Spain or (gold), doors and windows argent (silver), in base a sea lion or (gold), langued and armed gules (red), in dexter (right) paw a sword hilted or (gold). This is the Coat-of-Arms proper of the Philippines.

(b) Crest: The American eagle displayed proper. This is the symbol of American sovereignty.

(c) Scroll: Beneath, a scroll with the words “Commonwealth of the Philippines” inscribed thereon. The scroll shall be placed just below but without touching the seal proper.

B. – OTHER LOCAL COAT-OF-ARMS

2. Upon recommendation of the Philippine Heraldry Committee created by Executive Order No. 310, dated December 4, 1940, and subject to the approval of the President, provinces and chartered cities are hereby authorized to adopt and use their own Coat-of-Arms, showing local heraldry – geographical, industrial or historical characteristics which would distinguish them from other parts of the country: Provided, That those already granted and in use during the Spanish regime, like the Coat-of-Arms of Manila, may be retained.

C. – THE GREAT SEAL OF THE GOVERNMENT

3. The Great Seal of the Government shall be circular in form, with the arms as described in paragraph 1 hereof, but without the scroll and the inscription thereon, and surrounding the whole a double marginal circle within which shall appear in the upper portion the words “Commonwealth of the Philippines,” and in the lower portion, “United States of America,” the two phrases being divided

by two small five-pointed stars. For the purpose of placing the Great Seal, the colors of the arms shall not be deemed essential.

4. The Great Seal shall be and remain in the custody of the President of the Philippines, and shall be affixed to or placed upon all commissions signed by him, and upon such other official documents and papers of the Commonwealth of the Philippines as may by law be provided, or as may be required by custom and usage in the discretion of the President of the Philippines.

D. – OTHER SEALS

5. The official seals of the Congress of Philippines, the Supreme Court, and the various Departments shall be similar to the Great Seal, except in the wording around the ring, their size not to exceed 7/8 of the Great Seal, or 2-3/4 inches in diameter.

6. (a) The official seals of the Court of Appeals and the other courts, commissions, bureaus and other government offices or entities shall contain the Coat-of-Arms proper without the crest or scroll; and around the ring, the name of the government entity. Their size shall not exceed 2/3 of the Great Seal, or 2 inches in diameter.

(b) If authorized by law, provinces, cities municipalities or other political subdivisions shall be entitled to keep appropriate seals which shall be considered as their corporate or official seals. Such seals shall be in accordance with the requirements prescribed in sub-paragraph (a) of paragraph 6 hereof: Provided, That the local coat-of-arms prescribed in paragraph 2 hereof may be emblazoned in their seals.

7. The administrative seals of the various departments, bureaus and other offices, provinces, cities, municipalities and other political subdivisions, commonly used on papers of routinary internal administration, are only ordinary “office seals” and not the official or corporate seals, and shall not, therefore, bear the Coat-of-Arms of the Government.

E. – COAT OF ARMS OR GREAT SEALS IN PERSONAL FLAGS

8. Only the personal flag of the President of the Philippines shall bear the national Coat-of-Arms in full colors.

9. Personal flags, if and when authorized for other officials of the Government, shall display in the center the seal device of the corresponding Department.

F. – USE OF NATIONAL COAT-OF-ARMS AND GOVERNMENT SEALS

10. The national Coat-of-Arms, if and when used as insignia of the armed forces, shall be as prescribed in Commonwealth Act No. 602, as amended by Commonwealth Act No. 614, without any modification whatsoever; but proper heraldic designs as embellishment or supports are authorized.

11. The Coat-of-Arms shall not be used as background for police badges, except that the shield proper only may be used, without the crest, having a scroll bearing the name of the city or municipality, and with or without heraldic embellishment or support.

12. Government vessels - except tug-boats, cascos, dredges or any watercraft for marine labor - and government planes may use the Coat-of-Arms in full colors, gold or silver as required by regulations of the different departments.

13. (a) The Coat-of-Arms of the Philippines shall not be painted on government cars or railway coaches, except on those personally or officially used by the President of the Philippines, which shall be in full colors, and on those officially used by the Vice-President, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, which shall be in silver.

(b) If used in plate-numbers to indicate government ownership, outline form of the shield only without any emblazoning is sufficient.

14. The use of the Coat-of-Arms and the Great Seal in Philippine coins or Philippine currency of any kind shall be by authority of the President of the Philippines.

15. (a) The use of the Coat-of-Arms in letter-heads and envelopes shall be for official purposes only; and any use thereof by any government employee for private or personal correspondence shall be dealt with administratively.

(b) The national Coat-of-Arms shall not be used in personal stationery, name cards, or greetings cards, except in those of the President of the Philippines, the Vice-President, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Chief of Justice of the Supreme Court, in full colors (gold, silver or dry seal as may be directed) in case of the President of the Philippines; in dry seal, gold or silver in case of others herein authorized.

(c) The national Coat-of-Arms proper, without the crest and the scroll, may be used in the personal stationery of members of the Cabinet, members of the Congress of the Philippines, judges of any court of record, commissioners, generals of the armed, forces, bureau directors, provincial governors and city mayors.

16. The use of the national Coat-of-Arms and the Great Seal as trade-marks, advertisements, or labels for commercial, industrial or agricultural purposes by private persons, corporations or associations, and the printing or stamping of the same on articles or commodities intended for sale, barter or exchange, shall be prohibited and any violation thereof shall be punishable according to the provisions of section 2 of Commonwealth Act No. 602.

17. The display or use of the national Coat-of-Arms or the Great Seal in cockpits, club houses or buildings dedicated to gambling of any kind, public dance halls, dancing schools and show-houses shall also be prohibited, and a violation thereof shall be dealt with as provided in section 2 of Commonwealth Act No. 602.

18. When the Coat-of-Arms and the Great Seal of the Philippines are used in the interior of private residences and/or commercial houses as national decorations, they shall, like the national flag, occupy a place of prominence.

Executive Order No. 313, dated December 23, 1940, is hereby revoked.

Done at the City of Baguio, this 3rd day of May, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 342
GRANTING PROVINCIAL GOVERNORS THE POWER OF SUPERVISION AND CONTROL
OVER VOLUNTEER GUARD UNITS IN THEIR RESPECTIVE PROVINCES.

Upon the recommendation of the National Emergency Commission, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, acting under and by virtue of the powers in me vested by Commonwealth Act Numbered Six hundred, do hereby order that Provincial Governors shall have supervision and control in their respective provinces over all volunteer guard units organized under Executive Order Numbered Three hundred and thirty-seven, dated April 16, 1941, except with respect to the training of such units; and pursuant thereto, all appointments of senior leaders, leaders and assistant leaders made by the Mayors of municipalities and municipal districts under the authority of paragraphs thirteen and fourteen of said Executive Order shall be made subject to the approval of the Provincial Governor.

Done at the City of Baguio, this 12th day of May, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Orders Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 343
REORGANIZING THE BARRIOS OF MAHABANG PARANG AND SOROSORO,
MUNICIPALITY OF BATANGAS, PROVINCE OF BATANGAS

Upon the recommendation of the Provincial Board of Batangas, concurred in by the Secretary of the Interior, and pursuant to the provisions of Section sixty-eight of the Revised Administrative Code, the barrios of Mahabang Parang and Sorosoro, municipality of Batangas, province of Batangas, are hereby reorganized.

The barrio of Mahabang Parang shall consist of the territory comprised in the sitios of Mahabang Parang Calzada and Sorosoro Calzada, and the barrio of Sorosoro shall consist of the territory comprised in the sitios of Sorosoro Bondoc and Mahabang Parang Pooc.

The barrios of Mahabang Parang and Sorosoro as herein reorganized shall have the following boundary lines:

Barrio of Mahabang Parang

Beginning at a point marked "1" which is identical to B.B.M. No. 57, Batangas Cadastre, B.L. Cad. No. 264, S.85 deg. 07'W. 881.78 meters to point "2" which is B.B.M. No. 44; thence N.86 deg. 43'W. 7.16 meters to point "3" which is corner 13 of lot No. 4718 of the same cadastre, case no. 6, as surveyed for Ramon Sarmiento; thence S. 79 deg. 33'W. 3.37 meters to point "4" which is corner 14 of the same lot at the east bank of Patay River; thence following the course of the said river and Balete River in a northerly direction to point "5" which is corner 6 of lot No. 4366 of the same cadastre, case No. 5, as surveyed for Antonino Balido on the east bank of the said Balete River; thence S.71 deg. 49'E. 15.13 meters to point "6" which is B.B.M. No. 46; thence S.81 deg. 49'E. 255.53 meters to point "7" which is B.B.M. No. 47; thence N.82 deg. 34'E. 600.00 meters, to point "8" which is the center line of Catabanin River; thence following the course of the said river in a southwesterly direction to point "9" which is corner 14 of lot No. 4444 of the same cadastre, case No. 5, as surveyed for Marto Plata on the south bank of the said river; thence S.29 deg. 01'E. 1163.27 meters to point "10" which is corner 4 of lot No. 4806 of the same case, as surveyed for Damian Bautro, at the north end of Arroyo Tangisan; thence following the course of the said Arroyo in a southwesterly direction to point "11" which is the junction of Tinga River and the said Arroyo Tangisan; thence following the course of the said Tinga River in a northwesterly direction to point "12" which is the intersection of the extension line of line 1-2 (mentioned above) and with the said river; thence S.85 deg. 07'W. 33.50 meters more or less to the point of beginning.

All points referred to herein are shown on the Boundary and Index maps and cadastral map sheets of Batangas, B.L. Cad. No. 264, Cases Nos. 5 and 6.

Barrio of Sorosoro

Beginning at a point marked "1" which is identical to B.B.M. No. 54, Batangas Cadastre, B.L. Cad. No. 264, N.86 deg. 32'W. 760.82 meters to point "2" which is B.B.M. No. 55; thence N.86 deg. 32'W. 12.00 meters more or less to point "3" which is the center line of Arroyo Tangisan; thence following the course of the said Arroyo in northerly direction to point "4" which is corner 4 of lot No. 4806 of the same Cadastre, case No. 5 as surveyed Damian Bautro; thence N.29 deg. 01'W. 1163.27 meters to point "5" which is corner 14 of lot No. 4444 of the same case, as surveyed for Marto Plata, at the south bank of Catabanin River; thence following the course of the said river in a northeasterly direction to point "6" which is the intersection of the said river and line B.B.M. No. 47 to B.B.M. No. 48; thence N.82 deg. 34'E. 398.50 meters to point "7" which is B.B.M. No. 48; thence N.81 deg. 46'E. 521.41 meters to point "8" which is B.B.M. No. 49; thence N.81 deg. 46'E. 44.50 meters more or less to point "9" which is the center line of Tipakan River; thence following the course of the said river, Bukal and Bago Rivers in a southeasterly and southwesterly directions to point "10" which is the junction of Bago and Tabas Rivers; thence following the course of the said Tabas River in a northwesterly direction to point "11" which is the intersection of the said river and the extension line 1-2 (mentioned above); thence N.86 deg. 32'W. 48.00 meters more or less to the point of beginning.

All points referred to herein are shown on the Boundary and Index Maps and cadastral map sheets of Batangas Cadastre, B.L. Cad. No. 264, Cases Nos. 5 and 7.

The reorganization herein made shall take effect immediately.

Done at the City of Baguio, this 12th day of May, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 344
REQUIRING CERTAIN PERSONS AND ENTITIES TO REPORT STOCKS OF ESSENTIAL
BUILDING MATERIALS, FOOD COMMODITIES, AND FOOD CONTAINERS.

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by Commonwealth Act Numbered Six Hundred, and upon the recommendation of the National Emergency Commission, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, do hereby order that:

1. All importers and distributors of building materials shall, within ten (10) days from the date this Order takes effect, and at the end of every month thereafter, or whenever called for, submit to the Industrial Production Administrator appointed under Executive Order Numbered Three Hundred thirty-five, dated April 1, 1941, a true and correct report of all building materials in their possession, as well as of those arriving under contract, such inventory to cover such categories of building materials as may be determined by the Industrial Production Administrator and to contain such data as may be required by him.

2. All merchants, warehousemen, factories, and such other persons or entities as may be required to do so by the Food Administrator appointed under Executive Order Numbered Three Hundred thirty-five, dated April 1, 1941, shall, within ten (10) days from the date this Order takes effect, and at the end of every month thereafter, or whenever called for, submit to the said Food Administrator a report of all their commodities, tin containers, sacks and sacking materials they may have on hand, the quantities they expect to receive during the next three months and their sources, and their intended disposition or use, in a form to be prescribed and issued for the purpose.

Any violation of this Order shall be punished in accordance with Section 3 of Commonwealth Act Numbered Six Hundred.

This order shall take effect on May 21st, 1941.

Done at the City of Baguio, this 17th day of May, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 345
DESIGNATING THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR IN PLACE OF THE PHILIPPINE
NATIONAL BANK AS ONE OF THE AGENCIES TO CARRY OUT THE OBJECTIVES
OF COMMONWEALTH ACT NO. 600.

WHEREAS, one of the objectives of Commonwealth Act No. 600 is to insure to the people adequate shelter and clothing and sufficient food supply; and

WHEREAS, under section 2 of Commonwealth Act No. 600, the President of the Philippines is empowered to designate any department, bureau, office or instrumentality of the National Government for the purpose of carrying out its objectives or any of them;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, do hereby designate the Department of Labor, as one of the agencies to carry out the objectives of Commonwealth Act No. 600, by undertaking the extension of credit facilities to tenants who may need the same for the purpose of their support during the period between harvest seasons and to cover the expenses incident to the purchase of seeds and the proper cultivation of the land which they work, under such conditions as the Secretary of Labor may determine.

The remaining cash funds out of the sum of one million pesos released under Executive Order No. 301, dated September 10, 1940, to the Philippine National Bank from the appropriation provided in Commonwealth Act No. 498, pursuant to section 5 of the aforesaid Commonwealth Act No. 600, as well as all other assets, properties, rights, choses in action, obligations and contracts of the Philippine National Bank during its incumbency as an agency of the National Government to carry out the objectives of Commonwealth Act No. 600, are hereby transferred to, vested in, and assumed by the Department of Labor. The Secretary of Labor is hereby authorized to disburse all the funds referred to above for the purposes stated herein and subject to the approval of the President, is hereby empowered to appoint the necessary personnel. He shall render a report on the condition and operation of these funds to the President of the Philippines at the end of every month.

This Executive Order shall supersede Executive Order No. 301, dated September 10, 1940.

Done at the City of Baguio, this 17th day of May, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Orders Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 346

REVOKING EXECUTIVE ORDER NUMBERED THREE HUNDRED THIRTY-ONE,
DATED MARCH 11, 1941, REVISING FURTHER EXECUTIVE ORDER NUMBERED ONE
HUNDRED THIRTY-FIVE, DATED DECEMBER 31, 1937, AS AMENDED, ESTABLISHING A
CLASSIFICATION OF ROADS.

Executive Order No. 331, dated March 11, 1941, revising further Executive Order No. 135, dated December 31, 1937, as amended, establishing a classification of roads, is hereby revoked.

Done at the City of Baguio, this 20th day of May, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

(SGD.) **MANUEL L. QUEZON**
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) **JORGE B. VARGAS**
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 347
REDUCING BY THIRTY PER CENTUM THE TAX ON ALL PERMANENT PLANTS
AND/OR TREES IN THE CITY OF SAN PABLO FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR
NINETEEN HUNDRED AND FORTY ONE.

The public interest so requiring, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by Section forty-one of Commonwealth Act numbered Five Hundred Twenty, do hereby reduce by thirty per centum the real property tax due on all permanent plants and/or trees on any taxable real property in the City of San Pablo for the calendar year nineteen hundred and forty-one.

This Order shall take effect as of January first, nineteen hundred and forty-one.

Done at the City of Baguio, this 21st day of May, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: Presidential Museum and Library

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 348
CREATING A COMMITTEE TO FORMULATE A COMPREHENSIVE PLAN FOR
THE REBUILDING OF THE TONDO BURNT AREA OF THE CITY OF MANILA

WHEREAS, the fire disaster in Tondo, City of Manila, on May 3, 1941, was the biggest and most disastrous in that area and calls for the formulation of a comprehensive plan for the rebuilding of the affected area in such a manner as to reduce the fire hazard, improve the layout of the streets, and better the living conditions of the people residing there; and

WHEREAS, since the fire area is near the reclaimed district in the North Harbor, it is obvious that such plans for rebuilding should take into account not only the needs of the Tondo district and the general plan for the development of the City of Manila but also the plan for the North Harbor district, including the reclaimed area;

Now, therefore, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, pursuant to the authority vested in me by law, do hereby appoint a committee to be composed of such members as the President may designate from time to time, to direct the formulation of a comprehensive plan for the rebuilding of the Tondo burnt area.

This Committee, which shall meet at such places and times as may be designated by the Chairman, is hereby empowered to call on any official, office, branch or dependency of the Government for such data or assistance as may be required.

The Committee shall report to the President as soon as possible, making recommendations on the plan which shall be adopted and the procedure most expeditious to carry out such recommendations.

Done at the City of Manila, this 24th day of May, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 349
CREATING A BOARD OF TRUSTEES TO ADMINISTER
THE “F.R.S. MEMORIAL FUND”

WHEREAS, by virtue of an agreement entered into on November 23, 1940, between the Commonwealth of the Philippines and the heirs of the deceased Francisco R. Santos, the sum of Five hundred thousand pesos (₱500,000.00), Philippine Currency, was paid to the Government in order to form a permanent fund to be known as the “F. R. S. MEMORIAL FUND” and to be administered by the Government for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of clauses VII, VIII, IX and X(D) of the fourth paragraph of the will of the late Francisco R. Santos.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby direct that the said “F. R. S. MEMORIAL FUND” be administered by a Board of Trustees composed of a chairman and such members as may from time to time be designated by the President of the Philippines.

The Board of Trustees shall keep the fund in trust and administer the same pursuant to the will of the late Francisco R. Santos, as modified by the agreement between the Commonwealth of the Philippines and the heirs of the deceased, and shall use and expand the net income from the fund for the following purposes:

1. Twenty-nine and four-tenths per cent (29.4%) for the establishment of an electric plant for furnishing illumination or irrigation to the province of Iloilo, particularly the northern part thereof;
2. Twenty-nine and four-tenths per cent (29.4%) for the encouragement and promotion of any invention which would help in the economic development of the Philippines;
3. Twenty-nine and four-tenths per cent (29.4%) for the purchase of shares of stock of the best manufacturing plants established or to be established in the country, in order to assist the enterprise; and
4. Eleven and eight-tenths per cent (11.8%) to assist young graduates of industrial technology desiring to study abroad and specialize in the branch of industry for which the country has an abundant supply of raw materials and which is productive and useful to the country; young graduates of civil and mechanical engineering desiring to study abroad and specialize in that branch of engineering most conducive to the development of water power that may be beneficial to some industry or to the public good; and young graduates of mining engineering desiring to study abroad and specialize in this field.

The Board of Trustees shall, subject to the approval of the President, promulgate rules and regulations for the proper administration of the fund and for the accomplishment of the purposes for which the fund was created, and to submit from time to time to the President a report regarding the condition and operation of this fund.

Done at the City of Baguio, this 24th day of May, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 350
ESTABLISHING A PUBLIC ASSISTANCE SERVICE UNDER THE BUREAU
OF PUBLIC WELFARE TO TAKE OVER THE RELIEF AND OTHER ACTIVITIES
OF THE ASSOCIATED CHARITIES OF THE PHILIPPINES.

WHEREAS, it is not generally known that the help given to indigent persons by the Associated Charities of the Philippines comes from the Government;

WHEREAS, it is desirable that the general public should be informed of the efforts of the Government in promoting the welfare of its citizens, especially the needy; and

WHEREAS, the Board of Directors of the Associated Charities of the Philippines has signified its willingness to place in the hands of the President of the Philippines the future of the organization for the best interest of the class of people whom it serves as well as that of the Government;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers in me vested by law, do ordain and promulgate the following:

1. There is hereby established a Public Assistance Service under the direct administrative supervision and control of the Director of Public Welfare, to assume the relief and other activities now being performed by the Associated Charities of the Philippines.

2. The Secretary of Health and Public Welfare is hereby directed to take the necessary steps towards the transfer to the Public Assistance Service the activities, personnel, properties, unexpended balances, records, equipment and supplies pertaining to the Associated Charities of the Philippines, especially those which correspond to the funds that have been donated to the Associated Charities by the Philippine Charity Sweepstakes.

3. Hereafter, any fund which the Government, through the Philippine Charity Sweepstakes or any of its branches, subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities may provide for the activities above referred to, shall be given to the Public Assistance Service instead of to the Associated Charities of the Philippines.

Done at the City of Baguio, this 31st day of May, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 351
PROHIBITING OFFICERS OF GOVERNMENT-OWNED CORPORATIONS AND THEIR
WIVES AND OTHER MEMBERS OF THEIR HOUSEHOLD FROM ENTERING INTO
CONTRACTS WITH THE CORPORATIONS OF WHICH THEY ARE OFFICERS.

In order to avoid questionable transactions by government-owned corporations, and to insure public faith in their operations, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, do hereby declare, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, that hereafter, no officer or assistant in a government-owned corporation may enter into any contract, agreement, or understanding of any kind or nature with the corporation of which he is an officer, with the exception of the contract for services for which the officer or his assistant has been specifically hired, employed, or contracted.

The officials affected by this Order shall include the members and chairmen of the boards of directors, the managers, assistant managers and assistants to the managers, the treasurers, secretaries or secretary-treasurers, the auditors or comptrollers, the chiefs of divisions or departments, and such other members of the staff of government-owned corporations as are entrusted with discretionary powers, or are in possession of confidential information regarding the affairs of the corporations in which they are officials.

The operations of this Order shall also include the wives of these officials, as well as the other members of their household.

Done at the City of Manila, this 4th day of June, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth the sixth.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 352
CONVERTING THE MUNICIPAL DISTRICT OF TAGUM, PROVINCE OF DAVAO, INTO A
MUNICIPALITY UNDER THE SAME NAME

Upon the recommendation of the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Finance, and pursuant to the provisions of section sixty-eight of the Revised Administrative Code, the municipal district of Tagum, province of Davao, is hereby converted into a municipality under the same name, with the temporary seat of government at the barrio of Hijo.

The municipality of Tagum shall have the following boundary lines:

Beginning at the Bureau of Lands municipal boundary monument near the north of Lasang River and running in a northerly direction along said Lasang River to another Bureau of Lands municipal boundary monument near the junction of Madauo and Lasang Rivers; thence in a southwesterly direction to a Bureau of Lands municipal boundary monument at the junction of Tagactac and Bunawan Rivers to a Bureau of Lands municipal boundary monument near said river and approximately at latitude 7° 13' north; thence in a westerly direction along this parallel to its intersection with meridian 125° 33' east of Greenwich; thence due north following said meridian to its intersection with latitude 7° 28' 20" N.; thence in an easterly direction along the southern boundary line of the municipal district of Kapalong to the junction of Magdagundung and Liboganon Rivers; thence in an easterly direction following the southern boundary line of the municipal districts of Saug and Compostela to its intersection with meridian 125° 56' 30" east of Greenwich; thence due south following said meridian to its intersection with Lapinigan River; thence following the southwesterly course of Lapinigan River until its mouth at the Davao Gulf; thence following the coast line to Bureau of Lands municipal boundary monument near the mouth of Lasang River, the point of beginning.

The municipality of Tagum shall consist of the eight barrios of Bincoñgan, Hijo (Poblacion), Lasang, Madaum, Magugpo, Mawab, Pagsabañgan, and Tuganay.

The conversion herein made shall take effect on July 1, 1941.

Done at the City of Manila, this 27th day of June, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Orders Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 353
SEGREGATING FROM THE MUNICIPALITY OF PAGADIAN, PROVINCE
OF ZAMBOANGA, THE BARRIOS OF CEBUANO BARRACKS, PARASAN AND
TAMBULIG AND ORGANIZING THE SAME INTO A SEPARATE MUNICIPALITY
UNDER THE NAME OF AURORA, WITH THE SEAT OF GOVERNMENT
AT THE BARRIO OF CEBUANO BARRACKS.

Upon the recommendation of the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Finance, and pursuant to the provisions of section sixty-eight of the Revised Administrative Code, the barrios of Cebuano Barracks, Parasan and Tambulig are hereby segregated from the municipality of Pagadian, province of Zamboanga, and organized into an independent municipality under the name of Aurora, with the seat of government at the barrio of Cebuano Barracks.

The municipality of Pagadian shall consist of its present territory minus the territory of the new municipality of Aurora.

The organization herein made shall take effect on January 1, 1942.

Done at the City of Manila, this 1st day of July, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 354
PROMULGATING CERTAIN EMERGENCY RULES AND REGULATIONS GOVERNING
ELECTRICAL COMMUNICATION AND RADIO INSTALLATION AND SALE OR REPAIR OF
RADIO APPARATUS OR PARTS THEREOF.

Upon the recommendation of the National Emergency Administration, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, acting under and by virtue of the powers vested in me by Commonwealth Act Numbered Six hundred, as amended by Commonwealth Act Numbered Six hundred and twenty, do hereby issue and promulgate the following rules and regulations:

I. General Provisions

1. Any person possessing knowledge or information concerning any unlicensed radio transmitter installation shall immediately report such fact to the municipal mayor who shall without delay transmit such report directly to the Secretary of the National Defense, giving the name and address of the owner and the location of the installation.

2. The Insular Collector of Customs shall report to the Department of National Defense any radio set or radio apparatus, or parts thereof, which may be imported into the Philippines or brought therein as personal baggage, excepting those consigned to bona fide radio dealers or to regularly established communication companies. The report shall contain the name and address of the owner or importer concerned, the date of importation, and the particulars of the articles so imported.

3. No person, firm, or corporation dealing in the sale or repair of radio apparatus, either in complete units or in parts, shall sell transmitters or parts of radio receivers to, nor, repair radio transmitters or parts thereof for, any person or entity not possessing a radio construction permit or a radio station license issued by the Department of National Defense, or a certificate of registration issued by the Bureau of Internal Revenue in case of radio receivers.

4. Any person, firm, or corporation engaged in the business of telecommunication, or in the sale or repair of telecommunication apparatus or accessories thereof, shall report immediately to the Department of National Defense the names and duties of all aliens now in their employ and those that may hereafter be employed, giving their respective addresses.

5. (a) "Flash" or warning messages which may be filed by accredited personnel of the United States Army and Navy, the Philippine Army, the Philippine Constabulary, and such other agencies as may subsequently be authorized to file such kind of messages by the proper authorities, shall be accorded free transmission over the Bureau of Posts electrical communication systems and over the telephone systems owned and operated by chartered cities, provinces, and municipalities.

(b) "Flash" or warning messages shall be given priority over all other kinds of messages.

6. The exchange of private messages between parties purporting to endanger the integrity or safety of the Philippines is hereby prohibited, and no such messages shall be transmitted over any telecommunication systems therein.

II. Amateur Radio Stations

7. No amateur radio station licensee in the Philippines shall exchange or allow the exchange through his station of communication with any station located in foreign countries, nor broadcast or allow the broadcast of any information intended for foreign countries.

8. No amateur radio station licensee shall allow the use of his station by any third party for any purpose whatsoever.

III. Ship and Aircraft Radio Stations

9. No new radio station shall be established and/or operated on board pleasure yachts and vessels of Philippine register or aircraft not compulsorily required by law to carry such radio installation. Exception, however, shall be made of vessels or aircraft used primarily for carrying passengers and for salvage work, or for any other service wherein the use of radio communication is indispensable.

10. No inter-island or foreign vessel while located within the territorial waters of the Philippines, shall exchange communication with any other vessel located outside such territorial limits, except in case of distress, nor with any foreign coastal stations, except those located in the United States.

IV. Penalties

11. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 3 of Commonwealth Act No. 600, violations of the foregoing rules and regulations are punishable by imprisonment of not more than ten years or by a fine of not more than ten thousand pesos, or by both.

V. Effectivity

12. This Order shall take effect immediately.

Done at the City of Manila, this 1st day of July, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 355
AMENDING PARAGRAPH (1) OF EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 335, DATED APRIL 1, 1941,
CREATING A CIVILIAN EMERGENCY ADMINISTRATION

Paragraph (1) of Executive Order No. 335, dated April 1, 1941, is hereby amended to read as follows:

“1. The National Emergency Commission, composed of the Secretary of Department that the President may designate as Chairman and a representative of each of the Executive Departments as members. This Commission shall, subject to the approval of the President, formulate and execute policies and plans for the protection and welfare of the civil population of the Philippines in extraordinary and emergency conditions. It shall have general supervision and control over the officials and organizations as authorized herein, in so far as their duties pertain to said Administration, and shall function through (1) The Manager, Philippine Red Cross; (2) a Director of Publicity and Propaganda; (3) a Food Administrator; (4) an Industrial Production Administrator; (5) a Fuel and Transportation Administrator; (6) a National Air Raid Warden; (7) a Director of Communications and such other officials as may be appointed by the President from time to time.”

Done at the City of Manila, this 2nd day of July, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

(SGD.) **MANUEL L. QUEZON**
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) **JORGE B. VARGAS**
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 356

ABOLISHING THE LANDED ESTATES SURVEY COMMITTEE, CREATED BY
ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER NO. 49, DATED OCTOBER 7, 1937, AND TRANSFERRING ITS
FUNCTIONS AND DUTIES TO THE RURAL PROGRESS ADMINISTRATION, CREATED BY
EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 191, DATED MARCH 2, 1939.

For the purpose of consolidating under only one management all the activities of the Government pertaining to the acquisition of landed estates, and in the interest of efficiency and economy, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby abolish the Landed Estates Survey Committee, created by Administrative Order No. 49, dated October 7, 1937, and transfer its functions and duties to the Rural Progress Administration, created by Executive Order No. 191, dated March 2, 1939.

Administrative Order No. 49, dated October 7, 1937, is hereby accordingly revoked.

Done at the City of Manila, this 25th day of July, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 357
REVISING FURTHER EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 135, DATED DECEMBER 31, 1937,
AS AMENDED, ESTABLISHING A CLASSIFICATION OF ROADS

Executive Order No. 135, dated December 31, 1937, as amended, is hereby further amended so as to include the following roads in the classification of National roads:

<u>NATIONAL ROADS</u>	<u>From</u> <u>Km.</u>	<u>To</u> <u>Km.</u>	<u>Length</u> <u>Km.</u>
ILOCOS NORTE-			
Bacarra-Pasuquin-Burgos Road	512.24	564.56	52.32
OCCIDENTAL NEGROS-			
Sto. Nino-Banago Section of the Bacolod-Sto. Nino Road	3.00	4.98	1.98
ROMBLON-			
Badajoz-Carmen Road	0.00	7.00	7.00
Odiongan to Ferrol Airport Road	54.80	64.00	9.20
TAYABAS-			
Casiguran Port-Dilalungan Road	0.00	21.20	21.20
Mulanay-Aurora Road	280.53	308.99	28.46

Done at the City of Manila, this 30th day of July, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 358
AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 306, DATED OCTOBER 21, 1940, WHICH REVISED
EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 73, SERIES OF 1936, ESTABLISHING AND CLASSIFYING
AIRPORTS AND LANDING FIELDS

Executive Order No. 306, dated October 21, 1940, which revised Executive Order No. 73, series of 1936, establishing and classifying airports and landing fields, is hereby amended as follows:

(1) The designation of the Cabanatuan Air Port, Nueva Ecija, is changed from Commercial National Airport to Military National Airport, subject to the following conditions:

(a) That this airport shall be open to civilian air traffic until such time as air traffic requires a separate commercial airport, and

(b) That commercial airplanes using this airport shall adhere to the rules and regulations that may be prescribed by the Air Station Commander: Provided, That said rules and regulation affecting civilian flying be coordinated with those of the Bureau of Aeronautics.

(2) The following landing fields are designated as, and included under the classification of:

COMMERCIAL NATIONAL AIRPORT

Lingayen, Pangasinan

NATIONAL EMERGENCY LANDING FIELDS

Dadjangas, Cotabato
Mamburao, Mindoro

Done at the City of Manila, this 4th day of August, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 359
CREATING THE NATIONAL COOPERATIVES ADMINISTRATION

WHEREAS, under and by virtue of Commonwealth Act No. 565, entitled “AN ACT PROVIDING FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF COOPERATIVE ASSOCIATIONS, AUTHORIZING THE CREATION OF AN AGENCY OR DESIGNATION OF AN INSTRUMENTALITY OF THE GOVERNMENT TO PROMOTE AND SUPERVISE THE SAID ASSOCIATIONS, AND PROVIDING FUNDS FOR THE PROMOTION AND SUPERVISION OF THE SAME,” it is provided, among other things, that:

“SEC. 5. The President of the Philippines may, by executive order, consolidate in any Government agency now existing all Government activities relating to the promotion, organization, and supervision of cooperative or mutual aid associations or he may create a new agency for such purpose, transferring to the same the personnel, equipment, supplies, records, and unexpended balances of appropriations employed in said activities.

“SEC. 6. The President may issue such rules and regulations as may be necessary to promote and help the organization of cooperative associations under this Act as well as those necessary and convenient to carry into effect the objectives hereof.

“SEC. 7. The President of the Philippines is authorized to set aside a portion of the fund appropriated under Commonwealth Act Numbered Four hundred and ninety-eight for the proper carrying out of the purposes of this Act. The sum thus set aside, together with the Agricultural Cooperative Fund created under Commonwealth Act Numbered One hundred sixteen and with the available appropriations transferred to the agency in charge of the administration of this Act, shall constitute a special fund to be known as the National Cooperative Fund and shall be disbursed upon direction of the head thereof, subject to the provisions of section 7-I-(4) of Commonwealth Act Numbered Two hundred and forty-six. All income or receipts derived from the operation of the special fund herein created shall accrue to and form part of the same and shall be available for expenditure and/or investment for the same purposes for which it has been created”; and

WHEREAS, in order to enable the President of the Philippines to effectively carry out the purposes of the said Act in the promotion, organization, and supervision of cooperative or mutual aid associations, it is deemed expedient and necessary that an agency be organized to enforce the rules and regulations issued by the President in conformity with Section 6 of said Act;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers conferred upon me by the above-mentioned Act, hereby order that an agency, to wit, a non-stock corporation be organized under the laws of the Philippines, said corporation to be named National Cooperatives Administration.

The governing body of the said corporation shall consist of a board of governors composed of a chairman and such members as the President of the Philippines may, from time to time, appoint. The board of governors shall, with the approval of the President, appoint such personnel as may be necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the corporation and fix their salaries.

The office and principal place of operation of said non-stock corporation shall be in the City of Manila, and branch offices shall be established in such places as may be selected and determined by the board of governors of the National Cooperatives Administration.

The National Cooperatives Administration shall exercise the powers and duties contained in the articles of incorporation and by-laws to be approved by the President of the Philippines and the rules and regulations that may be issued by the President from time to time in conformity with the provisions of Section 6 of Commonwealth Act No. 565.

The National Cooperatives Administration shall, in addition to its functions, act as registrar of cooperatives.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 7 of Commonwealth Act No. 565, an additional sum of one million pesos out of the fund appropriated by Commonwealth Act No. 498, is hereby released to, and made available for expenditure by, the National Cooperatives Administration for the purpose of carrying out its functions and activities. This sum, together with the unexpended balances of the appropriations for the promotion, organization and supervision of cooperative associations transferred by this Order from the National Trading Corporation, shall hereafter be known as the National Cooperative Fund and shall be available for expenditure by the National Cooperatives Administration for the purposes for which this corporation is created, subject to the provisions of Section 7-I-(o) of Commonwealth Act No. 246.

The Auditor General is hereby authorized and directed to transfer immediately to the National Cooperatives Administration the additional sum of one million pesos authorized by Section 5 of Commonwealth Act No. 498.

All the powers, duties and functions of the National Trading Corporation relating to the promotion, organization and supervision of cooperative or mutual aid associations by virtue of Executive Order No. 297, dated August 12, 1940, and Executive Order No. 322, dated February 4, 1941, together with the corresponding personnel, equipment, supplies, records and unexpended balances of appropriations, are hereby transferred to the National Cooperatives Administration.

The National Cooperatives Administration is hereby authorized to call upon any department, bureau, office, agency or instrumentality of the Government for such information and assistance as may be necessary.

The National Cooperatives Administration shall render to the President, from time to time, a report of its work and activities, together with such recommendation as it may deem necessary to make.

Whenever the words "National Trading Corporation" are mentioned in Executive Order No. 322, dated February 5, 1941, the same shall be understood as referring to the National Cooperatives Administration.

Executive Order No. 297, dated August 12, 1940, and all other executive or administrative orders, rules and regulations or parts thereof inconsistent with the provisions of this Order are hereby revoked.

Done at the City of Manila, this 5th day of August, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 360

**CREATING THE NATIONAL ENTERPRISES CONTROL BOARD TO COORDINATE THE
POLICIES AND TO SUPERVISE THE ACTIVITIES OF THE GOVERNMENT CORPORATIONS
AND ENTERPRISES ENGAGED IN ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES**

WHEREAS, in order to promote economic development and facilitate the adjustment of the Philippine economy in preparation for independence, the Government has established certain corporations and enterprises for the purpose of engaging in economic activities;

WHEREAS, in order to insure the successful attainment of the purposes for which these corporations and enterprises have been established, it is necessary to bring about a proper coordination of their policies and activities, and between these entities and the offices of the Government engaged in the development of the national economy; and

WHEREAS, in order to insure economy and efficiency in the operation of said corporations and enterprises, it is necessary to establish an instrumentality that will exercise a unified supervision over them;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby create and constitute the National Enterprises Control Board which shall be composed of a Chairman and such members as may, from time to time, be appointed by the President. Subject to the approval of the President, the Board shall have power to employ the necessary personnel to carry out its functions and duties and to fix their rates of compensation.

The following government corporations and enterprises are hereby placed under the supervision of the National Enterprises Control Board: National Development Company and its subsidiary corporations (including the National Rice and Corn Corporation, Cebu Portland Cement Company, the National Footwear Corporation, the National Food Products Corporation, and the Insular Refining Corporation), National Power Corporation, National Abaca and Other Fiber Corporation, National Tobacco Corporation, National Coconut Corporation, National Trading Corporation, National Cooperatives Administration, People's Homesite Corporation, National Land Settlement Administration, Rural Progress Administration, National Produce Exchange, and such others as the President may designate from time to time.

The Board shall be charged with the following duties:

(a) To supervise, for the President of the Philippines, the above-named corporations and enterprises for the purpose of insuring efficiency and economy in their functions and business operations;

(b) To adopt, subject to the approval of the President, such measures as may be necessary to coordinate the policies and activities between said corporations and enterprises, and between these entities and such offices of the Government as may be dedicated to the development of the national economy, for the accomplishment of the declared economic and social policies of the Government; and

(c) To pass upon the program of activities and the yearly budget of expenditures approved by the respective Boards of Directors of said corporations and enterprises.

The decisions of the National Enterprises Control Board on policies relating to the economic activities of the corporations and enterprises placed under its supervision shall be final when approved by the President of the Philippines.

The expenses for the establishment and maintenance of the Board and its personnel shall be reimbursed by the different government corporations and enterprises placed under the supervision of this Board in the proportion that the President of the Philippines may determine.

The Board is hereby empowered to call upon any official, office, branch, dependency or agency of the Government for such data and assistance as it may require.

The Board shall render to the President from time to time a report of its work and activities, as well as on the general state of the government corporations and enterprises under its supervision, together with such recommendations as it may deem necessary to make.

Done at the City of Manila, this 5th day of August, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:

(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 361
CREATING THE CORPS OF PROFESSORS OF THE PHILIPPINE MILITARY
ACADEMY AND PROVIDING RULES AND REGULATIONS FOR THE APPOINTMENT
AND PROMOTION OF MEMBERS THEREOF.

By virtue of the powers vested in me by section 22(c) of Commonwealth Act Numbered One, as amended, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, do hereby create the Corps of Professors, Philippine Military Academy.

There shall be such numbers of professors and assistant professors in the Corps of Professors as may be determined from time to time by the President of the Philippines. Such professors and assistant professors shall be carried in a separate roster of the regular force apart from the general roster of the army.

Members of the Corps of Professors shall be in addition to the number of commissioned officers of the Regular Force prescribed in subparagraph (d), section 22 of Commonwealth Act Numbered One, as amended.

The appointment and promotion of the members of the Corps of Professors shall be as follows:

(a) Professors shall be appointed to the initial grade of Major. They become eligible for promotion to the grade of Lieutenant-Colonel after eight years of service as Major in the Corps of Professors, and to Colonel, after ten years of service as Lieutenant-Colonel in the Corps of Professors. The grade of Colonel shall be the highest grade to which professors shall be promoted.

(b) Assistant professors shall be appointed to the initial grade of First Lieutenant. They become eligible for promotion to the grade of Captain after four years of service as First Lieutenant in the Corps of Professors; to Major after six years of service as Captain in the Corps of Professors; and to Lieutenant-Colonel after eight years of service as Major in the Corps of Professors. The grade of Lieutenant-Colonel shall be the highest grade to which assistant professors shall be promoted: Provided, however, That an assistant professor upon attaining the grade of Major or Lieutenant-Colonel may be advanced in academic title from that of assistant professor to professor, whenever a vacancy occurs in the latter category, in which case he becomes entitled to the rights to promotion of professors.

(c) Officers of the Regular Force, not prohibited by law to transfer to other branches of the army, may be appointed to the Corps of Professors upon their own application, in which case they shall carry their grade to their new appointment: Provided, That officers thus appointed as assistant professors shall be so appointed to the grade of First Lieutenant if they are of a lower grade and those appointed as professors shall be so appointed to the grade of Major if they are of a lower grade: Provided, further, That nothing in this Executive Order shall prevent the Chief of Staff from detailing for specified periods such officers of the arms and services of the army, who are desired to occupy any position in the faculty of the Philippine Military Academy as special professors or otherwise. Officers of the arms and services assigned by the Chief of Staff to the faculty of the Philippine Military Academy shall not by virtue of

such assignment become separated from their assigned arms and services and shall not be subject to the rules and regulations governing the promotion of members of the Corps of Professors.

(d) Professors and assistant professors appointed by virtue of this Executive Order, shall, for purposes of promotion, be credited with whatever service they had rendered in the capacity of professor, acting professor, assistant professor, acting assistant professor, or Head or Acting Head of any department of instruction of the Philippine Military Academy, prior to their appointment. Except as herein-before provided, members of the Corps of Professors shall be given the same pay, allowances, rights to retirement, privileges, and the like, to which other officers of the Regular Force are entitled.

Done at the City of Manila, this 6th day of August, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 362
PRESCRIBING RULES AND REGULATIONS CONCERNING THE CONDUCT OF PERSONS
DURING OBSCURATION OF LIGHTS (BLACKOUTS) AND DURING AIR RAIDS

Pursuant to the powers vested in me under Commonwealth Act Numbered Six hundred, as amended by Commonwealth Act Numbered Six hundred and twenty, and upon the recommendation of the National Emergency Commission, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, do hereby order that:

1. When the National Emergency Commission created under the provisions of Executive Order Numbered Three hundred and thirty-five, dated April 1, 1941, shall have given notice that there shall be obscuration of lights (blackout) for protection against air raid, every person within the area designated by said Commission shall comply with the following requirements between sunset and sunrise during the duration of such obscuration of lights (blackout) and until notice is given again by said Commission that such obscuration of lights shall have been terminated:

(a) All exterior lights, except from lighthouses and lighted aids to navigation, such as lights coming from street lamps, automobiles, trucks, railroad locomotives, and other vehicles on the highways or on rails, and traffic signals except those authorized by competent authority, as well as those burning or lighted outside of buildings, houses and structures of all kinds, or upon billboards and electric signs and in, upon or around show windows shall be extinguished. Vehicles of all kinds may be allowed to be or continue in motion as long as their lights are covered with thick "masks" or shields which prevent the upward glare of light from them.

(b) All interior lights, such as lights within buildings, houses, and structures of all kinds, privately owned or of public ownership, shall, likewise be extinguished: Provided, That where light is needed inside said buildings, houses or structures, such light shall be screened from view so that only a downward ray would be obtained or the said light shall be shaded by appropriate blinds, curtains or dark painting upon the windows, doors and other apertures of the said building, house or other structure.

(c) Lighthouses and lighted aids to navigation shall be extinguished upon order of the proper local authority under general regulations of the Chief of the Lighthouse Service, having due regard to the safety of vessels underway.

(d) No person shall kindle any fire out-of-doors or flash any kind of light, artificial or otherwise, or do anything that will produce flame, sparks or glare.

(e) No person shall spread false alarms or commit any act which may create confusion, disorder or panic.

2. (a) Upon the sounding of the "air-raid alarm" by the Air Raid Warning Service to broadcast the coming of an enemy air raid, the provisions of paragraph 1 hereof shall immediately become effective, if not already in effect, and shall so continue until otherwise expressly ordered; and all vehicles, whether

motor or electrically driven or animal drawn, shall immediately be put up to and stop at, the sides of streets, alleys, and thoroughfares, as the case may be, and shall be placed at a standstill, until the “all clear” signal is sounded, after which such vehicles may resume normal movement under the obscured lighting (blackout) provisions: Provided, That automobiles, trucks, and other vehicles belonging to, or operated by, the Police Department, the Fire Department, the Army or Navy, the Constabulary, or any emergency unit of the Government, as well as those belonging to, or operated by, electric, telephone, telegraph, and water services, hospitals and physicians responding to emergency calls may continue running on the highways, streets, and thoroughfares if all their lights are screened to avoid upward glare.

(b) Upon the sounding of the “air-raid alarm,” water craft of all types shall immediately extinguish all lights except the red and green side lights of craft which are underway, which shall immediately be shielded so as to avoid upward glare. All water craft underway shall immediately anchor or moor in the nearest available location and, as soon as safety permits, shall turn off the red and green side lights.

(c) All persons, not officially connected with the operations of war or of civilian relief, shall stay away from open spaces, streets, alleys and thoroughfares and shall keep under cover from the moment of the sounding of the “air-raid alarm” up to the moment of the sounding of the “all clear” signal, after which the populace can resume the normal course of their activities under the obscured lighting (blackout) provisions.

3. The National Air Raid Warden shall, from time to time, issue the necessary instructions so as to make effective the purposes of this Order.

4. The provisions of this Executive Order shall apply, in the interest of preparation for an emergency, to all obscuration of lights (blackouts) ordered by the National Emergency Commission for the purpose of training the population in respect of air-raid precautions or for testing devices for enabling movement of traffic to continue in unlighted streets, alleys and thoroughfares.

5. The provisions of this Executive Order shall not apply to operations of the armed forces of the United States and of the Philippines or to acts done pursuant to orders of competent officers of such forces.

6. This Executive Order shall take effect immediately.

Done at the City of Manila, this 15th day of August, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:

(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 363

ORDERING THE TRANSMISSION FREE OF CHARGE OVER ALL GOVERNMENT ELECTRICAL COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS FOR THE DURATION OF THE PRESENT EMERGENCY OF ALL MESSAGES CONCERNING WEATHER CONDITIONS AND THOSE RELATING TO THE ENFORCEMENT OF THE NEUTRALITY LAWS AND REGULATIONS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Upon the recommendation of the Secretary of Public Works and Communications, and the public interest so requiring, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, acting under and by virtue of the powers vested in me by Commonwealth Act No. 600, as amended by Commonwealth Act No. 620, do hereby order that messages concerning weather conditions and those relating to the enforcement of the neutrality laws and regulations of the United States intended for or which may be filed by the United States Army and Navy in the Philippines, the Philippine Army, and the Philippine Constabulary; weather messages and all other messages in connection therewith which may be filed by the Weather Bureau and its weather observers, including those addressed to provincial governors and the Bureau of Aeronautics, shall be transmitted free of charge over all government electrical communication systems during the existence of the present emergency.

This Order shall take effect immediately.

Done at the City of Manila, this 20th day of August, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 364
SEGREGATING FROM THE MUNICIPALITY OF NUMANCIA,
PROVINCE OF CAPIZ, THE BARRIO OF LEZO AND ORGANIZING
THE SAME INTO A SEPARATE MUNICIPALITY UNDER THE NAME OF LEZO,
WITH THE SEAT OF GOVERNMENT AT THE BARRIO OF LEZO.

Upon the recommending of the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Finance, and pursuant to the provisions of section sixty-eight of the Revised Administrative Code, the barrio of Lezo is hereby segregated from the municipality of Numancia, province of Capiz, and organized into an independent municipality under the name of Lezo, with the seat of government at the barrio of Lezo.

The municipality of Lezo as herein organized shall have the following boundary lines:

Beginning at a point marked "1" on plan Mb-33-D, being S.59-20'W. 1865.30m. more or less from B.L.L.M. No. 2, Mp. of Numancia,

thence N. 55 deg. 18' W., 903.00 m. to M.B.M. No. 2;
thence N. 56 deg. 41' W., 1454.93 m. to M.B.M. No. 3;
thence N. 69 deg. 53' W., 1486.21 m. to M.B.M. No. 4;
thence N. 52 deg. 42' E., 975.06 m. to M.B.M. No. 5;
thence N. 40 deg. 02' E., 1013.21 m. to M.B.M. No. 6;
thence N. 45 deg. 20' E., 810.66 m. to M.B.M. No. 7;
thence N. 50 deg. 37' E., 62.82 m. to M.B.M. No. 8;
thence N. 33 deg. 02' E., 1104.10 m. to M.B.M. No. 9;
thence S. 51 deg. 39' E., 1099.51 m. to M.B.M. No. 10;
thence S. 69 deg. 59' E., 60.26 m. to M.B.M. No. 11;
thence S. 69 deg. 48' E., 556.80 m. to M.B.M. No. 12;
thence S. 42 deg. 11' E., 775.20 m. to M.B.M. No. 13;
thence S. 34 deg. 30' E., 826.26 m. to M.B.M. No. 14;
thence S. 33 deg. 25' E., 974.85 m. to M.B.M. No. 15;
thence S. 22 deg. 07' W., 1328.88 m. to M.B.M. No. 16;
thence S. 46 deg. 45' W., 1414.70 m. to M.B.M. No. 17;
thence S. 86 deg. 22' W., 1604.75 m. to M.B.M. No. 18;
thence N. 58 deg. 51' W., 590.65 m. to M.B.M. No. 1,
point of beginning.

Containing an area of TWENTY ONE MILLION SEVEN HUNDRED THIRTY EIGHT THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED SEVENTY EIGHT SQUARE METERS (21,738,278 sq.m.), more or less.

Bounded on the northeast by property of the municipality of Numancia; on the southeast, by properties of the municipalities of Calivo and Baña; on the southwest, by properties of the municipalities of Baña and Malinao; and on the northwest, by property of the municipality of Makato.

Bearings true. Declination 0-35' E.

Points referred to are marked on plan Mb-33-D.

Surveyed: August 28 – September 4, 1940.

Approved: October 12, 1940.

The municipality of Numancia shall consist of its present territory minus the territory of the new municipality of Lezo as herein specified.

The organization herein made shall take effect on January 1, 1942.

Done at the City of Manila, this 28th day of August, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:

(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 365

AMENDING PARAGRAPHS 3 AND 8 OF EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 354 DATED JULY 1, 1941, PROMULGATING CERTAIN EMERGENCY RULES AND REGULATIONS GOVERNING ELECTRICAL COMMUNICATION AND RADIO INSTALLATION AND SALE OR REPAIR OF RADIO APPARATUS OR PARTS THEREOF.

Paragraphs 3 and 8 of Executive Order No. 354, dated July 1, 1941, are hereby amended so as to read as follows:

“3. No person, firm, or corporation dealing in the sale or repair of radio apparatus, either in complete units or in parts, shall sell transmitters or parts thereof, or radio parts which can be used in the repair, assembly and/or construction of radio transmitters or receivers to, nor repair radio transmitters and receivers or parts thereof, for any person or entity not possessing a radio construction permit, a radio station license, a purchase permit issued by the Department of National Defense, or a certificate of registration issued by the Bureau of Internal Revenue in the case of radio receivers.”

“8. No amateur radio station licensee shall allow any third person to use his station except when owned and operated by a member of the U.S. Naval or the U. S. Military Service, and is strictly under the official supervision of either the District Communication Officer of the U. S. Navy, 16th Naval District, or the Department Signal Officer, U. S. Army, and is being used by either the U. S. Naval or the U. S. Army Communication Service as a monitoring station, in which case such station may be authorized by the Department of National Defense to permit members of the U. S. Naval Service or the U. S. Military Service to use it for third party communication.”

Done at the City of Manila, this 29th day of August, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

(SGD.) **MANUEL L. QUEZON**
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) **JORGE B. VARGAS**
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 366
AMENDING FURTHER PARAGRAPH 3(A) OF EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 255,
DATED FEBRUARY 21, 1940, FIXING AND REGULATING THE COLLECTION
OF WHARF OR PIER CHARGES FOR THE USE OF PORT FACILITIES, AS AMENDED
BY EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 270, DATED APRIL 25, 1940.

Paragraph 3(a) of Executive Order No. 255, dated February 21, 1940, as amended by Executive Order No. 270, dated April 25, 1940, is hereby further amended to read as follows:

“(3) Vessels in the Philippine Coastwise Trade.- (a) Every vessel propelled by steam or internal combustion engines and engaged in the Philippine coastwise trade, excepting boats of five tons gross or less or pleasure or non-commercial craft, which berths at a pier, wharf, bulkhead-wharf, river or channel marginal wharf at any national port in the Philippines provided with cargo sheds or makes fast to any vessel lying at such wharf or pier, for the purpose of loading or discharging cargo or for any other purpose, except when in distress, shall pay a berthing fee of one-half centavo (₱0.005) per registered gross ton for the first twenty-four (24) hours or part thereof, and one-fourth centavo (₱0.0025) per registered gross ton for each succeeding twenty-four (24) hours or part thereof: Provided, That the maximum charge shall not exceed fifty pesos (₱50.00) for the first day and twenty-five pesos (₱25.00) for each succeeding day or part thereof, nor shall the minimum charge be less than five pesos (₱5.00) for the first day and two pesos and fifty centavos (₱2.50) for each succeeding day or part thereof: And Provided, further, That steam or motor vessels subject to berthing fees as herein prescribed, of less than 100 gross tons, shall be subject to a minimum charge of not less than one peso (₱1.00) for the first day and fifty centavos (₱0.50) for each succeeding day or part thereof.”

This Order shall take effect on September 1, 1941.

Done at the City of Manila, this 30th day of August, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑANG
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 367
AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 357 ENTITLED “REVISING FURTHER EXECUTIVE
ORDER NO. 135 DATED DECEMBER 31, 1937, AS AMENDED, ESTABLISHING A
CLASSIFICATION OF ROADS”

Executive Order No. 357 dated July 30th, 1941, revising further Executive Order No. 135, dated December 31, 1937, as amended, establishing a classification of roads, is hereby amended to read as follows:

	From	To	Length
	<u>Km.</u>	<u>Km.</u>	<u>Km.</u>
<u>NATIONAL ROADS</u>			
ILOCOS NORTE -			
Bacarra-Pasuquin-Burgos Road	512.24	564.56	52.32
BACOLOD, CITY OF -			
Sto. Niño-Banago Section of the Bacolod-Sto. Niño Road	3.00	4.98	1.98
ROMBLON -			
Badajoz-Carmen Road	0.00	7.00	7.00
Odiongan to Ferrol Airport Road	54.80	64.00	9.20
TAYABAS -			
Mulanay-Aurora Road	280.53	308.99	28.46

Done at the City of Manila, this 1st day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 368
PROCUREMENT OF OFF-SHORE PATROL RESERVE OFFICERS

Pursuant to the authority conferred upon me by the Constitution and existing laws, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, do hereby prescribe the following regulations governing the procurement of reserve officers in the Off-Shore Patrol of the Army of the Philippines:

1. Reserve Officers in the Off-Shore Patrol of the Army of the Philippines shall be procured in the following manner:

- a. By voluntary application, and
- b. By compulsory draft whenever necessary.

2. Reserve Officers in the Off-Shore Patrol are generally classified according to the service or establishment to which they are assigned as follows:

- a. Those assigned for duty in the Q-Boat Flotilla,
- b. Those assigned for duty in the Off-Shore Patrol shore establishments, and
- c. Those assigned for duty in the auxiliary forces.

3. Applicants for commission in the Off-Shore Patrol Reserve shall state the service or establishment to which they want to be assigned. They shall be required to pass the regular physical examination prescribed for officers of the Army: Provided, however, That in the case of those applicants who will be assigned for duty in the auxiliary forces of the Off-Shore Patrol, such defects as shall not affect the applicants' capabilities for discharging the duties of an officer on board an auxiliary vessel may be waived.

(a) In order that an applicant may be commissioned in the Off-Shore Patrol Reserve and assigned in the Q-Boat Flotilla, he must hold a diploma or certificate as having successfully passed the examination given by the Board of Marine Examiners; or be the holder of a degree requiring a four-year course in any accredited university or college, or a ROTC graduate; shall not be more than thirty years of age at the date of the filing of his application and must have undergone such training as the Chief of Staff of the Army of the Philippines shall prescribe.

(b) Applicants for reserve commission, to be assigned in the shore establishments of the Off-Shore Patrol, must possess such technical qualifications as are deemed necessary for commissioned service therein. Reserve Officers assigned in the shore establishments include naval architects and engineers, mechanical or geodetic engineers, radio or naval ordnance technicians, superintendents of drydock yards, or other persons possessing qualifications of similar importance to the functions of the Off-Shore Patrol.

(c) Applicants who are appointed as Reserve Officers in the Off-Shore Patrol, and assigned to the Auxiliary Forces thereof, comprise the merchant marine officer and radio personnel who are duly qualified, and holding government license, as such. The original rank of a reserve officer commissioned in, and assigned to the auxiliary forces of, the Off-Shore Patrol shall be correspondingly determined by the license held by him at the time he filed his application or is drafted into the service as follows:

As Captain or First Engineer	- Captain
As First Mate or 2nd Engineer	- 1st Lieutenant
As Second Mate or 3rd Engineer	- 2nd Lieutenant
As Third Mate or 4th Engineer	- 3rd Lieutenant
As Radio Telegraph Operator, 1st Class, or Chief Radio Operator	- 2nd Lieutenant
As Radio Telegraph Operator, 2nd Class, or Asst. Radio Operator	- 3rd Lieutenant

4. At such time as the exigencies of the service may require, all marine officers and other persons rendering technical services on board a vessel or connected with navigation, who are not yet heretofore commissioned in the Off-Shore Patrol Reserve, may be drafted and required to perform such duties as are deemed necessary. Upon being so drafted, they shall be commissioned and appointed to the grades corresponding to the licenses held by them, as determined in paragraph 3(c) hereof, or according to their educational qualifications and professional training and skill.

5. In order that the provisions of the next preceding paragraph may be fully effected when necessary, the Insular Collector of Customs and the Chief of the Radio Division of the Department of National Defense are hereby required to furnish the Chief of Staff complete lists of all persons who are now holding, or who may hereafter be issued, licenses as Marine Officers, Engineers, Pilots, Radio or Telegraph Operators, together with pertinent information regarding the educational and professional qualification, employment of such persons and such other data as may be desired by the Chief of Staff.

6. The details as to the manner of drafting in the Off-Shore Patrol Reserve persons rendering technical services on board vessels or in connection with navigation shall be determined by the Chief of Staff. In case of national emergency, or at such time as compulsory drafting is necessary, the Chief of Staff shall submit to the President of the Philippines his recommendation as to who shall be drafted.

Done at the City of Manila, this 9th day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 369
REVISING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 274, DATED MAY 11, 1940,
FIXING THE SCHEDULE OF PER DIEMS FOR PROVINCIAL, CITY,
AND MUNICIPAL OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES.

In order that the per diems for provincial, city, and municipal officers and employees traveling on official business, when allowed, may conform with the rates of per diems for officers and employees of the National Government, it is hereby ordered that the per diems of said provincial, city and municipal officers and employees be fixed with the approval of the corresponding Head of Department with rates not to exceed the following:

- (a) For officers and employees receiving a salary of two thousand pesos or less per annum, a per diem not exceeding one peso and fifty centavos;
- (b) For those receiving more than two thousand pesos per annum, but not exceeding four thousand pesos per annum, a per diem not exceeding two pesos and twenty-five centavos;
- (c) For those receiving more than four thousand pesos per annum, but not exceeding six thousand pesos per annum, a per diem not exceeding three pesos; and
- (d) For those receiving more than six thousand pesos per annum, a per diem not exceeding three pesos and seventy-five centavos.

Any officer or employee whose compensation is fixed at other than the per-annum basis may be given the rate of per diem authorized for that receiving compensation on the corresponding per-annum basis.

This Order shall take effect as of September 1, 1941.

Executive Order No. 274, dated May 11, 1940, is hereby revoked.

Done at the City of Manila, this 15th day of September, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

(SGD.) **MANUEL L. QUEZON**
President of the Philippines

By the President:

(SGD.) **JORGE B. VARGAS**
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 370
PRESCRIBING A UNIFORM PROCEDURE FOR THE INVESTIGATION OF ADMINISTRATIVE
CASES AND REVOKING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 276.

For the purpose of uniformity in the investigation of administrative charges against government officers or employees, and supplementing the provisions of Executive Order No. 39, dated June 23, 1936, the following procedure governing the conduct of such investigation is hereby prescribed:

(1) Administrative proceedings may be commenced against a government officer or employee by the head or chief of the bureau or office concerned motu proprio or upon complaint of any person which shall be subscribed under oath by the complainant: Provided, That if a complaint is not or cannot be sworn to by the complainant, the head or chief of the bureau or office concerned may, in his discretion, take action thereon if the public interest or the special circumstances of the case so warrant.

(2) The respondent must be notified in writing of the charges against him by the head or chief of the bureau or office concerned and shall be allowed a period of not less than seventy-two hours after receipt thereof to submit a detailed answer to the same together with whatever written evidence he may desire to present in support of his side of the case. He shall also be advised that if he so elects, a formal investigation of the charges will be made on a given date.

(3) If the respondent elects to be heard on the said charges, a hearing will be held wherein he will be given opportunity to defend himself personally or by counsel: Provided, however, That in all cases the investigation shall be finished within fifteen days, unless this period is specifically extended by the President.

(4) The complete record of the case, with comment and recommendation, shall be forwarded through the asked channels to the Commissioner of Civil Service within fifteen days after the termination of the investigation, unless this period is specifically extended by the President.

It shall be the duty of the Commissioner of Civil Service to see to it that the provisions of this Order are strictly adhered to in all cases of administrative investigations.

The foregoing procedure, except that provided in paragraph (4), shall also be followed whenever not inconsistent with existing law and in so far as it may be practicable, in administrative cases against government officers and employees who do not fall under the provisions of Commonwealth Act No. 598.

Executive Order No. 276, dated May 26, 1940, is hereby revoked.

Done at the City of Manila, this 29th day of September, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON

By the President:

(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 371
FIXING THE MAXIMUM SELLING PRICES OF CERTAIN ARTICLES OF
PRIME NECESSITY AND PROMULGATING RULES AND REGULATIONS
FOR THE ENFORCEMENT THEREOF

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by Commonwealth Act No. 600, as amended by Commonwealth Act No. 620, and upon recommendation of the Emergency Control Board, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, do hereby determine and fix the maximum selling prices of articles of prime necessity as specified in the attached schedules Nos. 1 to 65, and prescribe the following rules and regulations for the enforcement thereof:

1. (a) The basic maximum prices set forth in the attached schedules for motor fuel alcohol, reinforcing steel bars, cement, corn, corned beef, wheat flour, corn and tapioca flours (gawgaw), gasoline, vegetable lard, milk, meat, mongo, nails, petroleum, rice, sardines, centrifugal sugar, galvanized iron sheets and plain galvanized wire, shall apply in Manila and other chartered cities, in the various provincial capitals and distributing centers and in the special municipalities of the province of Romblon specified in the aforementioned schedules.

(b) No brand or class of article, the same as, or similar to, any of the basic commodities particularly described in the attached schedules for which a maximum price has not been fixed, shall be sold at prices higher than the maximum prices fixed for the lowest-priced brands or class of the same articles; unless, upon proper application, such other brand or class of article shall have been determined by Special Permit issued by the Emergency Control Administrator to be of a class the same as, or similar to, any of the higher-priced basic commodities.

2. The maximum prices at the various municipalities and municipal districts in each province outside of the provincial capital or distributing centers shall be the basic prices specified in the attached schedules or any other schedule which in the future may be appended hereto, or which may be fixed by Special Permit issued by the Emergency Control Administrator, plus the usual cost of transportation from the provincial capital or distributing centers to the place of sale, until such time as a determination on such usual cost of transportation shall have been made by the Provincial Committee of the Emergency Control Board and such determination shall have been given the publicity required in paragraph 9 hereof.

3. (a) The Committee created in every province by Executive Order No. 233, dated November 8, 1939, composed of the Governor as chairman, and the Provincial Treasurer and the District Engineer as members, shall continue to function with the duties hereinbelow specified and shall hereafter be known as the Provincial Committee of the Emergency Control Board. The Provincial Treasurer shall act as the secretary of the Committee.

(b) It shall be the duty of the Provincial Committee, within three days from the date of receipt of this Executive Order or its amendments or of any Special Permit issued by the Emergency Control Administrator, to determine the usual cost of transportation between the provincial capital or other

distributing center and each of the various municipalities or municipal districts within the province for the purposes of paragraph 2 hereof.

(c) The determination by the Provincial Committee on this matter shall be embodied in a Provincial Emergency Control Order, serially numbered, fixing the maximum retail selling price of each essential article in each municipality or municipal district, for which a basic maximum selling price has been fixed by the Executive Order or Special Permit for the capital of the province or other distributing center. (The form of the schedules to be used in connection with the fixing of maximum selling prices by the Provincial Committee should be patterned after the form attached hereto and marked Appendix A.) The Provincial Emergency Control Order thus issued shall be given the publicity required in paragraph 9 of this Order.

4. (a) The Emergency Control Administrator is hereby empowered to issue Special Permits to importers, producers, manufacturers, wholesalers and retailers to trade at prices higher than those fixed in this Executive Order or in other Executive Orders amendatory hereto, when said importers, producers, manufacturers, wholesalers and retailers submit satisfactory evidence that:

- (i) The c.i.f price Philippine port of the commodity to be traded in has increased over the c.i.f. price Philippine port of the dealers' present stock;
- (ii) That the cost of production has so increased as to allow producers or manufacturers no reasonable margin of profit if required to sell their products and manufactures at the prices fixed for such commodities; and
- (iii) That the stock of the importer, producer, manufacturer, wholesaler or retailer at the time of the issuance of this Executive Order has been exhausted or will soon be exhausted and that new replacement stock must be imported, produced or manufactured at a higher cost.

(b) Upon receipt of satisfactory evidence that the c.i.f prices of any of the commodities mentioned in paragraph 1 of this Executive Order have declined, or are sold in a distributing center or centers at prices far below the maxima fixed in the attached schedule, the Emergency Control Administrator shall have the power to reduce by Emergency Order the maximum selling prices set forth in the attached schedules of such commodities and shall further have the authority to direct the Provincial Committee to reduce proportionately the prices thereof in the municipalities and municipal districts of their respective provinces.

(c) No such Special Permit to sell at prices higher than those fixed in this Executive Order shall authorize a sale in every transaction for a price higher than twenty per cent over the cost price thereof.

5. The Emergency Control Administrator shall also be authorized:

- (a) To appoint agents, or officers or employees of the National, provincial or municipal governments and government-owned or controlled corporations or entities, for the purpose of conducting such investigations and surveys as he may deem necessary; or to designate Internal Revenue agents as his deputies, subject to the approval of the Secretary of Finance;
- (b) To prescribe such forms and issue such preliminary Special Permits or such Emergency Orders as may be necessary to make effective the exercise of the authority herein vested in him;
- (c) To cause the inspection of bodegas, and/or storerooms, of importers, manufacturers, producers, wholesalers or retailers where stocks of essential commodities are stored; and

- (d) To require importers, purchasers, manufacturers, wholesalers and retailers to keep records of their stocks of commodities specified in the attached schedules, subject to inspection by himself, or by his agents or deputies.

6. The prices fixed in the schedules attached to this Executive Order or any subsequent ones, shall remain in force until revoked, altered or modified by Executive Order issued by the President of the Philippines or by Special Permit or Emergency Orders issued by the Emergency Control Administrator and such alteration or amendment shall have been made known to the public as provided in paragraph 9 hereof. The prices herein fixed are maximum retail selling prices, and importers, producers, manufacturers in selling to retailers must allow retailers a reasonable percentage of profit.

7. The maximum prices herein fixed shall not apply to purchases made by the Government of the Commonwealth of the Philippines or by any of its subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities, or by the Government of the United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities, where such purchases call for articles of higher quality or different specifications than those ordinarily required of the articles listed in the attached schedules or in any other schedules which in the future may be appended hereto.

8. All complaints regarding the non-observance of this Order and its amendments, or of any Special Permit or Emergency Order issued by the Emergency Control Administrator, or the improper observance thereof by means of misrepresentation or misleading description affecting the class, weight, gauge or quality of the article being sold and for which a price has been fixed, shall be reported to the City Fiscal or Provincial Fiscal, as the case may be, and a copy of such report shall be forwarded to the Emergency Control Administrator at Manila.

9. (a) This Executive Order or its amendments, together with its schedules, or any Special Permit or Emergency Order issued by the Emergency Control Administrator, shall take effect in any distributing center forty-eight hours after its publication by the posting of the same in conspicuous places in the provincial, city and municipal buildings, school houses and public market or markets. Likewise, Provincial Emergency Control Board's Orders issued by the Provincial Committee and schedules fixing maximum selling prices of essential commodities fixed by it for the various municipalities or municipal districts within its jurisdiction shall also be given due publicity by the posting of such orders and schedules in conspicuous places in the municipal buildings, school houses and public market or markets forty-eight hours after their publication. Governors and mayors of cities, municipalities and special municipalities and municipal districts are hereby instructed to give such portions of this Executive Order or its amendments or Special Permits or Emergency Orders corresponding to their respective province, city or municipality, as the case may be, the widest possible publicity thru "bandillos" or public criers and otherwise.

(b) It shall be the duty of every mayor of any city, municipality, or municipal district to furnish each and every retail store owner selling any of the essential commodities listed herein within his jurisdiction with a copy of the schedules appended hereto or issued by the Emergency Control Administrator or by the Provincial Committee.

(c) All retail store owners throughout the Philippines who handle articles for which prices have been fixed by this Executive Order or its amendments, or by Special Permit issued by the Emergency Control Administrator, are hereby required to post in a conspicuous place at the entrance to their stores complete list of such of said articles as they may be selling to the public with their respective local maximum selling prices.

(d) In addition to its publication in full in the Official Gazette, this Executive Order shall also be published once in a daily newspaper in English, and once in a daily newspaper in Spanish, both of general circulation.

10. Any person, firm or corporation who shall sell any article included in the attached schedules or subsequent ones or in Special Permits or Emergency Orders issued by the Emergency Control Administrator at prices in excess of the maximum selling prices therein fixed, or defy or disobey any lawful order issued by the Emergency Control Administrator or obstruct the Emergency Control Administrator or his agents in the performance of their duties, or fail to post the list as required in paragraph 9(c) hereof, or violate any provision of this Order shall be punished as provided in Article 3 of Commonwealth Act No. 600.

11. This Executive Order supplants and supersedes Executive Order No. 233, dated November 8, 1939, Executive Order No. 236, dated November 29, 1939, and Executive Order No. 237, dated November 29, 1939, and Executive Order No. 248, dated January 2, 1940, but shall not affect any prosecution, suit, action or proceeding already commenced or any act done at the time of or before, the issuance of this Executive Order. As to all such prosecutions, suits, actions, proceedings or acts, the above-enumerated Executive Orders and all other orders issued pursuant to the authority conferred by Commonwealth Act No. 498 are hereby continued in force and effect.

Done at the City of Manila, this 2nd day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON

By the President:

(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 372

PROVIDING FOR THE LICENSING BY THE CIVILIAN EMERGENCY ADMINISTRATION OF THE SALE, DISTRIBUTION, OR OTHER DISPOSITION TO THE PUBLIC OF GAS-MASKS, RESPIRATORS, OR OTHER PROTECTIVE DEVICES AGAINST IRRITANT OR POISONOUS GASES OR SUBSTANCES, CREATING THE BOARD OF INSPECTORS FOR GAS-MASKS, AND DEFINING ITS FUNCTIONS AND DUTIES.

WHEREAS, modern warfare, as waged by the Powers now engaged in the present world conflict, appears to include not only the clash of arms between the armed forces of each nation but also attacks on the civilian population to diminish and overcome the nation's resistance and undermine its morale;

WHEREAS, irritant and poisonous gases and substances are known to have been used in the last World War and no adequate guaranty exists that the same will not be resorted to in the event that the present conflagration spreads to the Orient; and

WHEREAS, it appears necessary in the public interest and for the protection of civilian lives in case of an emergency that effective measures be adopted to insure that gas-masks, respirators, or other protective devices against irritant or poisonous gases or substances, to be sold or distributed to the public will serve the purposes for which they are intended and afford adequate and efficacious protection;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, pursuant to the powers in me vested by Commonwealth Act Numbered Six hundred, as amended by Commonwealth Act Numbered Six hundred and twenty, and upon the recommendation of the National Emergency Commission, do hereby promulgate the following rules and regulations to govern the sale, distribution, or other disposition to the public of gas-masks, respirators, or other protective devices against irritant or poisonous gases or substances:

1. No person, firm, corporation, or other entity, whether domestic or foreign, shall sell, distribute, or otherwise dispose to the public, or offer or advertise for sale, distribution or other disposition to the public, gas-masks, respirators, or other protective devices, or parts thereof, whether of local or foreign make, intended to afford protection or immunity against gases or other substances that operate as acute lung irritants, lachrimators, paralysants, asphyxiants, vesicants, or otherwise injuriously affect human beings, unless such person, firm, corporation, or other entity has first obtained a license for the purpose from the Civilian Emergency Administration. Such license shall be in the form of a "License to Sell Gas-Masks to the Public," signed by the Executive Officer of the National Emergency Commission, and shall be displayed prominently in the store or establishment, if there be one, maintained by such person, firm, corporation, or other entity.

2. The Executive Officer of the National Emergency Commission shall not issue the license referred to in paragraph 1 hereof, except upon certification by the Board of Inspectors for Gas-Masks, hereinafter created, that the gas-masks, respirators, or other protective devices, sought to be sold, distributed, or disposed of in any manner to the public, satisfies the minimum specifications required by said Board to insure the maximum of safety and protection against gases and/or substances that

operate as acute lung irritants, lachrimators, paralyzants, sternutators, vessicants, or otherwise injuriously affect human beings. The minimum specifications herein mentioned shall, among other things, require:

(a) That the type of the gas-mask, respirator, or other protective device, be at least similar to the Bureau of Science model with canister No. 1E-O manufactured by the National Development Company;

(b) That the specifications of the United States Army, with respect to the absorbent power of the charcoal utilized, be strictly complied with;

(c) That with respect to the soda lime used, the material should be granulated so as to pass through Sieve No. 8 and retained by Sieve No. 14 and the absorptive capacity under the same conditions should be not less than the absorptive capacity of soda lime of the following composition: Hydrated lime, $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2$, 55%; Portland Cement, 17%; Kieselguhr, 7.2%; Sodium Hydroxide, NaOH , 1.2%; Sodium permanganate, NaMnO_4 , 3.8%; and Moisture, 15.7%.

(d) That the percentage composition of the fillings of the canister should be approximately 15 to 25% soda lime and 85 to 75% activated charcoal; and

(e) That the gas-mask, respirator, or other protective device, shall be, as much as possible, small in weight, admit of easy carriage and rapid adjustment, offer little resistance to breathing, be comfortable to wear, and interfere as little as possible with vision and hearing.

3. For the purpose of determining as to whether the gas-masks, respirators, or other protective devices, sought to be sold, distributed, or disposed of in any manner to the public, satisfy the minimum specifications by it set in accordance with this Executive Order, and to exercise the functions and perform the duties herein specified, a board is hereby created and constituted, to be known as the Board of Inspectors for Gas Masks. The Board shall consist of five members, with the National Aid-Raid Warden as Chairman, and shall be appointed by the President of the Philippines to hold office for the duration of the national emergency unless sooner removed. The Secretary of the Civilian Emergency Administration shall be *ex-officio* Secretary of the Board. The Board shall prescribe the minimum specifications mentioned in Paragraph 2 of this Order; prescribe the procedure to be followed in order to obtain the certification mentioned in the above-mentioned paragraph and the certification mentioned in paragraph 5 of this Order; and in general, exercise such functions, perform such duties and issue such rules and regulations as would best effectuate the purposes of this Order.

4. It shall be the duty of the person, firm, corporation, or other entity who shall have obtained the license mentioned in paragraph 1 of this Order, to print legibly in any portion of the gas-mask, respirator, or other protective device, sought to be sold, distributed, or otherwise disposed of to the public, the following words: "Approved by the CEA," together with the name of the person, firm, corporation, or other entity selling, distributing, or otherwise disposing of the same to the public. In case the gas-mask, respirator, or other protective device, or parts thereof, are of foreign origin, manufacture, or make, and the manufacturer, producer, or maker thereof has no authorized agent in the Philippines licensed to do business in this jurisdiction in accordance with the Corporation Law, as amended, the local importer, dealer, or distributor of such products shall place his or its name therein and shall be liable and responsible for any violation of this Executive Order.

5. The Insular Collector of Customs and the Collectors of Customs in all ports of entry in the Philippines are hereby directed to notify immediately the Executive Officer of the National Emergency

Commission of consignments from abroad of gas-masks, respirators, or other protective devices, or parts thereof, landed in the Philippines for any person, firm, corporation, or other entity, and shall not allow the entry thereof into the Philippines unless the consignee produces, upon claiming the consignment, the certification of the Board of Inspectors for Gas-Masks mentioned in paragraph 2 of this Order covering such consignment.

6. Any person, firm, corporation or other entity, whether domestic or foreign, who sells, distributes, or otherwise disposes to the public, or offers or advertises for sale, distribution, or other disposition, gas-masks, respirators, or other protective devices, or parts thereof, without first having obtained the license mentioned in paragraph 1 of this Order, or without such license, marks such articles with the words, "Approved by the CEA," or violates in any manner the provisions of this Executive Order, shall be subject to the penalty prescribed in Section 3 of Commonwealth Act Numbered Six hundred. If such violation is committed by a firm, corporation, or other entity, the manager, managing director, or person charged with the management of the business of such firm, corporation or other entity shall be criminally responsible therefor.

7. The provisions of this Order shall not apply to gas-masks, respirators, or other protective devices against irritant or poisonous gases or substances, distributed by, or consigned from abroad to, the Commonwealth of the Philippines, or the armed forces of the United States or of the Philippines.

Done at the City of Manila, this 15th day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 373
REVISING FURTHER EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 135 DATED DECEMBER 31, 1937,
AS AMENDED, ESTABLISHING A CLASSIFICATION OF ROADS.

Executive Order No. 135, dated December 31, 1937, as amended, is hereby further amended so as to include the following roads in the classification of National Roads:

<u>National Roads</u>	<u>From</u> <u>Km.</u>	<u>To</u> <u>Km.</u>	<u>Length</u> <u>Km.</u>
<u>TAYABAS</u>			
Unisan-Pitogo Road	204.76	219.51	14.75
<u>LAGUNA</u>			
Banahaw National Park Road.....	-----	----	8.00

Done at the City of Manila, this 30th day of October, in the year of Our Lord nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the sixth.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 374

PROVIDING FOR THE CONTROL AND REGULATION OF THE SHIPMENT OF EXPORT
QUOTA SUGAR AND FOR THE DISTRIBUTION OF THE PROCEEDS THEREOF,
AND CREATING A SUGAR CONTROL AUTHORITY FOR THE PURPOSE

WHEREAS, due to the effect of the present war on shipping conditions throughout the world and as a result particularly of the diversion of vessels to the Atlantic Ocean for the carriage of cargo essential for the defense requirements of the United States, there exists an acute shortage of tonnage available for the shipment of centrifugal sugar from the Philippines to the United States;

WHEREAS, because of this scarcity it appears that not only will a certain amount of the 1941 export quota sugar not be shipped in time to arrive in the United States before December 31, 1941, but also that sufficient space may not be available for the shipment of the entire export quota for the year 1942 and for the succeeding years, if world conditions should continue as they are;

WHEREAS, in order to safeguard the interests of the various elements engaged in the sugar industry, particularly the planters who, without assistance, are in a disadvantageous position to secure freight space for their sugar, it is incumbent upon the Government to take such measures as may be necessary to extend to sugar producers in general equal opportunities in the exportation of their sugar;

WHEREAS, for the foregoing reasons, it is equally necessary to devise means for the eventual disposal of export quota sugar which it may not be possible to ship during the quota year to which it corresponds; and

WHEREAS, the public interest requires that, for the present, the sugar industry be maintained and preserved in order to prevent increased unemployment and to avoid a drastic reduction in the national income which would bring serious social and economic consequences;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, pursuant to the powers in me vested by Commonwealth Act No. 600, as amended by Commonwealth Act No. 620, in order to safeguard the public welfare, avoid increased unemployment and maintain the national income, do hereby declare that a state of emergency exists in the Philippine sugar industry, to the end that proper measures may be taken to insure to all producers an equal opportunity to export their sugar and receive their proportionate share of the benefit of whatever sales thereof may be made. For this purpose, there is hereby created a Sugar Control Authority under the general supervision and control of a board herein designated as the Sugar Control Board, which shall have the power and authority (1) to form a pool of all sugars entitled to be exported in any year to the United States; (2) to control all available shipping space for the transportation of centrifugal sugar; and (3) to apportion the proceeds from all centrifugal sugar sold on the basis of the amount stated in the export quedan-permits legally held or acquired by each participant in said pool. The Sugar Control Board shall be composed of the Secretary of Agriculture and Commerce, as chairman, one vice chairman, and such other members as the President may from time to time appoint or designate. The Board shall have an executive officer to be appointed by the President and shall, subject to the approval of the President, employ the necessary personnel and fix their rates of compensation.

1. The powers and duties of the Sugar Control Authority shall be specifically as follows:

(a) To establish a procedure, with the minimum possible delay, whereby all producers shall declare by whom their export quota sugar will be handled and sold, and whereby shippers shall submit for the approval of the Sugar Control Authority applications to handle and sell such sugar on behalf of producers; to approve or disapprove such applications where good cause exists that it would not be in the general interest to approve them; and, in general, to establish practical means to carry out the provisions of this Order with the greatest efficiency and dispatch and without undue disruption of the customary channels of trade.

(b) To establish and administer a pool of all centrifugal sugars entitled to be exported to the United States and for this purpose, to require that the proceeds of all such sugars, whether duly exported or whether sold as export quota sugar to a local refinery or otherwise disposed of, be deposited in a special account with the Philippine National Bank, to be held in escrow for equitable distribution to all producers, their heirs or assigns: Provided, however, That shippers to the United States or sellers to a local refinery will be allowed to deduct from the proceeds payable to the pool certain legitimate expenses, commissions and handling charges, as shall be approved by the Sugar Control Authority.

All dispositions of centrifugal export quota sugar shall be immediately reported to the Sugar Control Authority and the proceeds shall be turned over to the pool as hereinabove provided, but in no case shall a sale be allowed at a price lower than the lowest quoted price on the day and place where the sugar has been sold; and in case such a sale is effected, the Sugar Control Authority is empowered to demand that the seller pay to the pool the difference between the sales price and such lowest quoted price: Provided, That in the absence of publicly quoted prices, the Sugar Control Authority itself shall determine the fair minimum price to govern the transactions: And Provided also, That any sale may be allowed which has the prior approval of the Sugar Control Authority for the day on which it is effected.

(c) To distribute such funds as may become available in the escrow account of the pool on the basis of the amount of the export quota permits issued and legally held or acquired by each participant in the pool at a date or dates to be determined by the Sugar Control Authority, whether or not such sugar has actually been shipped; to require evidence that each shipper handling the sugars of other persons or entities on a commission basis has made proper disposition of the funds which may be paid to him for their account; and to prescribe whatever regulations it may deem necessary for the protection of holders of liens and encumbrances on all centrifugal export quota sugars.

(d) To revise and approve and, when equitable, standardize all charges to be made for commissions and other shipping expenses, as well as all charges for storage and insurance: Provided, however, That the Sugar Control Authority shall in no case authorize rates in excess of those in force for the crop year 1940-41 unless satisfactory proof has been submitted that the additional charges are justified.

(e) To authorize payment from the funds of the pool in escrow of such storage, insurance or other expenses as it may deem necessary in order to distribute the burden of carrying charges equitably on all producers.

(f) To require that all space which may become available for the shipment of centrifugal sugar to the United States be placed at the disposal of the Sugar Control Authority; and to make the most advantageous and economic allocation thereof to shippers, taking into consideration the requirements of the United States Maritime Commission, the exigencies of warehouse accommodations and other emergency conditions, and the general principle of equitable treatment of all producers as enunciated in this Order.

(g) To take such other measures as it may deem advisable towards the control of the shipment and distribution of the proceeds of refined sugar if, in its opinion, such control is warranted by circumstances which may exist from time to time.

(h) To control the disposition of any pooled sugar which may not be marketed in the United States or sold to a local refinery during the quota year to which it corresponds in so far as may be consistent with the intents and purposes of this Order.

(i) To require all persons, firms and corporations concerned to supply such data and information as may be required to enable the Sugar Control Authority to exercise its powers and perform its duties; to require shippers to sign compliance agreements in regard to the deposit of the proceeds of the sales of sugar in an escrow account with the Philippine National Bank; and to require shippers to comply with the instructions of the Sugar Control Authority in regard to sugar shipments.

(j) To incur the necessary administrative expenses for the maintenance of an office and the necessary personnel to carry out the work involved in the execution of its powers and the performance of its duties under a budget to be drawn by the Sugar Control Board and approved by the President: Provided, however, That the administrative expenses that the Board may incur for any quota corresponding to a given year may be paid by the Philippine National Bank and charged by the Bank to the escrow account of proceeds of sugar shipments.

(k) To issue such rules and regulations as may be necessary for the guidance and observance of all concerned and for the proper execution of the powers and duties vested in the Sugar Control Authority.

2. If, with regard to sugar to be produced for any quota year, the Philippine Government shall, directly or through any of its agencies or instrumentalities, offer to give special financial assistance on a specific percentage of the export quota corresponding to each producer; or, if and when the Philippine Government, by law or otherwise, should establish a limitation of sugar production below the existing export quota rights provided by present legislation, the Sugar Control Authority shall establish provisions for the shipment of the sugar produced in such year and of the carry-over of the export quota sugars of preceding years, as follows:

(a) All export quota sugars produced within the specified limits established in the financing agreements, or by law shall have preference in the allocation of shipping space or in the delivery thereof to local refineries during the corresponding year.

(b) After all such sugars have been shipped to the United States or sold to local refineries, shipping space or permission to sell to local refineries shall next be allocated to sugars carried forward from the pools of preceding years up to the amount necessary to fill the total export quota: Provided, That the Sugar Control Authority shall have the discretion to allocate shipping space to, or permit the sale of, such carry-over sugars before the completion of shipment of the sugars described in subparagraph (a) hereof in cases where serious inconvenience or prejudice to the general interest would otherwise be caused.

(c) After sugars under subparagraphs (a) and (b) hereof shall have been shipped to the United States or sold to local refineries, if the full Philippine export quota shall still not have been covered, shipping space shall be allotted to export quota sugars produced in excess of the specific limit established in the financing agreements or by law, under such conditions as the Sugar Control Authority may determine consistent with the intents and purposes of this Order. Such sugars so defined as are not delivered to the United States or sold to local refineries during that particular year shall acquire the status of carry-over sugars for the succeeding year.

(d) Inasmuch as the comparative quantities of export quota sugar which may be produced or legally acquired may vary as to each producer or export quota permit holder from one quota year

to another, there shall be established separate pools for the liquidation of the sugar pertaining to each quota year.

(e) Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph, the Sugar Control Authority shall have the authority to require the physical substitution and shipment of sugar corresponding to the previous crops for the sugar produced during that particular year in order to dispose of such old stocks before their quality deteriorates.

3. (a) In so far as it may not be incompatible with the enforcement of the Order, the customary channels of trade shall be employed in the production, financing, warehousing, handling and marketing of export quota sugar, the intention of this Order being to effect the necessary control during the present emergency with the minimum possible disruption of the existing business of all the components of the sugar industry.

(b) The Sugar Control Authority shall cooperate with the United States Maritime Commission in its efforts to use all shipping most effectively by allocating such space as may from time to time be available in a manner that shall be in coordination with the conditions of the voyage of their respective vessels as determined by the United States Maritime Commission.

(c) The Sugar Control Authority shall study and recommend to the President means of consolidating production in view of the fact that on the basis of a greatly reduced production which may occur in the future, some producers would be unable to operate at a profit.

4. The funds constituting the escrow account deposited with the Philippine National Bank, which the Sugar Control Authority is empowered to establish under paragraph 1(b), shall be only the contingent property of the producers and shall become their absolute property only upon its disbursement.

5. The Board created in this Order shall meet as often as may be required upon the call of the Chairman. In case the Board fails to arrive at a decision, the question at issue may be brought for settlement to the President of the Philippines.

6. The Board shall have all the powers of an investigating committee within the purview of Sections 71 and 580 of the Revised Administrative Code and may, in the execution of its functions, summon witnesses, administer oaths, take testimony relevant to the investigation of documents under a subpoena duces tecum or otherwise, pursuant to the terms of the aforesaid provisions of law.

7. The Sugar Control Authority shall be authorized to call directly upon any Department, Bureau or Office in the executive branch of the Government or upon any government-owned or controlled entity or agency for such assistance as it may need, and subject to the approval of the President, to requisition for, utilize and make use of the services of their personnel.

8. This Order shall take effect as of November 21, nineteen hundred and forty-one.

Done at the City of Manila, this 19th day of November, in the year of Our Lord, Nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the seventh.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 375

EXTENDING THE SCOPE OF THE POWERS VESTED IN THE SUGAR CONTROL
AUTHORITY BY EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 374 TO INCLUDE THE CONTROL AND
REGULATION OF THE SHIPMENT OF EXPORT SUGAR TO COUNTRIES OTHER THAN
THE UNITED STATES AND THE DISTRIBUTION OF THE PROCEEDS THEREOF

By virtue of the powers conferred upon me by Commonwealth Act No. 600, as amended by Commonwealth Act No. 620, it is hereby ordered that the authority vested by Executive Order No. 374, dated November 21, 1941, in the Sugar Control Authority, as created by said executive order, shall extend to and include all export sugars and the corresponding ship space, regardless of their destinations, i.e., whether they are for shipment to the United States or foreign countries.

This Order shall take effect as of December 3, 1941.

Done at the City of Manila, this 3rd day of December, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the seventh.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 376
REVISING ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER NO. 107 DATED OCTOBER 2, 1939,
ENTITLED “CREATING AN EMERGENCY CONTROL BOARD”

By virtue of the authority vested in me under the Constitution and under Commonwealth Act Numbered Six hundred, as amended, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, do hereby create and constitute a board, to be known as the Emergency Control Board, to be composed of the Secretary of Agriculture and Commerce, as Chairman, a Vice Chairman, and such other members as may be appointed by the President from time to time. The Board shall have an Executive Officer to be appointed also by the President.

The Board is hereby authorized and directed to formulate, for the consideration and approval of the President, the policies and the rules and regulations necessary to carry out the purposes of the aforesaid Commonwealth Act Numbered Six hundred, as amended. It shall also take charge of the enforcement of Executive Order No. 371, dated October 2, 1941, and such other rules and regulations promulgated under said Act as the President may entrust to it.

Administrative Order No. 107, dated October 2, 1939, is hereby revised accordingly.

Done at the City of Baguio, this 6th day of December, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the seventh.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON

By the President:

(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 377
PROHIBITING EXCESSIVE WITHDRAWAL OF DEPOSITS IN ALL
BANKING INSTITUTIONS IN THE PHILIPPINES

Pursuant to the powers vested in me under the Constitution and laws of the Philippines, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, do hereby order that:

1. No banking institution accepting deposits of any kind shall allow the withdrawal of such deposits in amounts in excess of Two hundred pesos every week, except upon special license to be given by the Bank Commissioner or by any of his duly authorized agents; and
2. All dealings in foreign exchange are hereby prohibited except upon like license of the Bank Commissioner or of any of his duly authorized agents.

Done at the City of Baguio, Philippines, this 8th day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the seventh.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 378
AMENDING FURTHER PARAGRAPH (1) OF EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 335, DATED APRIL 1,
1941, CREATING A CIVILIAN EMERGENCY ADMINISTRATION

Paragraph (1) of Executive Order No. 335, dated April 1, 1941, as amended by Executive Order No. 355, dated July 2, 1941, is hereby further amended to read as follows:

“1. The National Emergency Commission, composed of the Secretary of Department that the President may designate as Chairman and such members as may from time to time be appointed by the Chief Executive. This Commission shall, subject to the approval of the President, formulate and execute policies and plans for the protection and welfare of the civil population of the Philippines in extraordinary and emergency conditions. It shall have general supervision and control over the officials and organizations as authorized herein, in so far as their duties pertain to said Administration, and shall function through (1) The Manager, Philippine Red Cross; (2) a Director of Publicity and Propaganda; (3) a Food Administrator; (4) an Industrial Production Administrator; (5) a Fuel and Transportation Administrator; (6) a National Air Raid Warden; (7) a Director of Communications who shall all be ex officio members of the Commission.

Done at the City of Manila, this 10th day of December, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the seventh.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 379

DECLARING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 213, DATED JULY 10, 1939, ENTITLED
“ANNEXING A CERTAIN PORTION OF THE TERRITORY OF THE MUNICIPALITY
OF MAJAYJAY, PROVINCE OF LAGUNA, TO THE MUNICIPALITY OF LILIO,
SAME PROVINCE”, TO BE IN FULL FORCE AND EFFECT.

Executive Order Numbered Two hundred and thirteen, dated July tenth, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, entitled “ANNEXING A CERTAIN PORTION OF THE TERRITORY OF THE MUNICIPALITY OF MAJAYJAY, PROVINCE OF LAGUNA, TO THE MUNICIPALITY OF LILIO, SAME PROVINCE,” was promulgated upon recommendation of the Secretary of Interior and the Secretary of Finance on the following grounds: (1) the territory in question is much nearer to the municipality of Lilio than to the municipality of Majayjay; (2) it has already been surveyed, and its exact limits are now known and can be described with certainty and accuracy; (3) the Maimpis River which separates it from the rest of Majayjay is very much bigger than the Bungkol River which separates it from Lilio; hence, the Maimpis River is a more ideal boundary line between the two municipalities than the Bungkol River; (4) of the municipal share of the land tax corresponding to the territory in question amounting to ₱1,679.37, only ₱1,100.11 is actually being paid to Majayjay, the remaining ₱579.26 being paid to Lilio, so that the proposed change would reduce the average income of Majayjay, which is about ₱20,000.00, by only ₱1,100.00, and even with said reduction, Majayjay would still have a surplus of ₱2,800.00 of income over its expenditures; (5) even if Lilio will bear the corresponding share of the territory in question on account of the indebtedness of Majayjay to the Postal Savings Bank, Lilio would not be placed in any financial difficulty because it has an average income of ₱16,000.00, plus the ₱1,100.00 land tax corresponding to the territory in question; and (6) the proposed transfer will not affect the school organization and activities of either Lilio or Majayjay, as the children in the disputed territory attend school in Lilio rather than in Majayjay.

Upon recommendation of the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Finance, the effectivity of Executive Order Numbered Two hundred and thirteen was suspended by Executive Order Numbered Two hundred and nineteen, dated August thirty-first, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, pending the resolution of the petition for reconsideration filed by the municipality of Majayjay.

The Secretary of the Interior now recommends the revocation of Executive Order Numbered Two hundred and thirteen on the following grounds: (1) the fact that the children in the territory in question are attending the primary schools in Lilio has lost force as an argument for the annexation of the said territory to Lilio, inasmuch as under Commonwealth Act Numbered Three hundred and eighty-one, municipalities are relieved of the obligation of providing for primary instruction which has been assumed by the National Government, so that it will not be unjust to Lilio if those children continue to attend its primary schools instead of in Majayjay; and (2) while the Maimpis River is a more ideal dividing line between the two municipalities than the Bungkol River, boundary disputes awarding a disputed territory to one municipality should not be nullified by subsequent recommendation to award the very same territory to the municipality which lost in a boundary dispute as it would be

granting by indirection what has been denied directly. The Secretary of Finance finds no objection to the maintenance of the status quo from the financial point of view as both municipalities are able to adequately meet their obligations, and he agrees with the Secretary of the Interior that it would make for the stability of administrative decisions.

Upon careful review of the record, I find that the reasons which prompted the promulgation of Executive Order Numbered Two hundred and thirteen still exist. The fact that the children in the disputed territory attend the primary schools in Lilio instead of in Majayjay was raised in the petition for annexation not because of the expenses involved, but rather to show accessibility of the schools in Lilio to the school children of the territory in question, which necessarily indicated a closer social and civic relationship between the inhabitants of the territory in question and the inhabitants of Lilio more than with the inhabitants of the municipality of Majayjay. The fact that the municipality of Lilio lost to Majayjay in the administrative case regarding boundaries affecting the very territory sought to be transferred should not prevent the segregation of said territory, if such segregation is demanded by public welfare and the interest and convenience of the inhabitants affected. Different principles necessarily govern the solution of boundary disputes and petitions for the transfer of territory from one political subdivision to another. In the first case, what is to be determined is the real dividing line between two political subdivisions. In the latter case, the boundary line is admitted and what is at issue is whether or not public interest is to be served by the requested transfer.

In view of the foregoing, Executive Order Numbered Two hundred and thirteen, dated July tenth, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, entitled “ANNEXING A CERTAIN PORTION OF THE TERRITORY OF THE MUNICIPALITY OF MAJAYJAY, PROVINCE OF LAGUNA, TO THE MUNICIPALITY OF LILIO, SAME PROVINCE,” is hereby declared to be in full force, except that the effective date thereof is set for January first, nineteen hundred and forty-two, instead of September first, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine.

Executive Order Numbered Two hundred and nineteen, dated August thirty-first, nineteen hundred and thirty-nine, entitled “SUSPENDING THE EFFECTIVITY OF EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 213, DATED JULY 10, 1939,” is hereby revoked.

Done at the City of Manila, this 10th day of December, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the seventh.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON

By the President:

JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 380

AMENDING FURTHER PARAGRAPH 8 OF EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 354,
DATED JULY 1, 1941, ENTITLED “PROMULGATING CERTAIN EMERGENCY
RULES AND REGULATIONS GOVERNING ELECTRICAL COMMUNICATION
AND RADIO INSTALLATION AND SALE OR REPAIR OF RADIO APPARATUS”,
AS AMENDED BY EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 365, DATED AUGUST 29, 1941.

Paragraph 8 of Executive Order No. 354, dated July 1, 1941, as amended by Executive Order No. 365, dated August 29, 1941, is hereby further amended so as to read as follows:

“8 No amateur radio station licensee shall allow any third person to use his station except when owned and operated by a member of the U. S. Naval, the U. S. Military or the Philippine Army Service, and is strictly under the official supervision of either the District Communication Officer of the U. S. Navy, 16th Naval District, the Department Signal Officer, U. S. Army, or the Chief Signal Officer, Philippine Army, and is being used by either the U. S. Naval, the U. S. or the Philippine Army Communication Service as a monitoring station, in which case such station may be authorized by the Department of National Defense to permit members of the U. S. Naval Service, the U. S. Military Service, or the Philippine Army Service, to use it for third party communication.”

Done at the City of Manila, this 11th day of December, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the seventh.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON

By the President:

(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: Presidential Museum and Library

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 381
PROVIDING FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF PRIORITIES IN TELEPHONE AND
TELEGRAPH SERVICE AND CREATING THEREFOR A TELEPHONE AND
TELEGRAPH PRIORITIES BOARD

Pursuant to the powers conferred upon me by the Constitution and laws of the Philippines, and to effectuate the most efficient telephone and telegraph service for the defense of the Philippines, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, do hereby create and constitute a Telephone and Telegraph Priorities Board composed of a chairman and two members to be designated from time to time by the President of the Philippines.

The Telephone and Telegraph Priorities Board herein constituted shall have full and absolute control over the installation and/ or removal of telephone and telegraph facilities, both public and private, and their maintenance, and over all telephone and telegraph traffic. It shall have full authority to arrange or re-arrange, or to discontinue, any and all services at any time, whenever the same shall be found necessary.

This order shall take effect immediately.

Done at the City of Manila, this eleventh day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the seventh.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON

By the President:

(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 382

**AUTHORIZING THE COMMANDEERING OF FOOD, FUEL, BUILDING MATERIALS,
AND OTHER ARTICLES OR COMMODITIES OF PRIME NECESSITY, PROHIBITING AND
PENALIZING THE HOARDING THEREOF, AND PROVIDING FOR A MORE EFFECTIVE
ENFORCEMENT OF THE PROVISIONS OF ALL ANTI-PROFETEERING ORDERS.**

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by the Constitution and laws of the Philippines, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, do hereby promulgate the following rules:

(1) The Emergency Control Administrator may, at any time, order the commandeering of all food, fuel, building materials, and other articles or commodities of prime necessity for the purpose of preventing, locally or generally, scarcity, hoarding and injurious speculation affecting the supply, distribution and movement of such articles or commodities. Any and all commodities so commandeered by the Emergency Control Administrator shall be by him turned over to the Food Administrator of the Civilian Emergency Administration who shall dispose of such commandeered commodities for distribution to the public through such cooperative organizations as may have been organized by the National Cooperatives Administration, or through the National Trading Corporation, the National Rice and Corn Corporation, the Fuel Administrator of the Civilian Emergency Administration, the Industrial Production Administration of the Civilian Emergency Administration, or through such other agencies or instrumentalities, official or otherwise, as in his judgment may effect such distribution to the best interests of the consuming public. The Emergency Control Administrator shall issue the necessary rules and orders for the purpose of effecting the payment of the goods so commandeered.

(2) Any person, firm, or corporation, who, having in stock, either in his place of business or in his bodega or bodegas, commodities of prime necessity as listed and described in the schedules attached to Executive Order Numbered Three hundred and Seventy-one, issued October 2, 1941, or in such other Executive Orders as may hereafter be issued, shall withdraw from selling, or shall refuse to sell to any legitimate purchaser any of such commodities as the maximum selling prices set forth in the schedules attached to Executive Order Numbered Three Hundred and Seventy-one, issued on the second day of October, nineteen hundred and forty-one, or in any Executive Order amendatory thereto, or in any Special Permit or Emergency Order issued by the Emergency Control Administrator, or in any provincial emergency control order issued by a Provincial Committee of the Emergency Control Board, shall be deemed to be engaged in hoarding and speculation, which injuriously affects the supply, distribution and movement of the above-referred articles and commodities, and shall be punished as provided by section three of Commonwealth Act Numbered Six hundred.

(3) Any person, firm, or corporation, who shall offer to sell any commodity of prime necessity, as listed and described in the Schedules attached to Executive Order Numbered Three Hundred and Seventy-one issued on the second day of October, nineteen hundred and forty-one, at prices higher than the maximum selling prices set forth in the Schedules attached to said Executive Order No. 371, issued October 2, 1941, or in any Emergency Order issued by the Emergency Control Administrator, or in any

provincial emergency control order issued by a Provincial Committee of the Emergency Control Board, and/ or shall refuse to issue to the purchaser a covering invoice showing the actual price or prices charged for any of the article or articles of prime necessity as named and described in the Schedules attached to Executive Order numbered Three Hundred and Seventy-one, shall be punished as provided in Section three of Commonwealth Act Numbered Six hundred.

(4) Any person, firm, or corporation, who, having in stock commodities of prime necessity, as listed and described in the schedules attached to Executive Order Numbered Three Hundred and Seventy-one issued on the second day of October, nineteen hundred and forty-one or in any Executive Order amendatory thereto or in any Special Permit or Emergency Order issued by the Emergency Control Administrator or in any Provincial Emergency Control Order issued by the Provincial Committee of the Emergency Control Board shall make or effect a false or fictitious sale of any of said commodities and/ or articles of prime necessity, in order to make it appear in his inventory of essential commodities that he no longer has in stock the commodities and/ or article required, shall be penalized pursuant to the next preceding paragraph and the provisions of section three of Commonwealth Act Numbered Six Hundred.

(5) The Emergency Control Administrator is authorized to designate any officer or employee of the Govern--National, provincial, city or municipal--to assist him in the enforcement of all laws, executive orders, rules and regulations regarding profiteering, hoarding and speculation on food, fuel, and building materials.

(6) The Emergency Control Administrator, wherever the condition of the market shall so demand, may include among the commodities or articles listed in Executive Order No. 371, issued October 2, 1941, such other commodities or articles of prime necessity as, according to his investigation, are being made the subject of profiteering and shall fix the maximum selling prices therefor which shall in no case be less than the market price of such article as of December 7, 1941, plus a surcharge of not exceeding twenty-five per centum thereof, subject to the provisions regarding Emergency Orders and Special Permits as provided in paragraphs 4 (a), (b) and (c) of Executive Order No. 371, or in any other Executive Order amendatory thereto.

Done at the City of Manila, this 15th day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the seventh.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON

By the President:

(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 383
AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 377 DATED DECEMBER 8, 1941,
ENTITLED “PROHIBITING EXCESSIVE WITHDRAWAL OF DEPOSITS IN
ALL BANKING INSTITUTIONS IN THE PHILIPPINES”

Executive Order No. 377 dated December 8, 1941, is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

“Pursuant to the powers vested in me under the Constitution and laws of the Philippines, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, do hereby order that:

“1. No banking institution accepting deposits of any kind shall allow the withdrawal of such deposits in amounts in excess of Two hundred fifty pesos every week, or One thousand pesos a month, except upon special license to be given by the Bank Commissioner or by any his duly authorized agents; and

“2. All dealings in foreign exchange are hereby prohibited except upon like license of the Bank Commissioner or of any of his duly authorized agents.

Done at the City of Manila, Philippines, this 16th day of December, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the seventh.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON

By the President:
JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 384
FIXING HOURS OF LABOR DURING THE PRESENT EMERGENCY

Pursuant to the provisions of the Constitution and laws of the Philippines, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, do hereby order that the regular office hours for government bureaus and offices, including the provincial, city, and municipal governments, be fixed during the present emergency from 7:00 a.m. to 1:00 p.m.: Provided, That, during the period or periods when the daylight saving time established by Proclamation No. 789, dated December 13, 1941, is operative, the office hours shall be from 8:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m.

This Order shall be without prejudice to the discretion of the Head of any Department, Bureau or Office to extend the hours of labor for any or all of the employees under him whenever the interests of the public service so require.

Done at the City of Manila, this 16th day of December, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the seventh.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: Presidential Museum and Library

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 385

TRANSFERRING FROM THE GENERAL AUDITING OFFICE THE
FUNCTION OF PREPARING AND KEEPING THE ACCOUNTS OF THE VARIOUS
DEPARTMENTS, BUREAUS, OFFICES, AND DEPENDENCIES OF THE NATIONAL
GOVERNMENT, INCLUDING THE SUPREME COURT, THE COURT OF APPEALS,
THE COMMISSION ON ELECTIONS, AND THE UNIVERSITY OF THE PHILIPPINES,
AS WELL AS THE FUNCTIONS OF ACTING UPON REQUISITIONS FOR SUPPLIES,
MATERIALS, AND EQUIPMENT, AND OF OPERATING THE SALVAGE WAREHOUSE.

The public interest so requiring, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by Commonwealth Act Numbered Six hundred and seventy-one, entitled "An Act declaring a state of total emergency as a result of war involving the Philippines and authorizing the President to promulgate rules and regulations to meet such emergency," do ordain and promulgate the following:

1. Except as herein otherwise provided, the function of preparing and keeping the accounts of the different departments, bureaus, offices, and dependencies of the National Government, including the Supreme Court, the Court of Appeals, the Commission on Elections and the University of the Philippines, and such other duties as are incidental to the said function, which are now being performed by the General Auditing Office pursuant to the provisions of Commonwealth Act Numbered Three hundred twenty, are hereby transferred, together with their corresponding appropriations, personnel, books, records, equipment and other property, to the Budget Office. The functions of preparing and keeping the accounts of the Philippine Army and the Philippine Constabulary, which are now also being performed by the General Auditing Office, are hereby transferred, together with their corresponding appropriations, personnel, books, records, equipment and other property, to the administrative control and supervision of the Chief of Staff of the Philippine Army and the Chief of Constabulary, respectively. The functions of acting upon requisitions or orders for supplies, materials, furniture and equipment, and of operating and maintaining the Salvage Warehouse, which are also being performed by the General Auditing Office, are likewise hereby transferred, together with their corresponding appropriations, personnel, books, records, equipment, and other property, to the Budget Office.

2. The Commissioner of the Budget and the Auditor General are hereby designated a Committee to segregate immediately the appropriations, personnel, books, records, equipment, and other property provided for the present accounting-auditing offices to determine those which shall be transferred to the Budget Office and those to be retained in the General Auditing Office. The Committee shall, as soon as possible but not later than December 22, 1941 submit a report thereon to the President for approval.

3. The Commissioner of the Budget and the Auditor General are hereby authorized, subject to the approval of the President, to readjust the appropriations for salaries and wages in their respective office, including such modifications of their plantillas of personnel by consolidating, abolishing, splitting, and creating positions, as may be found necessary, provided that the appropriations segregated for said

offices for salaries and wages shall not be exceeded thereby. No salary promotions shall be allowed by reason of these adjustments.

4. The services hereby transferred shall operate in suitable quarters furnished therefor by the corresponding departments, bureaus, offices, or dependencies and shall be under the charge of accounting offices appointed or designated by the Commissioner of the Budget. It shall be the duty of said accounting officers to manage such service for the corresponding head of department, or chief of bureau, office, or dependency; advise him of the trend of the business affairs thereof; render such reports and statements as may be required of him by the Commissioner of the Budget, the Auditor General, or the head of the department, bureau, office, or dependency concerned; and perform such other duties as the Commissioner of the Budget may prescribe.

5. Every department, bureau, office, and dependency of the Government shall furnish the Budget Office such information as it may require, and the Commissioner of the Budget or his duly authorized representative shall, for the purpose of securing such information, have access to and the right to examine any books, documents, papers or records of such departments, bureaus, offices, and dependencies of the Government.

6. During the period of the emergency and when the exigencies of the service so require, the Commissioner of the Budget may delegate the exercise of the Administrative supervision and control of the accounting service of any bureau, office or dependency to the director or chief thereof.

7. The provisions of Commonwealth Act No. 320 are hereby declared inoperative.

This Order shall take effect immediately.

Done at the City of Manila, this 17th day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the seventh.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON

By the President:

JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 386
PLACING THE RED STRIPE OF THE FILIPINO FLAG UP DURING
THE PRESENT EMERGENCY

WHEREAS, it is prescribed under existing laws that the stripes of the Filipino Flag above the imaginary horizontal line of the quadrangular bunting starting from the third angle of the triangle and running straight from the left to the right border or side of the bunting be colored blue and the stripe below said imaginary line be colored red;

WHEREAS, it is a tradition of the Filipino people that in time of war, the flag shall be flown with the red stripe above and the blue stripe below in order to denote the valor, firmness and fortitude with which the Filipino people aim to prosecute such war to victory;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, pursuant to the authority vested in me by the Constitution and laws of the Philippines, do hereby order that for the duration of the existing emergency and until otherwise ordered, the Filipino Flag shall be flown with the red stripe above and the blue stripe below. The Filipino Flag shall otherwise remain as prescribed under existing laws.

Done at the City of Manila, this 18th day of December, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the seventh.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON

By the President:

(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 387
FIXING THE SCHEDULE OF BURIAL EXPENSES IN CASE OF DEATH FROM INJURIES
RECEIVED OR SICKNESS CONTRACTED IN PERFORMANCE OF DUTY

For the purpose of uniformity, it is hereby ordered that the burial expenses of a person in the Philippine civil service, when allowed, except when otherwise specifically provided for by law, be fixed with the approval of the corresponding head of department in an amount which shall not exceed the following:

- (a) For an officer or employee receiving a salary of five hundred pesos or less per annum, reasonable burial expenses of not to exceed sixty pesos;
- (b) For an officer or employee receiving a salary of more than five hundred pesos per annum, but not exceeding one thousand pesos per annum, reasonable burial expenses of not to exceed eighty pesos;
- (c) For an officer or employee receiving a salary of more than one thousand pesos per annum, but not exceeding two thousand pesos per annum, reasonable burial expenses of not to exceed one hundred pesos;
- (d) For an officer or employee receiving a salary of more than two thousand pesos per annum, but not exceeding three thousand pesos per annum, reasonable burial expenses of not to exceed one hundred and twenty-five pesos;
- (e) For an officer or employee receiving a salary of more than three thousand pesos per annum, but not exceeding four thousand pesos per annum, reasonable burial expenses of not to exceed one hundred and fifty pesos;
- (f) For an officer or employee receiving a salary of more than four thousand pesos per annum, but not exceeding five thousand pesos per annum, reasonable burial expenses of not to exceed one hundred and seventy-five pesos;
- (g) For an officer or employee receiving a salary of more than five thousand pesos per annum, but not exceeding six thousand pesos per annum, reasonable burial expenses of not to exceed two hundred pesos; and
- (h) For an officer or employee receiving a salary of more than six thousand pesos per annum, reasonable burial expenses of not to exceed two hundred and fifty pesos.

Any officer or employee, whose compensation is fixed at other than the per annum basis, may be granted the sum for burial expenses allowable for that receiving compensation on the corresponding per annum basis.

Done at the City of Manila, this 18th day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the seventh.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON

By the President

(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 388
PLACING THE BUREAU OF IMMIGRATION UNDER THE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

Pursuant to the powers vested in me by the Constitution and laws of the Philippines, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, do hereby direct that the Bureau of Immigration be placed, for administrative purposes, under the supervision and control of the Office of the President.

Done at the City of Manila, this 22nd day of December, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the seventh.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 389
DIRECTING THE IMMEDIATE ARREST AND VIGOROUS PROTECTION OF PERSONS
PILLAGING, LOOTING OR COMMITTING OTHER ACTS OF LAWLESSNESS
AGAINST THE CIVILIAN POPULATION.

WHEREAS, it has been brought to my attention that since the outbreak of war, certain vicious and misguided individuals, taking advantage of the present emergency, have indulged in pillaging, looting and other acts of lawlessness against civilian and enemy population;

WHEREAS, under martial law, persons guilty of such wanton acts are punishable with the severest penalties;

WHEREAS, in areas under the civil authority where the courts are still functioning, such acts of violence and vandalism should be dealt with promptly and vigorously;

AND WHEREAS, even in peace times, such infractions of the law have no place in a civilized society;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, do hereby order all police officers to arrest on sight persons pillaging, looting or committing other acts of lawlessness against any person, be he a citizen, alien or enemy resident, and all prosecuting attorneys are further instructed to deal swiftly and severely with such offenders.

Done at the City of Manila, this 22nd day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the seventh.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON

By the President:

(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 390
PRESCRIBING THE ORDER OF PRESIDENTIAL SUCCESSION AND
ABOLISHING THE DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Under authority conferred upon me by the Constitution and laws of the Philippines, and more particularly pursuant to the powers vested in me by Commonwealth Act Numbered Six hundred seventy-one, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, do hereby ordain that the order of precedence and/or succession to the Presidency of the Philippines in case of failure to qualify, removal, termination of the right thereto, death, resignation, or inability to discharge the powers and duties of the office by both the President or President-elect and the Vice President or Vice President-elect, as the case may be, shall, for the purposes of sections 6 and 8 of Art. VII of the Constitution, as amended, be as follows:

Secretary to the President
Secretary of Finance
Secretary of National Defense
Secretary of Justice
Secretary of Agriculture and Commerce
Secretary of Public Works and Communications
Secretary of Public Instruction
Secretary of Labor
Secretary of Health and Public Welfare

The Department of the Interior is hereby abolished and all its bureaus and offices and their powers, functions, duties, records, documents, furniture, office equipment, and property shall be distributed as provided in Commonwealth Act Numbered Six hundred sixty, effective January 1, 1942.

Commonwealth Act Numbered Sixty-eight is hereby declared inoperative.

Done at the City of Manila, this 22nd day of December, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the seventh.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON

By the President:

(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS

Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 391
AUTHORIZING PROVINCIAL, CITY, AND MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENTS TO INCUR IN
OVERDRAFTS FOR THE PAYMENT OF SALARIES OF THEIR OFFICERS AND
EMPLOYEES AND EXPENSES FOR ESSENTIAL ACTIVITIES

Upon the recommendation of the Secretary of Finance, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, acting under and by virtue of the powers vested in me by Commonwealth Act Numbered Six hundred seventy-one, entitled “An Act Declaring a State of Total Emergency as a Result of War Involving the Philippines and Authorizing the President to Promulgate Rules and Regulations to Meet such Emergency,” do hereby authorize the provincial, city and municipal governments to incur in overdrafts in order that they may be able to pay the salaries and/or wages of their officers and employees and carry out essential activities that the President may authorize during the present emergency, and for this purpose the Provincial, City, and Municipal Treasurers may use any funds in their possession, the resulting net overdrafts in the provincial, city or municipal funds to be made coverable from the appropriations authorized under Commonwealth Act No. 670, Any national fund thus advanced shall be refunded as soon as local funds become available.

This Order shall take effect immediately.

Done at the City of Manila, this 22nd. day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the seventh.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON

By the President
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 392
AUTHORIZING THE FOOD ADMINISTRATOR TO TAKE OVER FARM
LANDS AND TO REQUIRE ABLE-BODIED CITIZENS TO ENGAGE IN
FARMING AND OTHER PRODUCTIVE ACTIVITIES

By virtue of the powers vested in me by the Constitution and laws of the Philippines, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, do hereby authorize the Food Administrator appointed under Executive Order No. 378, dated December 10, 1941, to take over farm lands, cultivated or uncultivated, with a view of putting the same to productive uses; and for such purpose, as well as for the general purpose of preventing failure or shortage of crops and averting hunger and destitution, to require all able-bodied citizens when not engaged in any lawful occupation to engage in farming and other productive activities. Any person who, when required so to do by the Food Administrator, shall refuse to render the service required of him, shall be punished in accordance with the provisions of section three of Commonwealth Act Numbered Six Hundred. The Food Administrator shall, with the approval of the President, issue the necessary rules and orders to compensate for the lands taken over and for the services rendered by the persons required to engage in farming and other productive activities as herein provided, and such other rules and regulations as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this Order. The expenditure of the necessary funds to carry into effect the aims and purposes of this Order is hereby authorized, subject to the usual accounting and auditing requirements.

Done at the City of Manila, this 23rd day of December, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the seventh.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 393
PROVIDING FOR THE FREE TRANSMISSION OF MAILS OF UNITED
STATES ARMY AND NAVY OFFICERS AND MEN

By virtue of the powers vested in me by the Constitution and laws of the Philippines, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, do hereby order that the mails of the officers and men of the United States Armed Forces in the Far East and of the United States Navy shall be received, transmitted and delivered in the mails of the Philippines, free of ordinary postal charges, during the period of the present emergency.

Done at the City of Manila, this 23rd day of December, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the seventh.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 394

ESTABLISHING AN INTER-ISLAND SHIPPING AUTHORITY, WAR RISK INSURANCE FOR VESSELS ENGAGED IN THE COAST-WISE TRADE AND APPROPRIATING FOR THAT PURPOSE FIVE MILLION PESOS FROM THE FUNDS IN THE PHILIPPINE TREASURY SET ASIDE FOR DEFENSE AND CIVILIAN PROTECTION MEASURES.

WHEREAS, it is necessary during the present emergency to maintain adequate interisland shipping communication between and among different sections of the Philippines;

WHEREAS, to accomplish this purpose it is necessary to establish an agency that will coordinate shipping activities, establish war risk insurance to cover the losses to shipowners as a result of the operation of their vessels, and appropriate the funds that may be necessary to carry out such purposes;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers in me vested by the Constitution and laws of the Philippines, do hereby, -

(1) Create and establish an Interisland Shipping Authority with the following powers and duties:

(a) To determine the port or ports between which shipping communication should be maintained;

(b) To designate which vessels should be placed in operation for that purpose, and to fix the routes for each vessel;

(c) To maintain close contact with army officials to determine the interisland shipping requirements of the army and make arrangements to meet such requirements;

(d) To make recommendations to the Public Service Commission regarding freight and passenger rates and in the meantime to establish maximum passenger and freight rates;

(e) To issue, upon the request of the owners, war risk insurance policies to vessels engaged in the coast-wise trade and which may be required by the Interisland Shipping Authority to be operated so as to maintain interisland shipping communication between the different sections of the Philippines. The value at which each vessel may be insured, as well as the premium to be paid by the owners thereof, shall be determined by the Interisland Shipping Authority, but such value shall not exceed the pre-war value of the vessel; and

(f) To issue regulations and exercise such other powers and duties as may be reasonably necessary to carry out the purposes of this Order.

(2) Appropriate the sum of FIVE MILLION PESOS (₱5,000,000) from the funds in the Philippine Treasury set aside for defense and civilian protection purposes to cover payments under the war risk insurance policies that may be issued and to meet the expences of the Interisland Shipping Authority herein created. All premiums collected shall accrue to this fund which shall be earmarked in the

Philippine Treasury for the purposes set forth in this Order. The expenses of the Interisland Shipping Authority shall be made in accordance with a budget approved by the President of the Philippines.

Done at the City of Manila, this 24th day of December, in the year of Our Lord, Nineteen hundred and forty-one and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the seventh.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: Presidential Museum and Library

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 395
PROVIDING FOR AN INCREASE IN THE NUMBER OF JUSTICES
OF THE COURT OF APPEALS AND OF THE JUDGES OF THE COURT
OF FIRST INSTANCE OF THE FOURTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT;
AND INVESTING JUDGES APPOINTED UNDER COMMONWEALTH
ACT NO. 504 (CADASTRAL) WITH GENERAL JURISDICTION

Pursuant to the powers vested in me under the Constitution and laws of the Philippines, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, do hereby order that:

1. The Court of Appeals of the Philippines shall consist of a Presiding Justice and eighteen Associate Justices and may sit in such number or divisions as the Court may, by resolution, provide.

2. Fourteen judges shall be commissioned for the Fourth Judicial District, of which eleven, with residence in the City of Manila, shall be known as judges of the First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, Tenth, and Eleventh Branches, respectively, shall preside over the Courts of First Instance of Manila and Palawan, and three judges shall preside over the Court of First Instance of, and reside in, the Province of Rizal.

3. All Judges appointed under the provisions of Commonwealth Act No. 504 (Cadastral) shall henceforth have general jurisdiction throughout the Philippines to try and determine all cases cognizable originally or on appeal by the Courts of First Instance.

Done at the City of Manila, this 24th day of December, in the year of our Lord, Nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the seventh.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 396
REORGANIZING AND GROUPING THE EXECUTIVE
DEPARTMENTS OF THE GOVERNMENT

Pursuant to the authority conferred upon me by the Constitution and laws of the Philippines, the Executive Departments of the Government are hereby reorganized and grouped as follows:

Office of the President
Department of Finance, Agriculture and Commerce
Department of National Defense, Public Works, Communications and Labor
Department of Public Instruction, Health and Welfare

All the functions pertaining to the Department of Justice shall be performed by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.

Done at the City of Manila, this 24th day of December, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the seventh.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 397
EXEMPTING THE HARBOR POLICE FORCE IN MATTERS OF APPOINTMENTS,
PROMOTIONS, DISCIPLINE AND REMOVAL FROM THE CIVIL SERVICE
RULES AND REGULATIONS

WHEREAS, By Executive Order No. 228 issued on October 31, 1939, the Harbor Police was created on a semi-military basis to secure and maintain a high degree of efficiency in the organization and operation of all police agencies within the harbor and port areas in the City of Manila and in other ports of entry in the Philippines;

WHEREAS, this organization is performing police duties essentially different from those of other police agencies in the Philippines and in an area which is important from the standpoint of the national defense;

WHEREAS, pursuant to the above-mentioned Executive Order, Customs Administrative Order No. 387, otherwise known as Harbor Police Regulations, was promulgated on December 28, 1940, duly approved by the Secretary of Finance, under which regulations, all matters relating to the appointment, promotion, discipline, and removal of the members of the Harbor police, except that of the Chief thereof, are subject to Civil Service Rules and Regulations; and

WHEREAS, in view of existing conditions, it is essential that all such matters be attended to as expeditiously as possible;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers in me vested by the Constitution and existing laws and to better serve the ends for which the Harbor Police has been organized, do hereby order that the appointment, promotion, discipline, and removal of the members of the Harbor Police be subject only to the discretion of the appointing authority.

The provisions of Customs Administrative Order No. 378 which are in conflict with the provisions of this Order are hereby repealed or modified.

Done at the City of Manila, this 24th day of December, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the seventh.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 398
PERMITTING REGISTRATION AND DEPOSIT OF PHILIPPINE GOVERNMENT
SECURITIES WITH THE TREASURER OF THE PHILIPPINES

Pursuant to the powers vested in me under the Constitution and laws of the Philippines, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, do hereby order that:

1. The Treasurer of the Philippines is hereby designated as Agent of the Government of the Commonwealth of the Philippines to receive for deposit for safekeeping only from their rightful owners securities issued by the Government of the Philippines or any of its instrumentalities.

2. The Treasurer of the Philippines, before accepting such securities for deposit shall require the owners or holders thereof to execute an affidavit in quintuplicate setting forth the following:

(a) Name, address and citizenship of affiant and of all persons having any interest in the securities listed, and the nature of such interests.

(b) List of securities by title, loan, interest rate, denomination, serial number, form of registration if registered, number and dates of coupons and a description of any tax or other stamp or notarial or similar seal of a blocked country which may appear on such securities.

(c) Date and source of acquisition of coupon securities by present owner or holder.

(d) A request that the securities be accepted for safekeeping during the duration of the national emergency.

(e) A request that in the event of destruction of such securities, if the evidence of such destruction is satisfactory and acceptable to the Secretary of Finance, substitute securities be issued by the Government of the Philippines and be held for the account of the depositor or delivered to a designated bank corporation or individual.

3. The National Treasurer shall check the list of securities against the items deposited and shall certify under his official seal on each copy of the affidavit of the fact of such deposit and its verification.

4. The original of such affidavit shall be sent to the Office of the President of the Philippines, the duplicate to the Department of Finance, Agriculture and Commerce, the triplicate to be retained by the National Treasurer, the quadruplicate to be given to the depositor of the securities, and the quintuplicate to be placed with the securities in a sealed enveloped which shall be properly identified.

5. The National Treasurer is hereby authorized to promulgate such rules and regulations, and to prescribe such forms, as may be necessary to carry out this Executive Order.

Done at the City of Manila, Philippines, this twenty-fourth day of December, in the year of Our Lord, Nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the seventh.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 399
AMENDING PARAGRAPH 4 OF EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 326

By virtue of the powers vested in me under Commonwealth Act Numbered Six hundred and one, entitled “An Act to regulate the establishment, maintenance and operation of places of amusement in chartered cities, municipalities and municipal districts,” paragraph 4 of Executive Order No. 326, is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

“(a) Days and hours of operation.—Bars shall be open only from 9:00 o’clock a. m. to 2:00 o’clock p. m. every day during the present period of emergency. This is understood to mean that after such closing hour no activity of any kind, whether music, dancing, holding of floor shows, concerts or the like, or the serving of food or drinks of any kind, shall be allowed within the premises of such establishment and the patron shall not be allowed to remain therein: Provided, that any store, place or establishment wherein alcoholic beverages or liquors of any kind are sold shall be considered a bar for the purposes of the limitations as to the days and hours of operation prescribed in these regulations.”

Done in the Philippines this twenty-ninth day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-one, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the seventh.

(SGD.) **MANUEL L. QUEZON**

By the President:
(SGD.) **JORGE B. VARGAS**
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1941). *[Executive Order Nos.: 248 - 399]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 400
CREATING THE CITY OF GREATER MANILA

Pursuant to the Constitution and laws of the Philippines, the City of Greater Manila is hereby created. Its territory shall include the present City of Manila, the Quezon City, and all the territory comprised in the municipalities of Caloocan, San Juan, Mandaluyong, Makati, Pasay, and Parañaque.

Except where otherwise directed by the Mayor of Greater Manila or other competent authority, the laws applicable to the present city of Manila shall govern in the territory comprised in Greater Manila.

The present mayors of Manila, Quezon City and of the municipalities hereby incorporated shall be assistant Mayors of Greater Manila, but their jurisdiction shall be limited within their respective existing city or municipal boundaries.

Done in the Philippines, this first day of January, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-two, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the seventh.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON

By the President:
(SGD.) JORGE B. VARGAS
Secretary to the President

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1942). *[Executive Order Nos.: 335 - 400]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

MALACAÑANG
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 401
CONFERRING JURISDICTION ON THE COURT OF FIRST INSTANCE
OF ILOILO TO TRY CRIMES COMMITTED IN THE PROVINCE OF MASBATE

By virtue of the authority vested in me under the Constitution and laws of the Philippines, the Court of First Instance of Iloilo is hereby conferred jurisdiction to try crimes committed in the province of Masbate.

Done in the Field, this 26th day of February, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-two, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the seventh.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) SERAPIO D. CANCERAN
Private Secretary to the President

Source: **Legislative Library, House of Representatives**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1942). *[Executive Order Nos.: 14 - 402]*. Quezon City: House of Representatives.

MALACAÑAN PALACE
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 402

**AUTHORIZING AND EMPOWERING COLONEL MANUEL ROXAS, SECRETARY TO THE
PRESIDENT, TO ACT FOR AND IN BEHALF OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES**

WHEREAS, war conditions and the successful prosecution of the war effort in the Philippines have made it imperative for the President of the Philippines be temporarily leave Philippine territory;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, MANUEL L. QUEZON, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the authority vested in me under the Constitution and laws of the Philippines, do hereby authorize and empower Colonel Manuel Roxas, P.A., Secretary to the President and ranking member of the Cabinet, to act for and in behalf of the President of the Philippines in any and all matters within his jurisdiction under the Constitution and laws of the Philippines for the proper and continued administration of the affairs of government in the Philippines, and likewise in the name and in behalf of the President of the Philippines, to issue such orders, regulations and appointments, and to authorize disbursements of public funds as the circumstances may require in the same manner and to the same extent as if the President himself had taken action thereon. Colonel Manuel Roxas is hereby also empowered to appoint such agents and other officials as may be necessary for the proper discharge of his functions. He shall submit to the President of the Philippines from time to time a report of the official actions taken by him pursuant to this executive order.

Done this 26th day of March in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-two, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the seventh.

(SGD.) MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) SERAPIO D. CANCELAN
Private Secretary to the President

Source: Legislative Library, House of Representatives

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1942). *[Executive Order Nos.: 14 - 402]*. Quezon City: House of Representatives.

MALACAÑANG
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. (UNNUMBERED)
FIXING THE SALARIES OF THE OFFICERS AND ENLISTED
MEN OF THE PHILIPPINE ARMY

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 90 of the National Defense Act and of the Emergency Powers Law, I, Manuel Quezon, President of the Philippines, do hereby prescribe the following schedule of salary rates and quarters allowance for officers of the Philippine Army, effective March 15, 1942, and extending for the duration of the war and six months thereafter unless sooner terminated by competent authority:

	ANNUAL <u>PAY</u>	MONTHLY <u>QUARTERS ALLOWANCE</u>
Major General	₱16,000	₱200
Brigadier General	12,000	200
Colonel	8,000	200
Lieutenant Colonel	7,000	200
Major	6,000	160
Captain	4,800	140
First Lieutenant	4,000	100
Second Lieutenant	3,000	80
Third Lieutenant	2,400	60

During the period that the rates of pay herein prescribed are effective there shall not be paid to any officer an increase of pay by reason of length of service, commonly called “longevity pay.”

During the period that the rates of pay herein prescribed are effective there shall not be paid to any officer an increase of pay for duty requiring regular and frequent aerial flights.

ENLISTED MEN, LINE AND MEDICAL SERVICE

	Monthly <u>Pay</u>	Monthly <u>Quarters Allowance</u>
Master Sergeant	₱86	₱16
Technical Sergeant and First Sergeant	70	16
Staff Sergeant	60	16
Sergeant	51	12
Corporal	37	12
Private First Class	22	8
Private	18	8

ENLISTED MEN, AIR CORPS

	Monthly <u>Pay</u>	Monthly <u>Quarters Allowance</u>
Master Sergeant	₱86	₱16
Technical Sergeant	80	16
Staff Sergeant	75	16
First Sergeant	60	16
Sergeant	51	12
Corporal	37	12
Private First Class	22	8
Private	18	8

Provided that no man shall suffer a reduction in pay by reason of this Executive Order.

Done at the seat of Government in the Field, this tenth day of March, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen Hundred and Forty Two, and the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the seventh.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

Source: **Basilio Valdes Collections**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1945). Copy in possession of Basilio Valdes.

MELBOURNE, VICTORIA,
AUSTRALIA.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. (UNNUMBERED)

Pursuant to authority granted me by Commonwealth Act No. 1, and especially by the Emergency Powers Law, there is hereby established a Philippine Army Emergency Fund in the sum of one hundred thousand pesos. This fund is established to finance contingencies incident to the prosecution of the war and will be disbursed by an officer of the Philippine Army to be designated from time to time, and in accordance with directions issued by the Commander-in-Chief, Southwest Pacific Area, and his successors in command of the Philippine Army. The initial assignment of a Disbursing Officer hereunder will be Major Joseph McMicking, Air Corps Philippine Army.

Done at Melbourne, Victoria, Australia, this twentieth day of April, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-two and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the seventh.

(Sgd.) MANUEL L. QUEZON

By the President:

Secretary to the President.

Source: Quezon Family Collections

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1942). [*Unnumbered Executive Order: April 20, 1942*]. Copy in possession of Quezon Family.

FORT MILLS, CORREGIDOR
PHILIPPINES

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 1

General Douglas MacArthur, United States Army, was appointed Military Adviser to the Commonwealth of the Philippines, with the approval of the President of the United States, upon its inauguration in November, 1935. General MacArthur, assisted by the American Military Mission which he formed, devised original plans and methods to develop the national defense of the Philippines. The Military Mission was the instrument which enabled the Government of the Commonwealth to train and equip an army. During bitter assaults by shortsighted or misguided critics of my national defense policy the Military Mission, on many occasions, bore the brunt of the attack and contributed immeasurably to the successful fulfillment of my plans. These officers forged the weapon that is now striking the blows on the field of battle that earn for the Philippines the priceless right to be recognized on its merit as an equal in the brotherhood of arms by the nations of the world. A magnificent defense has earned the plaudits and admiration of the world. That no troops have ever done so much with so little is due primarily to the outstanding generalship that made possible the skillful maneuvers that saved the lives of thousands of our soldiers despite the overwhelming force that confronted them. But it is in the importance of the accomplishment of General MacArthur and the Military Mission rather than in their deeds themselves that makes them transcendent. They stand as the outpost of victory of individual freedom and liberty over slavery and tyranny in the mighty struggle that engulfs the world. Win or lose, live or die, no men have ever carried a heavier burden or weightier responsibility with greater resolution and determination. The record of their services is interwoven forever into the national fate of our people.

In recognition of outstanding service to the Commonwealth of the Philippines and pursuant to the authority granted me by Commonwealth Act Number One and especially by the Emergency Powers Law, the officers named below are hereby granted recompense and reward, however inadequate, for distinguished service rendered between November 15, 1935 and December 30, 1941 as indicated below:

General Douglas MacArthur \$500,000 U.S. Currency
Major General Richard K. Sutherland \$75,000 U.S. Currency
Brigadier General Richard J. Marshall, Jr. \$45,000 U.S. Currency
Lieutenant Colonel Sidney L. Huff \$20,000 U.S. Currency

Done at Fort Mills, Corregidor, Philippines this third day of January, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-two and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the seventh.

[Sgd. Manuel L. Quezon]

By the President:

[Sgd. Basilio J. Valdes]

Secretary to the President. </SIG>

Fort Mills, Corregidor,

Philippines

February 19, 1942.

Received from His Excellency, the President of the Commonwealth, the sum of ONE MILLION TWO HUNDRED EIGHTY THOUSAND PESOS, (P1,280,000.00). In the event that orders issued to the Chase National Bank by radio on February 15, 1942, directing the transfer of certain funds, are not carried out, these funds will be applied to that purpose; otherwise, they will be held for the account of the Government of the Commonwealth of the Philippines.

Fort Mills, P.I.,

February 25, 1942.

Received from General Douglas MacArthur the sum of ONE MILLION TWO HUNDRED EIGHTY THOUSAND PESOS (P1,280,000) which have been held by him for the account of the Commonwealth Government for special purposes specified by the President of the Commonwealth.

(Sgd.) MANUEL ROXAS Lt. Col.,

In Charge of Philippine Treasury.

Certified to be a true copy:

S. L. HUFF,

Lt. Col., A. D. C.,

Source: Quezon Family Collections

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1942). [*Executive order no. I*]. Copy in possession of Quezon Family.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES
WASHINGTON, D. C.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 1-W
AMENDING RULES AND REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE APPOINTMENT AND
SUPERVISION OF GOVERNMENT PENSIONADOS.

Paragraph 17, IV, of Executive Order No. 303, dated September 26, 1940, is hereby amended to read as follows:

17. *Monthly pension.*—A monthly pension of \$100 during the period of scholarship, for board, lodging and incidentals, shall be given each pensionado. Monthly pensions shall begin on date of leaving Manila and end on the date the pensionado arrives in Manila. Monthly pensions shall be paid at the end of each month in the United States by the Disbursing Agent, Philippine Revenues, Division of Territories and Island Possessions, Department of the Interior, Washington D.C.

This Executive Order shall take effect on June 1, 1942.

Done at the City of Washington, District of Columbia, United States of America, this thirteenth day of May, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-two, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the seventh.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

Source: Presidential Museum and Library

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1942). *[Executive Order Nos.: 1w - 111]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES
WASHINGTON, D. C.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 2-W
VACATING COMMISSIONS OF OFFICERS OF THE PHILIPPINE ARMY
WHO WILL BE COMMISSIONED BY THE ARMY OF THE UNITED STATES.

By virtue of the powers vested in me by the Constitution and pursuant to the provisions of Commonwealth Act Numbered One providing for the National Defense of the Philippines and section one of Commonwealth Act Numbered Six hundred, as amended, investing the President of the Philippines with extraordinary powers, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, do hereby declare that, upon qualification and acceptance by any officer of the Philippine Army of a commission tendered him by the President of the United States in the Army of the United States, the commission held by him in the Philippine Army shall forthwith be and become vacated. Upon the termination of his commission in the Army of the United States and immediately following his honourable discharge therefrom he shall revert to his former status and rank in the Philippine Army.

Done at the City of Washington, District of Columbia, United States of America, this sixteenth day of June, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-two, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the seventh.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1942). *[Executive Order Nos.: 1w - 111]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES
WASHINGTON, D. C.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 3-W
CLASSIFYING UNIVERSITY OF THE PHILIPPINES FELLOWS AS
PHILIPPINE GOVERNMENT PENSIONADOS.

In order to supervise more efficiently the academic work of Fellows of the University of the Philippines who, because of the present emergency, are unable to communicate with their immediate superiors, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by the Constitution and by Commonwealth Act Number Six hundred as amended, do hereby declare that all University of the Philippines Fellows, now taking post-graduate studies in the United States, shall be considered Philippine Government Pensionados. They shall therefore be supervised according to Executive Order No. 303 as amended by Executive Order No. 1-W, and shall perform the duties and enjoy all the rights and privileges mentioned in these orders, effective June 1, 1942.

Done at the City of Washington, District of Colombia, United States of America, this seventeenth day of June, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-two, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the seventh.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1942). *[Executive Order Nos.: 1w - 111]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 4-W

Drafted in Washington, but not signed by the President. Not printed.

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. [*Executive Order Nos.: 1-W - 111*]. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES
WASHINGTON, D. C.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 5-W
CREATING THE OFFICE OF SPECIAL SERVICES

By virtue of the powers vested in me by law, and in accordance with the unanimous opinion of the War Cabinet, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, do hereby create the Office of Special Services whose functions will be the collection, collation, organization and dissemination of information about the Philippines and the Commonwealth Government.

For administrative purposes this Office shall be considered a section under the Office of the President of the Philippines and shall have the authority, with the approval of the corresponding head or chief, to obtain the assistance of officers and members of any Department, Bureau or Office of the Government which it may consider necessary for the proper performance of its duties.

Done at the City of Washington, District of Columbia, United States of America, this eleventh day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-two, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the seventh.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

Source: Presidential Museum and Library

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1942). *[Executive Order Nos.: 1w - 111]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES
WASHINGTON, D. C.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 6-W
CREATING A COMMITTEE ON RELIEF FOR DESTITUTE FILIPINOS IN
THE UNITED STATES AND HAWAII.

By virtue of the powers vested in me by law, and in accordance with the unanimous opinion of the War Cabinet, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, do hereby create and constitute a Committee on Relief for Destitute Filipinos.

The Committee will be constituted by Col. Manuel Nieto, Major Diño and Major Cruz and its duties and functions will be:

1. To study and pass upon all requests for financial aid from Filipinos who are destitute.
2. To determine the form and amount of relief that should be given to these persons.
3. To avoid them, through the Office of the Resident Commissioner, in obtaining employment.

This Committee has the authority to call upon any office or employee, with the approval of the corresponding head or chief, for assistance in order to carry out its functions.

The functions of the Committee under paragraphs 1 and 2 will be subject to the supervision and approval of the Auditor General.

Done at the City of Washington, District of Columbia, United States of America, this twenty-ninth day of January, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-three, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the eight.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1943). *[Executive Order Nos.: 1w - 111]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES
WASHINGTON, D. C.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 7-W
CREATING A POST-WAR PLANNING BOARD

WHEREAS the wanton invasion of the Philippines by Japanese armed forces, together with the subsequent military occupation of the nation by the enemy, have disrupted the normal development of peaceful progress; and

WHEREAS the problems of relief, rehabilitation and reconstruction of the Philippines after the Japanese are driven out will be great and manifold, and will require lengthy study and careful planning; and

WHEREAS it appears necessary and desirable that such study and planning—and, wherever possible, preparatory action—be carried out at once in the interest of the people of the Philippines;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby create and constitute a Posts-War Planning Board whose function are hereunder detailed:

1. To study and recommend plans for relief of the population immediately upon reoccupation of the Philippines, and to formulate proposals for the obtaining of such supplies as may be required for this purpose, and for the restoration of public and private property.
2. To study and recommend plans for the rapid rehabilitation and reconstruction of the Philippine economy, including agricultural, labor, industrial, financial, and commercial rehabilitation and reconstruction; and to prepare plans for the development and improvement of Philippine natural resources, agriculture, trade, industry, shipping, public works, education, public health and nutrition, maid the new conditions that will exist after the defeat of the Axis.
3. To study the post-war trade and other relationships between the Government of the Philippine Republic and other governments, with particular reference to the United States and to the neighbours of the Philippines in the Far East.
4. To study and recommend plans for the security of the Philippines after the defeat of Japan.
5. And, in general, to survey, collect data on, and analyze all post-war problems of the Philippines and to recommend plans and programs for the wise solution of these problems.

The Post-War Planning Board shall consist of: Hon. Sergio Osmeña, Vice President of the Philippines, Chairman; and Hon. Joaquin M. Elizalde, Resident Commissioner of the Philippines to the United States; Hon. Andres Soriano, Secretary of Finance; Major General Basilio J. Valdes, Secretary of National Defense; and Hon. Jaime Hernandez, Auditor General, members. The Board shall prepare such rules and regulations for its operations as may be necessary. It shall have the authority, with the approval of the corresponding head of chief, to obtain the assistance of officers or members of any department, bureau, or office of the Government which may consider necessary for the proper performance of its duties. The Board shall appoint and have a secretary who shall also act as its administrative officer.

The Board, within the limits of such funds as may be created or appropriated for the purpose, may employ the necessary personnel and make provisions for necessary supplies, facilities, travel and services. The Chairman and members of the Board shall serve without compensation in such capacity.

Done at the City of Washington, District of Columbia, United States of America, this fifteenth day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred forty-three, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the eighth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON

President of the Philippines

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1943). *[Executive Order Nos.: 1w - 111]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES
WASHINGTON, D. C.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 8-W
ORGANIZING THE DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION AND PUBLIC RELATIONS
AND TRANSFERRING TO IT THE POWERS, FUNCTIONS AND DUTIES, AS WELL AS
THE PERSONNEL, APPROPRIATIONS, AND PROPERTIES OF THE OFFICE OF SPECIAL
SERVICES, OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES.

By virtue of the powers vested in me by law, and in accordance with the unanimous opinion of the War Cabinet, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, do hereby order the organization of the Department of Information and Public Relations effective October 1, 1943.

The Department of Information and Public Relations shall be charged with the duty of collecting, collating and disseminating information about the Philippines and the Commonwealth Government.

The powers, functions, and duties as well as the personnel, appropriations, and properties of the Office of Special Services, Office of the President of the Philippines, are hereby transferred to the Department of Information and Public Relations.

Executive Order Numbered 5-W, series of 1942, is hereby repealed insofar as it is inconsistent herewith.

Done at the City of Washington, District of Columbia, United States of America, this first day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-three, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the eighth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1943). *[Executive Order Nos.: 1w - 111]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES
WASHINGTON, D. C.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 9-W
DETAILING ALL GOVERNMENT PENSIONADOS
TO THE POST-WAR PLANNING BOARD

By virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution and laws of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, hereby detail all government pensionados now in the United States to the Post-War Planning Board created by Executive Order No 7-W for such duties and assignments as may be given to them.

Done at the City of Washington, District of Columbia, United States of America, this second day of February, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-four, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the ninth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1944). *[Executive Order Nos.: 1w - 111]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES
WASHINGTON, D.C.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 10-W
INCREASING THE MEMBERSHIP OF THE POST-WAR PLANNING BOARD

By virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution and existing laws of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, do hereby increase the membership of the Post-War Planning Board created by Executive Order No. 7-W, by the addition of the following members: Colonel Carlos P. Romulo, Secretary of Information and Public Relations, Dr. Arturo B. Rotor, Secretary to the President, and Col. Manuel Nieto, Aide-de-Camp to the President.

Done at Miami Beach, Florida, United States of America, this sixteenth day of March, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-four, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the ninth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1944). *[Executive Order Nos.: 1w - 111]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES
WASHINGTON, D. C.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 11-W
EXTENDING FURTHER THE SUSPENSION OF GRANTING
GEOLOGICAL EXPLORATION AND PETROLEUM DRILLING LEASES.

WHEREAS as the National Assembly has by law (Commonwealth Act. No. 433) suspended for a period of five years the granting of Geological Exploration and Petroleum Drilling Leases under the provisions of Act Numbered Two thousand nine hundred thirty-two and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder;

WHEREAS the period of suspension provided for by law will expire on May 31, 1944;

WHEREAS the Congress of the Philippines under the present war situation cannot act on this matter;

Now, therefore, in order to safeguard the interest of the Government of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by the Constitution and existing laws, do hereby suspend the granting of such Geological Exploration and Petroleum Drilling Leases for another five years from May 3, 1944, or until the Congress of the Philippines shall have otherwise provide by law.

Done at the City of Miami Beach, State of Florida, United States of America, this thirty-first day of March, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-four, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the ninth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1944). *[Executive Order Nos.: 1w - 111]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES
WASHINGTON, D.C.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 12-W
CREATING THE DIVISION OF CIVIL AFFAIRS, PHILIPPINE ARMY,
IN THE DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEFENSE.

WHEREAS it is my desire to provide the people of the Philippines with the means towards an early resumption of normal functions of government adequate to secure the process of law from the moment the armed forces of liberation land on Philippine soil;

WHEREAS the misery, sacrifices and starvation caused to the Filipino people by the enemy occupation of the Philippines demand that their government, to the full extent of resources, extend to them relief necessary to their sufferings and to provide for their elemental necessities of life as soon as access to them should be made possible by military operations;

WHEREAS a program of government and relief can best be performed by a military agency of the Philippine Government in conjunction with military operations of the United States armed forces entrusted with the task of driving the enemy from Philippines territory;

WHEREAS in the best interests of the Philippines, it appears necessary that the proper agency of official administration be now organized to effectuate the said objectives;

THEREFORE, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby create the Division of Civil Affairs, Philippine Army, in the Department of National Defense.

This Division, attached to and under the direct command of the Commander-in-Chief, Southwest Pacific Area, is empowered to exercise such functions as may be necessary to accomplish the following objectives:

(a) To effect the necessary liaison between the President of the Philippines, the Commander-in-Chief of the Southwest Pacific Area and the people of the Philippines during military operations and before normal civil government is reestablished;

(b) to execute the plans decided upon for the relief of the people of the Philippines immediately upon the landing of the military forces of the United States.

The Secretary of National Defense shall have administrative supervision over this Division and shall proceed to organize it for the proper performance of its functions, subject to the approval of the President of the Philippines. Within the limit of such funds as may be appropriated for the purpose, the Secretary of National Defense will secure the necessary personnel and make provisions for their training.

Any unexpended balance of the current appropriations for the Department of National Defense, or any other appropriations which may hereinafter be mad to the said Department, shall be available for the expenses of the Division of Civil Affairs.

Done at the City of Saranac Lake, State of New York, United States of America, this ____ day of June, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-four, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the ninth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1944). *[Executive Order Nos.: 1w - 111]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES
WASHINGTON, D.C.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 13-W
CREATING THE PHILIPPINE COMMONWEALTH RELIEF COMMITTEE

WHEREAS it is my desire to provide the necessary relief for the people of the Philippines upon the landing of the forces of liberation;

WHEREAS, to that end, it is imperative that the purchase of the necessary amounts of food, medicine, clothing and other necessities be effected immediately and arrangements made for transportation;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby create the Philippine Commonwealth Relief Committee, which will act under the supervision of and be directly responsible to the President of the Philippines.

The Philippine Commonwealth Relief Committee is charged with the following functions:

(a) To plan for the relief of the people of the Philippines in coordination with other agencies, official and private, dedicated to the same task;

(b) To purchase in behalf of the Philippine Government the supplies of food, medicine, clothing, and other necessities for the relief of the inhabitants of the Philippines, and make pertinent arrangements for transportation. All purchase contracts shall be made by the Philippine National Bank, New York Agency.

To effect the necessary purchases with the minimum of delay, I hereby authorize the initial appropriation of \$5,000,000 from the general funds, this amount to be revolving when arrangements have been effected to secure reimbursement out of funds available for civilian relief under the Act of December 23, 1941 (Public Law 371), or out of any other funds available for this purpose.

All officials and employees of the Commonwealth Government and its instrumentalities are hereby directed to render such services as the Philippine Commonwealth Relief Committee may request in the performance of its duties.

Done at the City of Saranac Lake, State of New York, United States of America, this twentieth day of June, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-four, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the ninth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1944). *[Executive Order Nos.: 1w - 111]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES
WASHINGTON, D.C.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 14-W
CREATING THE CURRENCY COMMITTEE

WHEREAS the indiscriminate issue of paper currency in the Philippines by the enemy has caused considerable confusion and chaos in the monetary system, resulting in the disappearance from the circulation of the economic condition of the inhabitants of the country;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Manuel L. Quezon, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby create a Currency Committee which shall confer with the representatives of the Department of the Interior, of State, of War, and of the Treasury of the United States Government with the view to remedying the monetary situation in the Philippines and to arrange for the printing of new Philippine Treasury Certificates and the immediate minting of subsidiary coins ready for use upon the landing of the liberating forces on Philippine soil.

This Committee will act under the supervision of, and be directly responsible to, the President of the Philippines.

Done at the City of Saranac Lake, State of New York, United States of America, this twentieth day of June, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and forty-four, and of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, the ninth.

MANUEL L. QUEZON
President of the Philippines

Source: Presidential Museum and Library

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1944). *[Executive Order Nos.: 1w - 111]*. Manila: Presidential Museum and Library.



President Manuel L. Quezon speaks during the fourth anniversary of the Commonwealth of the Philippines, November 15, 1939.

